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THE NAKĀ'ID

OF JARĪR AND AL-FARAZDAḲ

EDITED BY

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LORD ALMONER'S READER IN ARABIC.

VOL. III.

(INDICES AND GLOSSARY)

LATE E. J. BRILL
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PREFACE TO VOL. III.

Soon after the publication of the last part of vol. II, I received a letter from the Rev. Anastase Marie de St. Elie, of the Carmelite Mission at Baghdad, informing me that he possessed a manuscript copy of the *Naḳā'iḍ*, dated A. H. 925. Through his kindness I have been able to obtain a transcript of this copy, which I here denote by the letter B (= Baghdad). The following facts concerning it may be of interest.

B consists of 402 pages, most of which contain 10 lines of writing. As I shall henceforth refer to the numbers of the pages, it is necessary to explain that the page which follows p. 75 is wrongly numbered 78, the next 79, and so on to the end. If at any future time this error is rectified by the possessor of the manuscript, the numbers which I give below must be rectified in like manner.

It is obvious at a glance that the text of B is derived from the Strassburg MS (S), which I have described in my *Introduction*, but whether B was copied directly from S, or is a copy of a copy, I do not venture to determine. As has been mentioned in the Introduction, many of the original leaves of S are now lost; these missing passages are all, so far as we can judge, found in B — namely, the latter part of the introductory section (pp. $1^{16}-2^{20}$ of the printed text), and the following Poems or parts of Poems

N°	pages of B
1 (beginning)	5
7 (end)	10, 11
8	11
9	11, 12
10	12
11	12
12	12, 13
13	13

N°	pages of B
33 (beginning)	43—47
49	139—143
50	143—147
51 (verses 9—26)	116, 117
52 (end)	136—139
53	148—158
54	158—165
55	165—169
56	169—171
63	171—179
64	180—187
65	187—194
66	194—199
71	199—202
72	203—206
73	206, 207
74	207—209
93 (verses 58 seq.)	377—379

On the other hand, the end of Poem 47 and the first 11 verses of Poem 48, which correspond to S fol. 55, are not found in B. This is possibly due to the loss of a leaf of B, but in that case we must suppose that the heading of Poem 48, قال جرير ابن عطية, which stands at the top of p. 109, immediately before verse 12, was added by a later scribe. It is also to be noticed that in Poem 47 B transposes S fols. 53 and 54, that is to say, the passage which begins at the top of fol. 54*a* in S begins at the fifth line of p. 105 in B, and the beginning of S fol. 53*a* corresponds to the third line of p. 107 in B.

From what has been said it is evident that any value which B possesses is limited to those passages which are lost in S. Whether these portions of B accurately represent the original text of S is a question about which I cannot speak with absolute confidence, since my knowledge of B is based on a transcript. But a comparison of the transcript with S seems to show that B contains many errors from which S is free. Thus 3 short poems which are found in S (N^os^ 19, 85 and 86) are apparently omitted in B; similarly two whole verses and two half-verses are omitted by B on p. 285. Hence I am inclined to think that where S fails us the testimony of B must be accepted with some reserve.

In publishing this third and last volume of my work, I desire once more to express my gratitude to those Orientalists, in particular to Professor Nöldeke and Professor Wellhausen, who have so kindly furnished me with suggestions on a great number of difficult passages. My cordial thanks are due also to Professor August Fischer, from whom I have derived much valuable help in revising the latter part of the Glossary.

A. A. BEVAN.

Cambridge, June 1912.

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INDEX I.

POEMS AND POETICAL FRAGMENTS ARRANGED ACCORDING TO RHYME AND METRE.

This List does not take account of short quotations from Poems of which a completer text occurs elsewhere in the book, but when the same piece occurs twice both passages have been indicated. If two passages are separated by a *comma*, it is to be understood that each passage contains some verse, or verses, not contained in the other passage, whereas passages placed in *brackets* contain no additional verses. Pieces which exhibit the metrical peculiarity known as ikwā are indicated by a repetition of the rhyming letter with a different vowel (e. g. مُتَلَلِّمُ م).

B = Basīṭ Mn = Munsariḥ S = Sarīʿ
K = Kāmil Mt = Mutaḳārib Ṭ = Ṭawīl
Kh = Khafīf R = Rajaz W = Wāfir
Md = Madīd Rm = Ramal

verses		page	N°
	ا *ā*		
Ṭ 9	تَكَا	665[11]	
	أ		
Kh 1	وَالضَّحَا	12 notes [3]	
» 1	أَعْلَا	555[11]	
» 1	الغَدْرَا	598[5]	
Ṭ 1	وَمَا	382[7]	
W 8	الرِّعَا	351[20]	
» 1	السَّرَا	466[17]	
» 1	عَلَا	533[11]	
B 1	الأَعِزَّا	1050[12]	
R 1	وَرَائِنَا	487[17]	
	ب		
Mt 8	الكُلَبْ	1070[13] (418[6])	
R 2	نَحْسَبْ	299[9]	
» 1	العَرَبْ	456[9]	
» 1	مُنْقَرِبْ	288[11]	
» 1	كَلِبْ	403[16]	
B 1	أَدَبَا	41[16]	
» 1	العَصَبَا	206[7]	

	verses		page	N°
B	3	خَوّانا	242[6]	
R	2	سَوازِنا	152[2]	
»	6	حَلسا	929[11]	
T	7	وتَاجّنا	473[16] (703[10])	
»	1	ولا أنا	741[13]	
»	2	ورِنّبا	939[13]	
»	2	وانْدِ دَنّا	798[1]	
W	2	حصانا	406[15]	
»	3	هانا	429[13]	
»	114	والعِصا	432[15]	**53**
»	70	دانا	451[9]	**54**
»	4	عِصانا	675[4]	
»	2	والعِصانا	1061[4]	
»	6	القَصَبا	206[13]	
»	2	العَجَبا	208[4] (209[13])	
B	1	الحَلَبْ	132[13]	
»	1	النّاحِبْ	182[6]	
»	1	تَنْسِبْ	206[1]	
»	1	تَسْبِحْ	591[12]	
»	1	والرَّكْبْ	1044[12]	
»	1	خَوّانْ	242[11]	
»	1	وحِلْبانْ	552[11]	
K	3	عَصْعَصْ	245[5]	
K	6	نَعْصْ	1025[15]	
R	1	الحَلائِبْ	582[17]	
T	2	تَسْعَدْ	59[5]	
»	2	تُلْحِبْ	69[8]	
»	14	ونُعْرِبْ	147[5]	
»	1	أحْرَبْ	256[6]	
»	3	نُكَذِّبْ	393[1]	
»	4	أرْغَبْ	612[1]	
»	7	ونُسْخَبْ	945[16]	
»	8	ونَحِرْنا	946[12]	
»	1	المُحَبَّبْ	1086[14]	
»	3	الرِّعابِبْ	217[11]	
»	2	دادِبْ	267 notes [4]	
»	19	راعِبْ	807[11]	**77**
»	15	وذاعِبْ بِ	920[8]	
»	3	الدَّوابِبْ	1023[2]	
»	6	لَعِبِبْ	220[8]	
»	3	قَصِبْ	368[12]	
W	10	وانْوا	22[4]	
»	2	والصّابْ	840[4]	**86**
B	1	والرَّقَبِ	534[8]	
»	3	نُوبِ	585[14] (see 1069[10] seq.)	

	verses		page	N°
B	3	إعْصامي	430[1]	
»	3	صُنْبوب	807[5]	
K	5	الأَجْباب	300[3], 535[15] (536[5] 678[16])	
»	5	سِباب	411[12]	
»	2	عَبّاب	895[15]	
Kh	13	لُباب	1076[17] (456[18])	
Mt	1	لِلْمُعْرِب	881[10]	
»	9	بالحِساب	1086[16]	
R	1	المُنْبَوب	142[2]	
»	2	السَّقَف	579 notes [1]	
»	1	مِدَبّ	758[13]	
»	3	الأَحْباب	681[6]	
»	4	الجِلاب	1097[4]	
Ṭ	2	فَعْنَب	70[10]	
»	3	لِمَشْرَب	680[5]	
»	1	عائب	220[19]	
»	2	عائب	382[11]	
»	3	الأَقارِب	804[7]	
»	19	حاسِب	812[10]	**78**
»	3	حاسِب	1044[8]	
»	4	سَمسِم	37[2]	**25**
»	1	على نَحْب	316[7]	

	verses		page	N°.
W	2	السَّراب	241[1]	
»	2	كَعاب	312[13]	
»	4	الثَّواب	455[16] (1076[9])	
»	5	العِصاب	461[9]	
»	2	الرَّبّاب	804[4]	
»	2	والنِّصاب	839[14]	**85**
»	18	سِبابي	1027[9]	**107**
»	54	بالحِساب	1031[2]	**108**
»	15	الحَسَبْ	57[6]	
R	2	تَتَّهُ	113[1], 730[20]	
»	2	التَّخَتَّهُ	1080[17]	
»	4	تَلَتَّهُ	735[10]	
»	2	التَّهَتَّهِ	214[15]	
»	1	تَتَبَّتُهُ	150[7]	
Ṭ	3	أَدْرِنَّهْ	79[9]	
»	5	أَدْرِنَه	80[7] (768[9])	
»	2	مَسْرِنَّهْ	418[14]	
»	16	أَدْرِنَّهْ	608[18]	
K	4	وسابِنا	666[9]	
Ṭ	1	بِمانِيا	12[6]	
»	3	خَوانِيا	381[5]	
»	4	صِرانِيا	666[4]	
»	11	لِتَجْمِنِيا	243[13]	

	verses		page	N°
T	1	عُمونُها	984[6]	
		ت		
R	1	والتَّمرُونْ	13[17]	
T	1	أَحَرَّ	52[17]	
»	7	تُنْتِنِ	338[10]	
»	1	اسْتَعَلَّتِ	561[12]	
»	3	وقَلَّتِ	644[12]	
»	1	لاَسْتَقَرَّتِ	805[17]	
»	2	تَعَلَّتِ	1046[8]	
W	3	ضَيَّعاتِ	456[1] (1076[14])	
»	35	مُقَلَّدانِ	768[13]	**71**
»	36	بالعِدانِ	775[2]	**72**
»	2	مُتَحَيِّرانِ	1095[4]	
		ج		
R	1	وحاجَحاجا	694 notes[5]	
T	7	مُرَّجْ	406[1]	
R	1	تُحَمِّجِ	858[1]	
»	2	الرَّدِّجِ	1051[1]	
T	4	المُوَّجِ	362[10]	
W	3	والصَّاجِجِ	207[15]	
R	1	نَوائِجُهْ	244[17]	
		ح		
R	2	جَموحا	5[8]	**5**

	verses		page	N°.
T	2	حَناحا	646[20]	
R	2	الصاحُ	416[19]	
T	2	ومِسْطَحُ	68[13]	
»	64	بروحُ	499[8]	**57**
»	1	تَذَّبَحُ	501[17]	
»	11	مَسَّرحُ	510[15]	**58**
W	9	التَّسالُ	69[11]	
»	6	صِحاحُ	338[2]	
T	1	المُتَصَّحِ	307[14]	
»	4	ثمامِحِ	837[3]	**83**
»	15	الصَّفائِحِ	837[12]	**84**
W	2	اللِّصاحِ	208[1]	
		د		
B	3	صَنَدا	142[11]	
K	2	مُسْعِدا	209[1]	
»	3	مسْعودا	736[2]	
Mn	2	أَندا	100[14]	
R	2	مَسْعودا	735[19]	
T	9	أَصْعَدا	58[11]	
»	1	مُهَنَّدا	364[18]	
»	44	عَدا	478[11]	**55**
»	23	أَحْمَدا	491[9]	**56**
»	1	المُسَوَّدا [المُسَوَّرُ]	643[14]	

	verses		page	N°
W	1	الجرادا	805[15]	
»	1	المرادا	1025[3]	
B	2	تَعِدُ	734[7]	
»	1	مَوْرُودُ	65[5]	
K	6	تَعْتَرِدُ	674[12]	
»	3	سُهُودُ	299[17]	
R	6	وَحِدُّوا	642[10]	
Ṭ	5	وَأَحْمَدُ	101[13]	
»	8	تَأَوَّدُ	107[16]	
»	3	تَتَلَدَّدُ	315[9]	
»	2	مُتَرَدِّدُ	326[17]	
»	4	تَسَهُّدُ	412[6]	
»	1	العَوَائِدُ	444[14]	
»	1	وَعِدُ	813[7]	
W	1	رِيَادُ	621[1]	
»	3	الحَدِيدُ	107[12]	
»	3	الوُجُودُ	215[1]	
»	1	العُمُودُ	316[5] (583[16])	
»	2	المَعِدُ	460[13]	
»	5	الحَدِيدُ	460[18]	
»	3	بَعِيدُ	491[5]	
»	6	بِرِيدُ دِ	619[16]	
»	1	ثَمُودُ	798[15]	

	verses		page	N°.
B	2	الحَدِيدِ	1087[11]	
»	1	والهادِي	63[3]	
»	1	سُودِ	50[9]	
K	5	مُوصَدِ	23[13]	
»	1	تَأَفِّدِ	213[2]	
»	2	الأَسْوَدِ	240[18]	
»	3	مُحَمَّدِ	489[5]	
»	7	وادِ	228[8]	
»	1	العِدَادِ	628[18]	
»	3	وَنَسِيدِ	498[19]	
Mt	3	بالمِرْبَدِ دُ	738[7]	
»	44	مِبْدَدِ	787[9]	**75**
»	37	نُحَمِّدِ	798[6]	**76**
»	4	يَتَهَدِّي	1064[2]	
R	2	المَسْجِدِ	737[4]	
»	2	وِرْدِي	416[16]	
»	1	تَعْدِي	1059[11]	
»	1	التَّغْلِدِ	270[14]	
Ṭ	3	بالبَلَدِ	671[8] (409[7])	
»	3	وافِدِ	731	
»	1	حامِدِ	241[18]	
»	4	ساعِدِ	384[11]	
»	10	بواحِدِ	610[16]	

verses		page	N°.
T 2	السّواعد	752[8]	
» 2	حائد	806[9]	
» 23	عائد	981[6]	**102**
» 51	عامدى	985[6]	**103**
» 4	ساعد	1039[9]	**110**
» 6	واحد	1040[3]	**111**
» 4	عماد	595[7]	
» 4	بالعَهْد	365[15]	
» 2	الورْد	601[12]	
» 5	البُعْد	1083[7]	
W 1	مُراد	39[13]	
» 16	رماد	90[17] (408[4])	
» 6	رماد	194[14]	
» 3	المُرادى	1039[5]	**109**
» 2	يراد	1085[17]	
» 4	بالتّصعيد	458[4]	
T 1	خُدودُها	24[4]	**13**
» 3	جِيدُها	24[6]	**11**

ر

Mt 1	وسرٌ	364[16]	
R 5	عمرٌ	117[4]	
» 3	نسرٌ	313[3]	
» 2	الأعسرُ	661[16]	

verses		page	N°.
R 4	أمرٌ	52[4]	
» 1	جابرٌ	1086[6]	
S 1	النّعمرٌ	65[16]	
B 2	أمرا	380[4]	
» 1	والنعمرا	1050[10]	
» 2	دينارا	1052[3]	
K 7	أعسارا	102[5]	
» 1	صارا	765[11]	
» 1	مسرا	428[3]	
» 3	[ضحورا] ضورا	498[7]	
Kh 1	ذُ دورا	7[1]	
Mt 2	سعارا	457[19]	
R 1	حاررا	165[2]	
» 2	الحُرّا	203[1]	
» 2	محْصورا	735[5]	
» 1	سرّا	1091[11]	
T 3	تنسّرا	2[6]	
» 4	تعذّرا	215[9]	
» 4	منّرا	363[15]	
» 3	فتحذّرا	621[4]	
» 9	تذكّرا	673[11]	
» 5	فتندّرا	736[7]	
» 6	أعمّرا	944[12] (1096[8])	

	verses	page	N°
Ṭ	114	992[1] تغترا	**104**
»	5	1090[6] فعسكرا	
»	1	245[6] وعامرا	
»	1	831[8] الدّوائرا	
»	9	1078[3] (459[6]) [خاسرا] خاسرا	
»	3	369[12] نصرا	
»	25	617[14] ذكرا	
W	3	236[5] فصارا	
»	37	249[16] الدّارا	**43**
»	43	255[4] الذّمارا	**44**
»	9	309[10] صبارا	
»	1	769[16] تعارا	
»	1	805[7] الحجارا	
»	1	72[6] خسرا	
»	8	72[8] الدّورا	
»	1	436[9] عدورا	
»	1	647[19] وحورا	
B	3	385[2] المطر	
»	4	423[4] أنبر	
»	3	488[5] عمر	
»	2	488[13] مصر	
»	4	489[3] والحظر	
»	2	494[9] الحمر	

	verses	page	N°
B	1	758[16] غمر	
K	7	242[16] (1066[18]) أعظر	
»	2	311[13] أناخر	
»	117	847[7] اسعار	**92**
»	90	866[2] الأسفار	**93**
»	3	846[9] سعور	**90**
»	3	846[14] النّسور	**91**
Kh	1	39[6] العدير	
Mn	8	459[9] عذروا	
R	3	38[12] مور	
Ṭ	4	236[13] نسكر	
»	1	643[14] (see note) المسور	
»	4	673[3] أدبر	
»	1	789[4] ونصبر	
»	6	155[1] حائر	
»	1	156[12] عصر	
»	1	300[1] العراعر	
»	2	384[18] أبادر	
»	6	392[4] نحابر	
»	1	491[1] بابر	
»	7	586[8] نواسر	
»	23	676[7] النواكر	
»	9	1058[9] (197[14]) الأدابر	

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»	18	وحَصِيرْ	33[12]	**24**
»	7	حَسِيرْ	219[16]	
»	3	لَغُورْ	368[19]	
»	1	العَصْرْ	194[20]	
»	1	عَذْرْ	329 notes [4]	
W	6	نُعارْ	97[11]	
»	1	فُمارْ	199 notes [6]	
»	1	العِرارْ	423[13]	
»	1	الحِمارْ	522[5]	
»	2	النَّوارْ	803[16]	
»	1	النِّحارْ	917[9]	
»	1	دَوارْ	950[6]	
»	2	النَّسارْ	1028[3]	
»	4	وعارْ	1038[10]	
B	1	حَاحَارِ	316[3]	
»	1	نَسَارِ	324[16]	
»	2	سارِ	435[18]	
»	4	بِمِسْار	645[7]	
»	3	النَّارِ	646[12]	
»	2	ذى فرِ	646[16]	
»	2	دى فر	647[14]	
»	1	كَأَحْرار	1052[6]	

	verses		page	N°.
B	2	والعارِ	1053[8]	
K	1	الأَوْنَرِ	162[14]	
»	1	باوِرِ	623 notes [4] (773[3])	
»	10	حارِ	89[8]	
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118[6] seq.
138[2] seq.
139[4] seq.
157[1] seq.
179[10]
188[1] seq.
*195[5] seq.
205[12] seq.
213[15] seq.
220[16] seq.
228[2]

79[18] seq.
619[8]
619[9]
807 seq. (= 768[8] seq.)
368[19] seq.
1052[18] seq.
621[4] seq.
364[20] seq.
381[1] seq.
806[13] seq.
611[12] seq.
608[18] seq.
525[4]
215[18] seq.
984[5]
610[6] seq.
215[9] seq.
748[6]
748[3] seq.
132 notes[3]
398[3]
126[15] seq.
620[5] seq.
615[12] seq.
621[14] seq.
1027[9] seq.
608[18] seq.
751[12] seq.
1050[10]
214[17] seq.
10347 (see 1098[5])
595[7] seq.
520[3] seq.
981[6] seq.
1050[17]

229[12] seq.
230[6] seq.
234[3]

1043[12] seq.
1043[4] seq.
194[20]

DE SACY.

II *142[2] seq.
150[1]
153[8]

635[5]
478[13]
253[6]

DĪNAWARĪ

255[6] seq.

246[17] seq.

FRAGM. HIST.

122[12] seq.

380[12] seq.

ḤAMĀSA.

13[8]
*75[3]
75[20]
90[4] seq.
*158[10]
*173[16]
*209[25]
210[7] seq.
241[17] seq.
*252[6]
255[8] seq.
256[3] seq.
256[7] seq.
256[15]
256[22]
*280[7]
282[14] seq.
420[22] seq.
*425[8]
*438[6]

775 (= 315[15])
52[19] seq.
52[17]
667[4] seq.
828[4]
1021[6]
1016[2]
96[17] seq.
104[6] seq.
595[9]
946[1] seq.
944[12] seq.
944[8] seq.
945[12]
947[5]
195[10]
236[8] seq.
905[3] seq.
328[5]
743[13]

(Ḥamāsa)

447[11] seq.	89[8] seq.
457[18] seq.	192[1] seq.
*475[15] seq.	643[1]
502[8]	819[5]
635[3] seq.	1083[3] seq.
*635[8]	1081[13]
635[9] seq.	1081[8] seq.
645[4] seq.	1083[7] seq.
729[6] seq.	713[15] seq.
759[15] seq.	1081[14] seq.

ḤASSĀN.

86[18]	546[12]
86[21]	547[1]
87[5] seq.	546[11] seq.

ḤĀTIM.

N°. 13 v. 2	139[4]
» 24 (p. 15[3] seq.)	1083[15] seq.
» 44 v. 18	39[8]

HELL.

N°. 266	991[9]
» 282	1049[7]
» 306	617[6] seq.
» 312 v. 7	691 notes [2]
» 343 vv. 7, 8	386[7] seq.
» 352	124[15] seq.
» 360	595[13] seq.
» 391	1004[2] seq.
» 402	806[9] seq.
» 403	806[13] seq.
» 412	384[11] seq.
» 413	385[2] seq.
» 414	380[16] seq.
N°. 423	595[4] seq.
» 424 v. 2	984[5]
» 425 v. 2	862[9]
» 450	984[7] seq.
» 458	612[1] seq.
» 472*	734[7] seq.
» 497*	805[7]
» 498*	804[7] seq.
» 499*	805[15]
» 500*	1039[9] seq.
» 511	1044[1] seq.
» 512	1044[5] seq.
» 514	1044[12]
» 525	621[17] seq.
» 527	610[16] seq.
» 529 v. 1 seq.	612[7] seq.
» 529 (p. 116[5] seq.)	1044[18] seq.
» 530	1045[10] seq.
» 581	1051[1] seq.
» 648	611[12] seq.
» 684 (= 486) v. 2	248[17]

ḤUṬAI'A.

N°. 8 v. 16	466[17]
» 33 v. 1	244[15]
» 67 v. 4	561[12]
» 70	338[2] seq.

IBN AL-ATHĪR.

I 382[4] seq.	1093[12] seq.
» 384[5] seq.	905[3] seq.
» 386[22]	906[5]
» 404[20] seq.	884[16] seq.
» 406[4] seq.	452[5] seq.
» 409[17] seq.	652[14] seq.
» 411[4] seq.	1085[16] seq.

(Ibn al-Athīr)

I 420[18] seq. 83[8] seq.
» 426[12] 83[8] seq.
» 427[11] seq. 93[4] seq.
» 437[11] seq. 666[9] seq
» *444[7] 119[6]
» 445[12] seq. 587[5] seq.
» 446[9] seq. 19[3] seq.
» 447[11] seq. 75[1] seq., 313[7] seq
» 449[12] seq. 680[15] seq.
» 453[21] seq. 259[3]
» 456[13] seq. 144[12] seq., 326[1] seq.
» 457[24] seq. 580[16] seq.
» 459[13] seq. 190[9] seq., 233[16] seq.
» 462[14] seq. 238[6] seq.
» 464[23] seq. 149[5] seq.
» 470[25] seq. 305[8] seq.
» *472[16] 309[16]
» 472[19] seq. 311[9] seq.
» 473[1] seq. 311[6] seq.
» 473[5] seq. 70[5] seq.
» 474[12] seq. 469[5] seq.
» 477[22] seq. 47[2] seq., 781[11] seq
» 478[20] seq. 679[4] seq.
» 483[24] seq. 193[10] seq.
» 486[19] seq. 66[6] seq.
» 487[19] seq. 1023[11] seq.
» 490[11] seq. 1020[10] seq.
III 146[22] seq. 213[8] seq.

IBN DURAID.

30[11] seq. 215[12]
*98[16] 218[4] (= 845[2])
114[16] 656[12]
120[5] 188[15]
124[3] seq. 1025[15] seq.
*124[7] 732[13]
*134[4] 66[3]
*143[10] 366[2]
*151[1] 114[11]
*153[14] 324[4]
*154[13] 970[2]
*171[3] seq. 379[15]
*178[8] 895[10]
*179[16] 1062[11]
*187[14] 401[5]
199[21] 634[5]
*202[6] 901[4]
*203[4] 373[2] seq.
215[17] seq. 810[4] seq.
230[15] seq. 653[9] seq.
*235[6] 1083[1]
282[21] 676[9]
*284[12] 363[19]
*300[18] 1092[1]
*302[9] seq 139[13]
*302[11] 139[12]
*319 note *r* 726[18]
323[17] 402[6] (= 900[1])
324[22] 26[6]

IBN HISHĀM.

41[3] seq. 348[10] seq.
128[1] 386[3]
128[2] 387[14]
256[2] 796[6]
*450[17] seq. 470[14]
*539[14] 412[9]

IBN KHALLIKĀN.

II 33[2] 440[14]

IBN ḲUTAIBA M.

*62[4]	764[6]
*249[21]	740[9]
320[17]	66[5]

IBN ḲUTAIBA SH.

12[17] (= 104[17])	65[9]
95[12] seq.	248[10] seq.
195[15] seq.	207[17]
202[15] seq.	219[8] seq.
258[1]	181[11]
315[1] seq.	1050[3] seq
371[11] seq.	1083[15] seq.
428[7] seq.	487[6] seq
*429[8]	260[3]
447[5] seq.	663[16] seq

IBN SAʿD.

III	78[16] seq.	80[14] seq.
VIII	*149[21] seq.	572[7]

ʿIḲD.

II	150[30] seq.	354[8] seq.
III	51[15] seq.	676[7] seq.
»	53[23] seq.	83[9] seq.
»	55[28] seq.	96[17] seq.
»	56[12] seq.	420[9] seq
»	63[10] seq.	679[5] seq.
»	63[16] seq.	70[5] seq.
»	64[10] seq.	305[8] seq.
»	65[12] seq.	1023[11] seq.
»	66[12] seq.	47[2] seq., 781[11] seq
»	66[24] seq.	58[19] seq.
»	67[18]	580[16] seq.
»	68[22] seq.	75[1] seq., 313[7] seq.
III	69[5] seq.	76[16] seq.
»	69[22] seq.	144[12] seq., 326[1] seq.
»	70[24] seq.	190[9] seq, 233[16] seq.
»	71[36]	259[3]
»	72[4] seq.	1020[10] seq.
»	74[2] seq.	905[3] seq.
»	77[22] seq.	452[5] seq.
»	78[5]	149[5] seq.
»	81[12] seq.	66[6] seq.
»	81[25] seq.	469[5] seq.
»	82[10] seq.	1025[6] seq.
»	90[20] seq.	638[12] seq.
»	92[29] seq.	645[19] seq.

JARĪR.

I	5[21]	352[4]
»	6[1]	352[8]
»	6[2]	352[2]
»	8[2] seq.	939[13] seq.
»	13[6]	1027[9]
»	13[8] seq.	1031[2] seq.
»	19[18] seq.	803[11] seq.
»	20[1] seq.	806[9] seq.
»	20[4] seq.	806[19] seq.
»	20[13] seq.	807[11] seq.
»	21[13] seq.	812[10] seq.
»	22[1] seq.	839[14] seq.
»	22[4] seq.	840[4] seq.
»	22[11]	652[11]
»	27[18]	316[7]
»	30[16] seq.	432[18] seq.
»	32[11] seq.	37[2] seq.
»	33[1] seq.	1046[8] seq.
»	39[19] seq.	837[8] seq.
»	40[5] seq.	837[12] seq.
»	40[15] seq.	499[3] seq.

(Jarir)

I	43^{18} seq.	510^{15} seq.
»	50^{1} seq.	787^{9} seq.
»	50^{6} seq.	798^{6} seq.
»	54^{9}	1025^{3}
»	60^{12} seq.	1039^{9} seq.
»	60^{17} seq.	1040^{2} seq.
»	66^{2}	316^{5} (= 583^{15})
»	70^{14}	736^{3}
»	70^{15}	736^{2}
»	72^{14} seq.	981^{6} seq.
»	72^{19} seq.	985^{6} seq.
»	74^{21}	981^{12}
»	75^{5} seq.	982^{1} seq.
»	78^{3} seq.	231^{12} seq.
»	78^{15} seq.	245^{13} seq.
»	80^{2} seq.	846^{9} seq.
»	80^{6} seq.	846^{14} seq.
»	80^{9} seq.	909^{5} seq.
»	80^{21} seq.	935^{5} seq.
»	84^{9} seq.	847^{7} seq.
»	90^{4} seq.	866^{2} seq.
»	91^{11}	35^{15}
»	91^{19} seq.	761^{12} seq.
»	106^{9} seq.	992^{1} seq.
»	118^{20} seq.	32^{14} seq.
»	119^{3} seq.	33^{12} seq.
»	120^{2} seq.	513^{8} seq.
»	120^{11} seq.	537^{2} seq.
»	123^{17} seq.	955^{1} seq.
»	126^{6}	548^{12}
»	127^{21} seq.	249^{16} seq.
»	129^{16} seq.	255^{4} seq.
»	130^{15}	488^{10}
»	131^{4}	488^{8}
»	135^{16} seq.	6^{11} seq.
I	136^{1} seq.	7^{8} seq.
»	141^{2} seq.	1041^{2} seq.
»	145^{16} seq.	647^{14} seq.
»	145^{18}	316^{3}
»	150^{10} seq.	601^{3} seq.
»	152^{21} seq.	25^{13} seq.
»	153^{3} seq.	26^{14} seq.
»	155^{6}	821^{8}
»	155^{8} seq.	823^{3} seq.
»	155^{11} seq.	824^{10} seq.
»	159^{9} seq.	957^{15} seq.
»	159^{12} seq.	961^{2} seq.
»	169^{4}	351^{17}
»	171^{16} seq.	1098^{2} seq.
II	2^{3} seq.	548^{6} seq.
»	8^{9} seq.	577^{1} seq.
»	18^{12} seq.	818^{7} seq.
»	23^{19} seq.	841^{3} seq.
»	24^{15} seq.	843^{9} seq.
»	34^{6} seq.	1044^{18} seq.
»	38^{5} seq.	1080^{13} seq.
»	38^{7}	589^{1}
»	38^{8}	302^{8}, 589^{3}
»	38^{17}	230^{1}
»	39^{22}	1045^{18}
»	43^{12}	760^{13}
»	43^{13}	760^{12}
»	46^{12} seq.	181^{6} seq.
»	51^{14} seq.	211^{14} seq.
»	62^{10} seq.	706^{3} seq.
»	63^{20} seq.	710^{7} seq.
»	65^{10} seq.	133^{1} seq.
»	67^{19} seq.	158^{2} seq.
»	69^{16} seq.	127^{6} seq.
»	71^{3}	275^{2}
»	71^{4}	279^{10}

(Jarīr)

II	71^{5} seq.	281^{13} seq.
»	72^{1} seq.	289^{13} seq.
»	72^{19} seq.	285^{4} seq.
»	73^{16} seq.	275^{6} seq.
»	75^{9}	294^{2}
»	75^{10}	293^{15}
»	75^{11} seq.	294^{7} seq.
»	75^{16} seq.	295^{2} seq.
»	83^{17} seq.	18^{1} seq.
»	84^{1} seq.	4^{14} seq.
»	89^{13} seq.	1014^{12} seq.
»	106^{21} seq.	29^{1} seq.
»	113^{9} seq.	1046^{4} seq.
»	117^{3} seq.	38^{9} seq.
»	117^{17} seq.	42^{7} seq.
»	118^{14} seq.	59^{12} seq.
»	121^{4} seq.	108^{14} seq.
»	121^{12} seq.	110^{5} seq.
»	123^{11} seq.	262^{6} seq.
»	124^{15} seq.	269^{9} seq.
»	126^{6} seq.	718^{7} seq.
»	128^{12} seq.	753^{13} seq.
»	131^{19} seq.	343^{1} seq.
»	132^{6} seq.	374^{9} seq.
»	132^{10}	393^{16}
»	132^{11} seq.	375^{3} seq.
»	132^{14}	378^{3}
»	132^{15}	391^{3}
»	132^{16} seq.	375^{1} seq.
»	133^{22} seq.	347^{10} seq.
»	135^{15} seq.	391^{7} seq.
»	136^{18} seq.	394^{12} seq.
»	138^{21} seq.	378^{9} seq.
»	139^{14}	378^{5}
»	139^{15} seq.	385^{10} seq.
II	140^{18} seq.	30^{1} seq.
»	142^{10} seq.	670^{17} seq.
»	144^{4} seq.	880^{5} seq.
»	145^{7} seq.	888^{8} seq.
»	152^{8} seq.	302^{11}, 339^{14} seq.
»	158^{18} seq.	
»	163^{12} seq.	4^{4} seq.
»	164^{13} seq.	167^{14} seq.
»	166^{1} seq.	172^{13} seq.

ḲAZWĪNĪ.

II	61^{14} seq.	436^{11} seq.

KHANSA.

	74^{3}	423^{11}

KHIZĀNAT.

I	199^{10} seq.	155^{3} seq.
»	305^{28} seq.	1050^{3} seq.
»	314^{5} seq.	152^{14} seq.
»	480^{9} seq.	841^{3} seq.
»	480^{18}	845^{6}
»	480^{19}	845^{15}
»	480^{20}	845^{1}
II	500^{27} seq.	452^{5} seq.
III	139^{20}	933^{14}
»	139^{22}	933^{16}
»	*210^{6}	1021^{6}
»	669^{17} seq.	696^{5} seq.
IV	80^{8} seq.	221^{7} seq.
»	80^{21} seq.	219^{8} seq.
»	460^{15}	886^{16}

ḲUṬĀMĪ.

N°.	6 v. 25	83^{3}

LABĪD BR.

N°.	27 v. 11	300[1]
»	39 v. 6	8[11]

LABĪD CH.

	26[1]	299[17]
	27[3] seq.	299[18] seq.
	56[1]	423[4]
	104[4] seq.	229[8] seq.
	106[12] seq.	678[5] seq.
	131[1]	51[9]
	146[9] seq.	300[3] seq.

LISĀN.

I	28[13]	447[10]
»	49[23]	799[8]
»	97[12]	609[2]
»	110[2]	552[9]
»	117[3]	799[8]
»	118[9]	774[7]
»	118[11]	745[17]
»	119[10]	799[9]
»	119[12]	465[9]
»	123[21]	825[2]
»	140[24]	805[3]
»	168[19]	168[7]
»	185[7]	572[8]
»	*189[9]	983[3]
»	215[12]	113[1] seq., 730[20]
»	215[20]	112[15], 727[15]
»	218[21]	289[7], 693[12]
»	234[24]	24[6]
»	286[20]	438[15]
»	293[3]	14[13]
»	327[1] seq.	380[16] seq.
I	329[28]	101[8]
»	335[3]	113[1] seq., 730[20]
»	343[10]	434[7]
»	383[13]	564[8]
»	387[25]	159[7]
»	414[23]	50[9]
»	428[9]	39[10]
»	430[10]	15[10]
»	433[12]	3[6]
»	434[10] seq.	3[11] seq.
»	435[10]	39[10]
»	449[13]	433[1]
»	469[17]	319[12]
»	*480[7]	1032[2]
»	486[6]	464[7]
II	2[4]	35[3]
»	19[11]	839[14]
»	36[16]	921[13]
»	43[19]	433[1]
»	58[12] seq.	456[18] seq.
»	59[12]	465[1]
»	59[18]	157[1]
»	60[14]	744[12]
»	95[7]	522[1]
»	145[11]	888[1]
»	153[15]	378[7]
»	177[21]	929[12] seq.
»	209[20]	
»	218[23]	132[13]
»	238[1]	756[12]
»	243[5]	445[1]
»	243[6]	444[7]
»	247[3]	316[7]
»	249[21]	164[16]
»	249[23]	541[9]
»	250[17]	277[8]

(Lisān)

II	321^{17}	25^{17}
»	327^{23}	770^{13}
»	340^{14}	526^{9}
»	340^{15}	526^{4}
»	340^{18}	525^{13}
»	340^{19}	526^{10}
»	346^{11}	556^{10}
»	395^{6}	812^{10}
»	395^{8}	108^{14}
»	422^{17}	38^{1}
»	433^{20}	56^{11}
»	434^{1}	
»	443^{3}	968^{8}
»	451^{6}	442^{12}
»	467^{22}	175^{5}
»	471^{20}	1006^{14}
III	3^{3}	851^{4}
»	10^{8}	812^{10}
»	$*12^{12}$	23^{14}
»	47^{22}	164^{5}
»	$*54^{8}$	253^{7}
»	56^{11}	618^{8}
»	64^{16}	858^{1}
»	74^{15}	126^{16}
»	101^{18} seq.	794^{13}
»	101^{20}	794^{10}
»	$*118^{24}$ seq.	115^{14}
»	149^{24}	692^{3}
»	$*168^{1}$ seq.	858^{2}
»	176^{3}	650^{6} (see note)
»	176^{4}	936^{6}
»	210^{15}	765^{11}
»	213^{5}	4067
»	$*266^{24}$	839^{8}
»	271^{3}	229^{11}
III	272^{17}	228^{8}
»	307^{13}	213^{4}
»	318^{18}	1025^{3}
»	325^{12}	850^{1}
»	$*357^{16}$	579^{3}
»	379^{19}	766^{9}
»	380^{19}	443^{15}
»	382^{19} seq.	107^{19} seq.
»	$*390^{12}$	511^{3}
»	392^{10}	149^{2}
»	397^{8}	400^{7}
»	404^{2} seq.	775^{12} seq.
»	419^{22} seq.	69^{12} seq.
»	445^{2}	11^{15}
»	$*456^{16}$	307^{14}
»	490^{14}	637^{2}
»	493^{18}	317^{14}
»	503^{3}	573^{11}
IV	11^{6}	597^{8}
»	12^{4}	385^{10}
»	16^{13}	317^{8}
»	35^{24}	325^{11}
»	$*44^{2}$	1086^{1}
»	44^{21}	228^{8}
»	44^{23} seq.	228^{11} seq.
»	96^{22}	763^{5}
»	99^{15}	479^{6}
»	125^{5}	216^{7}
»	139^{12}	288^{14}
»	150^{26}	720^{14}
»	174^{13}	1026^{11}
»	187^{13}	486^{5}
»	205^{11}	209^{1}
»	242^{18}	77^{9}
»	266^{4}	253^{8}
»	277^{3} seq.	621^{4} seq.

(Lisan)

IV	278^{23}	642^{12}
»	280^{15}	443^{3}
»	280^{16}	443^{7}
»	283^{2}	101^{17}
»	288^{5}	433^{12}
»	290^{8}	543^{17}
»	290^{10}	827^{5}
»	293^{23}	916^{10}
»	300^{18}	486^{5}
»	306^{9}	817^{4}
»	$*316^{6}$	253^{8}
»	347^{7}	1006^{5}
»	347^{10}	1006^{1}
»	348^{4}	543^{3}
»	349^{14}	753^{7}
»	361^{12}	910^{14}
»	363^{3}	792^{15}
»	364^{1}	109^{11}
»	364^{21}	89^{13}
»	365^{11}	168^{7}
»	365^{18}	168^{4}
»	369^{7}	768^{13}
»	382^{19}	794^{13}
»	386^{12}	792^{13}
»	403^{14}	527^{1}
»	439^{21}	70^{11}
»	455^{17}	789^{7} (= 498^{11})
»	473^{3}	65^{2}
»	485^{18}	1008^{10}
V	27^{12}	402^{6} (= 900^{1})
»	31^{13}	
»	95^{8}	939^{10}
»	$*96^{7}$	983^{3}
»	110^{7}	579^{6}
»	145^{22}	549^{11}
V	157^{11}	864^{9}
»	165^{21}	54^{6}
»	165^{24}	214^{10}
»	172^{2}	485^{8}
»	192^{19}	527^{1}
»	202^{17}	832^{7}
»	206^{24}	449^{3}
»	$*216^{10}$ seq.	946^{6} seq.
»	228^{15}	155^{3}
»	229^{14}	340^{4}
»	238^{5}	870^{11}
»	$*243^{2}$ seq.	313^{5}
»	243^{24}	911^{7}
»	247^{17}	548^{6}
»	250^{6}	756^{1}
»	256^{5}	406^{2}
»	283^{20}	807^{5}
»	284^{17}	343^{9}
»	296^{21}	9^{2}
»	304^{1}	77^{9}
»	319^{2}	969^{1}
»	331^{11}	776^{7}
»	$*340^{20}$	179^{14}
»	347^{1}	488^{9}
»	347^{4} seq.	488^{12} seq.
»	347^{9}	17^{12}
»	349^{22}	696^{5}
»	358^{7}	1000^{14}
»	381^{10}	606^{6}
»	381^{11}	651^{3}
»	397^{7}	520^{3}
»	400^{19}	353^{4}
»	405^{3}	215^{12}
»	407^{16}	718^{10}
»	422^{5}	690^{10}
»	426^{22} seq.	259^{3}

(Lisān)

VI	2^{10}	324^{16}
»	8^{3}	334^{14}
»	$*20^{10}$	129^{7}
»	25^{10} seq.	456^{18} seq.
»	51^{12}	324^{16}
»	52^{4}	969^{8}
»	79^{4}	248^{12}
»	85^{18}	332^{17}
»	$*104^{22}$	861^{5}
»	107^{2}	955^{1}
»	110^{23}	653^{9} seq.
»	111^{5} seq.	
»	112^{6}	916^{18}
»	114^{24}	855^{11}
»	116^{22}	263^{13}
»	125^{7}	859^{1}
»	152^{5}	765^{11}
»	155^{25} seq.	192^{1} (= 235^{17})
»	160^{11}	892^{6}
»	160^{18}	955^{1}
»	160^{23}	833^{14}
»	174^{3} seq.	246^{17} seq.
»	192^{22}	621^{17}
»	198^{2} seq.	384^{18} seq.
»	205^{24} seq.	155^{6} seq.
»	206^{1}	155^{4}
»	228^{11}	937^{6} (= 779^{13})
»	249^{4}	332^{7}
»	260^{6}	1000^{7}
»	264^{8} seq.	692^{15} seq.
»	291^{7}	769^{16}
»	300^{20}	162^{14}
»	339^{18}	769^{16}
»	358^{20}	842^{1}
»	383^{20}	153^{19}
VI	384^{1}	90^{17}
»	400^{15}	644^{13}
»	400^{17}	644^{12}
»	436^{9}	542^{16}
»	438^{16} seq.	220^{8} seq.
»	439^{5}	221^{11}
»	441^{3}	182^{1}
»	445^{12}	1058^{9} (= 197^{15})
»	447^{16}	1041^{2}
»	$*464^{14}$	949^{9}
VII	$*32^{10}$	1002^{12}
»	35^{10} seq.	89^{13} seq.
»	38^{12}	7^{14}
»	38^{15}	693^{12} (= 289^{7})
»	60^{20}	243^{18}
»	97^{17}	870^{3}
»	$*118^{23}$	356^{8}
»	$*119^{5}$	
»	$*132^{10}$	983^{3}
»	133^{12}	162^{14}
»	155^{2}	11^{15}
«	155^{24}	997^{6}
»	164^{11}	816^{3}
»	166^{13}	7^{14}
»	174^{5}	488^{10}
»	200^{17}	776^{7}
»	203^{18} seq.	146^{15} (= 328^{12})
»	$*225^{1}$	41^{4}
»	242^{9}	182^{1}
»	264^{4}	405^{2}
»	$*279^{1}$	579^{3}
»	284^{14}	44^{3}
»	298^{9}	199^{6}
»	337^{17}	906^{5}
»	338^{7}	455^{18}
»	381^{18}	938^{3}

		(Lisān)
VII	388^{1}	943^{5}
»	405^{16} seq.	665^{7} seq. (= 940^{8} seq.)
»	424^{22}	243^{15}
VIII	2^{9}	164^{9} (= 597^{5})
»	3^{4}	164^{5}
»	5^{6}	934^{10}
»	7^{2}	24^{6}
»	21^{6}	934^{10}
»	29^{15} seq.	226^{6} (= 684^{15})
»	30^{17}	11^{1}
»	54^{7}	980^{9}
»	71^{3}	109^{5}
»	72^{25}	834^{12}
»	83^{25}	32^{15}
»	85^{10}	50^{17}
»	105^{18}	887^{12}
»	114^{20}	693^{12} (= 289^{7})
»	118^{5}	109^{5}
»	*168^{1} seq.	447^{6}
»	187^{7}	979^{13}
»	208^{12}	548^{6}
»	223^{18}	695^{2}
»	223^{24}	311^{13}
»	224^{17}	226^{1}
»	224^{23}	968^{8}
»	259^{4} seq.	963^{5}
»	277^{22}	157^{8}
»	*287^{13}	154^{16}
»	340^{9}	512^{3}
»	351^{1}	336^{12}
»	352^{10}	550^{15}
»	365^{18}	243^{18}
»	377^{23}	9^{2}
»	398^{13}	168^{4}
»	412^{11}	476^{11}
IX	7^{14}	514^{5}
»	11^{17}	512^{3}
»	35^{9}	153^{17}
»	35^{17}	43^{3}
»	40^{19}	757^{12}
»	81^{16}	550^{15}
»	90^{14}	
»	93^{7}	7^{14}
»	111^{7}	13^{3}
»	137^{19}	39^{18}
»	168^{8}	921^{13}
»	179^{21}	115^{8}
»	179^{22}	115^{13}
»	189^{15}	549^{11}
»	204^{8}	34^{13}
»	225^{7}	441^{5}
»	236^{18}	585^{1}
»	239^{12}	441^{5}
»	240^{31}	146^{8} (= 327^{17})
»	261^{12}	74^{18}
»	279^{8}	39^{18}
»	292^{11}	192^{6} (= 236^{2})
»	305^{11}	841^{7}
»	354^{23}	934^{10}
»	355^{2}	442^{15}
»	357^{13}	963^{13}
»	368^{11}	964^{12}
»	372^{15}	870^{6}
»	386^{16}	395^{7}
»	386^{18}	12^{14}
»	400^{10}	101^{8}
»	426^{17}	443^{1}
»	428^{13}	212^{13}
»	428^{24}	977^{1}
»	431^{7}	967^{13}
»	441^{15}	276^{14}

(Lisân)

IX	457^{4}	192^{6} (= 236^{2})
»	468^{12}	976^{2}
»	469^{17}	974^{15}
»	$*473^{9}$	537^{13}
»	473^{20}	176^{9}
»	479^{11}	
»	483^{14}	705^{9}
»	487^{14}	682^{6}
»	492^{6}	181^{11}
»	493^{2}	241^{1}
X	4^{2}	541^{1}
»	23^{21}	977^{11} (= 679^{11})
»	$*32^{20}$	46^{9}
»	49^{3}	694^{12}
»	53^{18}	823^{3}
»	57^{8}	170^{2}
»	68^{14}	887^{16}
»	69^{3}	690^{6}
»	71^{8}	959^{9}
»	85^{21}	979^{5}
»	94^{11}	976^{12}
»	100^{12}	631^{7}
»	108^{6}	754^{3}
»	$*108^{7}$	834^{9}
»	128^{2}	826^{5}
»	130^{18}	607^{8}
»	$*134^{23}$	1021^{13}
»	138^{20}	6^{14}
»	139^{13}	560^{13}
»	142^{2}	770^{13}
»	$*143^{19}$	355^{1}
»	$*144^{1}$	933^{6}
»	148^{16} seq.	960^{11}
»	157^{9} seq.	57^{10} seq.
»	206^{22}	698^{13}
X	210^{21}	686^{1}
»	245^{17}	280^{12}
»	246^{3}	969^{1}
»	249^{16}	199^{6}
»	259^{4}	168^{7}
»	261^{6}	557^{3}
»	261^{24}	556^{10}
»	262^{6}	557^{3}
»	269^{21}	158^{5}
»	277^{13}	966^{9}
»	279^{16}	72^{11}
»	289^{24}	1022^{7} (= 704^{12})
»	291^{16}	979^{9}
»	292^{4}	447^{18}
»	292^{20}	135^{15}
»	297^{8}	1021^{10}
»	305^{14}	601^{9}
»	328^{21}	165^{10}
»	340^{8}	937^{6} (= 779^{13})
»	361^{10}	564^{11}
»	369^{14}	969^{1}
»	373^{20}	173^{12}
»	375^{8} seq.	556^{10}
»	378^{11}	430^{2}
»	381^{22}	12^{14}
»	390^{18}	560^{3}
»	417^{9}	554^{10}
»	422^{4}	597^{8}
»	424^{13} seq.	1^{8}
»	425^{22}	609^{3}
»	429^{20}	905^{1}
XI	15^{24}	836^{14} (= 299^{12})
»	16^{14}	897^{14}
»	33^{19}	523^{9} (= 908^{16})
»	39^{9} seq.	810^{4} seq.
»	44^{12}	550^{15}

		(Lisān)
XI	46^{24}	1^{10}
»	48^{23}	567^{11}
»	71^{13}	11^{5}
»	81^{19}	550^{3}
»	83^{8}	966^{9}
»	83^{17}	807^{16}
»	85^{10}	881^{3}
»	85^{12}	880^{15}
»	112^{4}	562^{3}
»	113^{4}	44^{3}
»	116^{6}	316^{7}
»	121^{16}	960^{1}
»	132^{10}	575^{16}
»	140^{2}	89^{15}
»	149^{19}	548^{6}
»	163^{21}	590^{3}
»	163^{24}	16^{7}
»	165^{5}	39^{10}
»	190^{2}	555^{3}
»	199^{13}	568^{17}
»	203^{20}	93^{7}
»	205^{5}	590^{7}
»	228^{21}	552^{16}
»	231^{21}	933^{14}
»	244^{23}	551^{8}
»	248^{17}	33^{2}
»	252^{4}	134^{5}
»	257^{24}	224^{13}
»	$*270^{7}$	327^{12}
»	285^{25}	969^{8}
»	287^{17}	585^{19} (= 1069^{14})
»	$*297^{14}$	78^{10}
»	304^{23}	756^{4}
»	329^{18}	978^{12}
»	335^{14}	215^{12}
XI	339^{13} seq.	205^{13} seq.
»	350^{7}	228^{12}
»	350^{12}	228^{11}
»	352^{2}	230^{5}
»	357^{19}	812^{6}
»	386^{24}	339^{3}
»	$*420^{2}$	578^{8}
»	425^{3}	43^{3}
XII	18^{20}	377^{15}
»	51^{16} seq.	887^{13} (= 458^{9}) seq.
»	75^{13} seq.	840^{4} seq.
»	75^{18}	839^{14}
»	76^{14} seq.	52^{4} seq.
»	76^{24}	148^{5}
»	$*93^{2}$	541^{11}
»	110^{24}	96^{9}
»	121^{20}	1082^{13}
»	127^{14}	168^{1}
»	133^{10}	443^{12}
»	142^{5}	786^{6}
»	147^{25}	276^{14}
»	158^{1}	646^{1}
»	165^{14}	1007^{1}
»	$*219^{4}$	675^{17}
»	252^{6}	124^{16}
»	259^{5}	221^{10}
»	270^{2}	440^{14} (= 1053^{11})
»	278^{17}	423^{13}
»	279^{14}	778^{3}
»	287^{7}	1007^{7}
»	287^{8}	554^{2}
»	316^{11}	841^{12}
»	334^{7}	1018^{1}
»	$*336^{16}$	1011^{6}
»	345^{19}	882^{8}
»	357^{6}	840^{6}

(Lisân)

XII	375^{7}	880^{5}
»	375^{25}	164^{5}
»	378^{17}	848^{10}
»	394^{9}	840^{6}
»	406^{7}	192^{4} (= 235^{20})
XIII	15^{18}	185^{3}
»	28^{18}	190^{1}
»	34^{8}	164^{9} (= 597^{5})
»	36^{18}	209^{17}
»	37^{15}	709^{1}
»	42^{12}	571^{15}
»	63^{11}	321^{13}
»	*100^{20}	1099^{15}
»	107^{17}	205^{3}
»	113^{24}	303^{14}
»	119^{16}	321^{9}
»	122^{16}	
»	128^{5}	295^{13}
»	138^{18}	289^{9}
»	161^{5}	97^{15}
»	184^{13}	564^{4}
»	193^{3}	304^{16}
»	194^{4}	610^{10}
»	*197^{17}	149^{15}
»	236^{10}	1099^{2}
»	243^{19}	691 notes^{2}
»	*244^{25}	461^{7}
»	272^{4}	164^{5}
»	279^{12}	451^{3}
»	293^{6}	56^{9}
»	306^{23}	231^{1}
»	*309^{12}	281^{6} note
»	310^{4} seq.	656^{17} seq. (= 495^{7})
»	360^{13}	710^{12}
»	360^{17}	527^{13}
XIII	377^{15}	224^{11}
»	381^{5}	146^{15} (= 328^{12})
»	386^{20}	3^{8}
»	389^{11}	133^{8}
»	389^{15} seq.	133^{1} seq.
»	393^{11}	478^{14}
»	*393^{24}	309^{4}
»	398^{1}	164^{9} (= 597^{5})
»	*400^{24}	1044^{8}
»	*407^{9}	541^{7}
»	416^{4}	330^{11}
»	420^{3}	311^{2}
»	421^{6}	8^{13}
»	423^{7}	134^{4}
»	423^{9}	133^{11}
»	425^{1}	319^{12}
»	432^{15}	443^{10} (see 775^{7})
»	478^{22}	541^{13}
»	479^{21}	303^{1}
»	490^{17}	303^{4} (= 84^{6})
»	*494^{1}	632^{4}
»	494^{9}	190^{1}
XIV	2^{7}	231^{1}
»	4^{19}	631^{5}
»	5^{24}	74^{18}
»	8^{18}	223^{9}
»	20^{24} seq.	915^{15}
»	35^{19}	223^{14}
»	41^{9}	192^{6} (= 236^{2})
»	73^{12}	225^{5}
»	73^{14}	894^{8}
»	87^{6}	606^{17} (= 684^{8})
»	112^{5}	348^{1}
»	119^{19} seq.	195^{7} seq.
»	120^{11}	60^{10}
»	130^{7}	210^{8}

(Lisān)

XIV	130[19]	870[3]
»	*160[4]	612[7]
»	161[7]	28[11]
»	174[16]	125[4]
»	182[21]	284[13]
»	198[9]	303[14]
»	205[24]	56[5]
»	218[9]	579[6]
»	231[13]	24[1]
»	248[3]	304[18]
»	259[12]	65[16]
»	268[8]	212[8]
»	316[1]	120[19]
»	326[8]	374[9]
»	369[24]	841[7]
XV	32[24]	65[9]
»	54[25]	1007[1]
»	92[7]	311[2]
»	100[8]	766[9]
»	107[21]	119[4]
»	120[6]	29[3]
»	134[10]	44[3]
»	137[14]	281[13]
»	142[18]	386[3]
»	143[16]	270[14]
»	161[17]	157[8]
»	193[8]	1066[1]
»	197[21]	44[11]
»	201[8] seq.	807[15] seq.
»	217[2]	123[18]
»	217[10]	643[3]
»	239[19]	119[4]
»	248[3]	139[4]
»	249[21] seq.	441[5]
»	258[1]	52[15] (= 785[11])
XV	286[1]	398[11]
»	301[11]	627[13]
»	312[8] seq.	455[17]
»	335[17]	709[1]
»	337[14]	377[13]
»	337[21]	50[16]
»	337[24]	736[13]
»	*355[8]	758[6] seq.
»	372[13]	597[8]
»	*384[1]	1030[3]
»	418[21]	24[6]
»	418[23]	122[15]
»	420[21]	419[1]
»	420[23]	767[10]
»	426[8]	345[9]
»	431[8]	753[9]
»	431[19]	736[13]
»	433[20]	332[7]
XVI	*11[20]	458[2]
»	20[21] seq.	933[14] seq.
»	60[24]	619[8]
»	63[7] seq.	494[9] seq.
»	81[8]	888[5] (= 496[11])
»	*81[12]	152[10]
»	84[17]	1019[3]
»	93[20]	41[4]
»	108[23]	836[4] (= 120[18])
»	111[11]	309[1]
»	125[25]	395[9]
»	150[24]	365[7]
»	156[20]	222[3]
»	176[9]	1004[2]
»	*211[8]	881[6]
»	211[15]	881[3]
»	246[9]	378[11]
»	246[20]	621[17]

(Lisān)

XVI	248[19]	138[11] (= 567[17])
»	250[2]	1[10]
»	250[18]	1[12]
»	252[18] seq.	291[5] seq.
»	258[8]	410[3]
»	273[22]	192[1] (= 235[17])
»	274[1] seq.	236[8] seq.
»	289[9]	129[5] seq.
»	296[9]	817[4]
VII	7[7]	1028[1]
»	9[17]	883[4]
»	10[24]	1007[7]
»	15[4]	776[7]
»	16[23]	799[8]
»	23[1]	707[8]
»	30[25]	710[12]
»	35[22]	243[19]
»	51[4]	100[10]
»	51[23] seq.	404[15] seq.
»	*54[19]	1041[10]
»	90[25]	756[1]
»	117[16]	444[7]
»	117[21]	4[6]
»	130[23]	135[12]
»	*131[24]	759 notes[5]
»	133[9]	129[6]
»	151[15] seq.	621[5] seq.
»	155[18]	31[7]
»	165[23] seq.	1018[1]
»	176[6]	907[7]
»	179[21]	433[1]
»	183[21]	144[8]
»	199[14]	121[9]
»	199[15]	40[17]
»	215[19] seq.	32[14]
XVII	215[24] seq.	37[2]
»	227[24]	4[4]
»	237[4]	430[2]
»	237[16]	508[6]
»	238[19]	100[9] (= 419[5] 767[12])
»	249[5]	1004[11]
»	*249[16]	701[10]
»	*250[1]	192[8] (= 236[4])
»	253[9]	1004[11]
»	254[2]	937[6] (= 779[13])
»	254[4]	483[7]
»	254[6]	682[13]
»	275[8]	1004[2]
»	*291[9]	891[10]
»	291[11]	891[9]
»	294[9]	993[17]
»	*305[8]	57[10]
»	319[19]	96[9]
»	319[24]	96[8]
»	328[17]	862[1]
»	345[12]	967[8]
»	347[18]	44[3]
»	348[13]	565[3]
»	451[11]	632[8]
»	454[17]	89[10]
XVIII	12[3]	488[8]
»	12[21]	776[7]
»	12[23]	177[12]
»	14[21]	90[17]
»	*21[25]	921[2]
»	34[9] seq.	813[7]
»	53[11]	136[2]
»	74[15] seq.	208[7] seq.
»	89[17]	310[17]
»	*106[3]	618[10]
»	115[17]	1046[9]

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XVIII	151[4]	667[4]
»	152[5]	617[9]
»	152[14]	97[11]
»	160[23]	456[18]
»	168[13]	1026[3]
»	168[25]	162[14]
»	172[1]	100[9] (= 419[5] 767[12])
»	174[23]	564[4]
»	176[22]	198[16]
»	222[21]	441[9]
»	224[22]	821[10]
»	238[3]	847[7]
»	245[12]	778[5]
»	248[11]	251[6] (= 397[12] 1054[6])
»	249[2]	689[15]
»	*251[11] seq.	370[11]
»	251[25] seq.	180[9] seq.
»	252[20]	311[14]
»	253[12]	230[5]
»	254[22]	656[13]
»	294[15]	62[6] (= 430[6])
»	*299[1]	743[13]
XIX	16[19]	285[7] (= 866[6])
»	31[20]	371[1] (= 366[8])
»	39[13]	90[17]
»	56[10]	60[5]
»	98[25]	339[17]
»	104[8]	483[7]
»	122[14]	1030[9]
»	*123[23]	448[7]
»	125[16]	521[6]
»	163[21]	90[17]
»	175[7]	259[9]
»	180[7]	244[17]
»	*181[8]	914[13]
XIX	186[11]	565[3]
»	196[5]	192[6] (= 236[2])
»	*201[16]	561[2]
»	203[19]	218[10]
»	*215[23]	901[4]
»	242[4]	434[7]
»	*272[1]	423[6]
»	276[5]	423[4]
»	294[4]	226[6] (= 684[15])
»	294[16]	111[14]
»	301[3]	809[7] (= 77[11])
»	302[8]	157[6]
»	335[3]	774[7] (= 465[11])
»	342[1]	
»	342[3]	745[17] (= 774[9])
»	342[5] seq.	774[5] seq.
»	342[8]	572[14] (= 774[11])
»	342[9]	182[15] (= 774[13] 1049[9])
»	342[10]	183[5]
»	342[12]	700[6]
»	342[13]	700[12]
»	*343[19]	240[2]
»	346[19]	786[13]
»	354[7]	280[12]
»	355[21]	
»	377[10]	13[7]
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»	*40[13] seq.	1033[7]
»	47[3]	30[1]
»	62[19]	753[7]
»	62[25]	128[13]
»	70[22]	89[13]
»	74[2]	42[7]
»	82[12] seq.	176[1] seq.
»	94[17]	805[3]
»	95[4]	244[17]

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»	96[23]	736[13]
»	129[15]	466[18]
»	*133[7]	875[9]
»	161[8]	243[15]
»	163[4]	207[17]
»	180[20]	162[14]
»	184[25]	832[4]
»	234[19]	768[13]
»	235[15]	101[13]
»	247[7]	969[5], 861[11]
»	255[18] seq.	909[13] seq.
»	264[15]	122[15]
»	269[20]	31[6]
»	273[13]	430[3]
»	*290[3]	410[15]
»	303[19]	667[4]
»	321[13]	269[11]
»	360[4]	833[14]
»	369[6]	175[16]
»	377[20]	113[1] (= 730[20])
»	384[4]	90[17]

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»	139[3]	355[3]
»	195[28]	519[10]
»	281[28]	594[12]
II	31[20] seq.	719[3]
»	43[9] seq.	99[8] seq.
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491[19]	166[9]
491[20]	165[13]
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491[22]	218[10]
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491[25]	981[3]
491[26]	975[5]
491[27]	683[9]
492[1]	650[6]
492[2]	684[11]
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492[5] seq.	826[5] seq.
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492[8] seq.	273[12]
492[10]	691[13]
492[11]	692[3]
492[12]	690[1]
492[13]	692[14]
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492[25]	230[13]
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493[1]	853[1]
493[2] seq.	1033[1]
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274[5] seq. 374[13] seq.

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» *29 v. 5 59[9]

» 30 v. 24 seq. 1067[5] seq.

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» 141[18] 840[6]

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»	*566[4]	995[1]
»	755 note *a*	886[9]
»	1016[4]	638[15]
»	1029[3]—1037[18]	638[12]—646[7]
»	*1061[9]	1020[14]
»	1964[2] seq.	715[17] seq.
»	*1989[8] seq.	46[9]
»	3171[12] seq.	80[14] seq.
»	*3450 note *d*	716[12]
»	*3452[4] seq.	717[2]
II	97[4] seq.	608[18] seq.
»	99[14] seq.	610[6] seq.
»	101[3] seq.	611[13] seq.
»	101[10] seq.	612[7] seq.
»	101[14] seq.	616[2] seq.
»	103[11] seq.	617[6] seq.
»	104[5] seq.	617[14] seq.
»	107[18] seq.	619[16] seq.
»	108[7] seq.	620[5] seq.
»	158[11] seq.	620[10] seq.
»	160[3] seq.	621[4] seq.
»	232[1] seq.	246[17] seq.
»	269[17] seq.	
»	433[17] seq.	722[7] seq.
»	435[17] seq.	112[8] seq., 721[1] seq.
»	437[11]—441[18]	722[15]—726[1]
»	445[7]—456[16]	726[1]—735[17]
»	*790[4]	439[16]
»	800[14] seq.	751[12] seq.
»	801[10] seq.	750[20] seq.
»	*802[3]	1092[1]
»	*833[5]	372[4]
»	*1125[5]	737[15]
II	1283[7] seq.	351[13] seq.
»	1287[3] seq.	354[8] seq.
»	*1289[12]	358[3]
»	*1235[4]	360[11]
»	*1295[9]	361[7]
»	1297[9] seq.	362[10] seq.
»	*1297[11]	920[15]
»	1301[11] seq.	364[20] seq.
»	1303[6] seq.	363[13] seq.
»	*1310 note *g*	367[4]
»	1311[3] seq.	366[13]
»	1338[8] seq.	383[6] seq.
»	1340[4] seq.	413[15] seq.
III	*1361[14]	557[8]
»	*2528[6]	399[11]

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I	240[5]	267[11]

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»	83[23]	977[8]
»	94[23]	413[15] (= 385[6])
»	124[20] seq.	1083[7] seq.
»	131[16]	300[3]
»	150[4] seq.	905[3] seq.
»	228[1]	446[16]
»	228[2]	446[6]
»	228[3]	451[3]
»	233[6]	39[10]
»	290[16] seq.	93[4] seq.
»	291[3] seq.	90[17] seq.
»	299[10] seq.	994[14] seq.
»	306[15] seq.	156[5] seq.
»	315[1]	889[4]
»	315[2]	891[6]

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I	315[6]	211[14]
»	315[11] seq.	548[6] seq.
»	317[14]	635[18]
»	334[2]	53[12]
»	*347[8]	886[18]
»	360[18] seq.	102[5] seq.
»	*395[3]	283[14]
»	398[16]	53[8]
»	414[8]	406[1]
»	414[9]	406[4]
»	424[4]	571[15]
»	431[17]	13[18]
»	454[21]	1091[8]
»	498[4] seq.	658[13] seq.
»	516[17]	579[6]
»	*522[18]	724[13]
»	*582[16]	888[8]
»	665[18]	106[2]
»	700[13]	12[14]
»	711[14]	520[3]
»	*734[17]	207[8]
»	736[5]	847[7]
»	736[6]	848[7]
»	768[5]	395[13]
»	*768[6]	647[14]
»	795[1]	168[4]
»	795[17]	168[10]
»	795[18]	168[4]
»	820[11]	445[1]
»	868[12]	12[14]
»	922[9]	395[13]
»	941[15]	182[1]
»	941[16]	182[15]
»	941[17]	188[4]
»	942[13] seq.	1024[16] seq.
II	17[23]	300[3]
»	38[18] seq.	667[4] seq.
»	41[2] seq.	325[13] seq.
»	71[9] seq.	21[12] seq.
»	91[8]	175[1]
»	91[9]	173[12]
»	97[7] seq.	217[11] seq.
»	104[9]	483[13]
»	156[14]	12[14]
»	200[10]	603[15]
»	215[4]	911[7]
»	217[4]	14[13]
»	227[19] seq.	155[13] seq.
»	246[15]	857[5]
»	261[7]	998[7]
»	261[8]	998[16]
»	264[22]	271[16]
»	*284[12]	299[1]
»	293[2]	173[12]
»	*294[20]	832[3]
»	*295[5]	544[6]
»	301[11] seq.	760[12] seq.
»	304[3]	894[9]
»	329[8]	33[12]
»	346[23] seq.	866[2] seq.
»	381[20]	467[17]
»	*402[1]	642[7]
»	432[18] seq.	1095[5] seq.
»	*461[10] seq.	428[13]
»	467[16]	659[8]
»	475[2] seq.	1098[5] seq.
»	475[21]	974[15]
»	532[5]	250[10]
»	532[6] seq.	250[6] seq.
»	533[17] seq.	388[7] seq.
»	533[21]	388[5]

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II	537[12]	1007[7]
»	569[18] seq.	54[16] seq.
»	579[20] seq.	392[4] seq.
»	638[4] seq.	29[10] seq.
»	642[13]	889[4]
»	642[14]	891[6]
»	653[1]	410[3]
»	653[2]	400[14]
»	758[22] seq.	436[11] seq.
»	767[21]	228[8]
»	767[23] seq.	1003[2]
»	779[6] seq.	93[4] seq.
»	785[7] seq.	1010[12] seq.
»	795[6]	281[13]
»	*801[11]	823[5]
»	811[19] seq.	130[10] seq.
»	813[7]	598[7]
»	846[5]	520[3]
»	862[21] seq.	994[11] seq.
»	876[7]	285[7]
»	879[4] seq.	172[13] seq.
»	955[9] seq.	343[5] seq
III	29[15]	78[12]
»	63[23]	250[13]
»	91[17]	249[16]
»	91[18]	250[10]
»	91[19]	250[2]
»	99[8] seq.	404[15] seq.
»	128[11]	433 notes[3]
»	128[13] seq.	433[8] seq.
»	*130[1]	844[1]
»	193[7]	13[12]
»	196[6]	
»	223[18] seq.	174[2] seq.
»	223[20] seq.	174[15] seq.
III	223[22]	177[5]
»	248[12]	920[14]
»	268[11]	666[7]
»	280[6]	57[4]
»	311[15]	106[4]
»	*368[4]	1088[2]
»	377[6]	859[1]
»	380[1] seq.	338[10] seq.
»	384[5] seq.	992[1] seq.
»	398[7]	1003[3]
»	431[5]	955[1]
»	431[7] seq.	999[3]
»	431[9]	999[13]
»	519[4]	999[2]
»	519[13] seq.	68[17] seq. (= 300[9] seq.)
»	519[20] seq.	1067[5] seq.
»	521[8]	293[1]
»	541[23]	
»	546[18] seq.	246[17] seq.
»	549[13] seq.	487[9] seq.
»	578[21]	302[15]
»	589[22]	23[8]
»	610[16] seq.	53[12]
»	619[9]	598[7]
»	632[14] seq.	25[13] seq.
»	685[19]	81[10]
»	686[20]	585[1] seq.
»	687[2] seq.	586[8] seq.
»	691[20] seq.	231[12] seq.
»	702[8]	174[2]
»	702[11] seq.	167[14] seq.
»	754[22]	144[8]
»	775[2]	316[5] (= 583[15])
»	796[9] seq.	1[8] seq.
»	800[17]	632[8]
»	887[7]	1072[14]

(Yâḳût)

III	*910[13]	485[10]
IV	12[8]	630[12] (= 212[5])
»	12[10]	632[8]
»	12[11]	633[11]
»	*34[13]	216[2]
»	44[18]	400[7]
»	68[1]	445[10]
»	102[11]	18[4] (= 274[1])
»	125[4]	30[1]
»	126[9] seq.	654[7] seq.
»	136[1]	175[8]
»	156[7]	437[18]
»	244[11] seq.	493[5]
»	269[13] seq.	287[7] seq.
»	307[8]	211[14]
»	313[8] seq.	60[10]
»	313[12] seq.	79[18] seq.
»	332[6]	557[15]
»	357[5]	953[4]
»	357[7]	952[13] (= 418[17])
»	394[9]	39[18]
»	*408[21] seq.	982[1]
»	422[10]	155[15]
»	475[9]	810[16]
»	*477[12] seq.	434[11]
»	504[17] seq.	72[2]
»	504[22]	479[7]
»	504[23]	481[3]
»	505[1] seq.	480[12] seq.
»	505[4]	491[13]
»	505[6] seq.	492[5] seq.
»	505[10] seq.	482[11] seq.
»	513[6]	996[5]
»	522[6]	993[17]
»	533[1]	1025[3]
»	561[17]	333[9]
»	585[23]	631[5]
»	*606[5]	1001[14]
»	632[19] seq.	386[7] seq.
»	639[4]	60[13]
»	641[1] seq.	54[6] seq.
»	687[3]	997[6]
»	687[4]	997[2]
»	*700[8]	755[13]
»	715[19] seq.	621[4] seq.
»	779[3] seq.	1067[5] seq.
»	790[11] seq.	91[16] seq.
»	*791[19] seq.	959[13]
»	794[21] seq.	20[20] seq.
»	810[14]	158[11]
»	814[22]	850[6]
»	876[1]	81[1]
»	897[13] seq.	330[11] seq.
»	898[16] seq.	330 notes[4] seq.
»	932[6]	995[12]
»	937[11] seq.	310[14] seq.
»	*937[15]	307[14]
»	947[20] seq.	96[17] seq.
»	1009[11] seq.	147[5] seq.
»	1026[16]	212[8]
V	*147[5]	155 notes[4]
»	*470[28] seq.	91 notes[5]

INDEX III.

NAMES OF PERSONS, TRIBES ETC.

This list does not include persons who appear only in genealogies, unless they bear unusual names. In the case of names which occur very frequently, e. g. *Jarīr*, *al-Farazdaḳ*, *Tamīm* etc., only the more important passages are indicated.

ا

أَبان بن دارِم clan 187⁶

أَبان بن عُثْمانَ بن عَفّان governor of Medina 546²

أَبان بن كُلَيْب العامِرِيّ father-in-law of Umayya ibn ʿAbd-Shams the Elder 1017¹⁴ 1018²

أَبْجَر بن جابِر بن بُجَيْر العِجْلِيّ brother-in-law of ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīḳ 47³ seq. (= 781¹⁴ seq.): called ابن أَسْماء after his mother 52¹⁵ (= 785¹¹): was defeated by the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt near Jadūd 144¹⁴ seq. 148⁹: gained a victory over the Dārim at al-Wakīṭ 307⁷ seq. 311¹³: commanded the Lahāzim at Dhū Ṭulūḥ 47⁹ seq. (= 782³ seq.), where he was captured 50⁴ seq. (= 783¹⁷ seq.): see also 54¹⁶ 57¹⁹ 59⁵ 66³ 780⁶ 802¹⁴ 1019¹⁴

بَبُوع بن حَنْظَلَة بن مالِك see بنو الأَبْرَص

إِبْرٰهيم بن أَحْمَد القَبْسِيّ see ابو رِياش

إِبْرٰهيم بن الأَشْتَر went on an embassy to ʿAbdallāh ibn az-Zubair 1089¹³

إِبْرٰهيم بن عَرَبِيّ an official in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik 439¹⁶

إِبْرٰهيم بن مُحَمَّد بن سَعْد بن ابى وقّاص friend of al-Farazdaḳ, cited by al-Yarbūʿī 546¹ seq. 548³

أَبْرَوِيز *Parwēz*, Sāsānian king 298¹⁵, called also بروز كِسْرَى بن هُرْمُز 639⁴

الأَبْعَد struck down by Mālik ibn Ḥimār (*sic*) at Jabala 674¹³

الأَبْلَقُ الأُسَيِّدِيّ magician, son-in-law of Jarīr 840[11] seq. (see 842[8]) 845[6]: called أُبَيْلَقُ 843[3], and ابْنُ السَّغُورِ 841[9] 842[16]

الأَبْنَاءُ certain clans belonging to the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 116[8] 150[14]

إِبْهَامُ الحُمَارِيّ see إِيَاسُ بْنُ قَتَادَةَ

أُبَيٌّ a slave(?) 751[6]

أُبَيُّ بْنُ صَمُرَةَ النَّهْشَلِيّ slew the Ghassānid king Ibn Ṭaiba 701[16]

أُبَيْرُ بْنُ بَهْشَلِ بْنِ دَارِمٍ ancestor of a family 187[8]

الأَبْيَضُ (?) 913 notes[5]

مَرْثَدُ بْنُ مُجَاشِعِ الأَبْيَضُ see مَرْثَدُ بْنُ مُجَاشِعِ

أُبَيْلَفُ see الأَبْلَقُ

أَبُو أُجَيْءَ بْنُ كَعْبٍ النَّعْلِيّ lived at the time of the First Battle of al-Kulāb 455[11] (= 1076[1])

الأَجَارِبُ certain clans belonging to the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 969[16] 1023[12]

الأَحْلَمُ بْنُ وَاسِطٍ الصَّبَابِيّ took part in the feud between the Ḍibāb and the Ja'far ibn Kilāb in the reign of 'Abd-al-Malik: his verses on the occasion 929[11] seq.: his death 930[1] seq. (see 923 notes[1])

الأَحَالِيفُ i. e. the tribes of Ghaṭafān, Asad and Ṭayyi' 238[13] seq. 242[14]: also called الأَحْلَافُ 240[19] — see الحَلِيفَانِ

الأَحَاوِصُ i. e. the family of al-Aḥwaṣ ibn 'Amr al-Kalbī 806[17] [see Hell N° 403, gloss on the last verse]

الأَحَاجِيرُ three families belonging to the Nahshal ibn Dārim 187[7] 748[5] 772[12]

الأَحْلَافُ see الأَحَالِيفُ

الأَحْمَالُ certain clans belonging to the Yarbū' 304[16]

أَحْمَدُ a commentator frequently cited in L 11[2] 12 notes[2 7] 18[16] 28[8] 142 notes[3] 147 notes[3] *et passim*

أَحْمَدُ بن عُبَيْد a commentator who lived in the third century of the Hijra 465[14] 513[12] 583[7] 586[17] 687[8] 866[12] 881[13] 884[13] 892[3] 915[16] 934[1] 944[1] 9877: called ابو جَعْفَر 687[8] [called also ابو عصيدة, see the *Irshād-al-Arīb* of Yāḳūt ed. D. S. Margoliouth I pp. 221 seq.]

أَحْمَدُ بن يَحْيَى the well-known philologist of al-Kūfa [usually called ثَعْلَب]: cited by al-Yazīdī as an authority for statements of Ibn-al-A'rābī 382[8] 515[7] 997[3]: see also 504[11] 557[4] 588[1]

ابو أَحْمَد see عَبْدُ السَّلام

ابن أَحْمَر i. e. عمرو بن أَحْمَرَ الباهليّ: his verses cited 213[2] 769[16] 921[13]

أَحْمَس clan of the Bajīla 140[6 19]

الأَحْنَف بن قَيْس السَّعْدىّ i. e. صَخْر بن قيس 723[17] 737[15]: called ابو بَحْر 731[15] 738[13] 740[15]: his genealogy 723[17]: his conduct during the disturbances at al-Baṣra 731[12] seq. (see 113[12] seq.) 737[15] 738[12] seq. 740[10]: see also 80[15] 608[9] 722[5] 730[1] seq. 751[3] 1090[1]

هِلال بن أَحْوَز see ابن أَحْوَز

الأَحْوَص بن بِسْطام بن قَيْس الشَّيْبانىّ 806[4]

الأَحْوَص بن جَعْفَر بن كِلاب i. e. رَبيعة بن جعفر 226[14]: commander of the 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 226[14] seq. (see 1060[9] seq.), and at the Battle of Jabala 655[9] seq.: see also 75[15] 426[11]

الأَحْوَص بن زِيد بن بِسْطام brother of Ḥadrā 806[5] (but see 819 notes[6], where he is her father)

الأَحْوَص بن عَمْرو بن تَعْلَبَة الحَلَبىّ maternal grandfather of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī 76[14] 190[12] 478[4] cf. 809[13]

الأَحْوَص بن عَمْرو بن قَيْس الرِّياحىّ i. e. زَيْد بن عمرو 300[7] 919[4]: a poet who lived in the reign of 'Uthmān (see 918[13] seq.): his verses cited 300[9] seq. (but see parallel passage 68[16]) 418[8] 919[6] seq.

الأَحْوَص بن قيس بن مسعود see عمرو بن قيس الشَّيْبانىّ

الأَحْوَص بن مُحَمَّد الأَنْصارىّ poet, see Aghānī IV 40 seq.: entertained al-Farazdaḳ at Medina 1048[12]: verses cited 538[13] seq.(?)

الأَحْوَصان i. e. al-Aḥwaṣ ibn Jaʿfar and his son ʿAuf 720[17] 789[14]

الأَحْيَمِر (or أُحَيْمِر 19[21] 20[4] 584[5]) i. e. حُرَيْث بن عبد الله بن الحُرّ البَرْبوعيّ 18[12] 19[8] 315[10]: at the Battle of Ḳushāwa 19[8] seq.: at al-Ghabīṭ 313[16] seq.: at al-Iyād 581[14] 582[15] seq.: see also 18[11] 75[13] 247[12]

الأَخْرَم بن سَبّار الفَزارِيّ (var. الاخرص) took part in the War of Dāḥis 101[1], see 108[10]

الأَخْشَبان see الخَشّاب

الأَخْصَر بن هُبَيْرَة الضَّبّيّ lived in the reign of Muʿāwiya 79[4]

الأَخْطَل i. e. هُمَيْم, Hell N° 385: brother of al-Farazdaḳ 382[10] (see *Additions and Corrections*)

الأَخْطَل بن غَوْث التَّغْلِبيّ i. e. غِياث بن عَوْن 879[11]: called الأُخَيْطِل 401[2] 506[7] 897[13] 900[9] 901[1] 936[6] 966[17], ابن دَوْس 460[18], ابو مالك 402[4] 509[9] 1041[2] seq. 1042[2], ذو العَباءة 897[7] (= 496[4]), ذو الصَّليب 801[14], ابن النَّصْرانيّة 1048[6] (alluding to the fact that he was a Christian cf. 1041[7]): his relations with Jarīr and al-Farazdaḳ 494[4] seq. (cf. 879[13] seq.): his encounter with al-Jaḥḥāf ibn Ḥukaim at the court of ʿAbd-al-Malik 401[5] seq.: his escape from the massacre at al-Bishr 401[16]: verses on his death by Jarīr 1041[1] seq., and by al-Farazdaḳ 1042[1] seq.: opinions concerning him 1048[6 21] 1053[2]: his verses cited 142[11] seq. 208[4] seq. 324[16] 390[10] seq. 401[8 18] (cf. 508[13] seq.) 460[9] seq. 494[9] seq. 496[18] seq. 497[14] seq. 498[7] seq. 549[15] 646[16] seq. 1028[3] seq. 1053[3] seq.: see also 202[1] 213[14] 900[6] seq. 901[6]

الأَخْفَش الأَكْبَر see ابو الخَطّاب

أَخو الغَصاف see الغَصاف

الأَخْطَل see الأَخْطَل بن عَوْف

عَبْد الله بن عبد الله ابو إدْريس الخَوْلانيّ see

أَدْهَم العَبْديّ related by marriage to Ibn al-Kalbī and cited as an authority by Abū ʿUbaida 497[16]

بنو أُدَد term applied by Jarīr to the family of Ghassān ibn Dhuhail as-Salīṭī 18[1]

الأَرامِم certain clans of the Taghlib 266[9] seq. 373[1] seq.: the victory of the Taghlib over the Ḳaisites at Sinjār (see 373[9]) in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik is called

يَوْمُ الأَرَاقِمِ 373[1] 394[6] 400[14], cf. 378[7]: the term يَوْمُ الأَرَاقِمِ is likewise applied by Jarīr to the battle between the Taghlib and the Yarbū' at Irāb in pre-Islamic times 760[6] cf. 761[16]: see also 459[4] 615[15] 888[5]

أَرْبَدُ بن فيس بن جَزْءٍ الكلابيّ at the Battle of Faif-ar-Riḥ 471[16]: see also 412[7] (cf. *Additions and Corrections*)

أَرْطَاةُ بن رَبِيعَةَ بن أُبَيّ الضَّبّيّ at the Battle of Naḳa-l-Ḥasan 191[10] seq.

أَرْطَاةُ بن مَنْقِذ الأَسَديّ at the Battle of an-Nisār 242[2]

أَرْقَمُ بن نُوَيْرَة اليَرْبُوعيّ at the Battle of al-Marrūt 71[8] seq.

إِرَمُ a pre-historic tribe 453[13] (= 1074[9])

أَرْنَبُ ابن أَرْنَبَ see فَعْنَب بن أَرْنَب

أَرْنَبُ بن عَسْعَس mentioned by Jarīr 831[18]

الأَزَارِقَةُ i. e. the followers of نافع بن الأَزْرَق الحَنَفيّ 896[1]

الأَزْدُ (or الأَسْدُ 734[13] cf 114[16]) tribe: their settlement at al-Baṣra 729[16] seq.: their alliance with the Rabī'a and their conduct during the disturbances in the city after the death of Yazīd ibn Mu'āwiya 729[1] 730[3] seq. 731[15] 737[1] (= 115[16]) seq. 738[7] seq. 740[11] seq. 741[14] seq.: supported the Umayyad party on the occasion of the *Yaum-al-Jufra* 749[17] (see 1092[1]): denounced by Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 354[16] seq : see also 358[18] seq. 360[2] seq. 361[7] 362[11] 363[11] seq 367[16] 368[13] seq. 369[14] 751[13]

أَزْنَمُ بن عَبْد بن نَعْلَبَةَ ancestor of a family of the Yarbū' 54[3] 84[15] 581[13] 583[19] 585[9] 589[6] 759[6] (cf. notes[3]) 810[9]

إِسَافٌ deity 141[3]

إِسَاف بن هُذَيْم an ancestor of Khālid ibn Arṭāt al-Kalbī 139[14]

أُسَامَةُ بن لُؤَيّ 42[16]

أُسَامَةُ بن نُمَيْر الوالبيّ at the Battle of an-Nisār 242[4]

إِسْحَاقُ *Isaac*, claimed by Jarīr as his kinsman 994[13], and represented as the ancestor of the Persians 995[2] seq.

إِسْحَاقُ بن سُوَيْد العَدَويّ called ابو محمّد 741[6]: present at al-Baṣra during the

disturbances 113[9]: cited by an informant of Abū ʿUbaida 730[6] 731[14] 733[8] 734[3] 740[10] 741[1] seq.

إِسْحٰق بن محمّد nephew of Wakīʿ ibn Ḥassān 360[18] seq.

إِسْحٰق بن مِرار see ابو عَمْرو الشَّيْبانيّ

أَسَد بن خُزَيْمَة tribe: marched to Jabala as the allies of the Dhubyān 99[14] 656[5] 660[10] 661[12] seq, but retreated before the battle 661[18] 666[11]: fought at the Battle of an-Nisār as the allies of the Ghaṭafān, the Ṭayyi' and the Ribāb 238[14] seq. 239[18] 240[1] seq., cf. 1066[12]: their apostasy in the time of Abū Bakr 715[15]: claimed as allies by Jarīr 901[11], and also by al-Farazdaḳ 914[3]: the poet ʿAbīd ibn al-Abraṣ is called اخو بنى أَسَد 201[1]: see also 39[11] 56[12] 120[1] 128[4] 190[15] 234[3] 238[8] 240[20] 243[11] 434[5] 532[6] seq 678[5] 750[19] 760 notes[4] 761[9] 1065[10]

أَسَد [بن عبد الله القَسْرىّ] brother of Khālid al-Ḳasrī 991[8] — see Hell N[o] 266

أَسَد بن وَبَرة tribe 787[5]

الأَسَد see الأَزْد

الأَسَد المُجَدَّع see مُعْوِيَة بن الصَّموت بن الكاهل

بنو إِسْرائيل legend concerning them 107[4]

اسبِتْرون see اسطبرون

أَسْعَد بن عَمْرو son of the Lakhmite king ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir, slain while dwelling among the Banū Dārim 653[1] seq. 977[3] (but compare the divergent account 1084[1] seq.)

أَسْعَد بن هَمّام (or الأَسْعَد 312[9]) ancestor of a family of the Shaibān 50[13] (= 784[3]) 51[13] (= 784[16]) 58[18]

الأَسْلَع بن عَبْد الله بن نائب العَنَسىّ negotiated in the course of the War of Dāḥis 93[8]: see also 977 notes[11]

الأَسْلَع [بن عمرو] see عمرو بن عمرو بن عُدُس

الأَسْلَع بن القصاف his verses on the slaying of Iyās ibn ʿAbla, composed soon after the death of the Caliph ʿUthmān 920[8] seq. (see 918[13])

أَسْلَم بن الحاف 1093[3]

أَسْلَم بن القبافة 1093[3]

(?) أَسْلَم بن بُشَيْر ابو grandson of Ḥukaim ibn Muʿayya, cited by Abū ʿUbaida 5 notes[6] (as to his father's name, cf. 6[2])

(1) أَسْماء a woman mentioned in a verse of ʿĀmir ibn aṭ-Ṭufail 284[13]

(2) أَسْماء a woman celebrated by Jarīr 500[10] seq.

أَسْماء بنت ابى حَوْط mother of Abjar ibn Jābir 47[4]

أَسْماء بن خارجَة الفَزارىّ cited by an informant of al-Mufaḍḍal aḍ-Ḍabbī 75[3]: was a boy at the time of the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 75[8] seq.

أَسْماء بنت عَوْف بن العَقْعاع, called الخَرْماء, wife of al-Hidhlik ibn Rabīʿa: her interview with the father of al-Farazdak 414[17] seq.

أَسْماء بنت مُخَرِّبَة المُهَلْهِلَة wife of Hishām ibn al-Mughīra and mother of Abū Jahl 607[3] seq.

أَسْماء ابن أَبْجَر بن جابِر see

إِسْمٰعيل *Ishmael* 991[12]

الأَسْوَد at the Battle of Jabala 674[15]

الأَسْوَد بن سَرِيك الشَّيْبانىّ at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ (or of al-Iyād?) 1068[17]

الأَسْوَد بن سَفيق الصَّبابىّ caused a feud between the Dibāb and the Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik 927[7]

أَسْوَد الشَّيْبانىّ captured at Dhū Ṭulūḥ 784[16] (text doubtful, cf. 51[12])

الأَسْوَد بن عَمْرو committed suicide by drinking wine 199 notes[2]

[اللَّخْمىّ] الأَسْوَد بن المُنْذِر brother of an-Nuʿmān king of al-Ḥīra 240[13] seq.: called ابنُ الرِّباب, because his mother was of that tribe 973[4]

الأَسْوَد بن نَعْم بن قَعْنَب اليَرْبوعىّ seized Medina on behalf of Ibn az-Zubair 118[9] 972[3] [for his genealogy, see Aghānī XIX 145[26]]

[الدّارِمىّ] الأَسْوَد بن يَعْفُر pre-Islamic poet: verse cited 628[18]

عَبْد الله بن الأَسْوَد see ابن الأَسْوَد

أسودان see نَبْهَان

أُسَيد بن حِنّاءَة البَرْبوعيّ of the clan Salīṭ (760[4]): called ابن حِنّاءَة 339[17]: at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 313[16] seq.: at aṣ-Ṣarā'im 337[2]: at al-Iyād 581[12] 582[1] seq. 584[16] seq. 586[9]

أُسَيد بن عَمْرو clan of the Tamīm 29[3] 139[8] seq. 311[14] 431[18] 452[9] seq. (= 1073[8] seq.) 457[8] (= 1077[9]) 840[11] 842[8] 843[2]

بنو أُسَيْد i. e. the descendants of Usayyid ibn Jadhīma al-'Absī (see 95[9]) 101[9]

(1) أُسَيْدَة a clan of the 'Abs(?) 338[13]

(2) أُسَيْدَة mother of Mālik ibn 'Āmir al-Kushairī 652[8] seq. 895[4] 1003[5]

أُسَيْدَة بنت عَمْرو ancestress of certain clans of the Dārim and the Taghlib 452[11] seq. (= 1073[11] seq.)

اسبطرون Syrian king 885[4] (= السّبطرون 299[1], var. اسطيرون)

الأَسْتَر بن عُمارَة الضّبابيّ author of a verse on the War of Harāmīt 930[2]

سِنان بن خالد المِنْقَريّ see الأَشَدّ بن خالد

عِمْران بن مُرّة المِنْقَريّ see الأَسَدّ بن مُرّة

سِنان بن سُمَيّ المِنْقَريّ see ابن الأَشَدّ

أَشْرَس بن جُبَيْر النَّخَعيّ a supporter of the Caliph 'Abd-al-Malik at al-Kūfa 1091[3]

الأَشْعَث بن قَيْس الكِنْديّ 46[12]

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن محمّد بن الأَشْعث see ابن الأَشْعَث

الأَشْعَثان i. e. al-Ash'ath ibn Ḳais and his brother 46[5]

الأَشْهَب بن رُمَيْلَة [النَّهْشليّ] poet: his verses against al-Farazdaḳ 614[5] seq. 702[3] seq. [see Aghānī VIII 159[3] seq.]

الأَشْهَبان two men belonging to the Ḍibāb, slain by the Banū Ja'far 928[11]

أُشَيْم بن شَفيق بن نَوْر السَّدوسيّ chief of the Bakr ibn Wā'il at al-Baṣra 728[3]:

was superseded by Mālik ibn Misma', but re-instated by order of the Caliph Yazīd ibn Mu'āwiya 728[12] seq.: see also 731[9] 734[5] seq. 736[6] seq.

الأَصْرَم بن ابى عَوْف القَسْرِيّ a contemporary of al-Akra' ibn Ḥābis 140[18]

ابن أَصْرَم mentioned in a poem by 'Amīra ibn Ṭarīk 54[9]

عَبْد الله بن الحَجّاج بن عَبْد الله أَصَمّ باهلة or الأَصَمّ الباهلىّ see

نُكَيْر القَيْسىّ see الأَصَمّ or أَصَمّ بنى الحَرِث بن عُباد

عمرو بن قيس بن مَسْعود see الأَصَمّ [الشَّيْبانىّ]

مَعْبَد بن الصَّمَّة see ابن الأَصَمّ

الأَصْمَعىّ i. e. عَبْد المَلِك بن قُرَيْب: cites Abū 'Amr ibn al-'Alā 182[2] 334[7] 1047[11]: cites Jahm ibn Ḥassān 584[5]: cites al-Yarbū' 747[14]: cites Ja'far ibn Sulaimān ibn 'Alī 775[12]: cites 'Īsā ibn 'Umar 1004[5]: cites the *Ḥadīth* 992[9]: is said to have written an account of the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 639[2]: is cited by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak as one of his authorities for the story of Mas'ūd ibn 'Amr 744[8]: is cited for the text of the *Naḳā'iḍ* 839[3]: see also 11[7] 32[18] 42[11] notes[5] 59[13] 137[8] 138[13] 215[11] 218 notes[4] 234[6] 244[13] 277[15] 320[2] 323[5] 339[2 5] 344[14] 352[9 17] 382[5] 424[15] 427[7] 430[4] 434[11] 445[2] 450[5] 502[11] 514[13] 519[17] 537[14] 550[6] 554 notes[5] 555[6] 565[8] 568[10] 578[14] 588[12] 589[17] 594[4] 597[11] 599[12] 605[15] 623[8] seq. 630[14] 635[1] 680[6] 700[11] 744[13] 763[11] 767[6] 768[14] 769[1] 772[12] 776[5] seq. 786[1] 789[6] 795[13] 796[3] 797[8] 811[1] 813[2] 814[12] 823[7] 830[3] 831[9] 834[13] 840[10] 850[8] 864[2] 878[2] 879[11] 881[5] 883[13] 887[2] 891[4] 892[5] 896[12] 907[9] 914[10] 923[4] 925[15] 932[13] 933[2] 954[7] 960[3] seq. 962[2 9 15] 967[7] 1010[7] 1014[13] 1047[18]

الأَصْبَغ see نُهْبُك الشَّيْبانىّ

الأَصْبَغ بن قُرَيْع السَّعْدىّ one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[8]: made a raid against Ṣan'ā 445[14]

الأَصْبَغ الصِّرارىّ slain by the Bakr ibn Wā'il shortly before the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 648[7] seq.

أَصْبَغ 49[5] (= 783[6])

ابن الأَعْرابىّ i. e. مُحَمَّد بن زِياد بن الأَعْرابىّ: called ابو عبد الله 422[1] seq. 424[14] 556 notes[7]: cited by al-Yazīdī 539[5] 622[14], on the authority of Aḥmad ibn Yaḥyā (i. e. Tha'lab) 515[7] seq. 997[3], and on the authority of Abu-l-'Abbās (i. e. al-Mubarrad) 407[16] 504[2]: cited for the text of the *Naḳā'iḍ* 371[15] 379[12] 465[10] seq. 468[1] 880[12]: see also 83 notes[1] 92[8] 106 notes[6] 118[6] 131[7] 176[4] 291[8] 424[9] seq. 464[11] 701[4] 755[4] 858[2]

الأعرج see الحارث بن كعب بن سعد بن زيد مناة

أعشى باهلة poet 200[16] [a contemporary of Bashshār ibn Burd, see Aghānī III 52[3]]

أعشى أبي ربيعة i. e. عبد الله بن خارجة الشيباني, see Aghānī XVI 160 seq.: his verses on the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 646[3] seq.

الأعشى i. e. [ابن قيس] ميمون 644[10]: called أعشى بني قيس 200[16], and أعشى بني ثعلبة قيس بن ثعلبة 644[11]: his verses cited 62[14] 64[1] 478[13] 644[12] seq. 645[13] seq. 654[7] seq. 749[14] 796[6] 960[7]: see also 328[6] 888[2]

أعشى همدان i. e. عبد الرحمن بن عبد الله: verse cited 896[3]

الأعشيان i. e. الأعشى and some other poet 200[15]

أعصر tribal ancestor 902 notes[1], see 23[9] 30[14]

أعوج a horse which gave its name to a breed 30[13] 84[7] 292[11] 303[4] (= 84[6])

أعور i. e. *Antichrist*, mentioned by Jarīr 323[15]

الأعور see نشب بن بشامة

أعور الشنبائي 31[16] cf. 35[8] seq., or الأعور 32[4] 1016[5]: called العنّاب 31[16] or عنّاب 37[1] seq.: acc. to 31[16] his real name was نعيم بن شريك, but see Ibn Duraid 236[6] (with foot-note), Lisān XVII 215[21] seq.: composed three verses against Jarīr (N° 23), who replied to him (N° 24, 25)

الأعباص (pl. of العبص) i. e. the family of Umayya ibn ʿAbd-Shams 427[1] 1017[15] — see العصاص

أعمن بن ضبيعة المجاشعي father of an-Nawār the wife of al-Farazdaḳ: slain at al-Baṣra soon after the Battle of the Camel 125[7] seq. 163[1] 181[4] 251[17] 318[18] 439[9] seq. 594[15] 894[1]

أعبن الطبيب a resident at al-Baṣra 908[1]

أعبن بن لبطة grandson of al-Farazdaḳ: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 414[4] (= 625[5]) 594[14] 617[11] 819[7] 941[1]: see also 416[5] 417[15] 611[10] 790[14] 821[1] 941[13]

(1) الأغر cited by Abū ʿUbaida 957[2]: see also 310[10]

(2) الأَغَرّ a horse which belonged to Mālik ibn Ḥimār 674[13]

الأَغَرّ بن كَعْب clan 891 notes[3]

الأَغْلَبُ العِجْلِيّ author of a verse cited 259[3]

أَفّار بن لفيط العَدَوِيّ called أبو خَبَرَة: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 473[11] (= 703[5])

أَفْتَل بن أَنمار ancestor of the tribe called خَثْعَم 46[13]

أَفْنُون النَّغْلبيّ see صُرَيْم بن مَعْشَر

الأَفارِع i. e. al-Akraʿ ibn Ḥābis and his brother Firās 257[11] 264[6] 694[1] 697[3] 770[13] 775[15]

الأَقْرَع بن حابس بن عِقال المُجاشعيّ, called ابن حابس 603[8] 694[7] 747[11]: apparently identical with الأَقْرَع بن سُفْيان 945[7] (see foot-note, and cf. 943[11] seq.), called also ضِلّ بن سُفْيان 943[14] (= 945[11]): a descendant of Sufyān ibn Mujāshiʿ 46[6] 139[7] 794[3] seq.: acted as judge in pre-Islamic times, and hence was called حَكَمُ العَرَب 139[6] seq. 265[16] seq. 438[12] 700[9]: said to have been the first to prohibit games of chance (القمار) 700[10]: made a raid upon Najrān 46[6] seq. 445[13] 600[8] seq. 698 notes[5] 699[1]: was captured at the Battle of Zubāla 681[1] seq. cf. 680[12] seq.: negotiated with the Prophet 696[7] 747[15]: see also 172[5] 257[12] 264[7] seq. 706[2] 771[15] 789[12] 794[2] 959[6] 969[13]

الأَقْرَع بن حابس see الأَقْرَع بن سُفْيان

[السَّعْدِيّ] الأَقْرَع بن نُعَيْم his verses on the victory gained by his grandfather al-Ḥārith ibn Yazīd over the Bakr ibn Wāʾil 336[3] seq.

الأَقْرَعان (= الأَفارِع see above) 489[15] 680[12] 789[10]

الأَقْعَس بن ضَمْضَم المُجاشعيّ brother of Hubaira ibn Ḍamḍam 80[3] seq. 768[4] seq.

الأَقْعَسان i. e. al-Akʿas ibn Ḍamḍam and his brother Hubaira 80[5] 123[4]

الأَكابِر name given to certain clans of the tribe Taim-allāh [Taim-allāt] ibn Thaʿlaba 196[15] seq. (= 1058[1] seq.)

أَكْتَل بن حَبّان بن عبد الله العِجْلِيّ lived at the time of the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 648[6] 1020[16]

أُكَيْمُ بن صَيْفِيّ of the clan Usayyid ibn ʿAmr: acted as judge in pre-Islamic times 139[10]: was consulted by the Saʿd and the Ribāb before the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 149[14] seq.

آكِلُ المُرَارِ see حُجْر بن عمرو الكِنْدِيّ

أَكْلُبُ (sic leg.) a clan of the Khathʿam 469[9], 472[9] (text doubtful)

الأَلاَنُ 76[12] 141[3 10]

(1) أُمَامَةُ a woman mentioned in a poem by Shuyaim(?) ibn Khuwailid 106[2]

(2) أُمَامَةُ a woman mentioned in a poem by Ḍubi' ibn al-Ḥārith 219 notes[3] (var. رُمَامَةُ)

(3) أُمَامَةُ mother, or ancestress, of the poet Ḳais ibn Jirwa 1083[8]

أُمَامَةُ بنت الحُرِّ بن جُلَهُم of the Ribāb: called أُمَامَةُ بنت حُلَيْهِم 973[5]: wife of al-Mundhir ibn al-Mundhir king of al-Ḥīra and mother of his son al-Aswad 240[14] [in Aghānī II 22[14] she is called مارية]

أُمَامَةُ الدَّارِمِيَّةُ captured by al-Ma'mūr al-Ḥārithī 600[12] 939[12] seq.

أُمَامَةُ بنت العَدَّاءِ captured at an-Nisār 242[4]

أُمَامَةُ بنت عمرو بن حَرَام الكُلَيْبِيَّةُ wife of Jarīr: her genealogy and her children 203[11] seq.: see also 500[4] 573[11] 577[13] 630[16] 775[2] 823[3] 843[4]

امْرُؤُ القَيْسِ بن حُجْر الكِنْدِيّ the poet: mentioned in a poem by al-Farazdaḳ 1005[11], who elsewhere calls him ذو القُرُوحِ 200[4]: his mother Fāṭima 905[6]: opinion of Jarīr concerning him 1048[3]: his verses cited 85[13] 280[7] 459[6] seq. (= 1078[3] seq) 1005[13] 1074[7] seq. (but see 453[10])

امْرُؤُ القَيْسِ بن زَيْدٍ see مُهَلْهِل بن رَبِيعَةَ

آمِنَةُ بنت أَبَانِ بن ضُلَيْلٍ of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa: wife of Umayya ibn ʿAbd-Shams 1017[14]

آمِنَةُ بنت الحَسْحَاسِ see سُخَيْنَةُ بنت الحَسْحَاسِ

أُمَيْمَةُ بنت زَيْد بن عمرو الدَّارِمِيَّةُ niece of ʿAmr ibn ʿAmr ibn ʿUdus 671[18] seq.

أُمَيَّةُ بن عبد الله بن خالد [الأُمَوِيّ] governor of Khurāsān in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik 355[16]

أُمَيَّة بن عَبْد شَمْس الأَكْبَر 224[10] 427[2] 935[2] 1017[13]

الاندغان a Persian (?) clan 737[19]

أَنَس بن خالِد بن جَعْفَر [الكلابيّ], nicknamed البِطان, 1060[10] seq.

أَنَس بن الدَّيّان his two daughters captured by al-Akra' ibn Ḥābis 600[13]

أَنَس بن زياد العَبْسيّ, called أَنَس الفَوارِس, slew 'Amr ibn 'Amr ibn 'Udus at Akrun 679[7] 977[11] (= 679[11]): see also 193[7]

أَنَس بن زُنَيْم اللَّيْثيّ his verses on the marriages of Muṣ'ab ibn az-Zubair 1089[9] seq.

أَنَس بن سُفْيان بن مُجاشِع 772[15]

أَنَس بن عَبّاس الرِّعْليّ, nicknamed الأَصَمّ, was dwelling among the Kilāb when they were attacked by the Yarbū' (Battle of ar-Raghām) 410[8] seq.: see also 302[15] 392 notes [14]

أَنَس بن عمرو [الكلابيّ] stood surety for 'Auf ibn al-Aḥwaṣ 533[7]

أَنَس بن مالِك [الخَزْرجيّ] appointed by 'Abdallāh ibn az-Zubair as his deputy at al-Baṣra 742[15]

أَنَس بن مُدْرِك الخَثْعَميّ at the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 469[10] seq.

الأَنْصار 859[4]

أَنَف النّاقة i.e. جَعْفَر بن قُرَيْع بن عَوْف السَّعْديّ 714[17], an ancestor of the poet al-Mukhabbal 200[6]

أَنْمار ancestor of the tribes Khath'am and Bajīla 46[13], represented as a son of Nizār 142[4], and as included in Ma'add 142[6] seq.

أَنْمار بن بَعيض a clan of the Ghaṭafān 90[9]

أَنْمار بن هُجَيْم a clan of the 'Amr ibn Tamīm 697[11]

أَنوشَرْوان Sāsānian king: appointed al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā as king of al-Ḥīra 267[7]

أُنَيْف بن الحَرِث بن حَصَبَة اليَرْبوعيّ captured Yazīd ibn 'Amr ibn aṣ-Ṣa'iḳ at the Battle of Dhū Najab 762[1], cf. 387[16] 933[10]

أُنَف بن حَسّان النَّمَمِيّ sent by Wakīʿ ibn Ḥassān to the Caliph Sulaimān 363[12]

إهاب بن حِمْيَرِيّ a subdivision of the Riyāḥ ibn Yarbūʿ 1088[3] cf. 298 notes[2] 898[4] (var. اعبب 68[4] 298[7])

الأَعْاتِم i e. the family of al-Ahtam 371[1] (= 366[8]) 399[17]

الأَعْثَم المِنْقَرِيّ see سِنان بن سُمَيّ بن سِنان

عبد الله بن عبد الله بن الأَعْثَم see ابن الأَعْثَم

الأَعْوَج see وَكيع بن حَسّان بن قَيْس

اعبب see إهاب بن حِمْيَرِيّ

الأَعْوَر بن أبان الحارِثيّ slain at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 152[11]

أَوْد see أَوْس بن مَعْن بن مالك

أَوْس 898[4], var. اعبب بن أَوْس 298[7]

أَوْس بن اعبب see أَوْس بن حَجَر الشَّيْبِرِيّ

أَوْس بن حَجَر his verses on the slaying of his father at al-Marrūt 72[2] seq.

أَوْس بن حَجَر [النَّمَمِيّ] mentioned in a poem by al-Farazdaḳ 201[8]: his verses cited 71[15] seq. 74[12] 156[12] 386 notes[13] seq. (= 933[5] seq.) 588[7] seq. (= 932[10] seq. 1081[2] seq.)

أَوْس بن غُلْفاء الهَجَيْمِيّ his verses on the Battle of Dhū Najab 933[13] seq.

أَوْس بن مَعْن بن مالك a subdivision of the Bāhila 363[14] [Ibn Duraid 165[11 17] has أَوْد instead of أوس]

أَوْس بن مَغْراء السَّعْدِيّ author of a verse cited 387[3]

أَوْفَى بن قيس see اوفا بن قمس

أَوْفَى بن خِنْزِير الشَّيْبانيّ, called ابن خِنْزِير 822[13]: served as guide to al-Farazdaḳ 820[19] seq. cf. 819 notes[8] seq.

أَوْفَى بن قَيْس النَّهْشَلِيّ, called ابو مالك 389 notes[13] seq.: slain by the Hilāl at al-Watida 389 notes[3] seq.

أَوْفَى بن مَوْأَلَة السَّعْدِيّ a pre-Islamic hero 741[12] seq.: his genealogy 741[10]

إياد tribe: at the Battle of Buzākha 195[1]: at Dhū Ḳār 642[2] 644[1]: see also 386 notes[5] 1073[2]

إياس الجَعْفرى slain by the Ḍibāb at Ṭikhfa (in the territory of the Kilāb) 925[14]

إياس بن حُصَيْن بن زياد [البَرْبوعى] at al-Kūfa in the time of al-Ḥajjāj 896[14] seq.

إياس بن عَبْلَة see إياس بن حَنْظَلَة

إياس بن زُهَيْر بن حَبّان العَدَوِى an adherent of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 357[5] (cf. 357[2]) 361[10]

إياس بن شَبَّة بن عقال [المُجاشعى] son of a first cousin of al-Farazdaḳ (cf. 907[9]): cited by informants of Abū ʿUbaida 414[4] (= 625[5]) 414[15] 416[10] 417[6]

إياس بن عَبْلَة [البَكْرى] of the clan Taim-allāh [Taim-alīat] ibn Thaʿlaba: called ابن عَبْلَة 918[9] 919[14] seq.: slew Masʿūd ibn al-Ḳiṣāf at the time of the murder of the Caliph ʿUthmān 425[15] (var. إياس بن حَنْظَلَة 425[17]) 918[12] seq.

إياس بن عمرو [الباهلى] wounded at the time of the murder of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 363[2]

إياس بن مضمّة الطّائى appointed by the Persian king [Khusrau Parwēz] as governor of al-Ḥīra 463[8] 639[12] seq.: at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 644[1]

إياس بن قَبيصَة العَنْبَرى nicknamed إِيّاهُمُ الحُبارَى 713[13]: his genealogy 741[9] seq.: helped to restore peace at al-Baṣra 116[5] seq. 741[9] seq.: his verses on the occasion 743[1] seq.

إياس بن مُعاوِيَة [بن قُرَّة المُزَنى] judge at al-Baṣra 369[7] seq. [in the reign of ʿUmar ibn ʿAbd-al-ʿAzīz, see Ṭabarī II 1347[1]]

ابو إياس بن حَرْمَلَة بن جَعْدَة الذُّبْيانى slain at the Battle of Jabala 666[15]

أَيْسَر ابن a man of the Taim, whose father was celebrated for his wealth 996 notes[6]

أَيْمَن بن خُرَيْم [الأَسدى] a poet of the first century of the Hyra, see Aghānī XXI 7 seq.: verse cited 74[18]

أَيْهَم البَرْبوعى slain by the Shaibān at the Battle of Ḥaumal 54[6] 73[5] seq. 74[1] seq.

الأَيْهَمان two friends of the poet ʿAbd-Yaghūth ibn Waḳḳāṣ 153[18]

أَيّوب بن حُمْران client of ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād 721[12] seq.

أَيّوب بن كُسَيْب [الكُلَيْبى] grandson of Jarīr: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 1045[18]: see also 428[13]

ب

بارِق a clan of the Azd: called also سَعْد بن عَدِيّ, genealogy 659⁴: fought at Jabala as the allies of the Numair 659⁴ 675¹²

سُرَاقَة بن مِرْدَاس البارِقِيّ or ابن البارِقِيّ see

بارِك بن قُرْط الضَّبَّيّ slain by the Yarbūʿ at al-Marrūt 386¹ (cf. 71¹² seq.)

باسِل mentioned in a poem by Jarīr 3⁸

بانِيا a Jew 464⁴

باهِلَة بن أَعْصُر tribe 23⁹: nicknamed ابن دُخان 365⁴ (cf. 1028¹ seq. and Lisān XVII 7⁸ seq.): at the Battle of Jabala 659¹⁸: satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 1028⁶ 1029¹¹: see also 363⁵ 400¹¹ seq. 432⁵ 1052¹

الباهِلِيّ see عَبْد الله بن الحَجّاج بن عَبْد الله

بَبَّة see عبد الله بن الحُرّ بن يَوْفَل

بَجَاد a clan of the ʿAbs 194¹⁴ cf. 105¹¹

بَجّاد بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود الشَّيْبانِيّ brother of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais: at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 314¹² seq.: captured at ash-Shaḳīḳa (= Naḳa-l-Ḥasan) 235¹⁵: see also 806⁴

بُجَيْر بن عبد الله بن الحُرّ البَرْبُوعِيّ at the Battle of Ḳushāwa 19⁷ seq., slain by Luḳaim ibn Aus 20¹ seq. 23¹¹, or, according to another account, by Bisṭām ibn Ḳais 75¹² seq. 314¹⁶ 315¹⁰ 583⁷ (text doubtful)

بَجِيلَة tribe, represented as a son of Anmār and a brother of Khathʿam 46¹⁴ cf. 142⁵ seq.: fought at Jabala in conjunction with the ʿAmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 660¹ seq. (where the various clans of Bajīla are enumerated). see also 6¹¹ 139¹⁵ 142¹⁴ 659¹ 988¹²

(1) ابو بَكْر see الأَحْنَف بن قَيْس

(2) ابو بَكْر see عبد الرَّحْمٰن بن ابى بَكْرَة

بَحْر 583⁶ probably a mistake for بُجَيْر (see above)

بَحِير بن عامِر بن مالِك of the clan Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 524² (cf. 524⁶ 909¹ 926²), father

of Ḥumaiḍa, whose two sons are called ابنا بَحير 524[1] (= 908[18]) as well as حُمَيْضَةُ بن بَحير see — ابنا حُمَيْضَة

بَحير بن عبد الله بن عامر القُشَيْرِيّ his genealogy and history 70[6] seq.: slain at the Battle of al-Marrūt 71[5] seq.: see also 388[2] 393[3] 482[3] seq. 709[16] 760[6] 835[11] (= 482[7]) 932[4] 933[17] 1018[9]

البَحيران i. e. Baḥīr ibn ʿAbdallāh and his brother Firās 70[2] 482[8] 802[16]

البُخارِيَّة or بُخارِيَّةُ السُّلْطانِ i. e. the soldiers from Bukhārā quartered at al-Baṣra 724[13] seq. [see Ṭabarī *Gloss.* p. CXXVII]

بَدْر بن حَمْراء الضَّبّيّ of the clan Ṣubaiḥ ibn Dhuhl ibn Mālik 1058[4] (cf. 196[17]): protected certain members of the Taimallāt ibn Thaʿlaba who had been driven from their homes by famine 197[2] seq. (= 1058[1] seq.): his verses on the occasion 197[14] seq. (= 1058[9] seq.)

بَدْر بن سَلَمَة الكُلَيْبيّ great-grandfather of Jarīr (see 1[7]): his mother كلس and his maternal grandmother حجلة, through whom Jarīr claimed relationship with the Banū Minḳar 893[6] seq.

بنو بَدْر i. e. the descendants of Badr ibn ʿAmr (see 85[10]), one of the principal families of the Fazāra 101[5] 407[4] 599[3] 761[18] (= 1068[14]) 1068[6]

بَدْوَة see نَدْوَة

ابو بَدّال see بِشْر بن صُبَيْح

البَراء بن قَيْس بن الحَرِث leader of the Kinda at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 149[12]

ابو بَراء بن نُمامَة بن سَيْف السَّلَيطيّ a contemporary of Jarīr 31[15]

ابو بَراء بن مالك see عامر بن مالك بن جعفر

البَراجِم certain clans of the Tamīm, described sometimes as descendants of Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala (53[6] 1085[9] seq.) and sometimes of Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik (186[16] seq.): origin of their name 187[1], cf. بَرْجَمَةُ من البَراجِم 66[16]: see also 218[9] 219[8] seq. 311[11] 427[6] 459[3] 460[5] 654[5] seq. (= 1085[10] seq.) 785[14] (= 53[6])

بَرْبَر *the Berbers* 673[5] 995[12]

البُرْج بن مُسْهِر الطّائىّ committed suicide by drinking wine 199 notes 8

بُرْد بن حارِثَة اليَشْكُرىّ at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 643[10] seq. (variants بُرْبُد and بَزيد 643[12] seq.)

بَرْزَة mother of ʿUmar ibn Laja' 488[10] [see Lisān VII 174[6]]

بَرَق نَحْرُه [الطُّهَوِىّ] 79[8]

بَرْواز كِسْرَى بن هُرْمُز see أَبَرْويز

بَرُوع a she-camel 447[16] 934[9]

ابْن بَرُوع الرّاعى see

بُرْبُد see بُرْد بن حارِثَة

بُرْبُك بن قُرْط القُشَيْرِىّ slain by the Yarbūʿ at al-Marrūt 71[12] 386[1]

البُرَيْكان i. e. Buraik ibn Ḳurṭ and his brother Bārik 72[15] 385[16]

بُسْر بن أَرْطاة [القُرَشِىّ] (properly بُسْر بن ابى أَرْطاة) sent by the Caliph Muʿāwiya on a punitive expedition into Arabia 715[6] 716[12] seq.

بِسْطام بن قَيْس بن أُبَىّ النَّهْشَلِىّ father-in-law of Janāb ibn Sharīk: his genealogy 941[2]

بِسْطام بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود الشَّيْبانىّ, called ابو زِبِقٍ 585[14] (= 1069[12]) 809[10] (= 77[12]), ابو الصَّهْباء 192[2] (= 235[18]) 234[15] 314[10] 478[2] 582[1] 585[7] 586[1 11] 806[9], ابْن لَبْلَى 478[2], ذو الجَدَّيْنِ 1019[7], and ابْن ذى الجَدَّيْنِ 74[15] 637[6]: professed Christianity 314[15]: his genealogy 18[5] 586[19] 806[1]: at the Battle of Ḳushāwa 19[4] seq.: at Ḥaumal 73[10] seq.: captured by ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith al-Yarbūʿī at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 75[3] seq. (= 313[8] seq. 1068[16] seq.): at al-Iyād 581[1] seq.: at Naḳa-l-Ḥasan (= ash-Shaḳīḳa) 190[3] seq. (= 234[1] seq.), where he was slain by ʿĀṣim ibn Khalīfa aḍ-Ḍabbī 191[14] seq. (= 235[11] seq.) 267[16] 478[2] seq.: see also 18[4] (= 274[1]) 18[15] 54[11] 482[11] 647[16] 681[2] seq. 806[3 17] 809[14] 810[8] 812[2] seq. 813[14] 828[7] 835[1]

بِسْطام العَدَوِىّ ابو a contemporary of al-Farazdaḳ, cited by Abū ʿUbaida 1047[7]

بِسْطام أُمّ wife of Mas'ūd ibn ʿAmr 726[4]

البَسوس بنت مُنْفِذ بن سَلْمانَ السَّعْدِيَّة 905[9] seq.

بَشّار بن مُسْلِم الباهِلىّ brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[16]

بَشير بن النَّكْث see بشام بن نكت

بَشامَة mentioned in a verse by Baḥīr ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Ḳushairī 70[10]

بِشْر بن حَنْتَمَة السَّلَيطىّ at the Battle of al-Iyād 583[12 19]

بِشْر بن ابى خازِم الأَسَدىّ poet: mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 201[6]: verses ascribed to him 240[7] 241[1] seq. [10] 243[18] seq. 245[6] 917[9]

بِشْر بن خالِد بن الحَرِث المُجاشِعىّ father of the poet al-Baʿīth 63[18] (cf. 37[15])

بِشْر بن شَرِيك الشَّيْبانىّ brother of al-Ḥaufazān 647[4]

بِشْر بن صُبَيْح النَّهْشَلىّ, called ابو بَدّال 513[16] (genealogy) 1098[5]: slain by Zabāb ibn Rumaila 1098[5]

بِشْر بن عبد الله بن حَيّان الكلابىّ cited as an authority on the events which preceded the Battle of Jabala 655[11]

بِشْر بن عَبْد عمرو بن بِشْر [البَكْرىّ] his genealogy 637[14] 1019[12]: slain by Suwaid ibn Shihāb al-Yarbūʿī 637[13] seq. 1019[10] seq., cf. 316[5] (= 583[15]): called بِشْرُ بَنى مَرْثَد 802[12]

بِشْر بن عَبْد قَيْس الرِّياحىّ in the time of the Caliph ʿAlī 254[7]

بِشْر بن عُدُس بن زَيْد الدّارِمىّ 772[16]

[البِشْر بن عمرو بن عمرو الدّارِمىّ] mentioned in a verse by his great-nephew Miskīn ibn ʿĀmir 621[10]: elsewhere called بِشْر 51[1] 73[7]

بِشْر بن لَأْىٍ see بِشْر بن العَوْراء

بِشْر بن غالِب الأَسَدىّ a follower of Wakīʿ ibn Ḥassān 361[2]

بِشْر بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود الشَّيْبانىّ brother of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais: called السَّلِيل 234[3] 806[3 9] 809[16], and ابن ذى الجَدَّيْن 810[3]: at the Battle of ash-Shaḳīḳa (= Naḳa-l-Ḥasan) 234[3]: captured by Ḳais ibn [Ubayy ibn] Ḍamra an-Nahshalī at Jauf Dār 809[16] seq.: see also 20[15] and بِشْر بن مَسْعود بن قَيْس بن خالِد

بِشْر بن كَعْب بن ابى بَكْر بن كِلاب 243[10]

بِشْر بن لَأْي البَكْرِيّ of the Taimallāt ibn Tha'laba: called also بِشْر بن العَوْراء 307[9] seq.: at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 307[9] 425[11]

بِشْر بَنِي مَرْثَد see بِشْر بن عَبْد عمرو بن بِشْر

بِشْر governor of al-Kūfa 494[11]: see also 879[12] 888 notes[14] 897[7] (= 496[4]) 1053[13] seq.

بِشْر بن مَسْعود بن قَيْس بن خالِد [probably identical with بِشْر بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود, see above] leader of the Bakr ibn Wā'il at the Battle of ash-Shayyiṭān 1021[3]

بِشْر بن بَزِيد بن عامِر المُجاشِعيّ see الكُمَيت بن بَزِيد

ابو بِشْر a commentator frequently cited in L 53 notes[3] 108 notes[4] 109 notes[1] 111 notes[4 6] 112[5] 117 notes[5] 119 notes[2] *et passim*

أُمّ بِشْر a woman addressed in a poem by Jarīr 245[17]

بَشير بن حُكَيْم بن مُعَيَّة 6[2] (var. بُشَيْر 5 notes[7])

بَشير بن صَفْوان بن عمرو [المِنْقَرِيّ], called ابو الزِفاف 351[3]: put to death by Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 349[16] seq. 350[15] seq.

بَشير بن عَبْد الله بن ابي بَكْرَة [الثَقَفِيّ] an associate of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 367[10]: cited as an authority 361[19] 362[5]

بَشبر بن النَكْث satirised Nūḥ ibn Jarīr 205[18] (O بشام بن نكت, see *Additions and Corrections*)

بَصْعَة mentioned in a poem by al-Farazdaḳ 712[15]

أَنَس بن خالِد بن جَعْفَر see البِطان

بَطْحاء a family of the Kilāb(?) 362[5]

البَطين الخارِجيّ (L البُطين) 896 notes[6] seq. 899 notes[2] [see Ṭabarī II 881[1]]

بَعَج father of Dhu-s-sunaina 455[3]

البَعيث i.e. خِداش بن بِشْر المُجاشِعيّ 37[15] 132[14] (genealogy): called ابن وَرْدَة 40[6] (after his mother who was a Persian slave), and ابن حَمْراء العِجان 118[19] 121[4]

125⁴ 162¹ 163⁷ 167⁸ 169⁸ seq. 718¹⁰: origin of the name al-Baʿīth 37¹⁶ seq.: composed poems against Jarīr and the Kulaib, N° 27, 29, 32: also N° 36—38: verses ascribed to him 125⁷ seq.: attacked by Jarīr 39⁴ seq. 63¹⁰ seq. 118¹⁹ seq. 161¹⁴ seq. 179² 213⁴ 218¹¹ seq. 246⁸ 252¹² seq. 273⁴ 334¹⁰ seq. 340⁴ 689¹⁵ 692⁵ 801¹⁴ 863¹ seq. 1015¹⁵: see also 73⁹ 124¹³ seq. 127¹⁷ 297¹ 892 notes³ 901⁷ 1052¹⁶

بُغا, i. e. بُغا الكبير, transported a number of Arab captives to ar-Rayy 557⁷

بَغْثَر a foreign slave(?) mentioned in a poem by Jarīr 864¹

بَغيض بن رَبْث (dimin. بُغَيِّض 99⁸) group of tribes, including the Dhubyān, the Anmār and the ʿAbs 101⁸ (full name given), 107¹³ 194¹³

بنو البَكّاء a family of the ʿĀmir ibn Rabīʿa 101² 471⁵ (see 471³)

بَكْر بن سَعْد a clan of the Ḍabba 197¹⁷ (= 1058¹⁰) — see 196¹⁷ 233¹⁰

بَكْر بن مُحَمَّد بن عُثْمان المازنيّ see

بَكْر بن وائل group of tribes: became subject to al-Ḥārith ibn ʿAmr al-Kindī 267³ 1073⁴: fought in support of his son Shuraḥbīl (First Battle of al-Kulāb) 452⁸ seq. (= 1073⁸ seq.): defeated the Tamīm at Zubāla 680¹⁷ seq.: defeated the Salīṭ at al-Ḥidāb 14¹⁰ seq.: raided by Jaz' ibn Saʿd ar-Riyāḥī 474¹⁰ seq. 882¹⁰ seq.: raided by Ḳais ibn ʿĀṣim al-Minḳarī at an-Nibāj and Thaital 1023¹⁴ seq.: defeated the Persians and their Arab allies at Dhū Ḳār 639¹⁵ seq.: defeated the Tamīm at ash-Shayyiṭān 1020¹⁰ seq.: their feud at al-Baṣra with the Muḍar 727²¹ seq.: their alliance with the Azd in that city 728²⁰ seq.: eulogised by al-Farazdaḳ, who had taken refuge in their territory 612⁵ seq. (cf. 614⁵ 635¹⁰) 615¹³ seq.: recognised as arbiters by Jarīr 764⁷, and eulogised by him 897¹¹ seq.: see also 47¹⁵ 79³ 145⁸ 156¹⁰ 190¹² 235⁷ 258² 266¹⁴ seq. 304¹⁴ 326⁸ seq. 335¹² 336¹ 360² 393³ 450¹¹ 460¹³ 472⁹ 581² 595¹³ 704¹² 710⁸ 819¹⁰ 835² 883¹⁵ 887⁴ 1000⁷

ابو بَكْر بن حَزْم see the following

حَزْم الأنْصاريّ [عمرو بن] ابو بَكْر بن his interview with al-Farazdaḳ 547¹⁹ (cf. 546⁷ with foot-note)

ابو بَكْر العَنَزيّ see الفُضَيْل العَنَزيّ

[بن ابى قُحافَة] ابو بَكْر the Caliph 118¹⁶ 715¹³ seq.

ابو بَكْر بن كِلاب (also called بنو بَكْر 673⁵) clan: their alliance with the ʿAbs 408²: their war with the Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 532¹ seq. (see 678⁹ seq.): at the Battle of

Jabala 660[6] seq. 673[1]: see also 241[8 12] 243[10] seq. 588[2] 679[1] 924[14] 975[4] 1027 notes[7] 1098[6]

بَكْرَة بنت مليص wife of Tamīm ibn ʿUlātha as-Salīṭī 1[16]

ابن ابى بَكْرَة i. e. عُبَيْد الله بن ابى بَكْرَة: insulted by Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair 751[4]

بُكَيْر [القَيْسى], called أَصَمّ بنى الحٰرث بن عُباد: his verses on the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 644[17] seq.

بُكَيْر بن وساج 372 notes[6] [= بُكَيْر بن وِشاح, see Ṭabarī, *Index*]

ابو البِلاد الطُّهَوِىّ poet: his romantic history 434[11] seq.: his verses describing his encounter with the *ghūl* 436[11] seq.

بِلال [بن جَرير] cited for an interpretation of a verse of Jarīr 213[9] (cf. 205[16])

بِلال الفَزارِىّ the father of two men who witnessed the death of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr 96[8] (cf. 95[15])

بِلال بن هَرْمِىّ [الضَّبِّى] mentioned by Jarīr 322[11]: patron of Yūnus [ibn Ḥabīb] the grammarian 323[1]

ابو بِلال see مِرْداس بن أُدَيَّة

البَلْتَع see المُسْتَنير بن عمرو

بَلْحٰرِث see الحٰرِث بن كَعْب بن عمرو بن كَعْب

بَلْعاء a horse 20[9] seq.

بَلْعَدَوِيَّة see العَدَوِيَّة

بَلْعَنْبَر see العَنْبَر بن عمرو

بَلْقَيْن see القَيْن

بَلِىّ [بن عمرو] a tribe of the Ḳuḍāʿa 668[15]

بَنْدَة الخُوارَزْمِىّ client of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 357[4]

أُمّ البَنين wife of Mālik ibn Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 535[4]

بَهْدَلَةُ بن عَوْف بن كَعْب ancestor of a distinguished family of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt, and maternal grandfather of Sufyān ibn Mujāshi' 452[3] 461[17] 707[5] (لِبَهْدَلٍ in rhyme for لِبَهْدَلَةَ) 713[11] 714[7 16] 715[9] 717[11] 958[14]

بَهْراء [بن عَمْرو] a tribe of the Ḳuḍā'a 615[15] 1094[4] seq.

بهرام جوبين *Bahrām Chōbīn*, usurper of the Persian throne 639[13]

البَهْزِيّ see عِيسَى بن خُصَيْلَةَ

السَّعْدِيّ (?) ابنُ بَوّ at al-Baṣra on the occasion of the *Yaum-al-Jufra* 1092[2]

بَوْزَعُ a woman mentioned in a poem by Jarīr 963[13]

بَيْبَةُ بن فُرْط المُجاشعيّ an ancestor of the poet al-Ba'ith 39[4] (in the next line read جَدّ for جَدّة, cf. 37[15] 132[14]) 137[17]: slain at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 453[18]: see also 693[12] (= 289[7]) 762[18] 854[16]

ابنُ بَيْبَةَ see الحَرِث بن بَيْبَةَ

البَيْزار (S البيزار) a slave of the Banū Jarwal [ibn Nahshal] 863[14]

البَيْضاء a mare belonging to Ḳa'nab ibn al-Ḥārith 70[8] seq.: another mare belonging to Ḳa'nab ibn 'Iṣma 583[3]

بَيْهَس بن حاجِب بن ذُبْيانَ [التَّميميّ] of the Banu-l-'Ujaif ibn Rabī'a 366[2]: his verses in praise of Wakī' ibn Ḥassān 365[15] seq.

ت

تَأَبَّطَ شَرًّا i. e. ثابِت بن جابِر العَقْمِيّ: verse cited 627[13]: see also 436 notes[3]

تُبَّع appointed al-Ḥārith ibn 'Amr al-Kindī as king over the Bakr ibn Wā'il 267[3]: see also 21[11] 973[3] 1022[6]

التُّرْك 413[10] 573[15] 778[4]

تَسْعَةُ mentioned in a poem by Jarīr 710[4]

تَغْلِبُ tribe: called تَغْلِبُ وائِلٍ 880[11] (= 496[12]) 880[15], and تَغْلِبُ ابْنَةُ وائِلٍ 888[1] (= 1095[10]) cf. Lisān V 31[18]: fought on behalf of Salama ibn al-Ḥārith (First

Battle of al-Kulāb) 452[10] seq. (= 1073[10] seq.): sent an embassy to the ʿAbs during the War of Dāḥis 103[12] seq.: defeated by ʿUmair ibn al-Ḥubāb as-Sulamī 1038[7] seq., whom they afterwards slew at Sinjār 373[10] 400[15]: massacred by al-Jaḥḥāf ibn Ḥukaim as-Sulamī at al-Bishr 401[15] seq. 508[12]: eulogised by al-Farazdaḳ 880[11] seq. cf. 506[5]: satirised by Jarīr 900[3 14] seq. (cf. 903[12] seq.): see also 148[11] 195[2] 266[11] 474[16] 475[6 15] 507[6] 508[10] 526[11] 748[11] 936[7] 1041[9]

تُماضِرُ a woman mentioned in a poem by Jarīr 500[6]

تُماضِرُ بنت الشَّرِيد السُّلَمِيَّة mother of Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 98[1]

تُماضِرُ بنت عِلْباء بن عَوْف wife of Sufyān ibn Mujāshiʿ 772[14]

تُماضِرُ بنت عَوْف an ancestress of the Banū Nahshal 772[12] 1078[5]

تَمِيم بن زَيْد القَيْنِيّ commander of the army in Sind during the administration of Khālid ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Ḳasrī 381[2] seq. (cf. 380[16])

تَمِيم بن عُلاثَة السَّلِيطِيّ a contemporary of Jarīr's father: had a quarrel with his wife's kinsmen, the Banū Kulaib 2[1] seq.

تَمِيم بن مُرّ (245[6] 529[10] cf. 1050[14]), dimin. تُمَيِّم 1023[2], group of tribes: defeated by the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa at Jabala 657[4] seq. 669[10] 678[5]: defeated by the Ḍabba at an-Nisār 239[17] seq.: defeated by the Bakr ibn Wāʾil at Zubāla 680[17] seq., and at ash-Shayyiṭān 1020[10] seq.: pardoned by the Prophet 696[6]: made an alliance with the Kalb after the death of ʿUthmān 25[6]: their feud with the Bakr ibn Wāʾil and the Azd at al-Baṣra 728[1] seq. 729[6] 731[4] seq. 734[1] 737[8] 740[12] seq. 742[4]: formed the majority of the *Khawārij* in the time of Ibn az-Zubair 118[13]: fought on behalf of Ibn az-Zubair 749[15]: were the most numerous party among the Arabs in Khurāsān in the time of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 358[8] seq. cf. 349[13] 359[19] 360[12] 366[4] seq. 368[12] 371[1]: see also 50[15] 112[6] 117[7] 376[13] seq. 459[4] seq. (= 1077[4] seq.) 570[15] seq. 615[12] 647[4] seq. 1050[8] 1085[14] seq. *et passim*

التَّمِيمِيَّة the party of the Tamīm 372 notes[7] 733[12]

تَنُوخ group of tribes 787[4]

التَّوْأَمانِ or التَّوائِم nickname of certain families belonging to the Banū Nahshal 748[5] seq.

ابو تَوْبَة verses cited on his authority 12[5] 41[15]: cites al-Kisāʾī 556 notes[5]

ابن تَوْسَعَة see نَهار بن تَوْسَعَة

تَيّار الفُرات see القَعْقاع بن مَعْبَد

تَيْم بن أُسامة بن مالك ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 456[11] seq. (see 456[7])

التَّيْم بن شَيْبان بن ثَعْلَبة a clan of the Bakr ibn Wā'il 820[20]

التَّيْم [بن عَبْد مَنَاة] a clan included among the *Ribāb* 152[11] 153[6] 154[1] 760[9] seq. (=1067[10] seq.) 1068[11] seq., also called تَيْم 153[7] seq. 154[2] 515[8] (?) 594[6] 656[15] 760[13] (=1068[1]) 761[14] (=1068[18]) 1064[7] 1068[8] seq., تَيْم الرِّباب 236[11] 399[16] 973[5], and تَيْم عَدِيّ 240[14] 488[8]

تَيْم بن مُرَّة a clan of the Ḳuraish 764[5] (cf. 90[15]), also called تَيْم قُرَيْش 1[4]

تَيْم اللّات بن ثَعْلَبة a clan of the Bakr ibn Wā'il, included among the *Lahāzim* 47[10] 156[9] 197[4] seq. (=1058[3]) 307[8] seq. 355[6] 364[13] 425[12] 616[13] 728[15] 764[10] 1023[15], also called تَيْم اللّه 196[16] (cf. 1058[1]) 305[9] 681[1] 918[13] seq. 919[8] 1091[2], and بنو تَيْم 919[10]

ث

ثابِت قُطْنَة العَنَكِيّ his verses on the death of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 364[1] seq.

الثَّرْماء a subdivision of the tribe ʿAbdallāh ibn Ghaṭafān 669[2]

ثُمامَة بن شُعاث الطّائيّ at the court of ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir king of al-Ḥīra 1083[1]

ثَرْوان see ابن ثَرْوان بَزيد بن

الثُّرَيّا a woman mentioned in a poem by Jarīr ibn ʿArāda 369[17]

الثَّعالِب i. e. several clans each of which was called ثَعْلَبة 313[11] — see الثَّعْلَبات

ثُعالة a client, or slave, of Nuḥaiḥ ibn ʿAbdallāh ibn Mujashiʿ 223[15] 442[5] (=224[1]) 973[10] seq., but, acc. to 973 notes[4], a nickname of Thaʿlaba ibn Mujāshiʿ

ثَعَل [بن عمرو] a clan of the Ṭayyi' 34[6] 730[5]

ثَعْلَب see أَحْمَد بن يَحْيَى

الثَّعْلبات (=الثَّعالِب) 75[5] 77[4]

ثَعْلَبة بن بَكْر بن حُبَيْب a clan of the Taghlib 266[13] 1088[2] — see 373[3] 458[3]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن سَعْد بن ضَبَّة — see ثَعْلَبَةُ بن بَكْر بن سَعْد بن ضَبَّة 234[9]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن الحَرِث بن حَصَبَة البَرْبوعى, called ثَعْلَبَةُ بن حَصَبَة 693[17] 763[1] 854[17], and ابو مَرْحَب 119[13] seq. 313[16] seq.: his genealogy 119[12] 241[12] 1080[2]: had a quarrel with aṣ-Ṣimma 119[12] seq., whom he afterwards slew 120[10] 693[17] 763[1] 854[17]: at the Battle of Dhū Najab 241[12] 1080[2] (but cf. the parallel passage 587[18]): slain at al-Ghabīṭ 314[6]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن الحَرِث بن عمرو الرِّياحى at the Battle of Dhū Najab 1080[3]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن الحَرِث بن حَصَبَة see ثَعْلَبَةُ بن حَصَبَة

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن سَعْد بن ذُبْيان clan 75[5] (= 313[10]) 86[10 17] 93[10 18] 94[4] 96[11] 103[2] 105[8] 107[6] seq. 112[4] 777[7] 1061[5]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن سَعْد بن ضَبَّة clan 75[5] (= 313[10]) 189[2] 190[10] 191[7] seq. 195[6] 233[13] 234[9] [see *Additions and Corrections*] 235[4] 478[3] 1058[5]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن عَدِىّ بن فَزارَة clan 75[5] (= 313[10])

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن عُكابَة a subdivision of the Bakr ibn Wa'il 47[10] (= 305[10]) 613[2], also called بنو الحِصْنِ 457[14] 613[1]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن مُجاشع 973 notes[4]

ثَعْلَبَةُ [بن مُعاوِيَة] a clan of the Bajīla 660[7]

ثَعْلَبَةُ بن يَرْبوع a clan included among the *Aḥmāl* (see 305[1]): their mythical ancestor represented as one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[7]: see also 14[15] 25[10] 27[17] 47[3] 49[5] seq. (= 783[5] seq.) 60 notes[7] 84[3] seq. 313[9] 410[7] seq. 434[7] 484 notes[9] 581[10] 583[8] 721[15] 1088[9] seq.

ثَعْلَبَةُ العَدَوِىّ ابو cited as an authority on the Battle of ar-Raḥraḥān 227[16] (var. ابو نَعامَة العَدَوِىّ)

ثَقِيف tribe 717[3] 1092[6], عَبْدُ ثَقِيف a term applied contemptuously to al-Ḥajjāj ibn Yūsuf 497[18]

ثُمالٌ apparently a relative of Jarīr, mentioned in a verse by ʿUmar ibn Laja' 489[16]

ثُمامَةُ بن سَيْف السَّلِيطِىّ an ancestor of the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 3[4] (cf. 2[13] 31[4]) 32[11]: his children 31[14]

ثُمامَةُ بن عَبْد الله بن عَوْذَة النَّهْشَلِيّ had a quarrel with the poet Ḍabi' ibn al-Ḥārith 219^{19} (var. امامة) 221^{1} — for his genealogy cf. 219^{11}

ثُمامَةُ بن ناجِيَة of the clan ʿAdī ar-Ribāb: an associate of Wakīʿ ibn Ḥassān 360^{15} seq.

ابو ثُمامَةَ see الوَلِيد بن القَعْقاع بن خُلَيْد

ثَمودُ 255^{6} 453^{13} (= 1074^{9}) 461^{2} 529^{12} 796^{17} 798^{15} 799^{1} 1022^{6}

الثنهان see 3 notes [2]

ثَوْر see كِنْدَةُ

ثَوْر بن عَبْد مَناة clan 156^{15}, also called ثَوْرُ أَطْحَلَ 1067^{10}

الثوير بن هِلال النَّمَرِيّ see 199 notes [4]

ج

جابِر بن أَبْجَرَ son of Māriya bint Ḥanẓala, who was present at the Battle of Dhū Ḳar 643^{6}

جابِر بن بُجَيْر (*sic leg.*) بن سَرْبط العِجْلِيّ father-in-law of ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīḳ 47^{3}

جابِر بن حُرْفُصَةَ العِجْلِيّ at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 309^{5}

جابِر بن حُنَيّ [التَّغْلِبِيّ] of the clan Muʿāwiya ibn Bakr: his verses on the First Battle of al-Kulāb 458^{9} seq., 887^{12} seq.

جابِر بن قَطَن بن نَهْشَل ancestor of a family 949^{3}

جابِر بن وَهْب العَبْسِيّ of the clan ʿAudh ibn Ghālib: slain by the Yarbūʿ at Dhāt-al-Jurf (= aṣ-Ṣarā'im) 337^{1} seq.

الجارود بن ابى سَبْرَة الهُذَلِيّ cited indirectly by Abū ʿUbaida 724^{1} seq.

ابو دُؤاد الايادِيّ see جارِيَةُ بن حُمْران

جارِيَةُ بن رَبيعَةَ [التَّغْلِبِيّ] called ابو دُؤاد, see 200 notes [4]

جارِيَةُ بن سَلِيط ancestor of a family of the Yarbūʿ 51^{6} (= 784^{13}) — cf. 2^{11} seq. 457^{17}

جارِيَةُ بن قُدامَةَ [السَّعْدِيّ] of the clan Rabi'a ibn Ka'b ibn Sa'd: went on an embassy to the Caliph Mu'āwiya 608[9]

جاسِيَةُ see عُمَيْر بن نَضْلَةَ

الجحا his genealogy 1093[2]

بنو جبّار a family of the Ḍabba, present at the Battle of Buzākha 195[8]

جِبْرِيل *Gabriel* 695[3]

جَبَلَةُ بنت جَرير daughter of the poet 203[14]

جَبَلَةُ بن زَحْر الجُعْفِيّ a leader in the rebellion of Ibn al-Ash'ath 412 notes[9] seq.

جَبَلَةُ بن عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن owner of a house at al-Baṣra 738[18]

جُبَيْر (once treated as diptote 598[1]) slave of Ṣa'ṣa'a ibn Nājiya 77[17] 83 notes[3] 398[13] 765[15] 858[4] 976[5] seq. 1001[14] seq. 1026[15] 1037[11]: represented by Jarīr as the real father of Ghālib, the father of al-Farazdaḳ 683[1] seq. 799[11] (= 78[1] 398[16]) 832[12] 833[4]

جُبَيْر بن مُطْعِم بن عَدِيّ [الْقُرَشِيّ] cited as an authority on the genealogy of the Lakhmite kings 299[2]

جُبَيْرَةُ بنت الى بَكّال mentioned in a poem by al-Farazdaḳ 513[14]

الجبينة (misprint) see الجنبة

جَتّامٌ see the following

جَتّامَةُ الدُّهْلِيّ, called جَتّام 148[10]: captured at the Battle of Jadūd 147[15]: captured at an-Nibāj 1024[11]

جَحّاف قَيْس الجَحّاف بن حُكَيْم السُّلَمِيّ, called 1041[9]: massacred a number of the Taghlib at al-Bishr in the reign of 'Abd-al-Malik 401[5] seq. 507[15] 508[11] seq. 899[12] seq.

جَحْدَر بن وَبيل [الرِّياحِيّ] brother of Suḥaim ibn Wathīl 999[13]

شِهاب بن عَبّاد بن قلع بن جَحْدَر see ابنُ جَحْدَر

مالِك بن مِسْمَع see ابنُ الجَحْدَرِيّ

جَحْش بن عُثْمانَ المازِنِيّ defeated the Sulaim at ad-Dafīna (= ad-Dathīna) 392[2] notes[3]

جحلة بنت بدل بن خديج an ancestress of Jarīr 893[7]

جَحْوَش mentioned in a verse by al-Farazdaḳ 535[19] — the explanations given (536[2] 679[2]) are not satisfactory

جُحَيْش بن زِياد السَّلِيطِيّ mentioned by Jarīr 10[16] 11[5] 12[13]

جُحَيْش بن سَيْف بن جارِيَة ancestor of a family of the Salīṭ 2[11] seq.

جَحْجَاحْ a female slave, represented by Jarīr as an ancestress of the Banū Mujāshi[c] 1027[4] (var. خَجْخَاجْ notes[2] 694[17])

جُداعْ see the following

جُداعَة بن عَزَّة بن جُشَم, called جُداعْ 836[10]: ancestor of a family of the Hawāzin 855[1] — see جُشَم بن مُعاوِيَة بن بَكْر

جَدِيلَة clan 37[4] 1087[18], called جَدِيلَة طَيِّئ 37[3]

الجِذاع name given on certain families of the Sa[c]d [ibn Zaid-Manāt] 305[3]

جُذام tribe 717[16]

جَذْمَر العَنْبَرِيّ had an encounter with the Lahāzim immediately after the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 312[19]

جَذِيمَة بن رَواحَة بن رَبِيعَة ancestor of a family of the [c]Abs who were defeated by the Yarbū[c] at aṣ-Ṣarā'im (= Dhāt-al-Jurf) 247[19] seq. (cf. 337[3]): see also 194[14]

الجَراجِمْ i. e. the Syrians (Sing. جُرْجُمانِيّ) 346[1]

ابو الجَرّاح cited for the text of a verse of al-Farazdaḳ 374[15]

جَرّاد بن أُنَيْف بن الحُرِث [البَرْبوعِيّ] at the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 49[5] (= 783[6])

الجَرامِيز بن الحُرِب a family of the Azd 358[18] [called بنو جُرْموز بن الحارِث in Ibn Duraid 293[9]]

جَرْم a clan of the Ḳuḍā[c]a, hence called فُضاعَة جَرْم 151[13]: see also 52[19] 155[7] seq. 303[13] 601[2] 603[15] — for their genealogy, cf. 726[17]

عمرو بن جُرْموزٍ السَّعْدِيّ see ابن جُرْموزٍ

جَرْو a clan of the Sa'd 135 notes[1]

الحُطَيْئَة see جَرْوَل بن أَوْس

جَرْوَل بن عُتَيْبَة 313[18] (var. جِرْوِل)

جَرْوَل بن نَهْشَل بن دارِم ancestor of a family included in the *Aḥjār* 187[7] 220[18] 772[12] 863[15]

(1) جِرْوَة a mare which belonged to Shaddād ibn Mu'āwiya al-'Absī 95[18] 97[11]

(2) جِرْوَة a clan of the Banu-l-Ḳain ibn Jasr 135[3]

جَرْوَة بن أُسَيِّد of the 'Amr ibn Tamīm: one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[7]

جَرْوَة بن رَبِيعَة بن ثَعْلَبَة ancestor of a family of the Ḍabba 196[1]

جَرير بن خَرْفاء العَجْلَى his verses addressed to al-Akhṭal 460[18] seq.

جَرير بن دارِم ancestor of a clan 187[7] 752[17]: represented in one passage as identical with Fuḳaim 758[10] (cf. 748[1]), but elsewhere as the father of Fuḳaim 185[18] 682[3]

جَرير بن عَبْد الله بن جابِر البَجَلِى his genealogy 139[12]: had a boasting-match (*munāfara*) with Khālid ibn Arṭāt al-Kalbī, the arbiter being al-Aḳra' ibn Ḥābis 139[11] seq. 265[18]: see also 6[11]

جَرير بن عَرادَة author of a poem alluding to the death of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 369[17] seq.

جَرير بن عَطِيَّة بن الخَطَفَى الكُلَيْبِى, of the Banū 'Auf ibn Kulaib 14[3 9]: called ابو حَزْرَة 29[6] 428[19] 1045[19], ابن الخَطَفَى 840[11] 984[13] 991[10] (see 1045[4 14]), ابن المَرَاغَة 17[4] 170[17] 171[8] 172[1] 198[15] 202[10] 205[12] 232[12] 255[7] *et passim:* his mother Umm Ḳais bint Mu'aid 7[4] etc.: his maternal grandmother Umm 'Uthmān 206[3]: his brother 'Amr ibn 'Aṭīya 41[10]: his wives Umāma bint 'Amr 203[12], and Khālida bint Sa'd 847[3]: his sons 'Ikrima 203[14], Mūsā *ibid.*, Nuḥ. 205[18] seq., and Ḥazra 847[4]: his daughters Zaidā 1[16], Mūfiya 203[14], Jabala *ibid.*, Ju'āda *ibid.*, Umm Ghailān 754[13], and Zainab 843 notes[3]: his *rāwiya* Ḥusain (or al-Ḥusain) 430[9] seq, and another named Wa'wa'a (or Marba') al-Kilābī 975[1]: the beginning of his career 2[14] seq.: his sayings relating to his parents 1047[11] seq.: his interview with al-A'war an-Nabhānī 31[17] seq.: his attempt to conciliate al-Farazdaḳ 126[10] seq.: his visit to 'Umar ibn 'Abd-al-'Azīz at Medina 397[13] seq.: his relations with ar-Rā'ī ('Ubaid ibn Ḥuṣain) 428[5] seq.: with Mathghūr and 'Umar ibn Laja' 487[6] seq.: his interview with an-Nawār, wife of al-Farazdaḳ 807[9] seq.: purchased a concubine who never ceased to regret her former master 837[1] seq. (N[o]. 83–86): gave his daughter in marriage to a magician who had cured him 840[10] seq.: obtained the release of al-Farazdaḳ from prison 984[13] seq. cf. 991[7] seq.: his utterances on the death

of al-Farazdaḳ 1045[14] seq.: his remarks on various poets 1047[19] seq.: his death 1047[6]: opinions concerning him 1048[18] seq. 1049[18] seq. 1052[20]: his satires against the Salīṭ and their poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 3[1] seq. (N°. 1—5, 7, 10, 12, 14, 16—21): against Faḍāla and his kinsmen the Banū ʿArīn 31[5] seq. (N°. 22): against the Nabhān 33[11] seq. (N°. 24, 25): against al-Baʿīth and his kinsmen the Mujāshiʿ 38[8] seq. 63[10] seq. 111[11] seq. *et passim:* against al-Farazdaḳ 165[5] 213[14] seq. 218[10] seq. *et passim:* against al-Akhṭal and the Taghlib 506[5] seq. 897[7] seq. 936[6] seq. 1041[2] seq.: against the Ḍabba 322[7] seq.: against the Numair 443[2] seq. 446[3] seq. 775[7] seq.: against Zīḳ ibn Bisṭām 809[7] seq. 818[7] seq. 829[1] seq.: against Muḥammad ibn ʿUmair ad-Dārimī 892[13] seq. 895[1] seq.: his eulogies of his own tribe the Yarbūʿ 65[2] seq. 111[6] seq. 163[15] seq. *et passim:* of the tribes of Ḳais ʿAilān 538[7] seq. 938[8] seq. 1002[15] seq. 1037[9] seq : of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 689[5] seq. 980[6] seq.: of the Nahshal 955[6] seq.: of Khālid ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Ḳasrī 986[14] seq.: of Hilāl ibn Aḥwaz al-Māzinī 992[14] seq.

جَزْء بن خالد بن جَعْفَر at the Battle of Jabala 664[18]

جَزْء بن سَعْد الرِّياحيّ, called ابن سعد 254[2]: at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 313[16]: leader of the Yarbūʿ at the time of the Battle of Irāb 474[10] seq. 882[9]: was a captive in the hands of the Bakr ibn Wāʾil at the time of the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 647[10] seq. (cf. 638 notes[2]): see also 77[2] (= 315[14]) 258[9] seq. 315[16] 473[13] (= 703[7] 1088[7] seq.) 583[1]

جَزْء بن مُعَوِيَة بن الحُصَيْن [السَّعْديّ] took part in the negotiations after the disturbances at al-Baṣra 741[8] (his genealogy)

جَرْول see 313[18]

جَسّاس بن مُدْلِج slain by Mālik ibn Ḥimār at Busyān 761[4]

جَسّاس بن مُرَّة بن ذُهْل الشَّيْبانيّ took part in the slaying of his sister's husband Kulaib ibn Rabīʿa at-Taghlibī 905[7] seq.

جُشَم بن بَكْر بن حُبَيْب a clan of the Taghlib, included among the *Arāḳim*, hence called جُشَم الأَرْاقِم 266[9]: 373[2] 452[14] (= 1073[14]) 453[12] (= 1074[8]) 455[18] (= 1076[11]) 476[3] 1038[5] seq. — see also جُشَم بن مالك

جُشَم بن ذُهْل بن هِلال [التَّمْريّ], called ابن هلال 1094[7]: went on an embassy to one of the ancient Yemenite kings, shortly before the Battle of Khazāzā 1094[2]

جُشَم بن سَعْد a clan of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included among the *Abnā* 116[8] 372 notes[6] 1035[11]

جُشَم بن عامِر بن قُداد ancestor of a family of the Bajīla 141[14]

جُشَمُ بن عَدِيّ 425[16] 918[13] — probably a mistake for حَنْتَم بن عَدِيّ — see الحَنَاتِمُ

جُشَمُ بن مالك 452[16] — probably a mistake for جُشَمُ بن بَكْر q.v.

جُشَمُ بن مُعَوِيَة بن بَكْر a clan of the Hawāzin 112[3] 760[15] 761[4]

جُشَيْش see حُشَيْش

جُعَادَةُ بنت جَرِير daughter of the poet 203[14]

جُعَادَةُ [بن الشَّمّاخ] see الجَعْد

جَعْفَر بن كِلاب see الجَعافِرُ

عَطِيَّةُ بن جِعال see ابْنُ جِعالٍ

جُعْثُمَةُ بن الهون ancestor of al-Ḥārith ibn Rūmī 924[11]

جِعْثِنُ بنت غالِب sister of al-Farazdaḳ 217[7] 222[9] seq., and wife of Shabba ibn ʿIḳāl 855[4]: said by Jarīr to have been outraged by the Banū Minḳar 592[3] seq. 682[11] 778[5] 800[7] 845[6] seq. 855[6] seq. 1001[2] seq.: see also 251[9] seq. 318[18] seq. 341[13] seq. 398[4] seq. 439[9] seq. 482[14] seq. 709[1] 831[14] 854[3] 893[15] 978[4] seq. 1017[4] 1036[10] seq. 1040[9] [in L the name appears as جُعْثُن, and in S as جِعْثَن — the latter form occurs also in Boucher's MS fols. 7, 8 = Boucher 7[14] 8[7]]

الجَعْد بن الشَّمّاخ of the clan Ṣudayy ibn Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala 763[6]: called also جُعَادَةُ 763[5] 836[4] (= 120[18]) 836[6]: captured aṣ-Ṣimma and was afterwards slain by him 119[7] seq.

جَعْدَةُ بن كَعْب بن رَبِيعَةَ a clan of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 717[12]: see also 404 notes[7] 471[4] 717[7] 718[2] 906[8]

النَّابِغَةُ الجَعْدِيّ see الجَعْدِيّ

الجَعْرَاءُ see صَبَّةُ بن أُدّ and العَنْبَر بن عَمْرو

جَعْفَر بن ثَعْلَبَة a subdivision of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Yarbūʿ 22[11] 31[11] 314[18] seq. 326[7] seq. 410[10] 757[9] 998[12] 1039[12] 1040[10]

جَعْفَر بن سَعْد بن زَيْد مَنَاة clan 1099[8]

جَعْفَر بن سُلَيْمَن بن عَلِيّ [الهاشِمِيّ] owner of a house at al-Baṣra 428[18]: cited by al-Aṣmaʿī 775[12] [see Ibn Ḳutaiba M. 190[12] seq.]

أَنْفُ النَّاقَةِ see جَعْفَر بن قُرَيْع بن عَوْف

جَعْفَر بن كِلاب (جَعْفَر treated as diptote 531[1], called الجَعافِر 675[6]) clan 512[12]: their feud with their kinsmen, the Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb 532[5] seq. (cf. 678[10] seq.): their feud with the Mu'āwiya ibn Kilāb (= aḍ-Ḍibāb) in the time of Ibn az-Zubair (War of Harāmīt) 927[4] seq. (cf. 527[15] 916[16]): satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 525[13] seq. 526[15] 528[1] seq. 915[1] 926[8]: eulogised by Jarīr 540[5] seq: see also 75[16] 100[15] 241[4] 300[3] (cf. 535[15] 678[16]) 302[14] 315[3] seq. 471[15] 513[7] 515[3] 537[1] 655[13] seq. 673[9] 686[2] 907[7] seq. 923[8] seq. 924[9] seq. 1027 notes[7]

(1) أَحْمَد بن عُبَيْد see ابو جَعْفَر

(2) مُحَمَّد بن حبيب see ابو جَعْفَر

الجَعْفَرِيّ see لَبيد بن رَبيعَة

جُعْفِيّ بن سَعْد a clan of the Madhḥij 358[16] 469[8]

ابو جَعْل of the clan 'Amr ibn Ḥanẓala: captured at the Battle of Zubāla 680[16] seq.

الجُعْفان i. e. the tribal groups of Tamīm and Bakr ibn Wā'il 720[10]

الجُعْفِرِيَّة i. e. the partisans of 'Abd-al-Malik at al-Baṣra 1092[14]

جَعْنَة بن عُلْبَة بن عَمْرو بن عامِر the ancestor of the Ghassānid kings 195[18], hence used as the name of the dynasty 198[16]

ابن جَعْنَة i. e. the Ghassānid king 1083[3]

ابو الجَلَوْبَق nickname of the clan Mujāshi' 857[12]

جَلْوَى a mare which belonged to Ḳirwāsh ibn 'Auf 83[10] seq.

الجَلَبِ بن شُدَيْد الجَعْفَرِيّ had a quarrel with al-Aswad ibn Shaḳīḳ aḍ-Ḍibābī, in the time of Ibn az-Zubair 927[6] seq.

جُلَيْحَة بن الحارِث a clan of the Taimallāt ibn Tha'laba, included among the *Akābir* 196[16] 197[16] 1058[1]

الجِمار i. e. the clans of Ṭuhayya and al-'Adawīya (subdivisions of the Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala) 325[2] cf. Lisān V 218[25]: also used as = الجَمَرات, i. e. the tribes of Ḍabba, al-Ḥārith and Numair 946[5]

[الباهلي] جُمانة بن عَبْد المَلِك his verses on the death of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 363[15] seq.

الجَمَّاز 946[6] seq. — see الجمار

[الطائي] جَناب بن شَريك بن هَمّام a contemporary of al-Farazdaḳ: his genealogy 941[3]: slaughtered a number of his camels at Laṣāfi, after a dispute with the Banū Nahshal 941[4] seq. 952[1] seq. 957[3]

جَناح a horse which belonged to al-Ḥaufazān 646[20]

[الكَلْبي] جَنْباء بن نَتْلَة of the clan ʿUlaim ibn Janāb 25[3] seq.: called ابن نَتْلَة 25[17]: was robbed of his camels by the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 25[8]

جَنْدَب بن نَهْشَل see 952[3] (?)

جَنْدَل بن عُبَيْد السُّمَيْرِيّ, called ابن النَّحْلِيَّة 911[1] 916[13]: son of the poet ar-Rāʿī 428[11] seq. 44ℓ[3] 909[3] 911[2] 922[6]

جَنْدَل بن المُثَنّى الطُّهَوِيّ his *rajaz*-verses cited 288[11] 963[5]

جَنْدَل بن نَهْشَل بن دارِم ancestor of a family included in the *Aḥjār* 772[12] 945[14] 949[2]

ابو جَنْدَل الرّاعي see

جَنْدَلَة بنت تَيْم الأَدْرَم ancestress of the tribe of Yarbūʿ 224[17]: also called جَنْدَلَة بنت فِهْر بن مالِك 225 notes [1]

جنيبة see 94 notes [2]

الجنيبة (*sic leg.*) a she-camel which belonged to ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīḳ 48[6] (= 782[11])

[العَبْسيّ] جَنْدَب one of the Banū Rawāḥa: took part in the War of Ḍāḥis 93[2] seq. 95[10] 96[2]

جَنْبَذ بن عمرو see 94[2] (text doubtful)

الجَهاضِم a family of the Azd, descendants of Jahḍam ibn Jadhīma (724[20]) 725[12]

عَبّاد بن حُصَيْن بن يَزيد see ابو جَهْضَم

عَمْرو بن هِشام بن المُغيرة see ابو جَهْل

جَهْم بن حَسّان السَّليطيّ 941[1]: cited as an authority by Abū ʿUbaida 313[8] 414[4]

(= 625[5]) 416[1] 941[1], and by al-Aṣma'ī 584[5]: see also 358[1 15] 359[1] seq. 367[15] 414[12] 416[11] 626[2]

جَهْم بن زَحْر الجُعْفى 363[4], called ابن زَحْر 362[10]: took part in slaying Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[7] seq.: see also 358[15]

ابو الجَهْم الكنانى author of a verse addressed to Muṣ'ab ibn az-Zubair 1091[11]

جِهْنام of the clan Ḳais ibn Tha'laba: brother of Huraira, a woman celebrated by al-A'shā 328[5]

ابن الجَهْيم see ابن الجَهِيم

جُهَيْنَة tribe (?) 436[11] (text doubtful)

جَوّاب see مالك بن عَوْف بن كَعْب

جَوْخى a female slave, represented by Jarīr as an ancestress of the Banū Mujāshi' 1027[4]: see also 637[2] 1000[15]

بنو جَوْشَن a family of the clan 'Abdallāh ibn Ghaṭafān 85[18]

الجَوْن [ابن حُجْر الكِنْدى] according to 407[3] 656[6] a nickname of Mu'āwiya ibn Ḥujr (Ḥujr = Ākil al-murār), cf. 229[15] (= 408[18] 668[9]) 410[4] 678[3]: possibly identical with الجَوْن who was king of Hajar at the time of the Battle of al-Farūḳ 420[18] [see Ibn al-Athīr I 433[4] seq.]

الجَوْن بن قُدامَة العَبْشَمى went on an embassy to the Caliph Mu'āwiya 608[10]

الجَوْنان two Kindite princes, descendants of al-Jaun ibn Ḥujr, who were captured by the Banū Ja'far ibn Kilāb at the Battle of Jabala 407[1] seq. 410[3] (here the commentary in L understands الجَوْنان as the name of a place, see Yāḳūt II 160[3] seq.) 899[3]: the name of the one was Mu'āwiya 407[2] seq. 410[4] 656[5] 667[16] 676[11] 899[5], and the name of the other 'Amr 407[2] seq. 410[4] or Ḥassān 407 notes[2] 656[8] 667[12] seq. 676[11] 899[5] — see مُعاوِيَة بن شَراحيل, عَمْرو بن شَراحيل and حَسّان بن عَمْرو بن الجَوْن

جُوَيْرِيَة بن بَدْر الدّارِمى a descendant of 'Ubaid ibn Zurāra: captured at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 308[14] seq.: his verses composed in captivity 308[17] seq.

ح

حابِس بن عِقال المُجاشعيّ father of Lailā the grandmother of al-Farazdaḳ 172⁴: see also 489¹⁵ 771⁷

الأَقْرَع بن حابِس بن عِقال see ابنُ حابِس

[بن عَبْد الله الطّائيّ] حاتِم visited ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir (= ʿAmr ibn Hind) king of al-Ḥīra 1083¹³: his verses cited 39⁸ 139⁴ 259⁹ 1083¹⁵ seq : see also 37³

[بن النُّعْمان الباهليّ] حاتِم mentioned in a verse by al-Akhṭal 1028⁴

[الكِلابيّ] حاجِب بن حُمَيْضَة 524⁶ 909¹ 922²·⁷ 930⁸ — see حُمَيْضَة بن بَحير بن عامِر

حاجِب بن ذُبْيان المازِنيّ his verses on the Battle of ad-Dafīna 393¹ seq.

حاجِب بن زُرارَة بن عُدُس الدّارِميّ, called ابو عِكْرِشَة 239¹² seq. (= 790¹¹), and ذو النُّوَس 462¹, because he left his bow with the Persian king as a pledge 462⁴ seq.: his genealogy 265⁴: at the court of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-samā king of al-Ḥīra 66¹⁰ 67⁴ seq.: was captured at the Battle of Jabala and ransomed himself at great cost 379¹³ seq. 657⁴ 669¹¹ seq., cf. 383² 425⁶ 652⁹ 677⁵ 678² 1003⁸: was leader of the Tamīm at the Battle of an-Nisār 240²¹ seq., cf. 790⁹: see also 69¹ (= 300¹²) 239⁸ seq. 265⁸ 300⁴ 316¹² 409¹ 489¹⁵ 497⁴ 653¹⁷ 694¹ 697⁵ 771⁴ 794³ 808¹⁴ 895⁹ 959⁹

حارِ (= حارِثُ) 89⁸

الحُرِث see الحارِثُ

الحارِثَة see 489¹⁹ (?)

حارِثَة بن بَدْر بن حُصَيْن اليَرْبوعيّ his verses on the disturbances at al-Baṣra 729⁴ seq.

حارِثَة بن لام ancestor of a family of the Ṭayyi' 919¹³ 920³ seq.

الحارِثيّ see النَّجاشيّ

الحارِثيّون at al-Baṣra 723⁶

حازِم بن الى حازِم بن صَخْر بن العَيْلَة of the clan Aḥmas: a contemporary of al-Aḳraʿ ibn Ḥābis 140¹⁹

أُمّ حازِم see أُمّ خازِم بنت كِلاب

[النَّهْشَلِيّ] حاضِر بن ضَمْرَة captured at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 309[6]

صَبِرَةُ بن شَرِبس see ابو حاضِرٍ الأُسَيِّدِيّ

الحَرِث بن حاطِب see ابنُ حاطِب

عُمَيْر بن الحُباب السُّلَمِيّ see ابن الحُباب

بنو الحُباب i. e. the family of ʿUmair ibn al-Ḥubāb 1038[2]

حُباشَةُ a black slave who belonged to ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith 316[17] 474[19]

الحَرِث بن عَمْرو بن تَميم see الحَبِطُ

حَبيب بن بُعَجَ بن عُتْبَةَ (var. حُبَيْب), nicknamed ذو السُّنَيْنَة: slain by Shurahbīl ibn al-Ḥārith at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 455[3] seq. (= 1075[14] seq.) [التَّغْلِبيّ]

حُمَيْضَةُ بن بَحير بن عامِر see — 524[7] 909[1] 922[7] حبيب بن حُمَيْضَةَ [الكِلابيّ]

حَبيب بن بُعَجَ بن عُتْبَةَ see — 1075[15] حبيب بن عُتْبَةَ بن حبيب

حُبَيْب بن عمرو see 373[4]

مُحَمَّد بن حَبيب see ابنُ حَبيب

حُبَيْش بن دُلْجَةَ القَيْنيّ sent on an expedition to Medina by the Caliph Marwān [ibn al-Ḥakam] and slain by Ḥantaf ibn as-Sijf 699[13] seq. — see Ṭabarī II 578[12] seq.

حُبَيْش بن دُلَف السِّيدِيّ his genealogy 198[17]: was leader of the Ḍabba at the Battle of Ghaul 390[8 12]: captured the Ghassānid prince ʿAmr ibn al-Ḥārith 199[1], and another Ghassānid at the Battle of Buzākha 195[4]: see also 198[15]

حُبَيْنَةُ 94[3] — see foot-note

الحُتّ a clan of the Kinda 595[8]

الحُتات بن يَزيد (or حُتات 974[9]) i. e. بِشْر بن يَزيد بن عامِر المُجاشِعيّ 770[17] seq. (genealogy): called ابو المَنازِل 608[10] or ابو مَنازِل 608[13]: father of Sukaina 322[1]: a partisan of ʿUthmān ibn ʿAffān 608[16]: went on an embassy to Muʿāwiya and died, whereupon the Caliph confiscated the present which al-Ḥutāt had received from him 608[10] seq. (verses by al-Farazdaḳ on the subject): see also 264[6] 341[15] 417[12] 770[13] 775[15] 969[13] 997[11]

الحَجّاج بن عِلاط بن خالد السُّلَمِيّ a friend of al-Farazdaḳ 609[17]

الحَجّاج بن يوسُف الثَّقَفِيّ, called الحَجّاد by al-Farazdaḳ 348[5 10]: his interview with the latter 819[7] seq.: rebuilt the Ka'ba 486[16]: agreed in excluding Sulaimān from the throne 353[6]: eulogised by Jarīr 486[8] seq. cf. 497[18]: see also 12[6] (?) 118[8] 358[15] seq. 360[12] 412 notes[4] seq. 413[1] seq. 539[11] 691[2] 831[6] 896[12] seq. 930[9] 972[3]

أُمّ الحَجّاج بنت مُحَمَّد بن يوسُف [الثَّقَفِيّة] mother of the Caliph al-Walīd II 939[4]

حَجّار بن أَبْجَر بن جابِر العِجْلِيّ 316[3]

بنو حَجّار a term applied by Jarīr to the Mujāshi' 340[11] (var. الحَجّار)

الحَجّازِيّ brother of Darrāj ibn Zur'a aḍ-Ḍibābī 931[9]

بنو حَجّان 103[4] (?)

حُجْر بن الحارث بن عمرو [الكِنْدِيّ] 1018[15], called ابن أُمّ قَطام 1018[12] (= 588[16])

حُجْر [بن عَمْرو] الكِنْدِيّ, called آكِل المُرار 452[7] 693[16] 714[2] 884[16] 1073[4], ancestor of the Kindite kings: hence the royal family is called بنو آكِل المُرار 887[3] or آكِل المُرار 887[4]: see also 1079[5] (the text of 289[5] 1018[15] is doubtful)

حَجَرة (var. حُجَيرة) a man mentioned by Jarīr 1017[7] — according to Leid. a son of Ji'thin, sister of al-Farazdaḳ

حَجَل (?) mentioned in a verse ascribed to an-Nābigha adh-Dhubyānī 99[9]

حُجَيْر بن سَعْبَى السُّلَمِيّ was robbed of his camels by Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī before the Battle of Ḳushāwa 19[5] 23[6]

حُداجَة [العَبْسِيّ] a man proverbial for his swiftness [see Maidānī I 235[3] seq.]: sent to the court of an-Nu'mān ibn al-Mundhir 679 notes[9]

حَدْراء بنت زِنّ [بن زِنّ] الشَّيْبانِيّة her genealogy 806[1] seq. (cf. 819 notes[6], where she seems to be described as the granddaughter of Zīḳ): called دانُ الصَّليب 808[14], alluding to the fact that she was a Christian (cf. 819[8]): married to al-Farazdaḳ 806[1] seq., who mentions her 548[6 14] 814[11] 815[15] 822[7]: her death 821[2] seq. (cf. 819 notes[10]): see also 812[1] 829[4] 830[2 10] 852[15] 956[10]

حَدَنَة 40[6], or حُدُنّة 41[7], mother of Ghassān ibn Dhuhail as-Salīṭī 40[8]

الحُذافِيّة mother of Ḍabi' ibn al-Ḥārith 219[10]

الخَطَفَى see حُذَيْفَةُ بن بَدْر بن سَلَمَةَ الكُلَيْبِىّ

حُذَيْفَةُ بن بَدْر بن عَمْرو الفَزارِىّ, called ابو مُسْهِر 85[16]: his genealogy 85[10]: had a quarrel with Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī, which resulted in the War of Ḍāḥis 85[10] seq.: caused Mālik, the brother of Ḳais, to be murdered 88[10] seq.: made an unsuccessful attempt to murder ar-Rabīʿ ibn Ziyād al-ʿAbsī 90[3] seq.: murdered the hostages who had been placed in the hands of Subaiʿ ibn ʿAmr 93[18] seq.: was slain by the ʿAbs at the well of al-Habāʾa 95[14] seq., cf. 238[17] seq. 420[10] 656[5]

[بن حَذيمَةَ العَبْسىّ] حُذَيْم mentioned as a famous warrior in a verse of an-Nābigha adh-Dhubyānī 103[9] [see Ibn Duraid 169[14]]

الحُرّ see 203[5]

الحَرام بن تَرْبوع see الحَرام بنت العَنْبَر بن عمرو

الحَرام بن كَعْب a clan of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included among the *Ajārib* 970[2]

الحَرام بن تَرْبوع (or حَرام 43[9]) a clan who are said to derive their name from their ancestress al-Ḥarām bint al-ʿAnbar ibn ʿAmr ibn Tamīm 496[1] 824[6] (cf. 43[10]): they are identified with the ʿAmr ibn Yarbūʿ 43[10], but elsewhere they are described as descendants of Yazīd ibn Yarbūʾ 496[1] 824[6]: see also 489[19] 877[13]

[الفَرَسىّ] حَرْب بن أُمَيَّة was wont to entertain distinguished persons at ʿUkāẓ 119[13] seq.: see also 608[19] 1017[12]

[بن أُمَيَّة الفَرَسىّ] ابو حَرْب 1018[3]

حَرِىّ بن صَمْرَة see حرى بن صَمْرَة

الحَرِث بن الأَبْرَص بن ربيعَة العُقَيْلىّ his genealogy 666[13]: at the Battle of Jabala *ibid.* 671[13] seq. (cf. 409[9] seq.)

الحَرِث الأَصْاجَم (var. الحَرِث الأَجْذَم) of the Banū Ḍubaiʿa ibn Rabīʿa ibn Nizār: mentioned in a verse by Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 92[7]

الحَرِث بن رُومِىّ بن شَرِيك see الحَرِث بن بَدْر بن جُعْثَمَة

الحَرِث بن بَدْر الفَزارِىّ slain by the ʿAbs in the War of Dāḥis 94[6]

الحَرِث بن بَكْر بن حُبَيْب a clan of the Taghlib, included among the *Arāḳim* 266[13] 375[8]

الحَرِث بن بَيْبَة, called ابن بَيْبَة 836[6]: an ancestor of the poet al-Baʿīth

37[15] (genealogy, cf. 693[17]): was proposed for the office of *ridf* under al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-samā 66[11] seq. (cf. 298[13]): captured aṣ-Ṣimma, who was slain while under his protection 120[3] seq. (cf. 693[17] 763[2] 836[7] seq.)

الحَرِث بن تَيْم اللّات بن ثَعْلَبَة ancestor of the clans called *al-Akābir* 1058[1]

الحَرِث بن جَزْء بن جَحْوان الأَسَدِيّ at the Battle of an-Nisār 242[3]

الحَرِث بن جُشَم ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 452[15] (= 1073[15])

الحَرِث بن حاطِب, called ابن حاطِبٍ 79[11]: collector of the poor-tax under Ziyād ibn Abīhi 78[15]

الحَرِث بن حَصَبَة بن أَرْنَم اليَرْبوعيّ his genealogy 119[12] 1080[2]: at the Battle of Dhū Najab 587[18] (but see the parallel passage 1080[2])

الحَرِث بن حِلِّزَة [البَكْرِيّ] his verses cited 12 notes[3] 555[11]

الحَرِث بن خُلَيْف [العَبْسيّ?] negotiated on behalf of the ʿAbs before the Battle of Jabala 655[1]

الحَرِث بن ذُهْل بن شَيْبان 906[1], see الحَرِث بن هَمّام بن مُرَّة

الحَرِث بن عَبْد الله بن ابى رَبيعَة see الحَرِث بن ابى رَبيعَة

الحَرِث بن رومىّ بن شَرِيك, also called الحَرِث بن بَدْر بن جَعْنَمَة الخ 924[10]: his verses on the feud between the Ḍibāb and the Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 924[14] seq.

الحَرِث بن زُهَيْر [العَبْسيّ] took part in the slaying of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr and his brother Ḥamal 95[9] 96[5] seq.

الحَوْفزان see الحَرِث بن شَرِيك بن عمرو الشَّيْبانيّ

الحَرِث بن شمر بن فزار [النَّهْشَليّ] slew Ẓabyān ibn Ziyād at the Battle of al-Watida [= al-Watidāt] 389 notes[9]

الحَرِث بن ضالِم المُرِّيّ, called ابن طالِمٍ 80[7] (= 768[9]) 413[15] (= 385[6]): slew Khālid ibn Jaʿfar and was himself slain by Ibn al-Khims at the court of an-Nuʿmān ibn al-Mundhir, king of al-Ḥīra 103[13] seq. 385[8] 1060[13] seq.: see also 226[13] seq. 790[19]

الحَرِث بن عاصِم [اليَرْبوعيّ] 581[16] — for his genealogy see 18[12]

الحَرِث بن عُباد ancestor of a family of the Ḳais ibn Thaʿlaba 595[2] 644[15] — see بنو عُباد بن مالك

الحَرِث بن ابى رَبيعَةَ المَخْزومىّ, called الحَرِث بن عَبْد الله بن ابى رَبيعَةَ 167[5] 683[10], ابو خالد 167[4] seq., and القُباع 607[7] 608[7] 683[12]: his family 607[4] seq.: governor of al-Baṣra under ʿAbdallāh ibn az-Zubair 626[16] seq., cf. 167[7] 606[11] 607[7]: his piety 683[13]: ordered the houses of Jarīr and al-Farazdaḳ to be demolished 683[9] seq., cf. 167[4] seq. 607[2]

الحَرِث بن تَميم بن عَمْرو, nicknamed الحَبِطُ, ancestor of a clan 749[7]

الحَرِث بن عَمْرو بن حُجْر الكِنْدىّ his genealogy 1081[9]: became king over the Bakr ibn Wāʾil 267[3] seq. 1073[3] seq.: expelled al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā from al-Ḥīra, but afterwards made peace with him and gave him his daughter in marriage 267[3] seq.: see also 448[14] 452[7] seq. (= 1073[7] seq.)

الحَرِث بن مُزَيْقِيا see الحَرِث بن عَمْرو بن عامِر

الحَرِث بن عَمْرو بن كَعْب see مُفاعِس بن عَمْرو بن كَعْب

الحَرِث بن عَوْف بن ابى حارِثَةَ [الذُّبْيانىّ] took part in restoring peace after the War of Dāḥis 104[14] seq.

الحَرِث بن فَيْس بن ضَهْبان [الأَزْدىّ] his genealogy 724[19] seq.: befriended ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād *ibid.*

الحَرِث بن كَعْب بن رَبيعَةَ a clan of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa (?) 386 notes [5 9]

الحَرِث بن كَعْب بن سَعْد بن زَيْد مَناة wounded at the Battle of Tiyās, and hence nicknamed الأَعْرَج 1025[8] seq : both names are applied to his descendants, who were included among the *Ajārib* 970[1] seq. 1023[13]

الحَرِث بن كَعْب بن عَمْرو, called تَلْحَرِث بن كَعْب 52[18] 53[10]: a tribe originally included among the *Jamarāt*, but afterwards among the Madḥḥij 946[7] seq. [= Lisān V 216[14] seq.] see 600[10] seq. 601[1]: their mythical ancestor slain by Ḍabba ibn Udd 651[15]: were led by al-Maʾmūr against the Dārim 600[10] seq., see 602[4] 939[11]: were defeated by the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa at Faif-ar-Rīḥ 469[7] seq.: their alliance with the Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 241[4] 534[6] seq. 678[11] seq.: see also 179[7] 229[9] 261[7] 445[13] 538[2]

الحَرِث بن مُزَيْقِيا الغَسّانىّ i.e. الحَرِث بن عَمْرو بن عامِر 189[16], called ابن مُزَيْقِيا 189[15] 195[17] 196[6]: slain by ʿĀmir ibn Ḍamir aḍ-Ḍabbī at the Battle of Iḍam 195[17] seq.

الحَرِث بن هَمّام بن مُرّة الشَّيْبانيّ ancestor of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais 18[5]: protector of Abū Du'ād al-Iyādī 91[11] seq. (but see the parallel passage 408[5] seq.): his descendants mentioned 73[19] 236[17] 237[3] 309[8] 1069[8] (906[1] text doubtful)

الحَرِث بن وَعْلَة [الشَّيْبانيّ] of the Banū Raḳāshi, 526[11]

الحَرِث بن يَزيدَ [السَّعْديّ?] raided the Bakr ibn Wā'il at Mujazzal-al-Amrār 335[13]

ابو الحَرِث بن نُهَيْك [النَّهْشَليّ?] 310[13] (text doubtful)

حَرْداء apparently a subdivision of the clan Nahshal ibn Dārim 216[7] seq. — see *Additions and Corrections*

الحَرْشاء بنت جَزْء بن سَعْد [الرِّياحيّة] captured and released by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at Irāb 1088[8] seq.

حَرْفَصَة بن جابِر العِجْليّ brother of Abjar ibn Jābir 47[14] seq. (= 782[4] seq.)

الحَرْمازيّ cited by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak 395[10]: cited for the text of the *Naḳā'id* 880[12]: see also 631[6] 820[8]

حَرْمَلَة mentioned in a verse by Ḳais ibn Zuhair 100[2] — see *Additions and Corrections*

حَرْمَلَة بن حَكيم see 24 notes[1]

حَرْمَلَة العُكْليّ slain at the Battle of Jabala 674[4] seq.

حَرْمَلَة بن هَرْمِيّ بن رِياح 73[12] 474[3] (= 703[17])

الحَرُورِيّة at al-Baṣra in the time of 'Ubaidallāh ibn Ziyād 113[6] 725[7]

حَرِيّ بن صَمْرة [النَّهْشَليّ] had a feud with the Banū Mujāshi' and was disowned by his kinsmen 943[1 10] seq. (= حربى 1096[3] seq.)

الأُحَيْمِر see حُرَيْث بن عَبْد الله بن الحَرِث اليَرْبوعيّ

عَبْد حريش see حَريش

الحَريش [بن كَعْب] a clan of the 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a [see Ibn Duraid 181[8]] 99[6] 100[15] 243[8] cf. 655[2]

رَبيعَة بن شَكَل بن كَعْب ابنُ الحَريش see

حَزْرَةُ بن جرير son of the poet 488[7] 847[4]

ابو حَزْرَةَ (1) see جَرير بن عَطِيَّةَ بن الخَطَفَى

ابو حَزْرَةَ (2) see عُتَيْبَةُ بن الحارث بن شِهاب

أُمُّ حَزْرَةَ see خالِدَةُ بنت سَعْد بن أَوْس

حَزْن بن مِنْقَر بن عُبَيْد ancestor of a family of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 736[15]

حَسّانُ بن ثابت [الخَزْرَجِىّ], called ابنُ الفُرَيْعَة by al-Farazdaḳ 201[3]: his verses cited 546[11] seq. (see 546[8]): see also 1048[21]

حَسّانُ بن الجَوْن see the following

حَسّانُ بن عمرو بن الجَوْن الكِنْدِىّ, called حَسّان بن الجَوْن 667[15], and ابنُ الجَوْن 667[13]: 407 notes[2] 656[8] 667[12] seq. 676[11] 899[5] — see الجَوْنان

حَسّانُ بن قَيْس الجَعْدِىّ see النّابِغَةُ الجَعْدِىّ

حَسّانُ بن مُعاوِيَةَ see حَسّان بن كَبْشَة

حَسّانُ اللَّخْمِىّ captured by the Yarbū' at the Battle of Ṭikhfa 68[4] (cf. 835[6]): according to 68[4] and 404 notes[6] he was the brother of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-samā king of al-Ḥīra, but according to 184[16] 1019[6] 1033[13] (cf. 973[7]) he was the king's son — 67[2] and 448[17] are ambiguous.

حَسّانُ بن مُعاوِيَةَ الكِنْدِىّ (973[8] 1018[13] 1079[5]), called حَسّان بن كَبْشَة 302[9] 587[8], and ابنُ كَبْشَة 302[8] (= 589[3]) 587[16] seq. 759[12] 835[4] 973[1] 999[1] 1018[12] (= 588[16]) 1079[6] (after his mother Kabsha): slain by Ḥushaish ibn Nimrān ar-Riyāḥī at the Battle of Dhū Najab 587[17] 1080[2] (but compare the parallel passage 302[3] seq. which gives a very different account) — see also 973[7]

ابو حَسّانَ see الهُذَيْل بن هُبَيْرَة

بنو حَسّانَ apparently a family belonging to the Jusham ibn Bakr ibn Ḥubaib 456[15] [var. بنو خَشْبانَ in *Orientalische Studien* I 142[5]]

ابنُ حَسْحاس see عَمْرو بن حَسْحاس بن وَهْب

حِسْل بن مُعاوِيَةَ بن كِلاب 916[16]

الحَسَن بن ابى الحَسَن [البَصْرِىّ] cited by Kusaib al-ʿAnbarī (= Abu-l-Khansā) 734[12] (cf. 114[15] seq.) and by Sallām ibn Abī Khaira 734[17]

الحَسَن see الحُسَيْن بن الحُسَيْن السُّكَّرِىّ

الحَسَن see ابو سَعيد السِّيرافِىّ الحَسَن بن عَبْد الله السِّيرافِىّ

ابو الحَسَن المَدائِنِىّ i. e. عَلِىّ بن مُحَمَّد: cited by Saʿdān ibn al-Mubārak, who heard him 749[4] 750[1]: cites Muḥammad ibn ʿUbaidallāh al-Ḳurashī 1048[11]: see also 350[5] 351[2] 353[9] 724[7] 1017[13]

حُسَيْل بن عَمْرو بن مُعَوِيَة بن كِلاب slain at the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 470[18] seq.: represented as a son of Muʿāwiya ibn Kilāb 916[16]

حُسَيْن 430[9], or الحُسَيْن 430[12], *rāwiya* of Jarīr, cited by Abū ʿUṭārid

الحُسَيْن بن عَلِىّ [بن ابى طالب] 721[3] seq., or حُسَيْن 721[11]

حُشَيْش بن مالِك بن حَنْظَلَة ancestor of a family which is sometimes included among the Banū Ṭuhayya 183[16] 958[8] — but see 463[3] (var. خُشَيْش, in Ibn Ḳutaiba M. 37[21] Ibn Duraid 142[21] جُشَيْش)

حُشَيْش بن نِمْران الرِّياحِىّ his genealogy 1080[1]: distinguished himself at the Battle of Dhū Najab 302[5] seq. (var. جُشَيْش) 587[17] (see 1080[1]) 589[3] (= 302[8] 1080[15]) 589[8] 1018[13]

حِصْن بن بَدْر see the following

حِصْن بن حُذَيْفَة بن بَدْر الفَزارِىّ, called حِصْن بن بَدْر 245[1] (= 240[7]), ابن اللَّفيطَة 101[17], and عُصَيْد 101[17] 107[19]: marched to Jabala at the head of the Dhubyān and their allies in order to avenge his father's death 656[4]: at the Battle of an-Nisār 239[1] seq. 240[5]: took part in restoring peace after the War of Dāḥis 104[17] seq.: the statement 238[14] seq. is difficult to reconcile with the fact that Subaiʿ died before Ḥudhaifa (see 93[11])

حِصْن بن عَوْف بن مُعَوِيَة الكُلَيْبِىّ gave his name to a well in the valley of al-Marrūt 13[18] seq.

عُيَيْنَة بن حِصْن بن حُذَيْفَة see ابن حِصْن

بنو حِصْنٍ a family who gave their name to a cemetery at al-Baṣra 624[7] (= 650[11]): see also 1099[6] (?)

بنو الحِصْن see ثَعْلَبَةُ بن عُكابَةَ

الزِّبْرِقان بن بَدْر see حُصَيْن بن بَدْر السَّعْدِيّ

حُصَيْن بن ثُمامَةَ بن سَيْف السَّلِيطِيّ a contemporary of Jarīr 31[15]

حُصَيْن [الذُّبْيانِيّ] present at the horse-race which resulted in the War of Dāḥis 86[18]

الحُصَيْن الرِّعْلِيّ (or حُصَيْن 392 notes [10] 393[3]) slain by the Banū Māzin at ad-Dafīna 392[2]

الحُصَيْن بن زَيْد الضَّبِّيّ, called ابنُ زَيْدٍ 188[15]: son of Zaid-al-Fawāris 188[17] (see 359[9])

حُصَيْن بن ضِرار الضَّبِّيّ (or الحُصَيْن) father of Zaid-al-Fawāris 189[4] (cf. 188[16])

حُصَيْن بن ضَمْضَم المُرِّيّ slew Rabī'a ibn Wahb al-'Absī at the close of the War of Dāḥis 105[9] seq.

حُصَيْن بن عَبْد الله الثَّعْلَبِيّ of the Tha'laba ibn Yarbū': at the Battle of al-Iyād 581[16] 584[4]

حُصَيْن [بن عَمْرو الصِّبابِيّ] his verses on the death of his brother Zuhair at the Battle of Jabala 668[14] seq.

حُصَيْن بن غَوِيّ [الضَّبِّيّ] a hero of the Banū Kūz ibn Ka'b 323[1]

الحُصَيْن بن الغَعْقاع بن مَعْبَد [الدّارِمِيّ] his verses against al-Aḳra' ibn Ḥābis and Abū Ju'al 681[6] seq.

الحُصَيْن بن يَزيدَ بن شَدّاد الحارِثِيّ (or حُصَيْن 470[6]), called ذو الغُصَّة 261[8] 469[8]: his genealogy 261[7] seq.: marched at the head of certain South-Arabian tribes against the 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a and attacked them at Faif-ar-Rīḥ 469[7] seq. 471[18]

بنو الحُصَيْن a family of the Ḳais ibn Tha'laba (?) 647[18] 1069[4]

الحَضْرَمِيّ بن خالِد (or الحَضْرَمِيّ بن عامِر الأَسَدِيّ 991[4]): his genealogy 991[5]: captured by Asīd ibn Ḥinnā'a al-Yarbū'ī 760[3] seq.

الحُصَيْن بن المُنْذِر [الذُّهْلِيّ] consulted by the Yemenites before the revolt against Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 358[3] seq.: his verses on the death of Ḳutaiba 362[10] seq.

حُطَمَة بن مُحارِب بن عمرو a man who gave his name to a kind of cuirass (حُطَمِيَّة) 486[3]

الحُطَمِيَّة i. e. جَرْوَل بن أَوْس 200[4] 707[11]: mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 200[4], and by Jarīr 707[10]: met al-Farazdaḳ at Medina 619[12]: his verses cited 244[15] 466[17] 561[12]: see also 1048[21]

(1) عُمَر بن الخَطّاب see ابو حَفْص

(2) عُمَر بن لَجَا see ابو حَفْص

(3) فُتَيْبَة بن مُسْلِم see ابو حَفْص

الخُقَيْف see الخُقَيْف بن المَأْمُوم

حِفَّة a woman addressed by al-Farazdaḳ 202[5] 204[14] seq. 205[12] 330[1] — according to some, a member of the Banū Ghudāna 202[6] 330 notes[1] seq., according to others, the mother of Jarīr 202[7] 205[13] seq.

حُكَيْم بن جَذيمَة see حَكَم بن جَذيمَة

الحَكَم بن شَرِيك اليَرْبوعِيّ (or حَكَم) verse on his death by his brother ash-Shamardal 282[11] [as to his father's name, see *Additions and Corrections*]

الحَكَم بن المُجَشَّر بن أُبَيّ النَّهْشَلِيّ see 941 notes[6]

الحَكَم بن مُخَرِّبَة one of the leaders of the ʿAbd-al-Ḳais at al-Baṣra 737[15] 1092[5]

الحَكَم بن مَرْوان بن زِنْباع العَبْسِيّ (or حَكَم 991[4]); his genealogy 337[3]: slew Mālik ibn Subaiʿ at al-Khāthira, in the War of Dāḥis 94[5] 101[6]: was captured by Asīd ibn Ḥinnā'a al-Yarbūʿī at aṣ-Ṣarā'im 337[3] 339[11 18]

الحَكَم بن المُنْذِر بن الجارود of the ʿAbd-al-Ḳais: at al-Baṣra on the occasion of the *Yaum-al-Jufra* 1092[4]

حُكَيْم بن بَرَّق نَكْرَة one of the Banū Maithā: was slain by Maurik ibn Ḳais in the time of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 79[8] seq.

حُكَيْم [بن جَذيمَة] النَّهْشَلِيّ (or حَكَم 311[1]) slain at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 309[16] 310[6] seq.

حَكيم بن المُجَشَّر بن أُبَيّ النَّهْشَلي a contemporary of al-Farazdaḳ: had a dispute with Janāb ibn Sharīk at Laṣāfi 941⁵ 953¹ 957³

حُكَيْم بن مُعَيَّة one of the Banu-l-Mujirr: a composer of *rajaz*-verses who lived in the time of Jarīr 5¹³ seq. 7⁷ 9⁷

حَلّاب a horse which gave its name to a breed called بَنات حَلّاب 461¹³ (= 475¹⁴), or بَنات ابْن حَلّاب 748¹²: see also 475⁸

[التَّغْلبيَّة] الحَلال بنت ظالم ancestress of the clans ʿAbdallāh and Mujāshiʿ, sons of Dārim: her genealogy 880¹ seq.

الحليس بن عُتَيْبَة بن الحارث اليَرْبوعي at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 313¹⁷: at the Battle of al-Iyād 582²⁰

الحَليفان i. e. the tribes of Asad and Dhubyān 656⁵ — see الأَحاليف

حَمّاد بن الرَّبيع اليَرْبوعي of the Banū ʿĀṣim ibn ʿUbaid: the protector of Janbā ibn Nathla al-Kalbī 26⁷ 27¹³

حَمّاد بن مُسْلِم representative of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim at Marw 353¹⁰ 357¹ 366⁹

الحمار بن الحَوْفزان (var. حِمار) 55¹

الحَوْفزان see ابو حِمار

الحماس a clan of the Banu-l-Ḥārith ibn Kaʿb 150¹⁶: see اخو الحماس النَّجاشي

حِمّان a clan of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included among the *Ajārib* 970² 1023¹²: Ḥimmān is identified with ʿAbd-al-ʿUzzā ibn Kaʿb 970², but is also represented as a son of ʿAbd-al-ʿUzzā 492⁶: see also 14³ 682¹⁰

[النَّهْشَليَّة] الحَمْراء بنت ضَمْرَة بن جابر burnt alive by ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir king of al-Ḥīra 1086³

ابن الحَمْراء see لَقيط بن زُرارَة بن عُدُس

حُمْران client of ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād 721¹⁷ seq.

حُمْران بن أَبان insulted by Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair 751⁵

حُمْران بن عَبْد عمرو بن بِشْر commander of the Bakr ibn Wāʾil at the Battle of

Jadūd 326[5], where he was captured 327[7], cf. 146[16] 148[10] 328[9] seq.: was captured also at the Battle of an-Nibāj 1024[10]

عُرْوَةُ بن الْوَرْد بن حابس see ابو حُمْران

حَمْزَةُ بن عَبْد الله بن الزُّبَيْر his relations with al-Farazdaḳ at Mecca 805[9] seq.: made governor of al-Baṣra by his father 1089[14] seq.

حَمْزَةُ [بن عَبْد الْمُطَّلب] at the Battle of Uḥud 747[7] seq.

حَمَل بن بَدْر [بن عمرو الفزارىّ] half-brother of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr 92[16]: see also 88[20] 90[19] 95[14] seq.

أُمّ حَمَل the familiar spirit of ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith 76[1]

حُمَيْد بن ثَوْر الهلالىّ his verses quoted 322[14] 813[7]

حُمَيْد بن هلال cited by Abū Naʿāma (= ʿAmr ibn ʿĪsā) 732[2]

حُمَيْدَةُ الزِّرَامِيَّةُ wife of Maʿbad as-Salīṭī: stoned for adultery at al-Baṣra in the time of al-Ḥajjāj 830[14] seq. 1037[1]

حُمَيْر 46[7] seq. 994[8]

الْحُمَيِّر الْجَعْفَرىّ at the Battle of Ṭikhfa, where the Ḍibāb defeated the Banū Jaʿfar 925[14]

حُمَيْرِىّ بن الْحَرِث بن عمّام ancestor of a family belonging to the clan Riyāḥ ibn Yarbūʿ 473[10] (= 703[3]): called also حِمْيَرِىّ بن رياح 337 notes[4] 438[2] 459[15] seq. 760[5] 762[8] 1070[6] 1088[5]

حُمَيْضَةُ addressed in a verse by Nuhaika ibn al-Ḥārith 101[11] — apparently a nickname of the ʿAbs or of a portion of them

حُمَيْضَةُ بن بَحِير بن عامِر [الكلابىّ] 925[18], father of two sons who slew al-Ajlaḥ ibn Ḳasiṭ, in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik 930[4] seq., and were associated with the poet Dhu-l-Aḥdām 909[1] cf. 524[5] (= 908[19]): they are satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 922[1] seq. 923[6] (= 526[3]), who calls them also ابنا بَحِير after their grandfather 524[1] (= 908[18]): as to their names the accounts vary — Ḥājib and Ḥabīb 524[6] seq 909[1] 922[7], Ḥājib and Nāfiʿ 922[2], ʿĀmir and Mundhir 524[6]

ابْنُ الْحُمَيْم الأَسَدىّ author of a verse cited 596[7] (var. ابن الجهيم)

الحَنَاتِم (i. e. descendants of Ḥantam ibn ʿAdī ibn al-Ḥārith) a family of the Taim-allāt ibn Thaʿlaba 425[10] 919[6], see 425 notes[4] seq. 918 notes[9] and حُنَيْف الحَنَاتِم

حَنْظَلَة بن مالك بن زَيْد مَنَاة الحَنَاظِل see

حِنَّاءَة of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb 532[2] (= 678[10])

أُسَيد بن حِنَّاءَة ابن see

الحَنْبَص الضِّبابِيّ (or حَنْبَصٌ 100[8]) had a dispute with Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 99[16] seq.

حَنْتَفٌ apparently one of the leaders of the Yarbūʿ at the Battle of Dhū Najab 589[8]

الحَنْتَف بن السَّجْف (or حَنْتَفٌ 699[13] 898[5]) according to 186[7] 699[13] of the clan Rabīʿa ibn Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala, but according to 898[5] of the Thaʿlaba [ibn Yarbūʿ]: slew Ḥubaish ibn Dulja in the reign of Marwān [ibn al-Ḥakam] 699[13] seq. — in Ṭabarī II 578[18] seq. the name is written الحُنَيف (see foot-note)

الحَنْتَف الضَّبِّيّ had a dispute with the Ḳushair which resulted in the Battle of an-Nisār 1065[8] seq.

الحَنْتَعان mentioned by Jarīr among the heroes of the Yarbūʿ 298[3] 339[17] 897[14]: according to one view they are two sons of اوس بن اهيب 298[7], or اوس بن اهاب 898[4], of the Banū Ḥimyarī ibn Riyāḥ, but according to another they are Ḥantaf ibn as-Sijf and his brother 898[5]

حَنْتَم بن عَدِيّ بن الحَرِث see 425 notes[5]

حَنْتَر بن الأَصْبَط الكلابيّ was captured by Khālid ibn Naḍla al-Asadī at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[14] seq.

حَنْتَر الطُّهَوِيّ mentioned by Jarīr 1002[6]

حَنْدَج بن البَكّاء [العامِرِيّ] at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062[11]

حَنَش بن عمرو الذُّبْيانيّ of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Saʿd (96[11]): was present at the death of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 95[14] 96[8]: his verses composed after the event 96[12] seq.

حَنَش بن مالك [التَّغْلِبيّ] according to 266[13] of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Bakr, but according to 373[3] of the ʿAmr ibn Thaʿlaba

[التَّغْلِبيّ] ابو حَنَش i.e. عُصْم بن النُّعْمان 454[15], var. عصم بن نعمن 1075[11] and عاصم بن النعمان 1075 notes[4], called ابنُ سَلْمَى 455[19] (= 1076[12]): his genealogy 454[15] (= 1075[11]): slew Shuraḥbīl ibn al-Ḥārith al-Kindī at the First Battle of al-Kulāb *ibid.* 455[6] seq. (= 1075[18] seq.) 458[10] (= 887[14]) — whether عُصْم 453[11] (= 1074[7]) and عُصْم بن عَمْرو 456[14] refer to Abū Ḥanash is doubtful

حَنْظَة (MS حَنْطَه var. حنظلة) niece of Zurāra ibn ʿUdus 1061[15]

حَنْظَلٌ see حَنْظَلَةُ بن مالك بن زَيْد مَناة

حَنْظَلَةُ بن بِشْر بن عمرو الدّارِميّ his genealogy 73[7] 285[11]: took part in capturing al-Ḥaufazān at the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ 51[1] seq. (= 784[9] seq.) 268[9]

حَنْظَلَةُ بن ثَعْلَبَةَ بن سَيّار العِجْليّ at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 640[11] 641[5] seq. 643[5] seq.

حَنْظَلَةُ بن الحَرِث بن شِهاب البَرْبوعيّ brother of ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith: at the Battle of al-Jaunān (= ar-Raghām) 410[13] seq.

حَنْظَلَةُ بن الشَّرْقيّ الفَيْنيّ see ابو الطَّمَحان

حَنْظَلَةُ بن طُفَيْل [بن مالك الكلابيّ] a contemporary of the poet Labīd 535[5]

حَنْظَلَةُ بن طُفَيْل المُرْتَدِف was a captive in the hands of the Banu-l-ʿAnbar at the time of the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 306[1] seq.

حَنْظَلَةُ بن عَمّار العِجْليّ of the Banū Shuraib ibn Rabīʿa: at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 308[14]

حَنْظَلَةُ بن عمرو بن عمرو [الدّارِميّ] was slain, according to some, by the ʿAbs at the Battle of Aḳrun 679[9] seq.

حَنْظَلَةُ بن مالك بن زَيْد مَناة, called حَنْظَلٌ 459[12], and الحَناظِل 466[14]: group of tribes (Yarbūʿ, Dārim and others) included in the Tamīm: their mythical ancestor represented as one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[5]: see also 70[15] 78[15] 99[14] 119[7] 120[3] 156[10] seq. 186[17] 188[7] 225 notes[2] 258[1] seq. 307[6] 351[4] 411[13] 414[5] seq. (= 625[6] seq. 1070[4] seq.) 428[8] 448[5] 452[8] (= 1073[8]) 459[1] (= 1078[2]) 459[14] 504[5] 587[8] seq. (= 1079[9] seq.) 636[18] 656[7] 663[1] seq. 738[4] 803[16] 807[11] 901[5] 911[4] 919[3] 1050[6] 1078[9] seq.

حَنْظَلَةُ بن المأمُوم بن شَيْبانَ [الدّارِميّ] captured at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 308[4] seq.

الحَنْعاء a mare which belonged to Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 86[10] seq.

حَنَّةُ بنت نَهْشَل بن دارِم grandmother (or great-grandmother) of Ḳais ibn Ḥassān ibn ʿAmr 943[9] cf. 1096[2]

حُنَيْفُ الحَنائِمِ of the clan Taimallāt ibn Thaʿlaba: a man proverbial for his skill in tending camels 355[5] 356[5]

الحُنْتَف بن السِّجْف see الحُنَيْف بن السِّجْف

حَنيفَةُ a tribe of the Bakr ibn Wāʾil 98[14] 266[15] 728[17] 837[1] 846[14] (cf. 846[7])

حَوّاءُ *Eve* 529[10] (= 1050[14])

الحُوار a ram or he-goat 259[7]

الحَوارِيّ see الزُّبَيْر بن العَوّام

الحَوْنَرَةُ بن قَيْس بن جَزْءٍ [الكلابيّ] captured and slain at the Battle of al-Jaunān (= ar-Raghām) 411[1] seq.

حَوْشَب الكِنْديّ at the Battle of Jabala 667[13]

حَوْشَب بن يَزيد prefect of police at al-Kūfa under al-Ḥajjāj 896[12] seq.

حَوْص الحِمار see غالِب بن صَعْصَعَة بن ناجِيَة

حَوْط بن أُبَيّ الرِّياحيّ possessor of the stallion Dhu-l-ʿUḳḳāl, sire of Dāḥis 83[10] seq.

حَوْط بن سُفْيان seduced Ḥumaida wife of Maʿbad as-Salīṭī 830[14] 831[1] 1037[1]

حَوْط بن فِرْواس بن حُصَيْن السُّلَيطيّ 31[3]

حَوْط التَّمِرِيّ ابو حَوْط, called ابو حَوْط الحَطائِرِ, maternal grandfather of Abjar ibn Jābir 47[4]

الحَوْفَزان i. e. الحُرّ بن شَريك بن عَمْرو الشَّيْبانيّ 47[12] (= 782[3]) 144[13] (= 326[1]) 313[9] 585[3] (?) 710[10] 883[14]: called ابو حِمار 54[16]: his genealogy 326[1]: his two sons 55[1]: the reason of his being called al-Ḥaufazān 47[12] seq. 145[15] 327[12]: at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 313[9] 1019[15] 1068[16] seq.: at the Battle of Jadūd, where he was defeated by the Banū Minḳar ibn ʿUbaid 144[13] seq. (= 326[1] seq.) cf. 325[14]: at the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 47[9] seq. (= 782[3] seq.), where he was captured 51[1] (= 784[9]) cf. 59[5] 73[8] 268[6]: whether he was at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār is a matter of dispute 646[18] seq.: see also 511 notes[1] 512[9] 581[1] 710[8] seq. 802[14] 818[13] 883[12] seq. 998[16]

حَوْفُ الحِمارِ see غالِب بن صَعْصَعَةَ بن ناجِيَةَ

حَوَى بن عَوْف بن سُفْيَن بن مُجاشِع ancestor of a family 125[10], elsewhere called حَوَى بن سُفْيَن بن مُجاشِع 439[18] 608[10] 695[11] 772[25] — see also 125[8]

حَيّانُ بن حُصَيْن العَبْسِيّ his verses on the murder of Rabī'a ibn Wahb al-'Absī 105[14] seq.

حَيّانُ النَّبَطِيّ commander of the foreign troops under Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[2] 369[5] seq.

ابن حيّ see 797 notes [7]

خ

خاذِل بن فيْس an ancestor of Ḍabi' ibn al-Ḥārith 219[10]

خارِجَةُ بن حِصْن [الفَزارِيّ] at the Battle of Jiz' Ẓilāl 1067[12]

خارِجَةُ بن سِنان [المُرّيّ] took part in restoring peace after the War of Dāḥis 105[7]

عَبْد الله بن خازِم بن أَسْماء ابنُ خازِم see

أُمّ خازِم بنت كِلاب (var. أُمّ حازِم) captured at the Battle of an-Nisār 242[1]

خالِد بن أَرْطاةَ بن خُشَيْن الكَلْبيّ his genealogy 139[14]: had a boasting-match (*munāfara*) with Jarīr ibn 'Abdallāh al-Bajalī 139[11] seq.

خالِد بن جَبَلَة cited by Abū 'Ubaida as an authority on the text of the *Naḳā'iḍ* 753[1]: see also 200[2] 248[1]

خالِد بن جَعْفَر بن كِلاب [العامِرِيّ] (or الخالِد 1060[13]) slew Zuhair ibn Jadhīma al-'Absī and was himself slain by al-Ḥārith ibn Ẓālim al-Murrī at the court of an-Nu'mān ibn al-Mundhir, king of al-Ḥīra 103[18] 1060[13] seq.: see also 226[13] seq. 384[12] seq. 533[13]

خالِد [السُّلَمِيّ] an ancestor of 'Īsā ibn Khuṣaila 611[1] cf. 609[17]

خالِد بن عَبْد الله بن خالِد الأُمَوِيّ his genealogy 749[2] 766[7]: was sent by the Caliph 'Abd-al-Malik as his agent to al-Baṣra 749[9] seq. (= 1091[14] seq.): see also 748[18] 750[13] seq. 766[6]

خالد بن عَبْد الله الصَّريفيني cited by Abū ʿAbdallāh (= al-Yazīdī) 755[6]: see also 403[14]

خالد بن عَبْد الله بن عَمْرو الشَّيْبانيّ an ancestor of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ibn Masʿūd (see 18[5] 586[19] 806[2]) 829[2] 853[2]: his descendants are called آل خالد 806[9], and بنو خالد 21[1] 794[5]

خالد بن عَبْد الله [بن يَزيدَ] القَسْريّ, called ابنُ عَبْد الله 983[6] 987[3]: eulogised by al-Farazdaḳ 981[10] seq., and by Jarīr 986[14] seq.: satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 984[7] seq.: see also 380[16] seq.

خالد بن عمرو بن عبيد الأَسَديّ lived at the time of the Battle of an-Nisār 1065[10]

خالد بن غَنْم [السَّعْديّ] of the clan Jusham ibn Saʿd: an ancestor of Jarīr 1035[11]

خالد بن كُلْثوم cited for the text of a verse of the *Naḳā'iḍ* 556 notes [11]

خالد بن مالك 749[17] — see *Additions and Corrections*

خالد بن مالك بن رِبْعيّ النَّهْشَليّ his genealogy 389[1] (= 588[3] 1080[10]): at the Battle of Dhū Najab 302[12] 588[3] seq.

خالد بن مِنْقَر [السَّعْديّ] an ancestor of Jarīr 1035[11] 1040[4]

خالد بن نَضْلَةَ الأَسَديّ at the Battle of an-Nisār 240[4] 241[14] seq.

خالد بن نُفَيْل الكِلابيّ at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062[17]

خالد بن الوَليد [المَخْزوميّ] sent by the Caliph Abū Bakr against the tribes of Asad and Ghaṭafān 715[15]

الحُرِث بن عَبْد الله بن أبي ربيعة see ابو خالد

خالد بن عَبْد الله بن عمرو see بنو خالد

الخالدان i. e. Khālid ibn Miṇḳar and Khālid ibn Ghanm 1035[10]

خالدة بنت سَعْد بن أَوْس الكَلْبيّة, called أُمّ حَزْرَة 433[14] 849[7] 850[6] 851[5] 873[15] 876[6]: wife of Jarīr — her genealogy 847[3] seq.: see also 548[12] 685[12]

الخُبَيْبان i. e. ʿAbdallāh ibn az-Zubair and his brother Muṣʿab 486[9] — see Mubarrad 83[18] seq.

خَبِيَّةُ بنت رِيلِ الغَنَوِيَّةُ ancestress of the Banū Ja'far ibn Kilāb 1061[10]

عَمْرو بن الخُثارِم see ابنُ الخُثارِم

أُمُّ خِثْرِم wife of 'Amīra ibn Ṭarīk 51[14] (= 785[5])

خَثْعَم tribe, descended from Aftal ibn Anmār 46[18] seq.: see also 46[5] 53[10] 469[9] 471[20] 472[12]

أُمُّ خُثَيْم mentioned in an anonymous verse 799[8]

خَجْخَجَ see جَخْجَخَ

خِداش بن بِشْر المُجاشِعيّ see البَعيث

خِداش بن زُهَيْر author of a verse cited 531 notes[3]

خِداش بن زِياد الأَسَدِيّ an adherent of Muṣ'ab ibn az-Zubair 750[18]

خِدام بن عَنْتَب بن أُرْنَب [البَرْبوعيّ] mentioned in a verse by 'Utaiba ibn al-Ḥārith 473[16] (= 703[10]) — see 474[2] (= 703[17])

خِراش [بن إسْماعيلَ] cited by Abū 'Ubaida as one of his principal authorities on the First Battle of al-Kulāb 452[6] — see also 637[10] and *Orientalische Studien* I 128[1] seq. 133[2]

الخَرْشَب الأَنْماريّ maternal grandfather of ar-Rabī' ibn Ziyād 90[9] 193[9]

الخَرِع النَّبْهانيّ 154[10] 240[17]

الخَرْماءُ see أَسْماءُ بنت عَوْف بن القَعْقاع

الخَرُّوب a celebrated horse which was in the possession of the Taghlib 454[5] (= 1075[1])

خُزاعِيّ بن مازِن بن مالِك ancestor of a family of the 'Amr ibn Tamīm 392 notes[4]

خُزَيْمَةُ ancestor of the tribal groups Asad and Kināna 434[4]

الخشاب a group of clans descended from Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala 434[7]: called also الأَخْشَبانِ 223[12] and الخَشَبات 223[13]

بنو خَسّانَ see بنو خشبان

خُشَيْش بن مالِك بن حَنْظَلَةَ see خُشَيْش

(1) عَلْقَمَةُ بن سَهْل see الخَصِيُّ

(2) الخَصِيُّ a horse 49[12] (=783[12])

عامِر بن عمرو بن ابى رَبيعَةَ see الخَصيب

عِيسَى بن خُصَيْلَةَ see ابو خُصَيْلَةَ

خَصاف represented by Jarīr as the ancestress of the Banū Mujāshi' 224[15] 321[9] 858[8] 893[5] (=856[8]) 968[4] 1027[6]

المُهاجِر بن عَبْد الله see ابنُ خَصاف

خَصَّمُ a clan of the Tamīm 29[3] [see Ṭabarī I 1909[2]]

ابو الخَطّاب i.e. عَبْد الحَميد بن عَبْد المَجيد, known as الأَخْفَش الأكبر: his opinion respecting the Bedouins as interpreters of poetry 1026[6]

الخَطّار a horse 86[10]

الخطام a clan of the Bajīla 660[7]

الخَطَفَى (or خَيْطَفا 489[16], الخَيْطَفَى 489[19], cf. 1[14]) i.e. حُذَيْفَةُ بن بَدْر بن سَلَمَةَ الكُلَيْبِيّ 1[6] seq. 489[20]: grandfather of Jarīr, whose family is called بنو الخَطَفَى 2[11] seq. 13[12] seq. 41[8] seq. 43[9] 382[11] 489[6] 498[16] 651[11]: see also 15[3] 205[17] 342[2] 573[4] 701[5] 1014[9] 1039[10]

جرير بن عَطِيَّةَ بن الخَطَفَى see ابنُ الخَطَفَى

النُّعْمان بن هِلال العِجْلىّ see الخَطيم

بنو الخَطيم a family of the Ḍibāb 924[5] (var. الخُطَيْم and الهُجَيْم) cf. 928[3] seq.

خُفاف بن نَدْبَةَ one of the أَعْرِبَةُ العَرَب 372[9]

الخُفَيْف بن المَأْموم [الدّارِمىّ] (var. الحُقَيْف 312[15] seq.) captured at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 309[8]

خُلْدٌ see under خالد

الخَلَصَةُ a deity 141[4]

بنو خلف a family of the Ja'far ibn Kilāb (?) 925[16]

خُلَيْد see 426 notes[2]

خُلَيْف بن عَبْد الله النُّمَيْرِيّ slain by the Banū Nahshal at the Battle of Dhū Najab 702[1] seq. 1080[9]

خُلَيْف بن عَبْد العُزّى بن عائذ النَّهْدِيّ at the Battle of Faif-ar-Riḥ 471[3] seq.

ابنُ الخَلْبَة see جَنْدَل بن عُبَيْد النُّمَيْرِيّ

خُماعَة بنت مُحاشِع بن دارِم 948[3]

ابنُ الخَمْس الثَّعْلَبِيّ [i.e. عَمْرو بن الخَمْس, see Ibn Duraid 203[6]] slew al-Ḥārith ibn Ẓālim at the court of an-Nu'mān king of al-Ḥīra, and was himself slain by Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-'Absī 103[13] seq.

خُمَيْرة a mare which belonged to Shaiṭān ibn Mudlij 761[6] seq.

خَمبص see 934 notes[6]

الخَمِيصَة of the Banu-l-Ḥārith ibn 'Ubād: mother of Ruhaima, a wife of al-Farazdaḳ 595[1] seq.

خُنابِر or خُنابُرس Persian general at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 640[15] 643[18] 644[10]

خُنْدُف said to be a nickname of Lailā bint 'Imrān ibn al-Ḥāfi ibn Ḳuḍā'a, the wife of al-Yās ibn Muḍar 178[9]: group of tribes (including the Tamīm, Ḍabba, Asad, Ḳuraish and others) 147[6] 148[3] 178[6] 240[1] 363[9] 393[16] 402[15] seq. 449[3] (see 449[14] 450[3]) 506[12] seq. 539[14] 666[9] 714[7] 743[7] 789[4] 903[5] seq. 912[16] 913[8] 915[12] 960[10] 994[3] 1013[7] 1050[10]

أوْفَى بن خِنْزِر see ابنُ خِنْزِر

خَنْساء a woman mentioned in a poem by al-Ba'īth 135[12]

الخَنْساء the poetess: verse cited 423[11]

أبو الخَنْساء see كُسَيْبُ العَنْبَرِيّ

خُنَيْس mentioned in a verse by al-Farazdaḳ 381[6] seq.

الخَوارِج 118[12] seq. 896[13] 1092[15]

خَوْخَى see 637 notes[2]

الخُوز 297[12]

خَوْلَةُ بنت سِنان بن ابى حارِثَةَ المُرِّيَّةُ 674[6]

خَوْلَةُ بنت شِهاب aunt of ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith ibn Shihāb 75[15]

خَوْلَةُ بنت عَطِيَّةَ بن عَمّار wife of ʿAdī ibn Arṭāt 993[11]

خُوَيْلِد بن عَمْرو see the following

خُوَيْلِد بن نُفَيْل بن عَمْرو الكلابىّ, called خُوَيْلِد بن عَمْرو, and الضَّعِق, because he was killed by a thunderbolt 759[13] seq. (cf. 387[15] 761[18] 933[9]): his genealogy 387[15]: at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062[17]

ابنُ خُوَيْلِد see يَزيدُ بن عمرو بن خُوَيْلِد

آلُ خُوَيْلِد (?) 1099[6]

خُوَيْلَةُ a clan of the ʿAbs (?) 338[13]

الخِيار بن سَبْرَةَ المُجاشِعىّ governor of ʿUmān, slain in the rebellion of Yazīd ibn al-Muhallab 974[4] seq. 993[7]

ابو خَبْرَة see أَفْلَح بن لَعيط

خَيْشَنَةُ [الجَعْفَرىّ?] slain in the War of Haramīt 929[1] seq.

الخَطَفَى, خَيْطَفا see الخَيْطَفَى

د

دَأْب بن عَوْف بن الأَحْوَص الكلابىّ 533[5] seq.

داحِسٌ a horse which gave its name to the War between the tribes of ʿAbs and Dhubyān 83[8] seq.: see also 63[13] (= 82[13]) 108[12] 419[15] (= 1071[6])

دارِم بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَةَ (دارِمٌ treated once as diptote 1086[14]) one of the principal tribes of the Tamīm: their genealogy 127[4]: their division into six clans, ʿAbdallāh, Mujāshiʿ, Nahshal, Abān, Jarīr and Manāf 187[6]: their connection with the Taghlib

452[11] seq. (= 1073[10] seq.) 879[14] seq.: see also 73[7] 172[6] seq. 308[2] 310[16] 390[16] 425[1] 489[11] 539[17] 572[14] 600[11] seq. 654[3] (= 1085[5]) 666[4] 758[10] 765[14] 821[6] 935[12] 939[12] 1047[13] 1078[6] 1086[14] *et passim*

دَاسِمٌ a slave of the Banū Mujāshi' (?) 765[15]

دَاعِرٌ a stallion camel which gave its name to a breed (الدَّاعِرِيَّة) 559[16] — see also notes [6]

دَالِفٌ see عُمَارَةُ بن زِيَاد

(1) دَاوُدُ *David* 986[6] 1032[14] — see also 995[1]

(2) دَاوُدُ a descendant of the poet Dhu'aib ibn Ka'b, cited by Abū 'Ubaida 1026[5]

دَاوُدُ بن مُتَمِّم بن نُوَيْرَة author of a verse cited 316[10]

دُبَيْر see 242[1]

بَاهِلَةُ بن أَعْصُرَ see ابنُ دُخَانٍ

ابْنَا دُخَانٍ i. e. the tribes of Bāhila and Ghanī 1028[1] seq.

دُخْتَنُوسُ بنت لَقِيط [الدَّارِمِيَّة] wife of 'Amr ibn 'Amr ibn 'Udus 665[9] 940[1]: cut off her hair on the death of her father at the Battle of Jabala 939[15]: her verses on the occasion 665[11] seq. 666[4] seq.: satirised an-Nu'mān ibn Ḳahwas 656[12] seq. (cf. 495[7]): see also 665[7] (= 940[3])

دَرَّاج بن النَّحَّار see الدَّرَّاج

دَرَّاج بن زُرْعَةَ بن قَطَن الضَّبابِيّ took part in the War of Harāmīt 927[5], and was put to death by the Caliph 'Abd-al-Malik 930[16] seq.: his verses composed in prison *ibid.*

دَرَّاج بن النَّحَّار [البَرْبُوعِيّ] at the Battle of al-Iyād 582[19] — apparently identical with الدَّرَّاج, one of the Banū Tha'laba 313[18]

أُمُّ دَرْدَاءَ السَّلِيطِيَّة at the Battle of al-Iyād 583[2]

دِرْهَمٌ [النَّمَرِيّ] grandfather of Ruhaima, who was married to al-Farazdaḳ 594[8] 595[11 18]

عُتَيْم بن دِرْهَم see ابنُ دِرْهَمٍ

دِرْوَاس بن هُنَيّ [var. هِبَيّ] 227[6], a descendant of Ma'bad ibn Zurāra ad-Dārimī 653[16] 679[5]: cited by Abū 'Ubaida *ibid.*: see also 227[19] 239[7]

دُرَيْد بن ثَعْلَبَة بن الحَرِث [اليَرْبوعيّ] at the Battle of Dhū Najab 588[3] (= 1080[9])

دُرَيْد بن المُنْذِر بن حَصَبَة [اليَرْبوعيّ] at the Battle of Dhū Najab 302[9] seq.

ابو دُرَيْد see الصِّمَّة

الدَّعّاء [الشَّيْبانيّ] mentioned in a poem by ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīk 56[14]: present at the Battle of al-Iyād 583[10] 586[14]

دُغْموص الرَّمْل العَبْدِيّ a mythical person: his adventures at Wabār 330 notes[6]

دَغْفَل بن حَنْظَلَة a genealogist, mentioned by al-Farazdak 189[7]

دَلَم بن الهَتْهات المُجاشِعيّ father-in-law of al-Farazdak 1044[1]

الدَّلَهْمَس الكَلَيْبيّ a friend of al-Farazdak 869[2]

ابو دَهْبَل author of a verse cited 861[6]

الدَّهْماء a mare which belonged to Maʿkil ibn ʿĀmir ibn Mau'ala 667[5]

بنو دُهْمان a family of the clan Naṣr ibn Muʿāwiya 895[9] (= 495[13])

الدُّهَيْم a she-camel proverbial for ill-luck 526[10] 761[7] 862[14],

ابو دُؤاد [الايادىّ] i.e. جارِيَة بن حُمْران 201[2]: mentioned in a verse by Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 91[10] (= 408[4]), and in a verse by al-Farazdak 201[1]: his verses cited 91[15] 408[9] seq.

جارِيَة بن رَبيعَة ابو دُؤاد see بن رَبيعَة

ابو دُؤاد الرُّؤاسيّ his verses on the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 471[18] seq.: see also 534[3] (?)

دُودان family (?) 1099[6]

دُودان بن خالِد [الكِلابيّ] captured at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[14]

وَكيع بن عُمَيْر ابن الدَّوْرَقيّة see

الأَخْطَل بن غَوْث ابن دَوْس see

دَوْسَر بن غَسّان السَّليطيّ son of the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 25[8] seq.

دوسة بنت عَمْرو بن مُرّة ancestress of the Ḍibāb and the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 927[13]

الدُّول بن حَنيفَة [var. الدِّبل] 420[12] 458[18] — cf. 846[7]

الدَّبّان 151[17], a nickname of one of the persons mentioned 150[1] seq.

دَبْسَق بن حَصَبَة بن أُرْدُمَّ البَرْبوعيّ grandfather of ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīḳ 47[2] 68[2]: see also 25[7] 26[6] 27[9] 28[1]

الدِّبل see الدُّول

ذ

ذات الخمار see هُنَيْدَة بنت صَعْصَعَة بن ناجِيَة

ذات النُّسوع a mare which belonged to Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ibn Masʿūd 584[9]

ذائد see ذُدامَة بن عبد الله بن سَلَمَة

ذُبْيان بن بَغيض a tribe included in the group Ghaṭafān 82[14] 94[11] 239[19] 654[17], called also ذُبْيانُ الصَّفا 678[15]: their genealogy 85[11]: their feud with the ʿAbs (the War of Dāḥis) 94[11] seq.: fought at Jabala as the allies of the Asad, the Kinda, the Tamīm and the Ribāb 656[4] seq.: were allied with the Asad at the time of the Battle of an-Nisār 239[19]: see also 93[9] 103[8] 242[10] 539[8] 903[1]

ذُبْيانُ بن جُنادَة ancestor of a family of the Bāhila 1027[8]

ذراع الحارِثيّ (var. دارع) 156[11]

ذَكْوانُ بن عَمْرو الفُقَيْميّ is said to have caused the death of Ghālib, the father of al-Farazdaḳ 216[17] seq. 682[2] (= 217[16]) 845[2]

بنو ذَكْوان a family of the Taim [ibn ʿAbd-Manāt?] 363[13]

(1) الذَّلْفاء a woman mentioned by Jarīr 775[4] (var. الهَيْفاء)

(2) الذَّلْفاء see أُمّ صُبَيْح

ذُهْل بن ثَعْلَبَة بن عُكابَة a tribe included in the Bakr ibn Waʾil: their genealogy 189[9]: see also 326[11] 611[17] 612[1] 728[16] 730[4] 764[8] 1023[15]

ذُهْل بن الدُّول a clan of the Ḥanīfa 846[7]

ذُهْل بن شَيْبانَ clan: were defeated by the Taghlib at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 457[18]: distinguished themselves at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 644[12]: see also 853[3] (cf. 806[3])

ذُهْل بن مالك ancestor of a family of the Ḍabba 196[17]

الذُّهْلانِ certain clans of the Bakr ibn Wā'il 461[7] 728[15] 764[7] [see also Aghānī X 113[17]]

ابنُ الذَّهوب الأَسَدِيّ captured Mu'ayya ibn aṣ-Ṣimma 120[5] seq.

بنو ذُهَيْل a family of the [Salīṭ ibn] Yarbū' 37[14] (see 2[13] 38[5])

ذو الاِصْبَع العَدْوانِيّ author of a verse cited 762[5] .

ذو الأَعْدام a poet who satirised the Mujāshi' and other clans, for which reason he was himself satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 513[1] seq. 523[9] (= 908[16]) 907[10]: according to some his name was Mutawakkil ibn 'Iyāḍ 513[1] 523[10] (genealogy), according to others Nāfi' ibn Sawāda 523[12] 907[11] 922[6] cf. 917[1]: he is sometimes called a Ḍibābī 523[12] 907[11], and sometimes represented as belonging to the Ja'far ibn Kilāb 513[1] 523[10] seq. 909[3] 922[6] seq.

ذو البُرْدَيْنِ see عامِر بن أُحَيْمِر بن بَهْدَلَة

ذو الجَدَّيْنِ (1) see بِسْطام بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود

ذو الجَدَّيْنِ (2) see عَبْد الله بن عَمْرو بن الحَرِث بن هَمّام

ابنُ ذى الجَدَّيْنِ (1) see بِسْطام بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود

ابنُ ذى الجَدَّيْنِ (2) see السَّلِيل بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود

ذو الجَوْشَنِ leader of the Ḍibāb at the time of the War between the Banū Abī Bakr ibn Kilāb and the Banū Ja'far 534[3]

ذو الخِرَقِ الطُّهَوِيّ i.e. شِمْر بن هِلال بن فُرْط 1070[11] seq.: his verses on the *mu'āḳara* between Ghālib ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a and Suḥaim ibn Wathīl 418[6] seq. (= 1070[13] seq.)

ذو الخِمارِ a horse which belonged to Mālik ibn Nuwaira 247[12] 298[3]

ذو الرَّحْلِ a horse which belonged to Mālik ibn Ḳuḥāfa 532[10]

ذو الرِّقاعِ see عَدِيّ بن الرِّقاع

مالك بن عامر بن سَلَمَةَ see ذو الرُّقَيْبَة

ذو الرُّمَّة i.e. غَيْلانُ بن عُقْبَةَ: his verses cited 8[13] 182[6] 270[14] 329 notes[4] 388[5] 501[17] 789[4] 850[4]: opinion of Jarīr concerning him 1048[4] seq.

حَبيب بن بُعَيْج بن عُتْبَةَ see ذو السُّتَيْنَة

ضَريف بن سيدانَ see ذو سيدانَ

الأَخْطَلُ بن غَوْث see ذو العَباءة

ذو العُقّال a horse which belonged to Ḥauṭ ibn Abī Jābir ibn Aus 83[10] seq. 280[9] 303[4] (= 84[6]) — see 303[13]

الحُصَيْن بن بزيد بن شَدّاد see ذو الغُصَّة

(1) ذو القَرْنَيْن *Alexander the Great* 110[1] 576[1]

(2) ذو القَرْنَيْن one of the Lakhmite kings, by some identified with ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir, by others with al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā 1018[12] (= 588[16]) 1073[1] — see Ṭabarī I 900[9] seq.

اِمْرُؤ القَيْس بن حُجْر see ذو القُروح

حاجِب بن زُرارَة بن عُدُس see ذو القَوْس

ذو لِحًى (or ذو اللِّحْيَة بن عامِر) of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb: lived at the time of the Battle of an-Nisār 242[17] seq.

ذو النُّون a sword which belonged to Mālik ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 88[20] 96[5] (cf. 96[9])

بَزيدُ بن نَوْفانَ see ذو الوَدَعات, ذو الوَدْع

ذو يَزَن gave his name to a kind of lance (أَزَانِيّ or أَيْزَنِيّ) 565[4]

ذَوّادٌ الكَعْبيّ (var. رَوّاد), called ابو زِياد: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 735[2]

ذُؤَيْب بن كَعْب of the clan ʿAmr ibn Tamīm: one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[6]: was present at the Battle of Tiyās 1025[13]

ذَيّالٌ السَّعْديّ 82[2] (or الذَّيّال 180[3] 318[15]) an ancestor of ʿAmr ibn Jurmūz

عَمْرو بن جُرْموز see ابنُ ذَيّال

ابو الذَّيّال an authority cited by Abū ʿUbaida 240[13]

راسِب بن جَرْم a clan of the Ḳuḍāʿa 726[17] (genealogy)

الرّاعِي i.e. النُّمَيْرِيّ [بن حُصَيْن] عُبَيْد 428[4] 446[4] 447[8] 493[15], called also راعِي الابِل 430[18] 448[12] 911[2], ابو جَنْدَل 428[2] seq. 431[1] 432[1], ابن بَرْوَعَ 428[13] 429[4] 431[13] 442[15] (cf. 934[8]), and اخو هَوازِن 202[1]: his quarrel with Jarīr 427[13] seq., who afterwards satirised him and his son Jandal 446[3] seq. (cf. 493[15]): his verses cited 428[3] 430[1] seq. 521[6] 825[2] 934[10]: his death 918[4]

رافِع بن أَبْجَر [بن جابِر العِجْلِيّ] born about the time of the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 48[3] (= 782[8])

عَبْد الله بن رَأْلان see ابن رَأْلان

الرّائِعَة بنت الجبا loved by Yasār al-Kawāʿib 1093[4]

الرَّباب a woman mentioned in a verse by Imru'u-l-Ḳais 85[13]

الرَّباب بنت الحُتات بن يَزيد a woman of the Mujāshiʿ, mentioned contemptuously by Jarīr 439[9] 894[1] 938[3] 1036[15] (= 440[7]) — see 1036 notes [4], where she is called a طُهَوِيّة

الرَّباب بنت الرَّبيع بن زِياد wife of Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 1071[14]: see also 104[8] and notes [3]

الرَّباب بنت فُرْط [النَّهْشَلِيّة] a contemporary of the Caliph ʿUthmān 220[18], called أُمّ غالِب 220[19]

الرِّباب (or بنو رِباب 681[2] seq.) plural of رِبَّة 946[8], or رِبابَة 912[9]: a group of clans, including the Ḍabba, the Taim, the ʿAdī and the ʿAuf (or ʿUkl) 1064[7]: are sometimes reckoned as belonging to the Tamīm 361[10] cf. 360[6]: fought at the First Battle of al-Kulāb as the allies of the Bakr ibn Wāʾil 452[9] (= 1073[9]) 453[4] seq. 457[15]: fought at Jabala as the allies of the Banū Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik 656[7] seq. 676[11]: fought at an-Nisār as the allies of the Asad 239[18] 240[5] seq., cf. the divergent accounts 258[1] seq. 1065[2] seq.: fought at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb as the allies of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 149[13] 150[9] 151[1] seq. (cf. 448[12] 601[1]): see also 146[8] (= 327[17]) 148[12] 208[1] 238[8] 301[16] 365[16] 390[16] 448[5] 457[8] (= 1077[9]) 466[14] 487[7 14] 737[20] 804[4] 908[4] 912[7] 1034[5] 1087[2] 1097[4]

الأَسْوَدُ بن المُنْذِر see ابنُ الرِّبابِ

رَبّانُ بن حُلْوانَ see 726 notes[3] [cf. Ibn Ḳutaiba M. 51[13]]

الرَّبائِعُ i. e. the three clans called Rabī'a ibn Mālik ibn Zaid-Manāt, Rabī'a ibn Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik and Rabī'a ibn Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala 186[3 17] 699[8]

رَيْداءُ بنت جَرير see ربداءُ بنت جَرير

رِبْعِيّ بن سَلْمَى mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 948[14]

رِبْعِيّ بن عَمْرو بن عَمْرو الدّارِمِيّ slain by the 'Abs at Aḳrun 679 notes[6]

رِبْعِيّ بن المُجَشَّر بن أُبَيّ النَّهْشَلِيّ a contemporary of al-Farazdaḳ: had a dispute with Janāb ibn Sharīk ibn Hammām 941[5] 957[3]

الرَّبيع captured at the Battle of Jadūd 148[17] seq.

رُبَيْع بن الحارِث بن عَمْرو a clan of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included in the group Muḳā'is 222[15] (see *Additions and Corrections*) 717[9] 741[4] 979[1] 1023[13]: raided by the Shaibān at Jadūd 145[2] cf. 326[13] seq. 710[9]: satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 124[13] seq.: see also 328[4]

المُخَبَّل الرُّبَيْعِيّ see ربيع بن ربيعة

الرَّبيع بن زِياد بن عَبْد الله العَبْسِيّ (or رَبيع 92[7] 655[1]) of the clan 'Audh ibn Ghālib ibn Ḳuṭai'a 88[6] (see *Additions and Corrections*): called الكامل 104[13] 193[7]: his genealogy 88[13]: his relations with his wife's brother, Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 88[13] seq.: his verses on the murder of Mālik ibn Zuhair 89[8] seq.: see also 90[2] seq. 104[4] seq. 654[17] seq. 679 notes[6] seq. 1071[14] seq.

رَبيع الطُّهَوِيّ mentioned by Jarīr 1002[9] (see 1002[7])

رُبَيْع بن عُتَيْبَةَ بن الحارِث اليَرْبوعِيّ at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 313[17]: see also 647[17] seq.

رَبيعَةُ بن أُبَيّ (?) الضَّبّيّ at the Battle of an-Nisār 1066[14]

رَبيعَةُ بن جَعْفَر see الأَحْوَص بن جَعْفَر

رَبيعَةُ بن مالِك بن زَيْد مَناةَ see رَبيعَةُ الجُوعِ

رَبِيعَةُ بن الحَرِث بن زُهَيْر الثَّعْلبيّ maternal grandfather of the poet Imru'u-l-Ḳais ibn Ḥujr 905[4]

رَبِيعَة بن لَحرث بن كعب see 559 notes[6]

رَبِيعَةُ بن حَنْظَلَةَ بن مالك a clan of the Tamīm 186[5] 413[2] 699[11], called رَبِيعَةُ الوُسْطَى 186[5] 699[11]

رَبِيعَةُ الخَيْرِ see رَبِيعَةُ بن فُرْط بن سَلَمَةَ

رَبِيعَةُ الشَّرِّ بن كَعْب of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb: maltreated by the Banū Ja'far ibn Kilāb 532[14] seq.

رَبِيعَةُ بن شَكَل بن كَعْب of the clan Ka'b ibn Rabī'a: called ابنُ الحَرِدش after his great-grandfather 655[12]: negotiated with the 'Abs before the Battle of Jabala 655[1] seq.

رَبِيعَةُ بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَةَ الصُّغْرَى see رَبِيعَةُ

رَبِيعَةُ بن طَرِيف بن تَميم [العَنْبَرِيّ] his verses on the Battle of an-Nibāj and Thaital 1024[16] seq.

رَبِيعَةُ بن عامِر بن صَعْصَعَة group of clans 666[5] (cf. 707) — see مَجْد بنت نَيْم الأَدْرَم بن غالب

رَبِيعَةُ بن عَبْد الله of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb: at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062[7]

رَبِيعَةُ بن عِجْل a clan of the Bakr ibn Wā'il 307[16] 308[4 9] 309[4]

رَبِيعَةُ بن عقبل at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062[12]

رَبِيعَةُ بن فُرْط بن سَلَمَةَ [القُشَيْرِيّ], called رَبِيعَةُ الخَيْرِ 91[11] seq, ابنُ فُرْط 92[1], and ابو هِلال 91[17] (= 408[16]) 408[2]: made a treaty with the 'Abs 408[2]: eulogised by Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-'Absī 91[16] seq.

رَبِيعَةُ بن فُرْط بن عَبْد of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb: at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062[9]

رَبِيعَةُ بن مالك بن زَيْد مَناة الكُبْرَى see رَبِيعَةُ

رَبِيعَةُ بن كَعْب بن سَعْد a subdivision of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 399[10] (cf. 970[5]) 608[9] 1023[12]

رَبيعَةُ الشَّرِّ بن كَعْب بن عَبْد الله see رَبيعَةُ بن كَعْب

رَبيعَةُ بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة a clan of the Tamīm 186[7] 223[12] 336[12] seq. 338[17] 434[9] 452[14] (= 1073[13]) 699[12], called رَبيعَةُ الصُّغْرَى 186[7] 699[12]

رَبيعَةُ بن مالك بن رَبيعَة see المُخَبَّل الرِّبْعِيّ

رَبيعَةُ بن مالك بن زَيْد مَناة a clan of the Tamīm 5[13] 186[4] 699[9] 1049[11] 1097[1], called رَبيعَةُ الكُبْرَى 186[4] 699[9], and رَبيعَةُ الجُوع 6[1] 9[8] 186[4] 699[9] 1049[11]

رَبيعَةُ بن مُخاشِن of the clan Usayyid ibn 'Amr: acted as judge in pre-Islamic times 139[8]

رُبَيْعَةُ بنت المِرّار بن سَلَمَةَ العِجْلِيَّةُ mother of the poet Abu-n-Najm 611[15]

رَبيعَةُ بن مَقْروم الضَّبِّيّ his verses on the death of al-Ḥārith ibn Muzaiḳiyā 196[8] seq.: on the Battle of an-Nisār 1067[5] seq.

رَبيعَةُ بن نِزار (see 47[10] 92[8]) great group of tribes: their conduct during the disturbances at al-Baṣra after the death of Yazīd ibn Mu'āwiya 112[11] 113[3] 727[21] seq.: on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 749[17] 1092[13] (cf. 766[6]): see also 98[15] 142[4] 225[9] 571 notes [4] 727[20] 748[10] 811[11] 815[6] 901[4] 903[8] 912[3] 1073[1] seq. 1093[13] 1094[14] seq.

رَبيعَةُ بن حَنْظَلَة الوُسْطَى see رَبيعَةُ بن مالك

رَبيعَةُ بن وَهْب بن الحَرِب العَبْسِيّ slain by Ḥuṣain ibn Ḍamḍam al-Murrī at the close of the War of Dāḥis 105[11] seq.

ابو رَبيعَةَ بن ذُهْل a clan of the Shaibān 305[13] 583[11] 644[18] 646[2] 762[8] (= 1018[10]) 906[1]

رُتَيْبيل الدُّبَيْرِيّ, called ابو مُرْعِب, of the tribe Asad ibn Khuzaima: cited as an authority by Abū 'Ubaida 238[11] cf. 240[3] seq.

رُتَيْبيل كابُل شاه his relations with 'Abd-ar-Raḥmān ibn Muḥammad ibn al-Ash'ath 413[1] seq.

ابو رَجاء العَوْدِيّ at al-Baṣra in the time of 'Ubaidallāh ibn Ziyād 729[13]: his grave 126[5] [العَوْزِيّ according to the *Mushtabih* of adh-Dhahabī ed. De Jong 379[10]]

عُرْوَة بن عُتْبَةَ see الرَّحّال

يَزيد بن المُهَلَّب بن ابي صُفْرَة see ابن الرحمة

رديم a man of the Bakr ibn Wā'il (?): at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 312[9 13]

الرَّديم الضَّبّيّ 196[3] [الرَّديم according to Ibn Duraid 120[3], Lisān XV 128[4]], or رُدَيْم 188[16] 233[9]: originally named عَمْرو 188[16] 196[3], son of Mālik ibn Zaid 233[9] (genealogy), and great-grandfather of Zaid al-Fawāris 188[16]: called ابو ضِرار and فارِس مِسْمار 196[3] seq.: slain at the Battle of Iḍam *ibid.*

رُدَيْنَة said to be a woman who gave her name to a kind of lance (رُدَيْنِيّ) 811[2]

ابو الرُّدَيْنيّ author of a verse satirising ʿUmāra ibn ʿAḳīl the great-grandson of Jarīr 205[17]

رِزام بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة a clan of the Tamīm 223[12] 434[9] 830[15]

رُشَيْد بن رُمَيْض العَنَزيّ his verses satirising the son of al-Muhill ibn Ḳudāma al-Yarbūʿī 207[15] seq.: his verses on the Battle of ash-Shayyiṭān 1021[7] seq.

رِشّيّة بنت شَدّاد بن شِهاب captured by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at Irāb 1088[6]

رُضَى deity 141[4]

أُمّ رِعال (var. أُمّ رِغال) a term applied to the mother of Jarīr 281[6]

رِعْل a clan of the Sulaim 392[9] (see also notes [4]) 410[9] seq.

رَغال a female slave 657[1]

أُمّ رِغال see أُمّ رِعال

رَغْوان nickname of the clan Mujāshiʿ, or of some member of it 78[4] 217[12] 997[7]

ابو رَغْوان i.e. Mujāshiʿ 413[15] (= 385[6])

رُفَيْدَة the owner of a house at al-Baṣra 738[17]

الرُّقّاد [بن المُنْذِر بن ضِرار الضَّبّيّ] at the Battle of Buzākha 195[10]

(1) رَقاش wife of Ḥarrī ibn Ḍamra 943[4] (see notes [3])

(2) رَقاش a clan of the Shaibān 526[11] [see Ibn Duraid 210[21]]

رَقاش بنت شَهْبَرَة بن قَيْس ancestress of certain clans of the Tamīm (viz. Fuḳaim, Nahshal, Kulaib and Ghudāna) 748[6] 752[17] 758[8]

عَبْد الله بن قَيْس الرُّقَيّات see ابن الرُّقَيّات

بنو رُقَيَّة a name given to the Dependents of the Kindite kings 452[16] (= 1073[16])

رَمْلَة بنت صُبَيْح captured at the Battle of an-Nisār 242[2]

رُقَيْمَة بنت غُنَيْم بن دِرْهَم wife of al-Farazdaḳ 594[15] seq.

رَواحَة [ابن رَبيعَة] ancestor of a family of the ʿAbs 93[2] (cf. 84[13] 420[13])

رَوّاد 735 notes [1] — see ذَوّاد الكَعْبيّ

رُوبَة بن العَجّاج cited by Abū ʿUbaida as an authority for events in the reign of Sulaimān 383[6]

الرَّوْقَان i. e. the Taghlibite clans Jusham and Mālik 266[12] 373[5]

الرُّوم 141[11] 383[8] (see also notes [7])

رِياح بن تَرْبوع clan: at the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 49[4] seq. (= 783[4] seq.): at the Battle of al-Marrūt 72[2] seq. (cf. 835[14]): defeated by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at-Taghlibī at Irāb 473[7] seq. (cf. 703[1] seq. 1088[1] seq.): see also 14[15] 22[14] 31[6 10] 69[12] 84[1 8] seq. 113[15] 298[11] 303[12] 338[3] 416[20] 417[20] 434[7] 438[2] 647[10] 758[1] 957[6] (cf. 1040[10]) 998[12] 1038[2] 1039[12] 1070[13]

ابو رِياش [i. e. إبْرٰهيم بن أَحْمَد القَيْسيّ, who died A. H. 349 — see Rieu "Supplement to the Catalogue of Arabic MSS" p. 653 col. 1] cited as an authority in L 42[5] 44 notes [5]

ابو رَيْحانَة العَرَنيّ cited by Zuhair ibn Hunaid, an informant of Abū ʿUbaida 733[7]

رَيْطَة بنت الحَرِيش ancestress of a family of the Kilāb 243[9]

ز

بنو زاجِر 174[17]

زَبّاب [ابن ثَوْر النَّهْشَليّ], called also زَبّاب بن رُمَيْلَة after his mother 1098[5]: an enemy of al-Farazdaḳ 1034[7]: slew Abū Badhdhāl 1098[5] 1099[14] [in the Aghānī the name appears as رباب VIII 159[7] seq., الرباب X 26[8], and رِباب XVIII 71[4] — the correct form is given in Boucher 195[5] seq. 199[7] seq.]

الزَّبابَةُ see لِبنَةُ بنت فَرَظَةَ

زَبّانُ بن بَدْر at the Battle of Jabala 99[14]

زبان بن حُلْوانَ (var. رَبّانُ) 726[18]

زَبّانُ الصُّبَيْرِيّ, called ابو مُطَرِّف 417[20] 647[16] seq. 941[8]: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 313[8] 417[20]

زَبّانُ [بن تَثْرِبِيّ الشَّيْبانِيّ] (var. الزَّبّانُ) possessor of the she-camel called ad-Duhaim 526[11] [see Ibn Duraid 211[1]]

الزَّبَدُ a horse which belonged to al-Ḥaufazān 145[10] (= 327[8])

زُبْراءُ said to have been the name of a female slave of al-Aḥnaf ibn Ḳais 114[13] seq. (= 733[1] seq)

الزِّبْرِقانُ السَّعْدِيّ i. e. حُصَيْنُ بن بَدْر بن امْرِئ القَيْس 752[5] seq. (genealogy): husband of Hunaida the paternal aunt of al-Farazdaḳ 127[7] 264[11] 706[2]: supported the Caliph Abū Bakr at the time of the *Ridda* 715[13] seq.: his verses on the subject 715[17] seq.: other verses ascribed to him 714[14] seq.: see also 264[16] 705[13] seq. 708[1] 713[5] 714[16] seq. 752[4] 775[1] 779[1]

ابنُ الزِّبْرِقانِ see عَبّاس بن الزِّبْرِقان بن بَدْر

زَبيدَةُ a negress, mother of the poet ʿAntara ibn Shaddād 372[8]

زُبَيْدٌ [بن الحارِث] a clan of the Madhḥij 469[8]

زُبَيْدُ بن سَلْمَى ancestor of a family 10[17] 581[5] seq.

بنو زُبَيْدٍ a family of the ʿAbshams ibn Saʿd 713[1]

الزُّبَيْرُ بن باطا اليَهودِيّ bought a robe of ʿUṭārid ibn Ḥājib ibn Zurāra 464[4]

الزُّبَيْرُ بن العَوّام بن خُوَيْلِد, called ابنُ عَوّام 1040[9], ابنُ صَفِيَّةَ 81[6], ابو عَبْد الله 81[2] seq., and الحَوارِيّ (see *Glossary* s. r. حور): his genealogy 399[9] cf. 274[3]: his mother Ṣafīya bint ʿAbd-al-Muṭṭalib 968[15]: betrayed by an-Naʿir ibn az-Zammām al-Mujāshiʿī and slain by ʿAmr ibn al-Jurmūz as-Saʿdī 80[12] seq. 179[9] seq. 222[6] 223[9] 254[15] 274[2] 318[15] seq. 399[6] (= 426[15]) 439[2 9] 544[10] seq. 591[15] 694[17] 708[4] 775[16] 776[13] 802[11] 833[3] 834[9] 844[4] 854[8] seq. 860[5] 892[2 11] 893[16] 937[3] 968[12] 969[5] seq. 997[10] seq. 1017[4] 1018[5] seq. 1035[14] seq.

الزُّبَيْر بن الماحوز [السَّلبطيّ] a leader of the *Khawārij* in the time of the Caliph Ibn az-Zubair 118[13] [see Ṭabarī II 5177]: slain at Iṣbahān by ʿAttāb ibn Warḳā 896[1]

عَبْد الله بن الزُّبَيْر see ابن الزُّبَيْر

ابن الزُّبَير الأَسَدي [i. e. عَبْد الله بن الزُّبَير, see Ṭabarī II 2697[14]]: his verses on the death of Hānī' ibn ʿUrwa and Muslim ibn ʿAḳīl 2461[7] seq.

زُبَيْن الضّبابيّ lived at the time of the War of Harāmīt 928[5]

زَحْر بن قَيْس الجُعْفيّ served under Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair 1092[8]

جَهْم بن زَحْر see ابن زَحْر

زُرارَة بن عُدُس بن زَيْد الدّارميّ, called ابو مَعْقِد 788[16]: his genealogy 45[16] 139[9] 182[16]: acted as judge in pre-Islamic times 139[9]: his relations with ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir king of al-Ḥīra 652[15] seq. (cf. 1081[11] seq.): protected al-Ḥārith ibn Ẓālim 1060[14] seq.: his conversation with his niece before the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1061[15] seq.: his dying injunctions respecting ʿAmr ibn Milḳaṭ aṭ-Ṭaʾī 45[16] seq. (= 1087[15] seq.): see also 182[15] (= 774[13] 1049[9]) 219[4] 227[7] 266 notes[3] 300[5] 462[10] 497[7] 600[12] 621[10] 772[3] 788[16] 958[13] 959[6] 1063[14]

الزرد بن عبد الله السَّعْديّ at al-Baṣra at the time of the murder of Masʿūd ibn ʿAmr 733[8]

زُرْعَة بن ضَمْرَة النّهلاليّ grandson of Ẓabyān ibn Ziyād 389[6]

زُرْعَة بن عَمْرو بن خُوَيْلد الكلابيّ at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062[15]

الزُّطّ 115[13] 444[8] 738[5]

زَعْبَل بن كَعْب a clan nearly related to the Banu-l-Ḥārith ibn Kaʿb 152[4] [see Aghānī IX 19[21] — Wüstenfeld, *Register*, wrongly has "Zogeil"]

الزَّعْفَران a horse which belonged to Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī 235[2]

الزَّعْفَران بن الزَّيد a horse which belonged to Ḳais ibn ʿĀṣim al-Minḳarī 145[10] (cf. 327[9])

زعل 392 notes[4] — see رِعْل

الزَّعْل الجَرْميّ (= الزِّعْل بن عُرْوَة), called also الزَّعْلىّ 370[1]: his verses on the death of ʿAbdallāh ibn Khāzim and Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 369[12] — see *Additions and Corrections*

زُغْبَة a he-ass 3[6 11]

زُفَر بن الحارث الكلابيّ a contemporary of the Caliph ʿAbd-al-Malik 749[8]: verse cited 776[7]

بَشير بن صَفْوان بن عمرو see ابو الرقاش

زَكَريّا بن زِياد الدَّيْلَميّ see ابو الفَرّاء

بنو زِلّة a family of the clan Rabīʿa ibn ʿIjl 307[16]

زِمّابَة see *Glossary* s. r. زمم

زِنْباع بن أُحَيْمِر بن بَيْدَنَة [السَّعْديّ] 772[15]

زِنْباع بن جَذيمَة بن رَواحَة العَبْسيّ 101[9] (see 337[3])

زِنْباع بن الحارث الرِّياحيّ at the Battle of Dhū Najab 1080[4]

زِنْباع بن الحَكَم بن مَرْوان العَبْسيّ, called ابن زِنْباع after his great-grandfather 337[15]: captured by the Yarbūʿ at the Battle of aṣ-Ṣarāʾim 337[2] and notes[4]

ابن زِنْباع see the foregoing

الزَّنْج 1051[1]

الزَّهادم 425[2] — see الزَّهْدَمان

زَهْدَم بن حَزْن بن وَعْب العَنْبَريّ at the Battle of Jabala 669[11] seq. 677[5] seq.

ابن زَهْدَم see عَلِيّ بن زَهْدَم

الزَّهْدَمان i. e Zahdam ibn Ḥazn and his brother Ḳais 379[15] 425[4] seq. 669[11] seq.

زُهَيْر [بن بَوّ] a man who lived at the time of the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[4] seq. [see Aghānī XV 74[4]]

زُهَيْر بن جَذيمَة بن رَواحَة العَبْسيّ his genealogy 84[18]: slain by Khālid ibn Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 384[16] seq. cf. 103[17]

زُهَيْر بن جُشَم ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 452[15] (= 1073[14]) cf. 899[13]

زُهَيْر بن الحَزَوَّر الشَّيْبانيّ slain at the Battle of al-Iyād 584[4]

زُهَيْر بن ابى سُلْمى [المُزَنى] the poet: mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 201[3]: verses cited 239[4] seq.

زُهَيْر بن عَمْرو بن مُعاوِيَة الجِلابِىّ slain at the Battle of Jabala 668[12] seq.

زُهَيْر بن هُنَيْد بن إياس 114[4] 727[16] 729[15] 731[10] 732[1], or زُهَيْر بن الهُنَيْد 351[13] 357[2] 358[1]: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 354[8] 727[16] 729[15] 731[10] 732[1] 733[7]: see also 357[5] 358[13] 360[14] 361[10] 362[7] 366[13]: for his genealogy, see 357[2]

زُوَيْلَة a woman mentioned in a verse by ʿUmar ibn Laja' 487[9]

زَيْد الخَيْل ancestor of ʿUtba ibn Salmā 471[7]

زَيْد بن عَبْد الحَرِث بن ضِرار at the Battle of Ghaul 387[13]

زِياد بن ابيه 79[12] 112[8], called also زِياد بن ابى سُفْيان 125[12] 607[16] 635[10] 790[17], and زِياد بن حَرْب 620[7]: fled from al-Baṣra in the time of the Caliph ʿAlī, after having been appointed governor by ʿAbdallāh ibn ʿAbbās 125[12] seq.: his persecution of al-Farazdaḳ 607[15] (= 684[3]) 607[16] seq. (cf. 635[10] seq.) 609[15] seq. 616[2] seq.: was appointed governor of the Ḥijāz by Muʿāwiya 620[10] seq.: his death and the verses composed on the subject 620[14] seq.: see also 724[12] 725[15] 790[17]

زِياد بن الأَشْيَم بن وَرْد [الجَعْدى] at the court of Muʿāwiya 716[14]

زِياد الأَعْجَم [i. e. زياد بن سَلْمان, see Aghānī XIV 102[8]]: satirised by al-Mughīra ibn Ḥabnā 736[5]

زِياد بن ابيه see زِياد بن حَرْب

زِياد بن الحَرِث see مَرْثَد بن الحَرِث

زِياد بن الحَرِث بن عَمْرو العَسّانى, called فارِس مَرْدود 195[5]: slain by the Ḍabba at Buzākha, together with his brother Muḥarriḳ 195[1] seq. (cf. 189[17] 193[3])

زِياد بن زَيْر [دُبَيْر] الأَسَدى at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[20]

زِياد بن ابيه see زِياد بن ابى سُفْيان

زِياد الأَعْجَم see زِياد بن سُلَيْمان

زِياد بن عَبْد الرَّحْمن [الأَزْدى] said to have slain Ṣāliḥ the brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 361[7]

زِياد بن عِلاقَة الثَّعْلبيّ cited by al-Kalbī on the authority of al-Mufaḍḍal ibn Muḥammad 75[3] [see Ṭabarī I 1086[12]]

زِياد بن عَمْرو بن الأَشْرَف العَنَكيّ, called ابن الكِرْمانيّ 751[7]: his genealogy 737[11]: became leader of the Yemenite party at al-Baṣra after the murder of Mas'ūd ibn 'Amr *ibid.* seq.: supported the Umayyads on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 1091[1] 1092[1]

النّابِغَة الذُّبْيانيّ see زِياد بن عَمْرو بن مُعاوِيَة

زِياد بن هَوْبَر leader of the Taghlib in their war with the Ḳaisites in the reign of 'Abd-al-Malik 1038[7]

عُبَيْد الله بن زِياد see ابن زِياد

ذَوّاد الكَعْبيّ see ابو زِياد

بنو زِياد i. e. the descendants of Ziyād ibn 'Abdallāh ibn Sufyān al-'Absī (see 88[13]) 90[12 17] 95[6] 194[13]

زَيْد مَناة بن تَميم see زَيْد بن تَميم

زَيْد الفَوارِس see زَيْد بن حُصَيْن بن ضِرار

زَيْد الخَيْل [i. e. زَيْد بن مُهَلْهِل الطّائيّ, see Aghānī XVI 47 seq.]: verses cited 752[8] seq.

زَيْد بن رِباح ancestor of a family of the Yarbū' 150[3]

زَيْد بن سَوْدَة بن شَريك [الشَّيْبانيّ] captured at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ (or of al-Iyād?) 1069[6]

زَيْد بن عَبْد الله ancestor of a family of the Dārim 498[9] 939[13] (see 45[16] 73[8])

زَيْد بن عَديّ بن زَيْد العِباديّ at the court of the Persian king (Parwēz) 639[5]

زَيْد بن عَمْرو [بن عامِر الضَّبّيّ] an ancestor of 'Āṣim ibn Khalīfa (?) 192[7] (= 236[3])

زَيْد بن عَمْرو بن عُدُس الدّارِميّ slain at the Battle of Jabala 666[13] 671[19] seq.

زَيْد بن عَمْرو بن قَيْس see الأَحْوَص بن عَمْرو بن قَيْس

زَيْد بن الغَوْث clan 140[4] seq.

زَيْد الفَوارِس i. e. زَيْد بن حُصَيْن بن ضِرار الضَّبّيّ 188[15] seq. — for his genealogy, see

that of his grandfather Ḍirār 233[9]: distinguished himself at the Battle of Buzākha 189[18] (cf. 192[16]) 195[3] seq.

زَيْد بن قَيْس 412[8] — read أُرَيْد بن قَيْس (see *Additions and Corrections*)

زَيْد بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة a clan of the Tamīm, included in the Banu-l-ʿAdawīya 186[13]

زَيْد مَناة بن تَميم a group of tribes 325[15], called also زَيْد بن تَميم 452[9] 901[8], and بنو زَيْد 599 notes[2] (var. بَنى بَدْر) 1078[5]

زَيْد بن مُهَلْهِل see زَيْد الخَيْل

زَيْد بن النَّجّار, called زَيْد اليَمامَة 839[4]: a client of the Ḥanīfa and a contemporary of Jarīr 837[1] seq. 838[12] seq. 839[14] seq. 840[4]

زَيْد بن نَهْشَل a clan of the Dārim 187[8] 459[4]

زَيْد اليَمامَة see زَيْد بن النَّجّار

ابن زَيْد see الحُصَيْن بن زَيْد

ابو زَيْد i. e. سَعيد بن أَوْس بن ثابت الأَنْصارِيّ, a contemporary of al-Aṣmaʿī and Abū ʿUbaida: cited 136[14]

بنو زَيْد see زَيْد مَناة بن تَميم

زَيْداء بنت جَرير daughter of the poet 203[14] cf. 1[16] 647[9] 1045[14]: cited by her son, Miṣḥal ibn Kusaib 32[1] 126[9] [the name is sometimes incorrectly written رِبداء 647 notes[1] 1045 notes[4] Jarīr I 26[5], or الرِبداء Aghānī VII 42[26]]

زِنّ بن بِسْطام بن قَيْس الشَّيْبانِيّ 585[15] 806[4] 808[11](?) 809[7] seq. (= 77[11] seq.) 811[9] 816[15](?) 853[10] [this Zīḳ is usually represented as the father of Ḥadrā, but since Ḥadrā was a young woman in the time of al-Ḥajjāj ibn Yūsuf (819[8] seq.) she can scarcely have been a granddaughter of the pre-Islamic hero Bisṭām]

زِنّ بن زِنّ [بن بِسْطام] 811[10] (cf. 811[9]), a Christian 821[4], and father of Ḥadrā who was married to al-Farazdaḳ 548[8] 806[1] 818[7] seq. 819[2] 821[3] 829[1]: see also 853[10]

ابن زِنّ 811[9] — see the foregoing

ابو زِنّ see بِسْطام بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود

زَيْنَب a woman mentioned by Jarīr 961[8] 963[1]

زَيْنَب بنت جَرِير الشَّاعِر 843 notes[3]

زَيْنَب بنت جَزْء بن سَعْد [الرِّيَاحِيّة] captured by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at Irāb 1038[7] (but see 703[6])

زَيْنَب بنت حِمْيَرِيّ بن الحَرِث الرِّيَاحِيّة captured at Irāb 473[10] seq. (= 703[3]) 474[16] seq.

زَيْنَب [الدَّارِمِيّة] captured by al-Ma'mūr al-Ḥārithī 600[12] 939[12] seq.

زَيْنَا (?) perhaps the name of a camel 534[2]

س

سَارَة *Sarah*, mentioned by Jarīr 994[14]

السَّاطِرُون بن السَّيْطَرُون 299[1] (= اسبيطرون بن السّاطرون 885[4])

سالِم بن رَبِيعَة بن الحَرِث [الثَّعْلَبِيّ] 905[4]

سالِم بن كَعْب بن عَمْرو الشَّيْبَانِيّ at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 453[17] (= 1074[13])

أُمّ سالِم a woman mentioned by Jarīr 394[13]

السَّامِرِيّ the maker of the Golden Calf 165[17] 331[6]

سَبَل a mare 30[14]

سُبَيْع بن الخطيم التَّيْمِيّ a contemporary of ʿUyaina ibn Ḥiṣn 1068[3]

سُبَيْع [بن شُبَيْف الشَّيْبَانِيّ?] 1069[10] — but see the parallel passage 585[16]

سُبَيْع بن عَمْرو of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Saʿd ibn Dhubyān: lived at the time of the War of Dāḥis 93[10] seq. 101[6]: see also 238[15] (?)

بنو سُبَيْع a family of the Tamīm: according to 1097[2] they were a subdivision of the Banū Ṭuhayya, but this does not agree with 415[13]

السَّحَاب a she-camel 905[9] seq.

سَاحَمَة a clan of the Bajīla 660[3]

سَحَيْم a slave of Ghālib ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 417[1] seq.

سُحَيْم بن حَفْص see عامِر بن حَفْص

سُحَيْم بن وَثيل الرِّياحيّ, called ابنُ وَثيل 826[16]: competed with Ghālib ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a in the slaughtering of camels at Ṣau'ar in the reign of 'Uthmān 414[1] seq. (= 625[11] seq. 1070[6] seq.) cf. 179[4] 580[4] 953[6] 999[13] seq.: his verses cited 337[15] 485[4] seq. 589[5] seq. (= 1080[7] seq.): see also 484[6] seq.

[الْعُشَيْرِيّ] ابو سحيمة بن قُرَّة at the Battle of Ḳārat Ahwā (= al-Ḳuwaira) 405[18]

[النَّكْرِيّ] سَدوس بن شَيْبان بن ثَعْلَبَة went on an embassy to the King of Yemen shortly before the Battle of Khazāzā 1094[1] seq.

سُرافَة العُسَميّ one of the Banu-l-Mu'tamm ibn Ḳuṭai'a: said to have been concerned in bringing about the War of Dāḥis 86[12]

[بن مِرْداس] سُرافَة [see Ibn Duraid 282[16] seq.], called البارِقيّ 966[17], and ابنُ البارِقيّ 1015[15]: a poet and an enemy of Jarīr 967[1] 1014[10] 1015[16]

سَرْجِس or سِرْجِس 820[5 14], called ابو كَعْب 819[9] 820[5] seq.: an official under al-Ḥajjāj ibn Yusuf *ibid.*

مارِ سَرْجِس i. e. *Saint Sergius* 904[8 11]

سَرِيّ بن عُدُس بن زَيْد الدّارِميّ a brother of Zurāra ibn 'Udus 958[13]

أُمّ سِرْباح a woman mentioned in a poem by Darrāj ibn Zur'a 931[3]

سُرَيْج الأَسَديّ of the Banū Mu'riḍ ibn 'Amr: gave his name to a kind of sword (سُرَيْجِيّة) 56[12] 65[11]

سريع بن عَمْرو التَّغْلبيّ, called ابو اللَّحّام 458[2], of the clan Tha'laba ibn Bakr ibn Ḥubaib: his verses on the First Battle of al-Kulāb 458[4] seq.

سَعْد بن بَكْر a tribe included in the Hawāzin 660[1]

سَعْد بن جُشَم ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 452[15] (= 1073[14])

سَعْد بن ذُبْيان a group of clans, of whom the Tha'laba ibn Sa'd were the most important 103[1] seq. (see 75[5])

سَعْد بن زُهَيْر التَّغْلبيّ see الوَحيد

سَعْد بن زَيْد مَنَاة one of the principal tribes of the Tamīm: full name mentioned by Jarīr 980[6], and by al-Farazdaḳ 1028[12]: called also سَعْد بن زَيْد 326[18], 741[3], سَعْد بن تَزِيد 615[2], سَعْدُ السُّعود 911[5], and العِزّ 148[15] 636[13]: their mythical ancestor represented as one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[5], and as an ancestor of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 657[7] seq. 1064[9] seq.: fought at the First Battle of al-Kulāb as the allies of the Taghlib in support of Salama ibn al-Ḥārith 452[10] (= 1073[10]) 453[6] cf. 1034[1]: refused to take part in the Battle of Jabala 657[7] seq.: defeated the Shaibān at Jadūd 145[2] seq. (cf. 326[13] seq.) 325[16] 710[7] seq.: fought as the allies of the Ribāb against the Madhḥij (Second Battle of al-Kulāb) 149[13] 150[9] seq. 151[1] seq. 153[7] cf. 448[8] 601[1]: sided with the Ribāb against the Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik and the ʿAmr ibn Tamīm 258[1] seq.: supported ʿAlī ibn Abī Ṭalib 717[7]: their feud with the Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik in the time of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 351[5] cf. 365[15] seq.: eulogised by Jarīr 225[2] 247[10] 448[5] 483[9] 599[7] seq. 689[7] seq. 980[6] seq. 1036[12], and by al-Farazdaḳ 571[1] 872[11] 911[5] seq. 1028[12] seq. (cf. 398[4] seq. 544[5] 593 notes [5] 596[3] 690[16] 708[15] 777[17] 1036[7]): see also 26[10] 98[6] 113[12] 116[16] 144[16] 305[2] 312[3] 323[18] (?) 336[1] 386[5] 419[14] seq. 458[13] (= 1077[13]) 466[14] 483[11] 575[11] (cf. 599[10]) 576[6] 591[9] 599[1] 615[1] 661[6] 707[5] 751[12] 860[4] 883[14] seq. 893[3] 901[11] 959[14] 980[4] 1016[17] seq. 1021[12] 1025[7] seq 1034[5] 1040[2] 1068[4] 1088[2]

سَعْد بن صَعْب النَّهْشَلِيّ slain by Mirbaʿ ibn Waʿwaʿa in the time of ʿUmar ibn al-Khattāb 1098[5] seq. (cf. 1099[10]) — for his genealogy, see 513[17]

سَعْد بن صبا الأَسَدِيّ, called ابنُ صبا 532[3] seq. (text doubtful): placed himself under the protection of the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb and was slain by the Banū Abī Bakr *ibid.*

سَعْد بن ضَبَّة a group of clans, including the Bakr ibn Saʿd and the Thaʿlaba ibn Saʿd 148[10] 243[13] 746[14] 901[9]

سَعْد بن عَدِيّ see عارِف

سَعْدُ العَشيرَة group of clans, a subdivision of the Madhḥij 151[9] 156[3] 469[9]

سَعْد بن فُلْتَخس الشَّيْبانيّ, called ابنُ فُلْتَخس 54[9]: one of the Banū Asʿad ibn Hammām, captured at the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 51[12] (but see notes [3] and the parallel passage 784[16])

سَعْد بن مالك بن زَيْد مَنَاة clan 901[11] (var. سَعْد بن مالك من بنى أَسَد بن خُزَيْمَة notes [4])

سَعْد بن مالك بن ضُبَيْعَة a clan of the Ḳais ibn Thaʿlaba 305[11] 1034[8]

سَعْد بن نَجْد الأَزْدِيّ 358[17]: took part in slaying Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[7] 363[10] seq.

سَعْدُ عُذَيْم ancestor of certain clans included in the Ḳuḍāʿa 75⁸

سَعْد بن زَيْد مَنَاة see سَعْد بن يَزيد

(1) سَعْد ابن جَزْء see سَعْد بن سَعْد

(2) سَعْد ابن 362¹⁰ — see foot-note

السَّعْدان i. e. the tribes of Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt and Saʿd ibn Mālik (?) 901⁵ — cf. 148³

سَعْدان بن المُبارَك (see *Introduction* p. XI), called ابو عُثْمان 372¹⁰ 811⁴ 901¹ *et passim:* cited for the text of the *Nakāʾiḍ* 296¹⁰ 378¹² 556¹¹ 744¹³ 871¹ 921¹¹ 998⁵: cites Abū ʿUbaida 157¹³ 353¹⁹ 365¹⁴ 396¹⁴ 403⁶ 404¹⁰ 407¹⁷ 414² seq. 419⁴ 421¹⁰ 422¹⁶ 427⁷ ¹³ 434¹¹ 450⁵ 462⁵ 475⁸ 482³ 494⁴ 556¹¹ 561³ 565⁷ seq. 580¹⁴ seq. 587⁶ 594¹⁴ 623⁷ seq. 638¹³ 639¹ 713¹⁵ 740²⁰ seq. 743¹⁷ 744⁸ ¹³ 750¹³ seq. 753¹ 790⁸ 803⁵ 807¹⁴ 811⁴ seq. 879¹¹ 905³ 907⁸ 918¹¹ 941¹ 960⁴: cites al-Aṣmaʿī 11⁷ 182² 215¹³ seq. 323⁵ 334⁷ 352⁹ ¹⁷ 382⁵ 427⁷ 430⁴ 434¹¹ 445² 450⁵ 550⁶ 565⁷ seq. 584⁵ 623⁷ seq. 630¹⁴ 744⁸ ¹³ 747¹⁴ 775¹² 879¹¹ 892⁵ 960⁸: cites al-Kisāʾī 215¹³ seq. 623⁶: cites Abū ʿAmr ash-Shaibānī 372¹⁰ 554⁷ seq. (?): cites al-Ḥirmāzī 395¹⁰: cites Abu-l-Wathīḳ 408¹⁷: cites the *Kitāb-al-Muʿāḳarāt* 414¹: cites Ḥusain, the *rāwiya* of Jarīr, on the authority of Abū ʿUṭārid 430⁹: cites ʿUmāra ibn ʿAḳīl 430¹⁸: cites Umm Ṣubaiḥ al-Kilābīya 641⁸: cites Abu-l-Ḥasan al-Madāʾinī 749⁴ 750¹: see also 451¹⁴ 598⁶ 809¹⁶ 822¹ 852¹² 892⁴ 997⁸

عُثْمان بن سَعْدان see ابن سَعْدان

سِعْر بن كعاف prevented the Saʿd and the Rıbāb from making war on the Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik and the ʿAmr ibn Tamīm 258⁴ seq.

ابو زَيْد سَعيد بن أَوْس بن ثابت الأَنْصارِيّ see

سَعيد بن جُبَيْر took part in the rebellion of Ibn al-Ashʿath 412 notes ⁵

سَعيد بن خالِد الرِّباحِيّ cited by Abū ʿUbaida 417²⁰ 753²: cites Ḳatāda [ibn Diʿāma] 403¹⁴: see also 369⁵

سَعيد بن العاص بن سَعيد [الأُمَوِيّ] governor of Medina in the time of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 619³ seq. cf. 607 notes ⁴

سَعيد بن عَبْد العَزيز بن الحَرِث [الأُمَوِيّ] made governor of Khurāsān after the death of Yazīd ibn al-Muhallab 363³

(1) ابو سَعيد see المُهَلَّب بن ابى صُفْرَة

(2) ابو سَعيد see السُّكَّرِيّ

ابـو سَعيد السّـيرافيّ i. e. الحَسَن بـن عَبْد الله: his copy of the *Naḳā'iḍ* cited 17⁵ [perhaps السّيرافيّ is here a mistake for السُّكَّرِيّ]

سَعْبَر بن سُفْيَانَ السَّلِيطِيّ was robbed of his camels by Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī before the Battle of Ḳushāwa 19⁵ 23⁶

السُّغْد see الصُّغْد

سَلَمَةُ بن خالِد السَّقّاح الثَّعْلَبِيّ see السَّقّاح

السَّقْعاء بنت غَنْم الباهِلِيَّة of the Banū Ḳutaiba ibn Ma'n: ancestress of certain clans of the Yarbū' 305²

سُفْيَان [بن أُمَيَّة القُرَشِيّ] 1018³

سُفْيَان بن حارِثَة [var. حارِبَة] المَرْثُومِيّ at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 457¹⁵

سُفْيَان [بن سَعد] الثَّوْرِيّ 740⁹ [died A.H. 161, see Ibn Ḳutaiba M. 250⁵]

سُفْيَان بن مُجاشِع بن دارِم an ancestor of al-Farazdaḳ 127⁴, and of al-Ba'īth 132¹⁴: his mother Sharāfi bint Bahdala 452² 461¹⁷: his wife Tumāḍir bint 'Ilbā and her children 772¹⁴ seq.: made peace between al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā, king of al-Ḥīra, and al-Ḥārith ibn 'Amr al-Kindī 267⁷ seq.: fought on the side of the Taghlib at the First Battle of al-Kulāb, where six of his sons were slain 453¹⁴ seq. (= 1074¹⁰ seq.) cf. 289⁵ 451¹³ 452³ seq.: see also 137¹² seq. 187⁴ 265¹⁵ 438¹⁰ 769⁷ 1096¹⁸

[ابو سُفْيَان [بن أُمَيَّة القُرَشِيّ] 1018³

مُعَوِيَة بن أبي سُفْيَان بن حَرْب see ابن أبي سُفْيَان

سُفَيْنَة mother of al-Aḳ'as ibn Ḍamḍam al-Mujāshi'ī and his brother Hubaira 80¹¹

السُّكَّرِيّ i. e. الحَسَن بن الحُسَيْن 1³ 1054⁸: called ابو سَعيد 272², probably also 186¹ 192 notes⁶ 233¹ 294¹³ 301 notes² 322⁸ 332¹ 376⁸ 518⁶ 561¹⁴ 607¹³ 638⁶: see 39¹¹ 576 notes¹³ and *Introduction* p. XI

سُكَيْن بن الحُرّ putative father of Ḳufaira, mother of Ṣa'ṣa'a ibn Nājiya 219⁵

سُكَيْنَة بنت الحُتّات بن بَزِيد, called بنت الحُتّات 322¹ 937¹² (with variants): relative of al-Farazdaḳ, mentioned contemptuously by Jarīr 322¹ seq. (cf. 1053⁸)

سُكَيْنَةُ بنت الحُسَيْن (granddaughter of the Caliph ʿAlī) originally called آمِنَةُ 1089[6]: married to Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair *ibid.*

سَلَّام بن ابى خَبْرَة cited by Abū ʿUbaida 734[10]: cites al-Ḥasan [ibn Abi-l-Ḥasan al-Baṣrī] 734[16] seq.

سَلامَةُ بن جَنْدَلٍ السَّعْدِيّ his poems on the Battle of Jadūd 147[5] seq. 148[8] seq.

سَلامَةُ بن ضَرْب بن نمر الحِمّانِيّ joined with Ḳais ibn ʿĀṣim al-Minḳarī in making a raid against the Bakr ibn Wā'il (Battle of an-Nibāj and Thaital) 1023[12] seq.

سَلامَةُ بن كَنْدَة ancestor of a family of the clan ʿAbdallāh ibn Dārim 309[7]

سَلْمُ الطَّعامة see شَتَّة بن عِفال بن صَعْصَعَة

السُّلَكَة a negress, mother of the poet Sulaik 372[9]

سَلْم بن زياد بن ابيه his encounter with ʿAbdallāh ibn Khāzim at Abrashahr 372 notes[3] [Wüstenfeld, *Register*, has "Salam", but see Ṭabarī II 391[19]]

السَّلَمات (*sic leg.*) certain clans of the tribe of Ḳushair 1066[1] [see Mubarrad 95[2] 96[2]]

سَلَمَةُ بن ثُمامَة بن سَيْف السَّلْبطِيّ a contemporary of Jarīr 31[15]

سَلَمَةُ بن الحُرّ بن عَمْرو الكِنْدِيّ, called سَلَمَةُ العَلْقاء (?) 448[14]. made war upon his brother Shuraḥbīl and overthrew him at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 452[10] seq. (= 1073[9] seq.)

سَلَمَةُ بن خالد الثَّعْلبِيّ, called السَّقّاح [see Ibn Duraid 203[16]] 266[12] 454[7] (= 1075[2]) 457[12] seq. 460[10] 1094[14] seq.: his genealogy 454[7] (with variants 1075[3] 1094[14]): was leader of the Taghlib at the First Battle of al-Kulāb *ibid.*: at the Battle of Khazāzā 1094[14]: his verses cited 454[9] (= 1075[5]) 457[13] seq. 457[19] seq. 1095[4] seq.

سَلَمَةُ بن الخُرْشُب الأَنْمارِيّ author of a verse cited 514[5]

سَلَمَةُ بن ذُؤَيْب بن عَبْد الله الرِّياحِيّ his genealogy 723[7]: urged the people of al-Baṣra to submit to Ibn az-Zubair 723[4] seq.: see also 113[14] (= 731[17] seq) 118[7] (= 972[4]) 738[5]

سَلَمَةُ [بن فُشَيْر] clan 406[12] (cf. 404[10])

سَلْمَى a woman celebrated by Jarīr (said to be his wife 500[8]) 7[8] seq. 60 notes[1] 500[6] 501[8] 706[7] 754[9] — see سُلَيْمَى.

سَلْمَى بن جَنْدَل بن نَهْشَل, called الْمُجَبِّر 462[1] 698[17] 948[1] 949[2] (see 948[3] seq.): connected with the Mujāshi' through his mother Khumā'a 948[3]: a contemporary of al-Farazdaḳ's great-grandmother Ḳufaira, who is said to have been a slave of Salmā 427[10r] (= 767[9]) 767[7]: see also 390[12] 462[2] 771[10] 948[14] (?) 955[10]

[الطُّهَوِيَّة] سَلْمَى a woman mentioned by Jarīr 434[10]: of her history there are two conflicting accounts 434[11] seq. 437[4] seq. (cf. 434 notes[2] seq.)

سَلْمَى بنت عَدِيّ بن رَبِيعَة التَّغْلِبِيَّة mother of Abū Ḥanash and Dhu-s-sunaina 455[5] (= 1075[16])

سَلْمَى بن مالك of the Banū Ja'far ibn Kilāb 226[12]: a contemporary of the poet Labīd 535[4] seq.: present at the Battle of Jabala 668[2] seq. 669[9]

سَلْمَى بنت مِحْصَن الطُّهَوِيَّة wife of Abjar ibn Jābir 47[14] seq. (= 782[5] seq.)

سَلْمَى بنت الْمُحَلَّق captured at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[19]: her verses on the occasion 242[6] seq.

سَلْمَى الْيَرْبُوعِيَّة wife of Abū Suwāj 1059[8] cf. 209[2]

(1) ابْنُ سَلْمَى 455[19] (= 1076[12]) — see ابو حَنَش

(2) ابْنُ سَلْمَى 1078[12] — see سُرَحْبِيل بن الْحَرِث بن عمرو

ابو سَلْمَى of the Banū Harmī ibn Riyāḥ: at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 457[15]

ابْنا ابى سَلْمَى i. e. the poet Zuhair ibn Abī Sulmā and his son Ka'b 201[3] 1048[2]

سَلْمَهُمْ (var. سِلْمِهِمْ) name of two clans, one of which was included in the Khath'am and the other in the Madhḥij 53[8] [as to the vocalisation, see Yāḳūt V 47[23] (note on I 398[16]), Ibn Duraid 242[14], Lisān XV 194[18]]

سَلِيط بن ذُهَيْل brother of the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 25[8]

سَلِيط بن سَعْد بن مَعْدان a descendant of 'Amīra ibn Ṭarīḳ 784[18]: cited as a historical authority by Abū 'Ubaida 313[8] 316[16] 581[10] 583[16] 644[2] 647[5] 781[16]

سَلِيط بن فَتَك النَّهْدِيّ slain at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 154[19] seq.

سَلِيط بن يَرْبُوع (so called 47[6] 326[4]) a clan said to be descended from Kaʿb ibn al-Ḥārith ibn Yarbūʿ 2[1]: included in the *Aḥmāl* 305[1]: raided by the Ḳais-ʿAilān at Sūfa 13[13]: made a treaty with al-Ḥaufazān who afterwards planned an attack upon them 326[4] seq.: satirised by Mālik ibn Nuwaira 22[4] seq., and by Jarīr 3[1] seq. 4[4] seq. 8[17] 9[12] seq. 15[15] 29[1] seq.: see also 7[3] 19[5] seq. 25[10] 27[17] 30[7] seq. 31[1] 32[14] 159[1] 581[5]

ابن سَلِيط cited by Abū ʿUbaida 473[15], see 703[9]

سُلَيْك بن السُّلَكَة poet, one of the أَعْرَبَة العَرَب 372[9] [see Ibn Ḳutaiba Sh. 213 seq., Aghānī XVIII 133 seq.]

بِشْر بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود see السَّلِيل

سُلَيْم بن مَنْصور (so called 392 notes[3] 903[2] 907[1] cf. 403[9]) tribe: defeated by Jaḥsh ibn ʿUthmān al-Māzinī at ad-Dafīna (= ad-Dathīna) 391[17] seq.: see also 129[11] 278[3] 303[11] 401[8] 403[6] seq. 419[11] 446[13] 522[8] 539[8] 609[17] 611[17] 670[19] 673[14] 716[16] 725[8] 903[1]

سُلَيْمان *Solomon*, mentioned by Jarīr 994[15]

سُلَيْمان الضَّبِّيّ wounded Ṣāliḥ, brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 361[6]

سُلَيْمان بن عَبْد الله [بن عَبْد الله] بن الحُرّ 726[20]

سُلَيْمان بن عَبْد المَلِك the Caliph: the attempt of his brother al-Walīd to deprive him of the throne 351[15] 353[6]: the date of his accession 353[8]: his oration at ʿArafāt against the Tamīm and the intervention of al-Farazdaḳ 366[3] seq. 371[4]: his slaughter of the Byzantine prisoners at Medina 383[7] seq. cf. 590[11] 967[9]: see also 342 notes[20] 343[4] 363[13] 376[11] 400[1] seq. 939[2]

(1) سُلَيْمَى a woman celebrated by Jarīr 174[6] 250[10] 500[9 15] 1031[7] — see سَلْمَى

(2) سُلَيْمَى a woman mentioned by al-Muʿaḳḳir ibn Aus 676[8]

سَماعَة بن عَمْرو بن عَمْرو الدّارِمِيّ slew his maternal uncle, of the tribe of ʿAbs, in vengeance for his father, ʿAmr ibn ʿAmr ibn ʿUdus 670[3] seq.

سَمّال a family of the Sulaim 278[4], descendants of السَّمّال بن عَوْف بن امْرِئ القَيْس an ancestor of ʿAbdallāh ibn Khāzim 399[13]

سَمُرَة a slave whose name became proverbial 10[7] seq.

سَمُرَة بن عَمْرو بن قُرْط العَنْبَرِيّ, called سُمَيْرَة by Jarīr 484[1] seq.: an official under ʿUthmān ibn ʿAffān, who had a quarrel with the Yarbūʿ 484[5] seq. (var. نُمَيْلَة notes[5])

سَمَّى بن زِياد بن نَهيك الهِلالِيّ slain at the Battle of al-Watida (= al-Watidāt) 389[5] and notes[10] seq.

سَمَّى [بن مازِن] a family of the Fazāra 101[9] (see 101[1] seq.)

سُمَيْرَة see سَمُرَة بن عمرو بن قُرْط

سَمَيْدَع بن ناكور الكَلاعِيّ went on an embassy to ʿUmar ibn al-Khattāb, and was afterwards slain fighting for Muʿāwiya at Ṣiffīn 46[9] seq.

السَّمين الحَنَفِيّ a contemporary of Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 99[1] seq.

ابن سُمَيَّة i. e. Salm ibn Ziyād ibn Abīhi 372 notes[4], Sumayya being his paternal grandmother

سِنان بن ابي حارِثَة المُرِّيّ remonstrated with Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr 92[19]: his retreat after the Battle of Jabala 674[3] seq. 675[1] seq.

سِنان بن خالِد المِنْقَرِيّ, called الأَشَدّ 324[4] 855[12] 856[6] 893[5] (= 856[8]) 937[9]: grandfather of Sinān ibn Sumayy (see below) 752[9] 855[11]

سِنان بن سُمَيّ بن سِنان المِنْقَرِيّ, called الأَعْتَم 152[10] seq. 153[2] seq. 258[6] 326[20] 349[15] 371[2] 1024[1] seq. 1065[5] seq., and ابن الأَشَدّ after his grandfather 856[5] 1023[9]: his genealogy 371[2]: at the Battle of Jadūd 145[4] seq. (= 326[20] seq.): at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 152[10] seq.: at the Battle of an-Nibāj and Thaital 1024[1] seq.

سِنان بن عَمْرو الدّارِمِيّ of the Banū Salāma ibn Kinda: captured at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 309[7]

سِنان بن ماجِد of the clan Taim-ar-Ribāb: was regarded by some as the author of certain verses reproaching the Shaibān with their ungrateful conduct after the Battle of Naḳa-l-Ḥasan 236[11]

سَهْم الأَسَدِيّ an Islamic poet, to whom are ascribed two verses relating to the Battle of an-Nisār 241[9] 245[4]

أبو سُوَاج i. e. عَبّاد بن خَلَف الضَّبّيّ 1059[5]: had a quarrel with Ṣurad ibn Jamra al-Yarbu'ī and played a trick upon him which became proverbial 206[8] seq. (cf. 1059[5] seq.), see also 166 notes [1] 622[11]: his verses cited 206[13] seq. 208[7] seq. 209[1] seq. 1059[11]

سَوادَة mentioned in a verse by al-Farazdaḳ 535[19], and said to be a nephew of Jawwāb (i. e Mālik ibn Ka'b of the Banū Abī Bakr ibn Kilāb) 536[1] 678[18]

سَوادَة بن يَزيد [var. زَيْد] العِجْلىّ a cousin of Abjar [ibn Jābir] 784[15]: captured at the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ 51[10] (= 784[15]): verses by 'Amīra ibn Ṭariḳ reproaching him with ingratitude 57[6] seq.

سَوّار بن حَبّان المِنْقَرىّ his verses on the death of Mas'ūd ibn 'Amr 117[4] seq.: his verses boasting of victories gained over the Bakr ibn Wā'il 146[15] seq. (= 328[12] seq.)

سَوّار بن سَعيد الجَرْمىّ cited by an informant of Abū 'Ubaida as to what occurred at al-Baṣra after the flight of 'Ubaidallāh ibn Ziyād 726[14]

سُوَيد بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة ابو ancestor of a family included among the Banū Ṭuhayya 183[16] (= 434[8] 463[1] 958[8]) 711[11] 919[2]

سُوَيْر الدِّئْب of the clan Mālik ibn Sa'd [ibn Zaid-Manāt]: his verses on the death of Mas'ūd ibn 'Amr 737[4] seq.

سُوَيْد بن الحَوْفَران بن شَريك الشَّيْبانىّ captured at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ (or of al-Iyād?) 1069[5], and again at Dhū Ṭulūḥ 51[12] (var. شَرِيك 784[16]) cf. 58[18]

سُوَيْد بن رَبيعَة بن زَيْد of the clan 'Abdallāh ibn Dārim: slew a son of the king of al-Ḥīra, 'Amr ibn al-Mundhir 653[3] seq. (in the parallel passage 1084[1] seq. the king is al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā)

سُوَيْد بن زُهَيْر بن حُرَيْث, called ابن الطَّوبلة التَّيْمىّ 462[14] seq.: showed hospitality to Ḥājib ibn Zurāra at a time of famine 463[5] seq. cf. 973[12] [462[14] implies that Suwaid belonged to the Bakr ibn Wā'il, but 462[16] seq. represents him as a descendant of Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala]

سُوَيْد بن شَريك الشَّيْبانىّ brother of al-Ḥaufazān: retreated, with 300 horsemen, before the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ (or of al-Iyād?) 1069[2] seq.

سُوَيْد بن شِهاب بن عَبْد قَيْس اليَرْبوعىّ uncle of 'Utaiba ibn al-Ḥārith: slew Bishr ibn 'Abd 'Amr 637[14] 1019[13]: see also 73[3] (text doubtful)

سُوَيْد بن ابى كاهل [اليَشْكُرى] his verses cited 557[3] 643[14] [for his genealogy, see Aghānī XI 171[7] seq.]

سُوَيْد بن كُراع العُكْلى asked the mother of Jarīr in marriage 205[13]

سُوَيْد بن مَنْجوف السَّدوسى a supporter of the Umayyads at al-Baṣra on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 1091[2] 1092[5]

سُوَيْدَة see قُنَيْدَة بنت صَعْصَعَة

سُوَيْط see 189[2] 238[4] 445[14]

السَّبابِجَة a tribe of Indian origin, identified with the *Zuṭṭ* 115[14], but elsewhere distinguished from them 738[5]

سَيّار بن عَمْرو بن جابِر [الفَزارى] 108[10] cf. 101[1]

ابن سَيّار see يَزيد بن حَنْظَلَة بن نَعْلَبَة

ابو سَيّار mentioned in a verse by al-Farazdaḳ, apparently as an enemy of the poet 331[10] — see 331[12] and notes [1]

بنو سَيّار apparently a subdivision of the Banū Subai[c] 1097[8]

ابو سَيّارَة see عُمَيْلَة بن الأَعْزَل

السَّيِّد ancestor of a family of the Ḍabba, relatives of al-Farazdaḳ through his mother 188[9] 233[8] 324[4] 1040[4], cf. 198[17] 924[12]

ابو سَعيد السِّيرافى see السِّيرافى

اسيطرون see السَّيْطرون

ش

شَأْس بن ابى بُلَّى الأَسَدى poet: called ابو عَمْرو 661[19]: present at the Battle of Jabala 661[19] seq.: verse cited 664[6]

شَأْس بن نَهار see المُمَزَّق العَبْدى

شاغِر a stallion camel 234[17]

شَبَث بن رِبْعِيّ بن الحُصَيْن الرِّياحيّ his genealogy 399[11] 466[3]: his interview with Ziyād ibn Abīhi 617[11]: see also 399[8] (= 426[16]) 466[2] 896[5]

شَبَّة بن عِقال بن صَعْصَعَة المُجاشعيّ, called by Jarīr سَلْح النَّعامَة 323[18]: his genealogy 907[9] seq.: married Jiʿthin, the sister of al-Farazdaḳ 855[4] seq.: was celebrated for his eloquence 324[1] cf. 696[10]: appealed to al-Farazdaḳ for help against the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 907[11] seq.: see also 855[3] 858[10] seq. 937[4]

ابن شَبَّة see عِقال بن شَبَّة بن عِقال

شَبيب بن شَيْبَة الخَطيب 342 notes[18] cf. 350[15]

ابو شَبيب see شَيْبَة بن عَبْد الله

شُتَيْر بن خالِد بن نُفَيْل الكِلابيّ slain by the Ḍabba at the Battle of Ghaul 387[6] 388[8]

شُتَيْرة apparently identical with the foregoing 193 notes[3]

شجار بن ثُمامَة بن سَبُع السَّليطيّ a contemporary of Jarīr 31[15]

الشَّحاج a he-ass 3[6]

شَحْث بن مُرَّة بن زَوِيّ an ancestor of ʿUtba ibn Salmā an-Nahdī 471[7]

شدّاد بن عُبَيْد بن ثَعْلَبَة ancestor of a family of the Yarbūʿ 759 notes[2]

شَدّاد بن [عَمْرو بن] مُعاوِيَة العَبْسيّ for his genealogy, see 419[17] 421[14]: present at the death of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 95[8] seq.: his verses on the occasion 97[11] seq.

ابو شَدّاد الفُشَيْريّ (var. ابو الشداند 434 notes[3]) said to have slain a woman named Salmā who had satirised him 437[4]

شَراحيل بن عُدُس بن زَيْد الدّارِميّ 772[16] 958[14]

شَراحيل بن عَمْرو بن الجَوْن الكِنْديّ 407[2]

شَراف بنت بَهْدَلَة بن عَوْف [السَّعْديّة] (also called شَراف بنت عَوْف 772[18]) mother of Sufyān ibn Mujāshiʿ 452[2] 461[17] 958[12]

شِرْحاف بن المُثَلَّم الصَّبّيّ of the clan ʿĀʾidha ibn Mālik: slew ʿUmāra ibn Ziyād al-ʿAbsī 193[4 17] 194[6] seq.

شُرَحْبِيلُ بن الحَارِث بن عَمْرو الكِنْدِيّ made war upon his brother Salama and was slain at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 452[8] seq. (= 1073[8] seq.) cf. 448[14] seq. 693[15] 887[9] seq. — in one passage he appears to be called ابنُ سَلْمَى 1078[12] (text doubtful)

الشَّرْفِيّ بن القُطَامِيّ [i. e. الوَلِيد بن القُطَامِيّ بن الحُصَيْن, Ṭabarī II 1389[9]]: cited by al-Yarbūʿī as an authority for a statement of al-Kalbī 747[14]: see also 139 notes[3]

بنو الشَّرْفِيّ a family of the Banu-l-Ḳain 670[4]

شُرَيْب بن رَبِيعَة ancestor of a family of the ʿIjl 308[14] 312[8]

شُرَيْح cited as an authority by al-Yarbūʿī 426[11] (text doubtful)

شُرَيْح بن الأَحْوَص الكِلابِيّ at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1061[8] seq. 1063[1]: at the Battle of Jabala 662[6] seq. 667[13] seq.: his verses addressed to Laḳīṭ ibn Zurāra 1064[2] seq.

شُرَيْح بن جُبَيْر of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Saʿd ibn Dhubyān: his verses on the events which followed the War of Dāḥis 107[16] seq.

شُرَيْح [بن الحَارِث الكِنْدِيّ] judge under Ziyād ibn Abīhi 620[14] seq.

شُرَيْح بن الحَارِث اليَرْبُوعِيّ his verses in praise of his tribe 68[16] seq. (but see the parallel passage 300[7] seq.)

شُرَيْح بن عَمْرو بن عَمْرو [الدَّارِمِيّ] slain by the ʿAbs at Aḳrun 679 notes[6]

شُرَيْح بن مالِك الفُقَيْمِيّ was, according to one account, leader of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa at the Battle of an-Nisār, where he was slain 241[5] seq.

شُرَيْح بن وَهْب العَبْسِيّ of the Banū ʿAudh ibn Ghālib: slain by the Yarbūʿ at the Battle of aṣ-Ṣarā'im 337[1] 338[11]: see also 337[8]

(1) ابو شُرَيْح see عَمْرو بن عَمْرو بن عُدُس

(2) ابو شُرَيْح see فِرْوَاش بن هُنَيّ

شَرِيك بن الحَوْفَزَان الشَّيْبَانِيّ captured at the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ 784[16] (the parallel passage 51[12] has سُوَيْد الخ)

شَرِيك العَنْبَرِيّ had an encounter with the Lahāzim immediately after the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 312[19]

شريك بن مالك بن حُذَيْفَة [العَزارِيّ] at the Battle of Jizᶜ Ẓilāl 1067[11]

شُرَيْك بن الهَيْثَم الضّبابيّ slain by the Banū Jaᶜfar ibn Kilāb in the time of Ibn az-Zubair (War of Harāmīt) 928[7]

شُعاعَة a family of the Taim ar-Ribāb 611 notes[5]

شُعْبَة بن عُمَيْر [?قُمَيْر] his verses on the father of al-Farazdaḳ 418[14] seq. (see *Additions and Corrections*)

الشَّعْبيّ i. e. عامر بن شراحيل: took part in the rebellion of Ibn al-Ashᶜath 412 notes[8]

(1) شَعْثاء a woman mentioned by Jarīr 175[5] 632[15]

(2) شَعْثاء a woman mentioned by al-Muᶜaḳḳir ibn Aus 676[7]

ابن شَعْثَم mentioned in a verse of Suḥaim ibn Wathīl as having been present at the Battle of Dhū Najab 589[8]

الشَّعْثَمان i. e. Shaᶜtham ibn Muᶜāwiya and his brother ᶜAbd Shams, two heroes of the tribe of Dhuhl ibn Thaᶜlaba ibn ᶜUkāba 612[4] 720[16]

شَعْرَة apparently a name common among women of the lower classes 691[10]: hence ابن شَعْرَة [بُنَيّ] is used as a term of abuse 223[11] 341[4] 505[13] 590[9] 892[13] 893[3] 935[14] 1016[12] 1037[14]

شِعار بن مالك القُقَيْميّ his encounter with al-Farazdaḳ at al-Ḳubaiba 216[1] seq.

ابو السَّعْب العَبْسيّ his verses on the murder of al-Walīd ibn al-Ḳaᶜḳāᶜ at the tomb of the Caliph Hishām 380[11] seq.

ابن الشَّغور see الأَبْلَق الأَسَيْديّ

الشَّفاء a woman mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 869[6] (see notes[3])

ابن شِعاء المَنافيّ cited by Abū ᶜUbaida 239[11]

شُفار apparently a foreign slave, mentioned by Jarīr 252[18] 864[1] — explained 253[1] as a nickname of the poet al-Baᶜīth

الشَّقْراء name of two mares, one of which belonged to Asīd ibn Ḥinnā'a 582[2] seq., and the other to al-Uḥaimir ibn ᶜAbdallāh 583[7]

شَعْرَةُ بن ربيعَةَ بن ثَعْلَبَةَ ancestor of a family of the Ḍabba 196[1]

الشَّقيقَةُ mother of the Lakhmite king an-Nuʿmān 1073[2] [see Ṭabarī 1 850[16], and G. Rothstein *Die Dynastie der Laḫmiden* (Berlin 1899) p. 65]

شَكَل [بن كَعْب بن الحَرِش] a clan of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 99[6 12] — see 655[2]

الشُّلَيْل nickname of Jābir ibn Mālik, an ancestor of Jarīr ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Bajalī 139[12]

الشَّمّاخ [بن ضِرار الذُّبْيانيّ] poet [see Aghānī VIII 101 seq.]: verse cited 1051[5] — see *Additions and Corrections.*

شَمّاس [بن أَسْوَدَ] الطُّهَوِيّ poet [see Ḥamāsa 255[5]]: his verses addressed to Ḥarrī ibn Ḍamra 945[16] seq., and the reply of the latter 946[12] seq.

ابن شَمْخ see مالك بن حِمار بن حَرْن

ذو الخِرَق الطُّهَوِيّ see شِمْر بن هِلال بن فُرْط

الشَّمَرْدَل بن شَريك اليَرْبوعيّ a poet contemporary with al-Farazdaḳ 375[5]: his verse on the death of his brother al-Ḥakam 282[9] [as to his father's name, see *Additions and Corrections*]

الشَّمَرْذَى of the Banu-l-Waḥīd: a leader of the Taghlib 402[7]: took part in burning the corpses of his fellow-tribesmen after the Battle of al-Bishr 899[12] cf. 402[6] (= 900[1]) 1038[16]: called by Jarīr جَنْبَةُ المُكَوّى 899[6]: his death 899[15]

شَمْس *the Sun-goddess* 141[4]

شَمْعَلَةُ بن الأَخْضَر بن هُبَيْرَة [الضَّبّيّ] his verses on the Battle of Naḳa-l-Ḥasan 236[8] seq.

شُمَيْت بن زِيْباع بن الحَرِث الرِّياحيّ his verses on the defeat of the ʿAbs at aṣ-Ṣarāʾim 338[10] seq.

شَنَيْف بن العَوّام [الشَّيْبانيّ] captured by the Yarbuʿ at the Battle of al-Iyād 584[7] 585[13] seq. (cf. 1069[8] seq.)

شِهاب بن أُبَيّ بن عَبّاس [السُّلَميّ] cited by Abū ʿUbaida 303[9]

شِهاب بن عَبّاد بن فلع بن جَحْدَر (more correctly شِهاب بن جَحْدَر 749[12] 766[12]) of the Ḳais ibn Thaʿlaba: called ابن جَحْدَر 147[8]: slain at the Battle of Jadūd 145[17] seq.

شِهاب بن عَبْد قَيْس اليَرْبوعيّ grandfather of ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith 75[10]: was at the court of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā, king of al-Ḥīra, at the time of the Battle of Tikhfa 67[3] seq.: see also 69[1] (= 300[12]) 300[4] 316[13] 466[2] 1035[5]

شَهْبَرْه بن قَيْس بن مالك ancestor, through his daughter Raḳāshi, of several clans of the Tamīm 752[17] 758[9]

شَهْران a clan of the Khathʿam 469[9] 472[2 9]

شَوْدَب بن عامِر grandfather of al-Jaʿd ibn ash-Shammākh 763[6]

شَيْبان [بن ثَعْلَبَة] one of the principal tribes included in the Bakr ibn Wāʾil: their victory over the Yarbūʿ at Ḥaumal 73[9] seq.: defeated by ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith al-Yarbūʿī near Ṣaḥrā Falj (Battle of al-Ghabīṭ) 75[4] seq. cf. 313[8] seq. 1019[4] 1068[17] seq.: defeated by the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt at Jadūd 326[4] seq. (cf. 144[13] seq.) 710[14]: defeated by the Ḍabba at Naḳa-l-Ḥasan (= Falak al-Amīl, or ash-Shaḳīḳa) 190[3] seq. (= 233[17] seq.) 233[12]: made an unsuccessful attack upon the Yarbūʿ at Dhū Ṭuluḥ 47[12] seq. (= 782[4] seq.) 73[5]: defeated by the Numair and the Ḳushair at Ḳārat Ahwā (= al-Ḳuwaira) 405[5] seq.: distinguished themselves at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 642[15] 643[8] seq. 644[11] seq.: see also 20[8] seq. 54[7] 76[16] 147[16] 148[4] 494[3] 681[2] 686[5] 728[16] 764[8] seq. 811[9] 818[8] seq. 829[8] 897[10] (= 496[5]) 905[9] 956[7] 1000[7] 1020[12] 1024[18]

شَيْبان بن الحَرِث a clan of the Taim-allāt ibn Thaʿlaba, included among the *Akābir* 196[16] 197[16] 1058[1]

شَيْبان بن دِثار النَّمَرِيّ his verses in praise of az-Zibriḳān ibn Badr 714[18] seq.

شَيْبان بن شِهاب بن عَبّاد grandfather of Mālik ibn Mismaʿ 749[12]: mentioned in a verse by al-Aʿshā 749[14]

شَيْبان بن عَلْقَمَة بن زُرارَة [الدّارِميّ] a contemporary of Mālik ibn Nuwaira 258[8] seq.: see also 307[16] 308[4]

شَيْبَة بن عَبْد الله المِنْقَرِيّ, called ابو شَبيب 350[15]: slain by Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 350[14] seq. (cf. 342 notes[18])

ابو شَيْبَة القُرَشيّ ثُمَّ الزُّهْرِيّ cited by al-Yarbūʿī 698[10]

شيروبه *Shērōye*, Sāsānian king 1020[14]

شَيْطَانُ بن مُدْلِج brother of Jassās ibn Mudlij 761[5] seq.

شَيْمَانُ الحُدَّانِيّ 125[14]

شُيَيْم (?) بن خُوَيْلِد العَزَارِيّ his verses on the murder of Rabī'a ibn Wahb al-'Absī at the close of the War of Dāḥis 106[2] seq.

ص

صَالِحٌ see صُلَيْحٌ

صَائِدٌ السَّلِيطِيّ mentioned by Jarīr 10[16]

بنو صُبَاح a family of the Ḍabba 191[15] (cf. 235[4])

صَبِرَةُ بن شَرِيس الأُسَيِّدِيّ, called ابو حاضر: at al-Baṣra in the time of Ibn az-Zubair 749[16] 751[9] seq. 1092[3]

صَبِرَةُ بن شَيْمَانَ الحُدَّانِيّ lived in the reign of the Caliph 'Alī 125[14]

صُبَيْح بن أُرْبَدَ بن حَمْزَةَ النَّهْشَلِيّ father of Sa'd and Bishr (= Abū Badhdhāl) 1099[16] cf. 513[17] 1098[5]

صُبَيْح بن ذُهْل بن مالك ancestor of a family of the Ḍabba 1058[4]

أُمّ صُبَيْح الكِلَابِيَّةُ, called الذُّلْفَاء: cited by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak, who conversed with her 641[8] seq.

صُبَيْر a clan of the Yarbū', included in the *Aḥmāl* 305[1]

صُبَيْس see لَمِيس

صُحَار بن زَيْد بن عَلْقَمَةَ المُنْقِرِيّ accused of having outraged Ji'thin 855[11]

صَخْر بن أُعَيا بن عَبْد يَغُوث النَّهْدِيّ at the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 470[18] seq.

صَخْر بن قَيْس see الأَحْنَف بن قَيْس السَّعْدِيّ

صَخْر بن مِنْقَر بن عُبَيْد السَّعْدِيّ a maternal ancestor of Jarīr 1035[10] 1040[4] — see 735[8]

صَخْر بن نَهْشَل بن دَارِم ancestor of a family included in the *Aḥjār* 187[7] 772[12]

صُدًا a clan included in the Madhḥij 53[8] 469[9] 994[8]

الصَّدِف (var. الصَّدَف) clan 361[4] seq.

صُدَيّ بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة a clan of the Tamīm 119[8] 186[12] 836[4] (= 120[18])

صُرَد بن جَمْرَة بن شَدّاد اليَرْبوعيّ had a quarrel with Abū Suwāj aḍ-Ḍabbī 206[10] seq. (= 1059[6] seq.) cf. 622[10]: see also 582[20]

صَرِيم بن الحارث بن عَمْرو a clan of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included in the group Muḳā'is 222[15] [read صَرِيم ثم مُقاعِس, see *Additions and Corrections*] 340[6] 717[8] 741[4] 979[1] 983[11] 1023[13]

صُرَيْم بن مَعْشَر التَّغْلِبيّ, called أُفْنون 886[12]: his verses cited 886[16] seq.

الصَّعاصِع i. e. the family of Hilāl ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a al-Kulaibī 2[8]: the family of Ṣa'ṣa'a ibn Nājiya al-Mujāshi'ī 322[4] 695[11]

صَعْب بن عَلِيّ بن بَكْر بن وائِل represented by Jarīr as an ancestor, or relative, of Khālid ibn 'Abdallāh al-Ḳasrī 989[8] cf. 47[11]

صَعْصَعَة ancestor of the tribal group 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a: said to have been a son of Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 1064[9] seq.

صَعْصَعَة بن مُعاوِيَة بن عُبادَة [السَّعْدِيّ] took part in the negotiations after the disturbances at al-Baṣra 741[7] (genealogy): his verses ridiculing Iyās ibn Ḳatāda 743[12] seq.: insulted by Muṣ'ab ibn az-Zubair 751[8]

صَعْصَعَة بن ناجِيَة بن عِقال المُجاشِعيّ grandfather of al-Farazdaḳ: called صَعْصَعَة بن لَيْلَى 267[15] (but see *Additions and Corrections*), and ابو هُنَيْدَة 264[6]: his genealogy 127[3] seq.: prevented the killing of female infants in pre-Islamic times 697[4] seq. cf. 264[14] seq. 771[8] 789[7] 949[12] 950[10] seq., hence called صَعْصَعَة الوَئِيد 498[9]: was alive in the reign of 'Uthmān 417[9] cf. 414[5] 417[8]: see also 257[11] 264[10] (= 706[2]) 593[14] 609[7] 683[1] seq. 691[7] seq. 767[6] 832[12] 833[13] 858[7] 941[9] 959[13] 975[8] 1026[11] seq.

الصَّعِق see خُوَيْلِد بن نُفَيْل بن عَمْرو الكِلابيّ

ابن الصَّعِق see زَيد بن عمرو بن خُوَيْلِد

الصُّغْد (var. السُّغْد) i. e. the Sogdian troops who accompanied Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 356[10]

صَفْوَانُ بن الأَهْتَم insulted by Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair 751[9]

صَفْوَانُ بن شَجْنَةَ [بن الحَرِث] السَّعْدِيّ a pre-Islamic chieftain 450[6] (for his genealogy cf. 1077[15]): eulogised by Imru'u-l-Ḳais 1078[15]

صَفِيَّةُ a woman mentioned in a verse by al-Aslaʿ ibn al-Ḳiṣāf 921[3]

صفيّةُ بنت النَّخَرِع النَّبِيمِيَّةُ her verses on the death of an-Nuʿmān ibn Jisās 154[12]

صَفِيَّةُ بنت عَبْد المُطَّلِب mother of az-Zubair ibn al-ʿAwwām 968[15]

الزُّبَيْر بن العَوّام see ابنُ صَفِيَّةَ

عَمْرو بن قَيْس بن شَراحيل see الصُّلْت

الصَّلْت بن حُرَيْث بن جابِر الجُعْفِيّ at al-Baṣra in the time of ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād 729[12] seq.

الصَّلَتَانُ العَبْدِيّ [i. e. قُثَم بن خَبِيئَةَ من عَبْد القَيْس, see Ibn Ḳutaiba Sh. 314[14]]: acted as umpire between Jarīr and al-Farazdaḳ 1050[2]: his verses on the occasion 1050[3] seq.

صُلَيْح بن مُسْلِم الباهِلِيّ brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 360[11]: his death 361[6] seq. 362[16]

صلصل بن أَوْس بن مُخاشِن one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[8] (genealogy)

ابنُ صَمْعا a client of ʿAbdallāh ibn ʿĀmir ibn Kuraiz 164[10]

الصِّمَّانِ two brothers belonging to the clan Jusham ibn Muʿāwiya ibn Bakr, and named respectively Mālik and Muʿāwiya (see below) 119[4] seq. 836[10] 854[16]: their father's name is given variously as Mālik ibn ʿAlaḳa 119[6], al-Ḥārith 693[17] 763[1], and Judāʿa ibn Ghazīya 855[1]

الصِّمَّةُ الأَكْبَر, named مالك 763 notes[1]

الصِّمَّةُ, named مَعْوِيَةُ 119[6], and ابو دُرَيْد 763[1]: was captured at ʿĀḳil by al-Jaʿd ibn ash-Shammākh, whom he afterwards slew 119[7] seq.: was again captured by al-Ḥārith ibn Baiba al-Mujāshiʿī and slain in cold blood by Thaʿlaba ibn al-Ḥārith al-Yarbuʿī 120[3] seq., hence aṣ-Ṣimma is called جارُ بَيْبَةَ 693[12] (= 289[7]) 762[18] [the date of aṣ-Ṣimma is shown by the fact that his son Duraid was a very old man in A. H. 8 — see Ibn Hishām 840[11] seq.]

غالِب بن ضَعْضَعَة بن ناجِيَة see ابو الضِّمَّة

مُعاوِيَة بن الصَّموت بن الكاهِل see ابنُ الصَّموت

الضُّمَيْل بن الأَعْوَر بن عَمْرو الكِلابِيّ slain at the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 470[9] seq.

بِسْطام بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود see ابو الضَّهْباء

ضِهْبان بن رَبيعَة بن قُشَيْر captured by the Yarbūʿ at al-Marrūt 71[9] seq. 393[3]

ضَوْفَة i. e. the descendants of al-Ghauth ibn Murr 450[11]

ضَوْل الثُّرَكِيّ slain by Yazīd ibn al-Muhallab 368[6] seq.

بنو الضَّيْداء a clan of the Asad [ibn Khuzaima] 1096[3]

ض

ضابِئ بن الحارِث بن أَرْطاة [البُرْجُمِيّ] a poet who lived in the reign of ʿUthmān: his history 219[9] seq.

عامِر بن ضامِر see ابنُ ضامِرٍ

ضَبَّة بن أُدّ see ضَبّ

ضَبّ بن مُعاوِيَة بن كِلاب 916[15]

سَعْد بن ضبا see ابنُ ضبا

الضِّباب a clan supposed to be descended from Muʿāwiya ibn Kilāb 470[18] 668[13] 916[15] 927[1 13]: their victories over the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb at al-Huḍaibāt (also called Ṭikhfa, ar-Rayyān, or ʿArja) 525[15] 923[8] seq. 924[9] seq., and at Harāmīt 916[15] seq. 927[4] seq. cf. 527[9] seq.: see also 99[15] 285[11] 534[3] 540[13]

ضَبّار a dog 765[11]

ضَبارَة (var. ضُبارَة) clan (?) 864[1]

ضِبارِيّ بن عُبَيْد بن ثَعْلَبَة ancestor of a family of the Yarbūʿ 411[3], see 759 notes[3]

ضَبَّة بن أُدّ tribe 195[2] 728[2] 946[6] 1064[7] (full name given), called also ضَبّ 1022[15],

and nicknamed الجَعْراء 648[11]: legend about their ancestor 651[14]: were originally included in the *Jamarāt* 946[6], but afterwards in the *Ribāb* 946[8] cf. 737[20] 1064[7]: slew al-Ḥārith ibn Muzaiḳiyā at Iḍam 195[19] seq. cf. 189[15] seq.: defeated and slew Muḥarriḳ al-Ghassānī at Buzākha 195[2] seq cf. 192[12] seq.: fought at an-Nisār as the allies of the Asad and the Dhubyān 239[17] seq.: at the Battle of Dārat Ma'sal 388[3]: at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[11] 152[13]: slew Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī at Naḳa-l-Ḥasan 190[4] seq. (= 234[2] seq.): fought as the allies of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt during the disturbances at al-Baṣra 737[19]: were the maternal relatives of al-Farazdaḳ 188[7] seq. 225[8] 273[7] 377[2] 616[8], who eulogises them 188[15] seq. 237[14] seq., but see 1049[10]: satirised by Jarīr 249[3] seq. 322[7] seq. 833[16] 1040[12]: see also 30[3] 45[6] 79[3] 148[13] 159[1] 194[5] seq. 196[15] 513[5] 648[4] seq. 728[6] 789[2] 790[19] 851[13] 1021[13] 1068[4]

ضِنَّة [بن عَبْد الله] بن نُمَيْر see صَبَّة بن نُمَيْر

لَمِيس see ضَبِيس

ضُبَيْعَة بن بَحالَة ancestor of a family [of the Ḍabba?] 323[1]

ضُبَيْعَة بن رَبيعَة بن نِزار tribe 92[8] 728[16] 737[15] 764[9]

ضَبِينَة a clan of the Ghanī 300[3] (= 535[15] 536[5] 678[16]) 536[4]

عامِر بن سَعْد النَّمَرِيّ see الضَّحْيان

ضِرار بن حِصْن بن زَيْد الضَّبّيّ (var. صِرار بن حصين 359[9]) appointed chief of the Tamīm by Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 351[13] 354[4]

ضِرار بن سَلامَة العِجْلِيّ his verses on the slaying of al-Aḍjam aḍ-Ḍirārī 648[10] seq.

ضِرار بن سِنان الضَّبّيّ employed as a spy by his relative Ḍirār ibn Ḥiṣn 359[17]

ضِرار بن عَمْرو بن زَيْد الضَّبّيّ, called ابو قَبيصَة by al-Farazdaḳ 188[15] (see 152[14]): a pre-Islamic chief of the clan Tha'laba ibn Sa'd 189[1] seq.: slew Shutair ibn Khālid al-Kilābī at the Battle of Ghaul 387[8] (?)

ضِرار بن عَمْرو [رُدَيْم] بن مالِك الضَّبّيّ grandfather of Zaid al-Fawāris 188[16] 189[3] 195[7 13]: his genealogy 233[9] seq, which represents him as belonging to the clan Bakr ibn Sa'd: see also 196[3] 233[8] 249[7]

ضِرار بن العَقْعاع بن مَعْبَد الدّارِمِيّ captured at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 307[10] seq. 309[10] 425[10] 865[10] (= 308[3]): see also 362[18] 816[16] (?)

ضِرار بن مُسْلِم الباهِلِيّ brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[18]: called ابن غَزّاء after his mother 365[3] (= 363[1])

الرّدِم الضَّبّيّ see ابو ضِرارٍ

ضُرَيْس بن الكُنات mentioned by Jarīr 341[15] — apparently a friend of Nawār, wife of al-Farazdaḳ

الضُّرَنْس بن مَسْلَمَة [الشَّيْبانيّ] one of the Banū Abī Rabīʿa: at the Battle of al-Iyād 583[11]

الضَّعْبَغة بنت ثَوْب بن عَبْد الله (var. صعيفة) of the clan ʿAbdallāh ibn Ghatafān (but see 759 notes[4]): ancestress of the family ʿĀṣim ibn ʿUbaid ibn Thaʿlaba 759[6]

الأَقْرَع بن حابِس المُجاشِعيّ see ضُلّ بن سُعْبان

الضَّماصِم i. e. the family of Hubaira ibn Ḍamḍam al-Mujāshiʿī 427[5] (sic leg.) 767[15] (see 768[11])

الضَّمْران (var. الصمران) i. e. the family of the following 772[5]

ضَمْرَة بن ضَمْرَة بن جابِر النَّهْشَلِيّ his genealogy 462[2] 601[6] seq.: was one of the pre-Islamic judges 139[9]: slew the sons of al-ʿUzayyil al-Ḥārithī at Najrān 601[7] — his verses on the occasion 601[9] seq.: his verses on the Battle of Dhū Najab 1080[17] seq.: see also 462[1] 955[10] 1086[7]

ضَمْرَة بن لَبيد الحِماسيّ a *kāhin*, slain at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[15] 152[13]

ضَمْضَم بن عِفال see the following

ضَمْضَم بن مُرّة بن سِبدانَ المُجاشِعيّ father of Hubaira and al-Aḳʿas 82[6] 695[7 11] (here the Comm. in O has ضَمْضَم بن عِفال, but see notes[8])

ضَمْضَم see ابن ضَمْضَم بن مُرّة

ضَمْضَم بن عبد الله بن كبير بن عُذْرة clan 759 notes[4]

ضِنّة بن [بن عَبْد الله] نُمَيْر clan 446[10] seq. (see *Additions and Corrections*)

ضَوْطَر 997[7], or ضَوْطَرى 892[13], nickname of some member of the clan Mujāshiʿ (according to 892 notes[3], the poet al-Baʿīth) — see *Glossary* s. r. ضطر

ط

طَاحَةُ بن الياس بن مُضَر tribal ancestor, said to have been originally named عامر 178[7]: origin of the nickname 178[8]: see also 156[16]

طَاحِيَةُ بن سُود a clan of the Azd 360[7]

طارِف بن حَصَبَة see the following

طارِف بن دَسْتَف بن حَصَبَة اليَرْبوعيّ 68[2], called also طارِف بن حَصَبَة 587[18] 694[10] 762[14] 898[2] 1080[18]: his genealogy 694[10] 762[14]: captured Ḳābūs ibn al-Mundhir at the Battle of Ṭikhfa 68[2] seq. (cf. 694[10] 762[14]): see also 26[12] 28[2]

طارق بن مالك بن قَيْس النَّهْشَليّ 941[4]

عَمِيرَةُ بن طارِف بن دَسْتَف ابنُ طارِف see

طَرَفَةُ بن العَبْد the poet: called اخو بنى قَيْس (i. e. of the tribe Ḳais ibn Tha'laba) by al-Farazdaḳ 200[12]: half-verse cited 16[5]

الطِّرِمّاح [بن حَكيم الطّائيّ] satirised al-Farazdaḳ 654[11]: his verses cited 7[14] 1087[11] seq.: see also 1083[13]

طَريف بن سيدانَ الكِلابيّ (var. بزيد بن طُريف), called by al-Farazdaḳ ابن ذى سِيدانَ (var. ابن سِيدان) 387[10]: slain at the Battle of Ghaul 387[12] seq.

طَريف بن عَمْرو بن نُمامَة ancestor of a family of the Ṭayyi' 1087[19] (= 653[20]), called also الطَّريف 46[3] (= 654[2] 1087[20])

طَريف بن مالك ancestor of a family of the Ṭayyi' 653[20] (= 1087[18]), called also الطَّريف بن مالك 46[3] (= 654[2] 1087[20])

الطَّريفان 653[20], see the two foregoing

طُعَيْل بن عَوْف الغَنَويّ at the Battle of al-Watidāt 389[6]: his verses cited 6[8] 389[8] seq. 534[8]: see also 534[4]

طُعَيْل بن مالك بن جَعْفَر الكِلابيّ (or الطُّفَيْل 227[1] seq. 242[5]), called ابو لَيْلَى 242[6] *:

* See Aus ibn Ḥajar N°. 17 v. 7, where we should read فَوَدَّ ابو لَيْلَى طُعَيْلُ بنُ الخ, cf. Ibn Wallād, ed. Brönnle p. 104[12].

his mother Umm al-Banīn, and his brothers ʿĀmir, ʿUbaida and Muʿāwiya 535[4]: at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 227[1] seq. 1062[7] 1063[6]: at the Battle of Jabala 407[5] seq. 667[15] seq. 669[1] seq.: fled at the Battles of Dhū Najab 587[19] (cf. 931[17] seq. 932[7] seq. 1081[1] seq.), of an-Nisār 242[5] seq., of Mulziḳ 386[3] seq., and of as-Su'bān 386 notes[3] seq. 933[3] seq.: verse cited 773[3] (= 623 notes[4]): see also 1079[6]

عَمْرو بن خالد بن مَحْمود see ابو الطُّفَيْل

طَلَبَةُ بن قَيْس بن عاصِم [المِنْقَرِيّ], called ابنُ قَيْس 717[17]: a leader of the Banū Muḳāʿis ibn ʿAmr in the time of Muʿāwiya 717[10]: see also 222[10]

طُلَيْحَةُ بن خُوَيْلِد الفَقْعَسِيّ the false prophet 715[16]

ابو الطَّمَحان i. e. حَنْظَلَةُ بن الشَّرْقِيّ القَيْنِيّ 670[2]: called اخو ضُباعَةَ by al-Farazdaḳ 200[15]: his verses cited 670[4] seq.

طُهَيَّةُ certain families (ʿAuf, Abū Sūd and, according to some, Ḥushaish) included in the Tamīm and supposed to be descended from Ṭuhayya bint ʿAbd-Shams [ʿAbshams] ibn Saʿd, wife of Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik 183[15] cf. 434[8] 462[17] seq. 711[12] 958[8]: they are mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ with respect 183[14] 325[2] 759[5] 958[7], and by Jarīr with contempt 224[15] 434[7] 775[1] 776[12] seq. 991[13] 1002[7]: see also 40[3] 47[14] (= 781[16]) 781[6] seq. 229[4] seq. 415[13] 919[2] 920[6] 1097[2]

سُوَيْد بن زُهَيْر بن حُرَيْث see ابنُ الطَّوِيلة النَّيْمِيّ

طُبَيْخَةُ بنت حُجَيْر العِجْلِيّة mother of ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīḳ 780[14]

ابنُ طُبَيْخَةَ a Ghassānid king who was slain by the Banū Nahshal 701[14] seq.

طُبَيْسٌ 307[14], probably identical with the following

طُبَيْسَلَةُ بن زِياد (*sic leg.*) of the clan Rabīʿa ibn ʿIjl: at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 308[4] 425[13] (var. طُلَيْسة)

الطُّيْشَم see الكَيْشَم

طُلَيْسة see طُبَيْسَلَةُ

طَيِّئ tribe, called أُدَدّ بن طَيِّئ 730[4] seq. [see Ṭabarī II 450[11]]: their alliance with the Asad and the Ghaṭafān 238[14] seq. (see الأحاليف): attacked by ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir, king of al-Ḥīra, at the suggestion of Zurāra ibn ʿUdus 653[4] seq. cf. 1081[10] seq. 1083[12]: attacked by ʿAmr ibn ʿAmr ibn ʿUdus 45[15] seq.: see also 35[7] 37[3] 283[11] (cf. 296[5]) 386 notes[6]

ظ

الحَرِث بن ظالِم المُرّيّ see ابنُ ظالِمٍ

ظَبْيانُ بن زِياد الهِلالِيّ slain at the Battle of al-Watida [= al-Watidāt] 389[5], see notes [9] seq.

ظَبْيانُ بن مُرَّة بن خالِد his interview with ʿUbaida ibn Mālik at the time of the Battle of Jabala 669[4] seq.

ظَبْيَةُ بنت دَلَم بن الهَنْهات a woman whom al-Farazdaḳ married in his old age 1044[1] seq.

ظَرِبانُ بن زِياد [العِجْلِيّ] one of the Banū Shuraib ibn Rabīʿa: at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 312[8]

الظُّلَيْم a clan included in the *Barājim* 53[6] 186[18]

ظُمْياءُ a woman mentioned by Jarīr 173[4]

ظُمْياءُ بنت طَلْبَةَ بن قَيْس المِنْقِرِيّة a friend of Jiʿthin and an object of the admiration of al-Farazdaḳ 222[11] seq. 482[17] 617[15] seq. 682[10]

ظُهَيْر name borne by two men of the Banū Ṭuhayya, in the time of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 79[1] seq.

ع

عاتِكَةُ بنت الأَوْقَص بن مُرَّة السُّلَمِيّة an ancestress of the Prophet 403[10]

عاتِكَةُ بنت عمينه (?) بن حِصاف السُّلَمِيّة see 403 notes [4]

عاتِكَةُ بنت فالِج بن ذَكْوان السُّلَمِيّة an ancestress of the Prophet 403[9] (see *Additions and Corrections*)

عاتِكَةُ بنت مُرَّة بن هِلال السُّلَمِيّة an ancestress of the Prophet 403[8]

عادٌ mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 375[11]

عادِيَةُ بن عامِر بن فُداد a clan of the Bajīla 139[15] 660[2]

عـارِضٌ a man of uncertain origin, slain by the Yarbuʿ at the Battle of al-Liwā (= Wāridāt?) 112[2] 777[7]

عارِقٌ see قَيْس بن جَرْوَة

عاصِم بن حَلِيفَةَ الضَّبّيّ, one of the Banū Ṣubāḥ 191[15] cf. 235[4]: slew Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī at Naḳa-l-Ḥasan (= ash-Shaḳīḳā) 190[6] 191[5] seq. 233[13] 235[4] seq. 268[1] 478[3] 812[5]

عاصِم بن سِنان المِنْقَرِيّ father of Ḳais ibn ʿĀṣim (see 752[5]) 803[11] seq.

عاصِم بن عُبَيْد بن ثَعْلَبَةَ ancestor of one of the principal families of the Yarbuʿ 19[6] seq. 26[8 13] 120[18] 411[3] 581[10] 759[3] (see notes[3]) 998[13] 1035[5]

عاصِمٌ العَنْبَرِيّ a guide who misled al-Farazdaḳ 165[14] seq.

ابو حَنَش عاصِم بن النُّعْمان see

العاصِمان i. e. ʿĀṣim and Aznam, sons of ʿUbaid ibn Thaʿlaba 998[12]

العاصى بن أُمَيَّةَ بن عَبْد شَمْس 427[2] 1017[13]

ابو العاصى brother of the foregoing, and grandfather of the Caliph Marwān ibn al-Ḥakam 349[5] 427[2] 1017[14]

العاصِيَةُ a she-camel 306[9]

عامِرٌ (?) at the Battle of Jabala 674[15]

عامِر بن أُحَيْمِر بن ثَهْدَلَةَ السَّعْدِيّ, called ذو الرُّدَيْنِ 714[12] 715[4]: at the court of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā 714[4] seq.

حُمَيْضَةُ بن بَحْتَر بن عامِر 524[6] — see عامِر بن بَحِير

عامِر بن جابِر بن قَطَن 949[7], called also عامِر بن قَطَن 772[7]: ancestor of a family of the Banū Nahshal

عامِر ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 452[15] (= 1073[15]) — see جُشَمُ بن مالك

عامِر [بن حارِثَةَ الغَسّانِيّ], called ماء السَّماء 195[17] 659[5] [for his genealogy, see Aghānī VIII 27[8] seq. XIII 2[3] seq.]

عامِر بن الحارث a clan of the Taimallāt ibn Thaʿlaba, included among the *Akābir* 196[16] 197[16] 1058[1]

عامِر بن حَفْص, called سُحَيْم and ابو اليَقْظان: cited, apparently by Muḥammad ibn Ḥabīb, as to an incident in the life of Jarīr 488[14] seq.

عامِر بن رَبيعَة بن عامِر a clan of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 659[16] seq. 777[6] 903[3]

عامِر [بن سعْد النَّمَرِيّ], called الضَّحْيان: ancestor of a family 1094[2] seq. [for his genealogy, see Lisān XIX 215[23]]

عامِر بن شَراحيل see الشَّعْبيّ

عامِر بن صَعْصَعَة a group of clans included in the Hawāzin 365[4]: claimed as kinsmen by the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 657[8] cf. 1064[8] seq.: fought against the Dārim at Raḥraḥān 226[14] seq. (cf. 1061[6] seq.) 893[11]: defeated the Tamīm and the Dhubyān at Jabala 657[10] seq. 659[14] seq. cf. 426[5]: were defeated by the Yarbūʿ at Dhū Najab 301[14] 302[3] seq. 587[7] seq. (= 1079[5] seq.), and at al-Marrūt 71[12] seq.: fought at an-Nisār as the allies of the Tamīm against the Ḍabba and other tribes 240[21] seq. cf. the divergent account 1064[15] seq.: defeated a number of South-Arabian tribes at Faif-ar-Rīḥ 469[6] seq.: were defeated by the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt at Mulzik 386[5] seq. 387[3]: see also 99[5] seq. 100[16] 103[12] 156[2] 168[2] 230[2] 238[17] 239[14] 299[18] 385[10] 389[4] 392[9] 401[8] 419[11] 468[12] 507[11] 539[8] 654[18] seq. 894[2] 903[3] 911[1] 912[4] 933[5] (= 386 notes [13]) 934[4] 938[6] 940[11] 1003[6]

عامِر بن ضامِر الضَّبّيّ one of the Banū Ḳais ibn ʿĀ'idha 196[5] seq.: called ابن ضامِر 196[13]: slew al-Ḥārith ibn Muzaiḳiyā al-Ghassānī at the Battle of Iḍam (see 195[19]) 189[16] 196[6] seq.

عامِر بن الطُّفَيْل [بن مالك الكلابيّ] (or عامِر بن طُفَيْل 535[5]), called ابو عَلِيّ 471[11]: born about the time of the Battle of Jabala 229[14] 659[12] seq. 790[12] seq.: offered protection to Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī after the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 75[17] seq. 315[4] 316[14] seq.: commanded the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa at the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 469[12] seq. 471[15]: his treachery towards his uncle ʿĀmir ibn Mālik and the Muslims at Bi'r Maʿūna 199 notes [8]: was 80 years old when he visited the Prophet in the year of the latter's death 676[4] seq.: his verses cited 229[15] (= 408[18]) 284[13] 472[9] seq. 661[6] seq. 950[5]: see also 198 notes [5] 242[7] seq.

عامِر بن الظَّرِب [العَدْوانيّ] one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[3]

عامِر بن عُبَيْد بن الحَرِث see عامِر بن عَبْد الله

عامِر بن عَبْد المَلِك المِسْمَعِيّ 648[8]: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 494[4] 646[18] 648[3] 743[19] seq.

عامِر بن عُبَيْد بن الحَرِث ancestor of a family of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 732[2] (var. عامِر بن عبد الله 114[5], but see foot-note) 741[3]

عامِر بن عَمْرو بن الى رَبيعَة, called الخَصيب, an ancestor of Hāni' ibn Masʿūd ash-Shaibānī 639[7] seq.

عامِر بن جابِر بن قَطَن see عامِر بن قَطَن

عامِر بن كَعْب of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb: called الهِضّان 241[11] etc.: captured at the Battle of Dhū Najab 241[13] 588[2] (= 1080[10]): slain at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[11]: see also 533[3] 1079[8]

عامِر بن كِلاب clan 659[17] 925[2]

عامِر بن مالِك بن جَعْفَر الكِلابِيّ, called ابو بَرا 199 notes[7] 386 notes[11] 652[13] 668[2], and مُلاعِبُ الأَسِنَّة 386 notes[11] 922[5] 1079[6]: his mother Umm al-Banīn and his brothers Ṭufail, ʿUbaida and Muʿawiya 535[4]: at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 227[1] seq. 1062[7] 1063[5] seq.: at the Battle of as-Su'bān 386 notes[11] seq.: committed suicide by drinking wine in the time of the Prophet 199 notes[7]: see also 75[14] 315[5] 317[2] 534[12] seq. 652[12] 668[2 11] 669[6]

عامِر بن مُجاشِع بن دارِم at the [First] Battle of al-Kulāb 292[1].

عامِر بن مُعاوِيَة بن زَيْد a clan of the Bajīla 660[5]

عامِر بن الياس بن مُضَر see طابِخَة بن الياس

عَبْد الله بن عامِر بن كُرَيْز see ابْن عامِر

العامِران i. e. the clans of ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa and ʿĀmir ibn Rabīʿa 903[1]: used also for ʿĀmir and ʿAmr, sons of Jābir ibn Ḳaṭan ibn Nahshal 949[7]

عائِذُ الله [i. e. ابو إدْريس بن عَبْد الله الخَوْلانِيّ, see Ṭabarī II 205[14]]: cited (apparently by Abū ʿUbaida) 647[3]

عائِذَة بن مالِك a subdivision of the clan Bakr ibn Saʿd ibn Ḍabba 189[17] 193[4] 195[19] seq. 233[11]

عائشة بنت ابى بكر 198[9] seq. 486[12] 515[8]

عائشة بنت طلحة married to Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair 1089[5]

العبا see العبابة

عباد بن حصين بن يزيد الحبطى (or عباد بن الحصين 606[10] 607[1] 684[5] seq. 749[18] 750[16]), called ابو جهضم 606[17] (= 684[8]) 624[5] (= 650[9]) 684[6]; his genealogy 749[6]: was prefect of police at al-Baṣra under al-Ḥārith ibn ʿAbdallāh (= al-Ḳubāʿ) 626[16], and under Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair 749[6] seq.: see also 114[10] (= 732[14]) 626[17] 738[4]

ابو سواج see عباد بن خلف الضبى

بنو عباد [بن مالك] a family of the Ḳais ibn Thaʿlaba 595[1] [var. حرث بن عباد in Aghānī VIII 196[25]] — see الحرث بن عباد

عباس بن ربطة الرعلى his verses on the Battle of ad-Dathīna (= ad-Dafīna) 392[4] seq. — var. عباس بن عامر notes [11], and انس بن عباس notes [14]

العباس بن مرداس [بن ابى عامر السلمى] (or عباس 409[4]): his verses against ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith 411[13] seq.: his verses against Kulaib ibn ʿAhma (var. ʿAiha) 907[3] seq.

عبد الله بن عباس بن عبد المطلب see ابن عباس

محمد بن يزيد see ابو العباس

ابو العباس الاحول cited by Abū ʿUbaida 511[12], see also 496[6]

العبانة (variants العبابة and العبا) a mare 943[5]

عبد بن جشم ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 1074[18] (var. عبيد بن جشم 454[4])

عبد الله بن الاسود الزهرى at al-Baṣra during the disturbances 727[1] seq.: called ابن الاسود 727[4]

عبد الله الاصفهانى a man who gave his name to a gate at al-Baṣra 727[17]

عبد الله بن عبد الله بن الاهتم see عبد الله بن الاهتم

عبد الله بن ابى بكرة الثقفى supported the Umayyad party at al-Baṣra on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 1092[4]

عَبْد الله بن جُدْعان بن عَمْرو القُرَشيّ bought some camels of Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 90[15]: afforded hospitality to al-Ḥārith ibn Ẓālim al-Murrī 1061[6]

عَبْد الله بن جَعْدَة بن كَعْب العامِرِيّ captured al-Mutajarrida, wife of an-Nuʿmān ibn al-Mundhir of al-Ḥīra 404 notes[4] (see *Additions and Corrections*): see also 655[12] 1063[2] seq.

عَبْد الله بن الحَجّاج بن عَبْد الله الباهليّ a poet satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 1027[7] seq.: called أَصَمّ باهِلَة 380[3] 1027[7] 1039[5], الأَصَمّ الباهليّ 1039[4], and الباهليّ 807[4] 1027[9] 1031[1] 1039[7]: his verses cited 380[4] seq. 807[5] seq.

عَبْد الله بن الحُرّ بن عاصِم البَرْبوعيّ father of Bujair, Mulail and al-Uḥaimir (= Ḥuraith) 19[7] seq.: called ابو مُلَيْل 18[12] 50[12] 51[4] 75[13] 112[5] 258[9] 315[8], and العَلْهان 302[11] (= 339[14]) 896[7] seq. (but see foot-notes): his genealogy 18[12] 247[14] 896[7]: captured at the Battle of Ḳushāwa 20[6] seq.: present at the Battle of al-Iyād 584[6]: at Dhū Ṭulūḥ 51[2] seq. (= 784[10] seq.) cf. 268[8]: see also 258[12] 315[19] (= 76[16])

عَبْد الله بن الحُرّ بن نُمَيْر ancestor of a family 405[12]

عَبْد الله بن الحُرّ بن نَوْفَل الهاشميّ, nicknamed بَبَّة 112[15] seq. (see 727[15]) 726[20] 727[19] 730[20] seq.: his genealogy 726[19]: assumed the post of governor at al-Baṣra after it had been vacated by ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād 112[10] 727[7] seq. (date mentioned 727[12]), cf. 113[5] (= 730[16]) 742[13]

عَبْد الله بن الحَسَن بن الحَسَن [الهاشميّ] at Medina with the Caliph Sulaimān 383[9] seq. (see notes[7])

عَبْد الله بن حِصْن of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Yarbūʿ 721[15]: at al-Baṣra in the time of ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād *ibid.*

عَبْد الله بن حَكيم المُجاشِعيّ, called الفَرِد 790[16] seq. cf. 440[3] (= 937[13]) 697[1] 740[1] 892[13]: his genealogy 720[10] seq. 740[1] (variants 696[11] 790[15] 892[15] seq.): assisted in restoring peace at al-Baṣra (A. H. 64) 740[1] seq. 790[15]

عَبْد الله بن خارِجَة الشَّيْبانيّ see أَعْشَى بَني رَبيعَة

عَبْد الله بن خازِم بن أَسْماء السُّلَميّ, called ابن خازِم 360[3] 369[16] 372[2] 374[7] 399[8]

(= 426[16]) 731[5], and ابن عجلى (after his mother) 370[15] 372[5]: his genealogy 399[12]: became governor of Khurāsān after the death of Yazīd ibn Muʿāwiya, and was slain (in A. H. 72) by Wakīʿ ibn ʿUmair al-Ḳuraiʿī 372[3] seq. and notes [2] seq.: see also 278[6] 355[16] 369[11] 727[20]

عبد الله بن خليد see ابو العميطل

عبد الله بن دارم clan: connected with the Taghlib through their ancestress al-Ḥalāl bint Ẓālim 880[1] seq.: identified with the Mujāshiʿ 790[14] (but cf. 187[6]): see also 79[20] 200[10] 308[15] 653[2] seq. 711[10] 731[11]

عبد الله بن رألان of the clan ʿAdī ar-Ribāb: called ابن رألان 360[7] seq.: an adherent of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 360[4] 361[11] [Ṭabarī II 1188[12], and elsewhere, has عبد الله بن وألان]

عبد الله بن روبذ see العجاج

عبد الله بن الزبير see ابن الزبير الأسدى

عبد الله بن الزبير the Caliph: called ابن الزبير 2[17] 118[9] seq. 308[8] 507[10] 606[11] 805[2] seq. 927[4] 930[10]: his conduct during the siege of Mecca in the time of Yazīd ibn Muʿāwiya 118[11] seq.: rebuilt the Kaʿba 486[10] seq.: received notice of the submission of the inhabitants of al-Baṣra 742[13] seq.: verses addressed to him by Anas ibn Zunaim al-Laithī 1089[9] seq.: appointed his son Ḥamza to govern al-Baṣra in place of Muṣʿab 1089[14] seq.: re-appointed Muṣʿab 1090[11] seq.: his intervention in the quarrel between al-Farazdaḳ and an-Nawār 803[13] seq.: a verse which he composed on the occasion 805[17]: see also 372 notes[7] 627[1] 723[4]

عبد الله بن زهير بن حبان العدوى accompanied Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 357[6] 361[12]

عبد الله بن زياد brother of ʿUbaidallāh 724[18] 726[7] 729[8]

عبد الله بن زيد بن سريع [السعدى] took part in the negotiations after the disturbances at al-Baṣra 741[6] (genealogy)

عبد الله بن ابى سبع (var. عبيد الله) of the clan Rabīʿa ibn Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik: was bribed by al-Ḥajjāj to seize Ibn al-Ashʿath at the court of Ratbīl king of Kābul 413[1] seq.

عبد الله بن عامر الحضرمى expelled Ziyād ibn Abīhi from al-Baṣra in the reign of ʿAlī 125[13] seq.

عَبْد الله بن عامِر بن كُرَيْز القُرَشيّ, called ابنُ عامِرٍ 123[8]: his genealogy 123[9]: see also 164[11] 727[19]

عَبْد الله بن عامِر المُجاشعيّ, nicknamed النَّعّار 751[3]: insulted by Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair *ibid.*

عَبْد الله بن العَبّاس بن عَبْد المُطّلب, called ابنُ عَبّاسٍ 515[3] 586[17]: appointed Ziyād ibn Abīhi as his representative at al-Baṣra in the reign of ʿAlī 125[11] seq.: cited by Aḥmad ibn ʿUbaid 586[17]

عَبْد الله بن عَبْد الله بن الأَهْتَم المِنْقَريّ, called عَبْد الله بن الأَهْتَم 366[14] 367[3], and ابنُ الأَهْتَم 342 notes [15] seq. 367[4]: was appointed by Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim as his representative in Khurāsān 349[16], but intrigued against him and fled to Mukrān 350[6] seq.: his wanderings in disguise 350[11] seq.: at the court of the Caliph Sulaimān 366[14] seq.

عَبْد الله بن عَبْد الله بن عامِر القُرَشيّ, nicknamed قُفبز 115[3]: endeavoured to restore peace at al-Baṣra 115[4]

عَبْد الله بن عَبْد العُزّى بن سُحَيْم ancestor of a family of the Ḥanīfa 458[18] (= 1078[1])

عَبْد الله بن عُبَيْد الله بن مَعْمَر التَّيْميّ governor of al-Baṣra under Muṣʿab ibn az-Zubair 1091[6] 1092[7] seq.

عَبْد الله بن عُمَر بن الخَطّاب induced the inhabitants of the Ḥijāz to invoke curses upon Ziyād ibn Abīhi 620[12]

عَبْد الله بن عُمَر بن عُثْمان eulogised by al-Farazdaḳ at Medina in the reign of al-Walīd ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik 396 notes [6]

عَبْد الله بن عَمْرو of the Taimallāt [ibn Thaʿlaba]: cited as a historical authority 364[13]

عَبْد الله بن عَمْرو بن الحارِث الشَّيْبانيّ an ancestor of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais 18[5] 587[1] 806[2]: called عَبْد الله بن هَمّام after his great-grandfather 637[8] seq., and ذو الجَدَّيْن 234[2] 236[17] 637[8] seq. 640[16] (see *Additions and Corrections*) 809[16]

عَبْد الله بن عَنَمَة الضَّبّيّ, called ابنُ عَنَمَةَ 235[15] 784[17] seq.: lived among his mother's tribe, the Shaibān 191[19]: his elegy on Bisṭām ibn Ḳais 192[1] seq. (= 235[17] seq.): was captured at the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ and released by Mutammim ibn Nuwaira 51[11] seq. (= 784[17]): his verses on the occasion 58[11] seq. (cf. 785[1] seq.)

ابنُ عَوْن see عَبْد الله بن عَوْن

عُبَيْد بن غاضِرَة see عَبْد الله بن غاضِرَة بن سَمُرَة

عَبْد الله بن غَطَفانَ clan 85[18] 99[15] seq. 669[2] 759[7]

عَبْد الله بن فَضالَة الزَّهْرانيّ supported the Umayyad party on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 1092[1]

عَبْد الله بن فَضالَة [البَرْبوعيّ] a contemporary of Jarīr 31[5]

عَبْد الله بن قَيْس الرُّقَيّات [usually known as عُبَيْد الله بن قَيْس], called ابنُ الرُّقَيّات 598[6]: verse cited 598[5]

عَبْد الله بن كَعْب a Yemenite who slew an-Nuʿmān ibn Jisās at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 151[4]

عَبْد الله بن كِلاب clan 534[1] (see 241[11])

عَبْد الله بن مُسْلِم الباهليّ brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 359[6] seq. 361[9] 362[16], nicknamed الفُقَيْر 359[6] 362[16]

عَبْد الله بن ناشِب العَنْسيّ 977 notes [11] — see الأَسْلَع بن عَبْد الله بن ناشِب

عَبْد الله بن نافِع nephew of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 721[17]

عَبْد الله بن هَمّام see عَبْد الله بن عَمْرو بن الحَرِث

عَبْد الله بن هَوْذَة بن جَرْوَل ancestor of a family of the Banū Nahshal 219[11] 220[4]

عَبْد الله بن وَأْلانَ see عَبْد الله بن رَأْلانَ

ابنُ عَبْد الله see خالِد بن عَبْد الله القَسْريّ

(1) ابو عَبْد الله see ابنُ الأَعْرابيّ

(2) ابو عَبْد الله see الزُّبَيْر بن العَوّام بن خُوَيْلِد

(3) ابو عَبْد الله see مُحَمّد بن العَبّاس اليَزيديّ

(4) ابو عَبْد الله see مُحَمّد بن عِيسَى

عَبْدُ حريش ancestor of a family belonging to the clan ʿAmr ibn Ḥanẓala [ibn Mālik] 206[3]

عَبْد الحَمِيد بن عَبْد المَجِيد see ابو الخَطّاب

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن مُحَمَّد see عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن الأَشْعَث

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن ابى بَكْرَة, called ابو بَكْرٍ 723[11]: at al-Baṣra in the time of ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād 723[5] seq.

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن حَوْشَن his account of the events which he witnessed at al-Baṣra, cited by an informant of Abū ʿUbaida 723[1] seq.

أَعْشَى هَمْدَانَ see عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن عَبْد الله اليَمْدانى

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن [بن عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن] الحَضْرَمى governor of al-Kūfa under al-Ḥajjāj 972[3] [see Ṭabarī II 1069[12]]

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن عَبْد العَبْسَمى governor of al-Kūfa under Ziyād ibn Abīhi 616[4]: prefect of police at al-Baṣra under al-Ḥajjāj 831[5]

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن مُحَمَّد بن الأَشْعَث الكِنْدى, called عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن الأَشْعَث 413[9] seq., and ابن الأَشْعَث 118[8] 413[1] seq.: his rebellion, flight and death 412[11] seq., see also foot-note

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن مُسْلِم الباهِلى brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 361[9] 362[16]

عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن نُعَيْم الأَزْدى his interview with Yazīd ibn al-Muhallab 368[2] seq.

عَبْد السَّلام, called ابو أَحْمَد: cited as an authority for the text of the *Naḳā'iḍ* 17[5]

عَبْشَمْس بن سَعْد see عَبْد سَمْس بن سَعْد, or عَبْد الشَّمْس

عَبْد شَمْس بن مَنَاف [= عَبْد شَمْس بن عَبْد مَنَاف] called also عَبْد الشَّمْس 609[14]: a clan of the Ḳuraish 348[1] 375[9] 391[11] 609[12] 747[2] 764[4]

عَبْد العُزّى بن حُذار [الذُّبْيانى] of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Saʿd: slain by the ʿAbs in the War of Dāḥis 94[6] 107[8]

عَبْد العُزّى بن كَعْب a clan of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 970[2] — see حِمْيَان

عَبْد العَزِيز بن بِشْر السَّعْدى grandfather of Numaila ibn Murra: supported the Umayyad party at al-Baṣra on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 749[15] 751[9] 1092[3]

عَبْدُ الْعَزِيز بن جَوّال بن سَلامَة his verses on the victory of ʿAmr ibn Ḥudair an-Nahshalī at Najrān 601[12] seq.

عَبْدُ الْعَزِيز بن الْوَلِيد بن عَبْد الْمَلِك the attempt of his father to secure for him the succession to the throne 351[15] seq.

عُمَر بن عَبْد الْعَزِيز see ابن عَبْد الْعَزِيز

عَبْدُ عَمْرو بن سِنان بن وَعْلَة السَّلِيطِيّ took part in capturing al-Ḥaufazān at the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 51[2] seq. (= 784[10] seq.) 268[9]: see also 25[11]

عَبْدُ عَمْرو بن شُرَيْح بن الأَحْوَص of the clan Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb: distinguished himself at the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 471[16]

عَبْدُ عَمْرو بن ضَمْرَة [النَّهْشَلِيّ], called ابو عَجْرَد: brother of Ḥarrī ibn Ḍamra 1096[17]

عَبْدُ عَمْرو بن عُبَيْد بن الْحُرِث ancestor of a family of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 741[4]

عَبْدُ الْقَيْس a tribe included in the group Rabīʿa ibn Nizār 115[13] 144[10] 354[14] 737[14] 738[3] 1092[4]

عَبْدُ قَيْس apparently a friend of al-Farazdaḳ, who mentions him in a poem 491[9] seq. — see also 480[12] 481[3]

عَبْدُ قَيْس بن خَرَد الْقَرَارِيّ, called ابن عَنْعاء: his verses on the War of Dāḥis 107[1] seq.

عَبْدُ قَيْس بن كُبَاس [var. الْكُبَاس] ancestor of a family of the Yarbūʿ 31[8] 254[6] — for his genealogy, see 67[3] 75[10] 254[10]

عَبْدُ الْمُطَّلِب 403[16] 1021[2] (see *Additions and Corrections*)

عَبْدُ الْمَلِك بن قُرَيْب see الأَصْمَعِيّ

عَبْدُ الْمَلِك بن مَرْوان the Caliph, called ابن مَرْوان 507[10] 556[10]: his campaign against Muṣʿab 749[5] seq. (cf. 1090[17] seq.): his interview with al-Akhṭal 401[5] seq.: his inquiries about the Battle of an-Nisār 240[9] seq.: see also 372 notes[8] 486[16] 927[6] 930[10]

عَبْدُ الْمَلِك بن مِسْمَع brother of Mālik ibn Mismaʿ 993[8]

عَبْدُ الْمَلِك ابو see مَرْوان بن الْحَكَم

عَبْدُ مَنَاف [بن قُصَيّ القُرَشيّ] ancestor of the clans ʿAbd-Shams and Hāshim 224[10]: called also مَنَاف 348[1] 391[11]

عَبْدُ مَنَاة بن أُدّ a group of clans including the Thaur, the Taim, the ʿAdī and the ʿUkl (= ʿAuf) 156[15] 239[17] 1064[8] 1067[10] — see also 737 notes [2]

عَبْدُ نَغوث بن دَوْس الثَّعْلبيّ at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 454 notes [3] (= 1075 notes [2])

عَبْدُ بَغوث بن وَقّاص بن صَلاءة الحارثيّ [according to Ibn Duraid 239[19] عبد يغوث بن الحارث بن وقّاص] leader of the Madhḥij at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 149[12] 151[8] seq.: his capture and death 152[7] seq.: his verses on the occasion 153[5] seq. 153[15] seq.

العَبْديّ (probably identical with المُمَزّق العَبْديّ) author of a verse cited 631[4]

عَبْس بن بَغيض tribe 82[14] cf. 99[8]: their feud with their kinsmen, the Dhubyān (War of Dāḥis) 92[15] seq.: their victory over the Kalb at ʿUrāʿir 98[2] seq.: their sojournings in Hajar and al-Yamāma 98[6] seq. cf. 419[15] seq. 1071[5] seq.: their settlement among the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa and their part in the Battle of Jabala 99[5] seq. cf. 654[16] seq. 658[13] 677[2]: their negotiation with the Taghlib 103[12] seq.: their return to their own territory and their reconciliation with the Dhubyān 104[13] seq.: defeated by the Ḍabba at an-Naḳīʿa 194[5] seq. (cf. 194[15]): defeated by the Yarbūʿ at Dhāt-al-Jurf (= aṣ-Ṣaraʾim) 336[15] seq.: slew ʿAmr ibn ʿAmr ibn ʿUdus at Aḳrun 678[8] 679[5] seq.: see also 60[2] 85[14] 86[19] 87[12] seq. 88[4] 90[11] 193[12] 229[15] (= 408[18]) 238[17] 384[4] 386 notes [6] seq. 407[6] seq. 419[11] seq. 539[8]

عَبْس بن رِفاعَة بن الحُرث a clan of the Sulaim 659[16]

عَبْس بن طَلْق بن رَبيعَة الضَّرديّ one of the leaders of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt during the disturbances at al-Baṣra 114[11] (= 732[14] genealogy) 738[1] seq. 739[8] seq. 741[4]

ابنُ العَبْسيّة see يَزيد بن المُهَلَّب

عَبْشَمْس بن سَعْد بن زَيْد مَناة clan 116[7] seq. 152[8] 434[5] 713[1] 1071[5] seq., called also عَبْدُ شَمْس 183[15], and عَبْدُ الشَّمْس 958[3]

عَبْلَةُ بنت الدُّول [var. الدّيل] بن حَنيفَة mother of Rawāḥa ibn Rabīʿa al-ʿAbsī 420[12]

عَبلة بنت ناجِيَة see عَلِيَّةُ بنت ناجِيَة

ابنُ عَبْلَة see إبلس بن عَبْلَة

عُبَيْرَة concubine of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 363[18] [see Ṭabarī II 1303[11]]

(1) عُبَيْد at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 642[14] (text doubtful)

(2) عُبَيْد a *rāwiya* of al-Farazdaḳ 1049[11] seq.

عَبيد بن الأَبْرَص بن جُشَم الأَسَدى the poet: mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 201[1]: his verses on the Battle of an-Nisār 245[8] seq.

عُبَيْد بن ثَعْلَبَة بن يَرْبوع clan: distinguished themselves at the Battle of al-Iyād (= Mulaiḥa) 581[5] seq. 582[7] 585[9] cf. 1019[11]: see also 21[12] 22[13] 23[1 15] 27[11] 31[11] 75[13] 76[10] 314[18] seq. 410[10] 466[2] 757[9] 759 notes[3] 1040[10]

عُبَيْد بن جُشَم see عَبْد بن جُشَم

عُبَيْد بن الحَرام mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 824[4] — apparently a relative of Umāma the wife of Jarīr

عُبَيْد بن الحَرِث بن عَمْرو a clan of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included in the group Muḳā'is 222[15] (see *Additions and Corrections*) 340[5] 717[9] 741[3] 979[1] 1023[13]

عُبَيْد بن الحَرِث بن كَعْب 741[1], see the foregoing

عُبَيْد بن حُصَيْن النَّمَيْرى see الرّاعى

عُبَيْد بن خُزَيْمَة بن زُرارَة الدّارِمى slew 'Amr ibn Shakal at the Battle of as-Su'bān 386 notes[10]

عُبَيْد بن رَبيعَة بن مالِك ancestor of a family of the Tamīm 200 notes[2]

عُبَيْد بن زُرارَة an ancestor of Juwairiya ibn Badr ad-Dārimī 308[15] [possibly identical with عُبَيْد بن خُزَيْمَة بن زُرارَة]

عُبَيْد بن غاضِرَة بن سَمُرَة العَنْبَرى (var. عَبْد الله 488[16]), nicknamed مَثْغور 484[3] (= 488[19]) 484[4] 485[7] seq. 487[6]: assaulted by Suḥaim ibn Wathīl in the reign of 'Uthmān 484[10] seq.: sided with 'Umar ibn Laja' in his dispute with Jarīr 488[16] seq., and was consequently satirised by the latter 478[10] 484[3] seq.

عُبَيْد بن قُراد of the tribe of Bahrā: was captured and released by a Yemenite king shortly before the Battle of Khazāzā 1094[4]: his verses composed on the occasion 1094[7] seq.

عُبَيْد بن مُعونَة بن عَبْد الله بن كِلاب slain at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[11]

ابن ابى بَكْرَة see عُبَيْد الله بن ابى بَكْرَة

عُبَيْد الله بن زُغْبَر بن حَيّان العَدَوىّ accompanied Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 357[6] 361[12]

عُبَيْد الله بن زياد بن ابيه, called ابن زياد 735[13], and ابن مَرْجانَة after his mother 721[7] seq. 722[17] 725[11]: put to death Muslim ibn ʿAḳīl 247[2], and al-Ḥusain ibn ʿAlī 721[3]: his relations with Yazīd ibn Muʿāwiya 721[4] seq.: his oration at al-Baṣra on hearing of Yazīd's death 722[2] seq.: a second oration 723[12] seq.: abandoned his post of governor and took refuge first with al-Ḥārith ibn Ḳais ibn Ṣuhbān 724[19] seq., afterwards with Masʿūd ibn ʿAmr 726[3] seq.: brought about the renewal of the alliance between the Azd and the Rabīʿa 729[6] seq.: fled to Syria after the murder of Masʿūd 735[1] seq. cf. 117[10] 726[13] seq. [for a divergent account, see Ṭabarī II 456[18] seq. 461[1] seq.]: see also 112[6] 972[5]

عُبَيْد الله بن زياد بن ظَبْيان of the tribe Taimallāh ibn Thaʿlaba: a partisan of the Caliph ʿAbd-al-Malik at al-Baṣra 1091[1 16]

عُبَيْد الله بن ابى سُبَيْع see عَبْد الله بن ابى سُبَيْع

عُبَيْد الله بن العَبّاس بن عَبْد المُطّلب 717[2]

عُبَيْد الله بن العَبّاس الكِنْدىّ an enemy of Jarīr 1014[10] 1016[7]

عُبَيْد الله بن عُثْمان بن ابى العاص الثَّقفىّ supported the Umayyad party at al-Baṣra on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 1092[3]

عُبَيْد الله بن قَيْس الرُّقَيّات see عَبْد الله بن قَيْس الرُّقَيّات

عُبَيْد الله بن مُسْلِم الباهِلىّ brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[16]

عُبَيْدَة بن مالك بن جَعْفَر الكلابىّ his mother Umm al-Banīn and his brothers ʿĀmir, Ṭufail and Muʿāwiya 535[4]: wounded at the Battle of Jabala 669[3] seq.: said to have been slain at Dhū Najab 587[19] (= 1080[5]) 589[5] (= 1080[7]), but cf. 72[16] which apparently refers to the same occasion: see also 1079[7] [vocalised عَبِيدة Ibn Ḳutaiba M. 43[8]]

ابو عُبَيْدَة i. e. مَعْمَر بن المُثَنّى a client of the clan Taim ibn Murra 1[4] 1054[7], see *Introduction* p. XI: is cited as an authority for the text of the *Naḳā'iḍ* 38[18] 62[7] 110[2] 165[6] 168[13] 333[10] 344[8] 376[17] 477[6] 518[13] 688[10] 753[1]: cites the following per-

sons — Abū Aslam 5 notes[6] Abū Manīʿ al-Kulaibī 30[16]: Miṣḥal ibn Kusaib 126[8] 647[8]: Abū ʿAmr ibn al-ʿAlā 197[2] 1051[3]: Abu-l-Wathīḳ 229[13]: Ḳais ibn Ghālib al-Fazārī 238[10] 240[4] seq.: Ratbīl ad-Dubairī (= Abū Murhib) 238[11] 240[3] seq. (see *Additions and Corrections*): Ibn Shifā al-Manāfī 239[11]: Abu-l-Gharrāf aḍ-Ḍabbī 240[12]; Abū Naʿāma (= ʿAmr ibn ʿĪsā) al-ʿAdawī 240[13]: Abu-dh-Dhayyāl 240[13]: Shihāb ibn Ubayy ibn ʿAbbās 303[9]: Firās ibn Khandaḳ 305[9] 639[1]: Salīṭ ibn Saʿd ibn Maʿdān 313[8] 583[16] 647[4] 781[16]: Zabbān aṣ-Ṣubairī 313[8] 417[20]: Jahm ibn Ḥassān as-Salīṭī 313[8] 414[4] (= 625[5]) 416[1] 941[1]: Abū Mālik 353[19]: Zuhair ibn Hunaid (or al-Hunaid) 354[8] 727[16] 729[15] 731[10] 732[1] 733[7]: Abū Hishām (= Muḥammad ibn as-Sā'ib al-Kalbī) 365[14] 366[2]: Ru'ba ibn al-ʿAjjāj 383[6]: Aʿyan ibn Labaṭa 414[4] (= 625[4]) 594[14] 617[11] 819[7] 941[1]: Saʿīd ibn Khālid ar-Riyāḥī 417[20] 753[2]: Mismaʿ ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik 427[13] 612[5] 646[18]: Khirāsh [ibn Ismaʿīl] 452[6]: Hishām ibn Muḥammad al-Kalbī 452[6]: Ibn ʿAun 462[9]: Yūnus ibn Ḥabīb 468[17] 519[17] 721[2] 724[6] 729[15]: Affār ibn Laḳīṭ al-ʿAdawī 473[11] (= 703[5]): Ibn Salīṭ 473[15] (cf. 703[9]): al-Muntajiʿ ibn Nabhān al-ʿAdawī 487[6]: ʿĀmir ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik al-Mismaʿī 494[4] 646[18]: Adham al-ʿAbdī 497[16]: Abu-l-ʿAbbās al-Aḥwal 511[12] (see 496[6]): the *rāwiya* of al-Farazdaḳ 556[11]: al-Faḍl ibn Mūsā ibn Khuṣaila 609[18]: ʿUmar(?) 639[13]: Dirwās ibn Hunayy 679[5]: ʿUmair ibn Maʿn 721[16]: Ghailān ibn Muḥammad 722[19]: Maslama ibn Muḥārib 726[2] seq. 730[9] 734[18]: Yazīd ibn Sumair al-Jarmī 726[14]: Muḥammad ibn Ḥafṣ 729[14] 739[17]: Hubaira ibn Ḥudair 729[5] 740[9] 741[1]: Sallām ibn Abī Khaira 734[10]: Kusaib al-ʿAnbarī (= Abu-l-Khansā) 734[11]: Dhawwād (var. Rawwād) al-Kaʿbī 735[2]: Khālid ibn Jabala 753[1]: Muḳātil al-Aḥwal al-Marthadī 905[3]: al-Agharr 957[2]: Dā'ūd 1026[5]: Ayyūb ibn Kusaib 1045[13]: Abū Bisṭām al-ʿAdawī 1047[7]: see also 34[5] 124[13] 125[11] 126[6] 157[13] 166[10 16] 167[3] 181[12] 190[2] seq. 214[11] 223[11 15] 228[13] 233[17] seq. 238[17] seq. 239[16] 244[13] 267[3] 277[15] 279[17] 285[9] seq. 288[16] 302[2] 303[7] 350[6] 396[14] 403[6] 404[10] 407[17] 414[3] 416[10] 419[4] 420[10] 422[16] 427[7] 434[11] 448[9] 450[5] 452[1] 460[6] 462[5] 463[10] 465[10] 471[15] 473[8] 475[9] seq. 482[2 15] 494[11] 495[11] 496[13] seq. 504[6] 521[7] 556[2] 557[1] 559[14] 561[3] 565[8] 568[11] seq. 580[15] 586[19] 587[6] 623[8] seq. 624[4] (= 650[9]) 637[8] 638[13] 652[15] seq. 700[11] 703[1] 713[15] 723[20] 744[13] 750[14] 770[18] 777[5] seq. 781[12] 789[6] 790[5] 796[13] 803[5] 805[8] 807[14] 811[4] seq. 813[2] 830[3 15] 834[1] 837[1] 846[4 7] 879[11] 883[13] 891[5] 896[8] 900[6] 907[8] seq. 918[11] 924[10] 932[12] 933[3] 934[4] 946[6] 954[6] 960[3] 964[14] 967[7] 970[3] 972[6] 985[11] 999[15] 1020[11] seq. 1023[11] 1025[7] 1042[13] 1044[1] 1045[3] seq. 1046[10] 1047[6 14] 1048[19] 1049[10] seq. 1093[1]

عُتْبَة بن الحارث بن شهاب see عَتّاب بن مَبْذَة

عَتّاب بن قَرْمَى بن رِباح بن تَرْبوع (عَتّاب diptote 1039[11]) held the office of *ridf* at the court of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā 66[7] seq. (see 66[17]) 68[15] 247[12] 254[11] 298[12] 300[10] (var. تَرْبوع 68[18]) 339[15] 781[1] 809[3] 898[7]

عَتّاب بن وَرْقاء الرِّياحى a general in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik 895[12] seq.

عُتْبَة بن جَعْفَر see عُتْبَة بن مالك بن جَعْفَر

عُبَيْدَة بن سلمى بن عَبْد نهم النهدى slain by the Banū ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa at Faif-ar-Riḥ 471⁶ (genealogy)

عُبَيْدَة بن قيس بن زُهَيْر العبسى slain by Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 94⁵

عُبَيْدَة بن مالك بن جَعْفَر [الكلابى], called also عُبَيْد بن جَعْفَر 532⁶, lived at the time of the feud between the Banū Abī Bakr ibn Kilāb and the Banū Jaʿfar 532⁵

عَبِيدَة بن أُرقم بن نُوَيْرَة [التَّرْبوعى]. 491⁵. at the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ 51¹⁰ (= 784¹⁵) 57⁷

عُبَيْدَة بن الحُرّ بن سنان التَّرْبوعى, called also عَبّاد بن مُنَبِّه 315⁹, ابو حرة 76⁴ 314¹⁵ 339¹⁵, and سعد 23¹¹ his genealogy 75¹⁰ 247¹⁵ 302¹ 809¹ 1035⁶: was present at the Battle of Jabala 657⁵, where he was captured 672¹⁶: captured Bisṭām ibn Kais ash-Shaibānī at al-Ghabīṭ 75⁶ seq. (= 313¹¹ seq.) 809¹¹ seq. 1019⁸ (cf. the doubtful passage 1069⁸) was leader of the Yarbūʿ at the time of the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ 49¹⁷ seq., defeated the Kilāb at al-Jaunān (or ar-Ragham) 410⁷ seq., his conduct at the time of the Battle of Irāb 473¹¹ (= 703⁷) 474¹⁰ seq. 1088¹¹, and his verses on the occasion 473¹⁶ seq. (= 703¹⁰ seq.) slew al-Ḥirmās and Kais, sons of Hujaima, at Ghaul (= Kinhil) 865¹ 1000⁷ 1019¹. died before the Battle of al-Iyād 581¹⁰ (see 581⁶) see also 22¹⁷ 247¹² 254³ 302¹ (var عُبَيْدَة) 326⁶ seq. 627⁵ 637¹⁵ 647¹⁷ 808¹⁴ 897¹⁴ 939¹⁴ 1039⁹ 1067¹⁰

عُبَيْدَة بن مِرداس, called ابو قَسوَر 352¹⁰, author of a verse cited 352¹⁴

عُتَاحِل بن الهَمّوم بن سنان [الدّارِمى] (var عَكْل 865 notes⁷) his genealogy 425¹³ 865¹¹: was captured at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 307¹⁶ seq. 309¹⁵ 425¹⁰ 865¹⁰ (= 308⁷)

عَتَكَل see the foregoing

عُثمان التّمّى a contemporary of Abū ʿUbaida 733¹

عُثمان بن سعدان [بن المُبارك], called also ابن سَعْدان 425¹⁴ ¹⁶ 440¹⁵ 455⁴ 456⁴ 457¹⁷ 463² 583⁷. his copy of the *Nakāʾid* cited 313¹⁷ 423¹⁰ 925¹⁷

عُثمان بن ابى العاص الثّقفى gave his name to a gate at al-Basra 908⁹

عُثمان بن عبد الله بن سِرافَة الفُرَسى an agent of al-Ḥajjāj ibn Yūsuf 930¹⁰ seq.

عُثمان بن عفّان the Caliph his treatment of the poet Ḍabiʿ ibn al-Ḥārith 220⁴ seq. see also 25⁶ 118¹⁷ 345¹⁴ 414⁵ (= 625⁷) 417⁴ seq. 484¹ seq. 608¹⁵ 918¹³

عُثمانُ بن المُفضّل his interview with al-Farazdak at al-Kufa 369⁵

سعْدانُ بن المُبارَك see ابو عُثمانَ (1)

المازنيّ see ابو عُثمانَ (2)

أمّ عُثمانَ maternal grandmother of Jarīr 206⁴

العُثمانيّة i. e. the party of the Caliph Uthmān 125¹⁰

عُثمُ see under عُثمانُ

عُثْم بن رَبيعة ancestor of Shabath ibn Rib'ī 399¹¹ 466⁴

العُجّاج i. e. عَبد الله بن رُؤبة بن حسّقة السعديّ [see Aghānī XXI 81¹⁹ seq]. his verses cited 312⁵ seq 486⁴ 514¹⁰ 694 notes⁵ 736¹³ 758⁴

عاجِر الرّبَحيّ a contemporary of Ghālib ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a 418⁴ seq

عبد عمرو بن عاجِر see ابو عاجِر

عاجِل بن لُحَيم a tribe of the Bakr ibn Wā'il, included among the *Lahāzim* 47¹¹ 305¹⁰ 764¹⁰ 1023¹⁵ (see *Additions and Corrections*) their genealogy 47¹¹ distinguished themselves at the Battle of Dhu Kār 641¹⁰ seq see also 47⁵ (= 781¹⁵) 53⁷ (= 785¹¹) 56¹⁰ 58¹⁰ 148⁴ 156⁹ 460¹⁷ 461⁶ 614⁹ 728¹⁵ 1019¹⁴

عَجْلَى بنت لُحَيم mother of Abdallah ibn Khāzim 372⁷

عُجَيم represented as descendants of Isaac 995⁷. see also 40⁹ 358¹¹ 640¹⁶

العُجَيف بن رَبيعة ancestor of a family of the Malik ibn Hanẓala 366⁷

عَجْلان بن رَبيد بن عَبد الله, or عَجْل, ancestor of a family of the Dārim vocalisation of the name 182¹⁵ 587¹¹ seq: names of his children 772¹⁰ 958¹⁰ seq · see also 187⁴ 229⁴ 230¹ 451¹³ (= 454³ 1074¹⁷) 459¹⁰ 498⁹ 958¹⁰

العَدَويّة i. e. فُكَيهة بنت مالك بن حَنْظَل, wife of Malik ibn Hanẓala and ancestress of the clans Sudayy, Zaid and Yarbū 186¹¹ seq., who are called بنو العَدَويّة 325⁷ 731⁴ (= 732⁹) 750¹ 862⁵, or بالعَدَويّة 115⁹ 1047⁷ see also 186¹⁰

عَدِيّ بن أُخرم a clan of the Tayyi' 1083¹² seq

عدي بن أرطاة الفزاري governor of al-Baṣra under ʿUmar ibn ʿAbd-al-ʿAzīz 974⁶: his death 993¹⁵: see also 368¹⁰ 369⁶

عدي بن حنظف بن العنبر a clan of the Tamīm. their genealogy 484³. see also 312¹⁵ 484¹ 491¹⁰ 493¹⁷

[النصاني] عدي بن حاتم lived in the time of the Caliph Abū Bakr 715¹³ see also 551¹⁰

عدي بن عبد مناة see عدي الرباب

عدي بن ربيعة see مهلهل بن ربيعة

عدي بن الرقاع العاملي a poet contemporary with Jarīr [see Aghānī VIII 179⁴ seq.], called ذو الرقيع 967⁷. see also 601⁷

عدي بن زيد العبادي slain by an-Nuʿman ibn al-Mundhir king of al-Ḥīra 639⁹ seq. verse cited 119²

عدي بن عبد مناة a clan included in the Ribāb, and hence called عدي الرباب 360¹⁵. see also 737¹⁹(?) 738¹⁹ 803¹⁵ seq. 908¹ seq 1064⁷ 1067¹⁰ 1068¹¹

عدي بن فزارة ancestor of a family of the Dhubyān 95¹⁵ (see 75⁵ 85¹⁰ 88⁹)

عدي بن كعب a clan of the Kuraish 930¹¹

عدي التيموي slain by the Shaiban at the Battle of Mulaiḥa 54⁶ (= 717)

العديل بن الفرخ العجلي his verses on the Battle of Dhū Kār 646¹² seq his eulogy of Malik ibn Misma 1090⁶ seq (see *Additions and Corrections*, note on 1090⁷)

عزادة a friend of al-Farazdak 427¹⁰ seq, and *hawiya* of al-Rāʿī 443⁴ satirised by Jarīr 443⁵ seq. (see 432¹⁰)

عزار a cow whose name became proverbial 107⁹ seq.

العرب 20¹⁶ 30¹⁵ 46¹⁰ 63¹⁵ 67⁷ 82⁸ 84¹² 87¹⁶ 92²⁰ 98¹⁵ 456⁹: undetermined 645⁷ — observe the phrase وانكس يومند عرب 354⁵

العرني النساعر cited, apparently by Abū ʿUbaida, as an authority for an incident in the life of Jarīr 31⁷

عَرْقَم بن عبد الله بن قيس his verses on the murder of Mas'ūd ibn 'Amr 115[10] seq. (= 735[16] seq): his verses addressed to Mālik ibn Misma' 750[7] seq

عَرُود بن حُذَيْر = عَرُود بن أُدَيَّة, see Mubarrad 538[16] seq.] 186[6] (= 699[13])

عَرُود بن مُعَقِّر [الخلابي] 533[15] 535[13]

عَرُود بن حرام mentioned by Jarīr 274[7]

عَرُود بن حائد بن نَضْلة الأسدي at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[19] (see 241[14])

عَرُود بن سعد a member of the clan Jadīla, mentioned by Jarīr 37[7]

عَرُود بن سُوَيْد النميري one of the Banū 'Abdallāh ibn al-Ḥārith, present at the Battle of Ḳarat Aḥwā 405[11] seq

عَرُود بن عُبَيْد, one of the Banū Ja'far ibn Kilāb, called الرَّحَّال 659[11] 674[18] maternal grandfather of 'Āmir ibn at-Ṭufail 659[11]. his encounter with Sinān ibn Abī Ḥāritha immediately after the Battle of Jabala, and his verses on the subject 674[18] seq

عَرُود بن الوَرْد بن حابس العبسي, called ابو خُزَيْم 338[14]. was defeated by the Banū Riyāḥ at Dhāt al-Jurf (= as-Sarā'im) 336 notes[5] seq

عَرِين بن بَعْكَك بن بَدُوع clan 31[17] 120[11]

عَرِينَة a clan of the Bajīla 31[7] 131[14] 659[1] 660[4]

عَرِيَّة الحَرّ a woman of al-Baṣra 114[5] (- 732[6]) — var. عَرِّ بنت الحَرّ الرِّياحِيَّة in Ṭabarī II 153[7]

العُزَّى deity 76[15] 141[9,10] 668[15] — see عَبْد العُزَّى

عَزِيزة a woman of the Dhuhl ibn Tha'laba, who befriended al-Farazdaḳ 611[16] seq

العُزَيِّل الحارثي father of three men who were slain by Ḍamra ibn Ḍamra an-Nahshalī 601[7] seq

العِزْيا بنت حُرّ بن سعد الرِّياحِيَّة wife of Ka'nab ibn Arnab 474[5] (= 703[14])

بنو العُزَيّ a family of the Fazāra 86[15] 97[11] 101[1]

عِصام cited as an authority for an incident in the life of al-Farazdaḳ 611[15]

عصام بن المسيل الرياحي mentioned by Jarir 1018[9]

عصام his interview with the poet Abu-l-Bilad 436[2] seq

العصدة i e the family of al-ʿĀṣ ibn Umayya 1017[12]

عصم بن عمرو, عصم بن النعمان, see ابو حمس العلمي

عصمة بن أسير التميمي took part in slaying Abd-Yaghuth ibn Wakkas after the Second Battle of al-Kulab 153[8] seq.

عصمة بن حذرة بن قيس الرياحي (called عصمة بن عمرو 336 notes[7]) distinguished himself at the Battle of Dhat al-Jurf (= aṣ-Sara'im) 337[1] seq . his verses on the occasion 337[11] seq

عصمة بن سنان بن حنظ | الشعدي | at the Battle of al-Watidat 389[6] seq.. called also عصيمة 389[5]

عصمة بن حذرة بن قيس see عصمة بن عمرو

عصمة بن ضبب بن سمير العلمي at the Battle of al-Ghabit 314[1] (see 581[11] and foot-note)

عصمة بن النخار | العلمي |, called ابن النخار 73[15] seq.. slain at the Battle of Mulaiha (= Haumal) 73[17] 983[15] seq

عصمة بن وهب العتيقي, called ابو عصمة. took part in capturing Maʿbad ibn Zurara at the Battle of Rahrahan 106[3]

عصمة see حمس بن حذيف بن بدر

عصيدة 843[1], son-in-law of Jarir, according to 843 notes[3] seq, which does not agree with 843[2]

احمد بن عبيد ابو عصيدة see

عصيمة see عصمة بن سنان بن حنظ

عضة بن الحطيئة see عضا بن الحطيئة

عضرد بن حاجب بن زرارة التميمي received a crown from the Persian king 265[5] seq

his visit to the Persian court 463[20] seq., his conversion to Islām and his interview with the Prophet 464[3] seq see also 182[17] 489[15] 495[11] 498[19] 696 notes[8] 897[6] (496[3]) 959[9]

أبو عُطَارِد cited by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak 430[9]

العَطَّاف one of the Banū 'Abdallāh ibn Kilāb lived at the time of the feud between the Banū Abī Bakr ibn Kilāb and the Banū Ja'far 534[7]

العَطَّاف بن زُهَيْر التِّرْمِسِيّ a contemporary of al-Yarbū'ī 810[11]

عَطُوف cited for the text of a verse of al-Farazdak 374[15]

عَطِيَّة بن جَعَال بن مُجَمِّع, called ابن جَعَال 297[7], cf. أبا جَعَال 814[1], one of the Banū Ghudāna ibn Yarbū', and a friend of al-Farazdak 275[9] seq (= 1052[9] seq); see also 38[6] 297[5]

عَطِيَّة بن الحَنَفِيّ بن بدر الكلبي, called also عَطًا 157[6] (and apparently 41[10] 42[1] seq 1045[11] cf 1[6]), father of Jarīr, his ancestry 1[6] seq his verses threatening Tamīm ibn 'Ulatha 2[6] seq anecdotes concerning him 1047[13] seq. see also 108[14] 202[11] 260[11] 268[15] seq. 293[10] seq 473[1] 493[11] 573[19] 626[4] 627[5] 712[10] seq 759 notes[1] 769[4] (= 1047[16]) 791[10] 816[15] 817[12] 842[16] 1014[6] seq

العُطُل a she-camel 447[15] seq 934[10]

عفاف بن عبد الله [بن الخُرْب النَّبْهَانِيّ] (var عفاق 581 notes[4], Lisān XII 126[7]), called also عفاف بن أبي مُلَيْل 582[19] 583[10] at the Battle of al-Iyād 581[16], where he was slain 583[10]

العفف بن العلاق بن فلس [الرَّبَعِيّ] murdered by Shurahbīl ibn Wahb al-'Absī and his brother Jābir 337[7] seq, cf 336 notes[5] seq

عَفَّان النَّهْشَلِيّ owner of a house at al-Basra 731[7]

العفو بن الخَوْطَرَانِيّ 55[1]

عقال بن خُوَيْلِد العُقَيْلِيّ threatened by an-Nābigha al-Ja'dī 906[7] seq

عقال بن سَدَّة بن عقال الطِّهْمَاسِيّ, called ابن سَدَّة 984[13], nephew of al-Farazdak was at the court of the Caliph Hishām 984[13]. cited by al-Yarbū'ī 697[6] 984[11]

عقل بن محمد بن سفيان الماحاسعي an ancestor of al-Farazdak (see 127^{4}) 82^{6} 165^{15} 172^{1} 276^{5} 296^{15} 441^{1} 489^{15} 497^{4} 771^{4} 822^{3} 833^{9} 949^{9} 953^{5} (var. حسال) 997^{11} بنو عقال as a designation of the family 180^{15} 247^{5} 254^{12} 317^{18} 433^{15} 439^{1} 491^{5} 778^{7} seq 862^{11} 974^{4} 977^{1} 1039^{5} seq.

عقد بن ربيعة بن عبد شمس القرشي a contemporary of al-Akra' ibn Habis 140^{15}

عقد بن ملقط النهدي, called ابو الثورة, his verses replying to Jarir 141^{15} seq

عقدان nickname of al-Farazdak q. v

عقفان بن الحوب المربوعي an ancestor of Iyas ibn Husain ibn Ziyad 896^{11} (= 495^{19}) see 196^{1}

عقل بن عمرو (?) at the Battle of Jabala 663^{4}

مسلم بن عقيل ابن see عقيل

عمارة بن عقيل بن بلال see ابو عقيل

عقيلة a woman mentioned by Jarir 173^{16} (var سكينة)

عكّ بن عدنان ancestor of a distinguished family 456^{6} seq

حاجب بن زرارة بن عكرش see ابو عكرشة

عكرمة son of the poet 203^{14}

عكرمة بن خصفة بن قيس (= عكرمة بن قيس بن خصفة) a group of tribes including the Hawazin and the Sulaim 408^{17}

عكل a clan included in the *Ribāb* 1064^{7} seq, and said to be descended from عوف بن عبد مناة بن أد 132^{1} 156^{17} (genealogy) see also 131^{17} 156^{8} 206^{1} 660^{5} 1067^{11} 1068^{17}

علاج maternal uncle of al-Farazdak 172^{2} 893^{8}

علاق [الحلابي] father of two men who were slain at the Battle of Harāmit 927^{14}

علاقة التيمياني one of the Banu-l-Harith ibn Hammām ibn Murra 236^{17}: his verses reproaching his kinsmen with their treatment of Kais ibn Mas'ūd 237^{1} seq.

عَلْقَمَةُ بن سلّام [السَّلاح] القُرَيْعيّ slain at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 152[8] seq.: his verses on the occasion 154[16] seq.

عَلْقَمَةُ [بن سَهْل الدّارميّ], called النحصيّ, 200[10] [see Ibn Duraid 134[1]]

عَلْقَمَةُ بن عَبَدَة the poet, of the clan Rabī'a ibn Mālik ibn Zaid-Manāt 186[5] (= 699[10]), called الفَحْل by al-Farazdak 200[8] his verses on the expedition of 'Amr ibn 'Amr ibn 'Udus against the Ṭayyi' 46[3] seq. 654[1] seq. 1087[20]

عَلْقَمَةُ بن عُلاثة الكلابيّ grandson of 'Auf ibn al-Aḥwaṣ 388[18]

العُلْيان see عَبْد الله بن الخَرِب بن عاصم — according to 896 notes [4] العُلْيان was the *horse* ridden by 'Abdallāh, and this agrees with the reading of the MSS in 896[5]

عَلِيّ بن رَغْدَم, one of the Banū Mau'ala ibn Fukaim, sent by Ziyād ibn Abīhi to arrest al-Farazdak 611[9]. called ابن رَغْدَم 611[14]

عَلِيّ بن ابي طالب the Caliph. his remarks on the death of az-Zubair 81[5] seq.· on the practice called *mu'akara* 625[10] seq (= 999[18] seq.). see also 125[9] seq. (= 439[14]) 247[15] (= 254[5] 896[6]) 308[6] 358[5 17] 716[13]

عليّ بن محمّد see ابو الحَسَن المَدائنيّ

(1) ابو عَلِيّ (?) cited in Boucher's MS for the text of a verse of al-Farazdak 98.3 notes [7]

(2) ابو عَلِيّ see عامر بن الطُّفَيْل

(3) ابو عَلِيّ see قَيْس بن عاصم بن سنان

عُلَيْب a celebrated maker of bows 947[1]

عُلَيْم بن حَبّاب a clan of the Kalb 25[3] seq. 98[3]

عُلَيَّة بنت باحَة الرِّياحيّة a woman of al-Baṣra 732[5] (= 1147)

العَمّ بن باسل (?) captured at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 309[6]

بنو العَمّ see مُرّة بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة

(1) عَمّار a man whose descendants are satirised in an anonymous verse 157[8]

(2) عَمَّار mentioned in a verse by Jarīr 427[6]

عُمَارَة بن رِبْعِيّ [بن عَبْد الله] العَبْسِيّ, brother of ar-Rabīʿ ibn Ziyād 193[7] 655[1]: called دانِف 193[7] 194[20], and الوَقّاب 193[8]: his relations with al-Muthallam ibn al-Mushakhkhara aḍ-Ḍabbī 193[12] seq. slain by Shirḥāf ibn al-Muthallam at an-Naḳīʿa 193[3] 194[5] seq.

عُمَارَة بن عَبْدَة بن الحُرّ التَّرْبُوعِيّ at the Battle of al-Ghabiṭ 313[17]: at the Battle of al-Iyād 582[19], where he was slain 583[9]

عُمَارَة بن عقيل بن بلال الهِلالِيّ great-grandson of Jarīr 205[16]: called أبو عَقِيل 166[7] [see Aghānī XX 183[5]] verses ascribed to him 11[19] seq: satirised by Abu-r-Rudainī 205[16]. cites his father 1047[19] cited by Muhammad ibn Ḥabīb 488[6] cited by Abū Saʿīd (= as-Sukkarī) 272[2] cited by Saʿdān ibn al-Mubārak 430[15]: cited for the text of the *Naḳāʾiḍ* 166[7] 492[10] 511[12] 855[13] 938 notes [3] 980[3] 996[1] cf. 574[5]: see also 38[14] 219[3] 847[4] 891[7] 975[9]

عُمَان i. e the *tribes* of ʿUmān 115[16] (= 737[1]) 720[6] (= 740[8])

عُمَر(?) cited by Abu Ubaida 639[13] (MS عَمْرو بسرى)

عُمَر بن الخَطّاب the Caliph called أبو حفص 1089[11]· his interview with Samaifaʿ ibn Nāḳūr 46[9] seq . his remark about the people of al-Kūfa 312[17] seq.: banished the Christians from Najrān 600[6] seq.. see also 118[16] 729[17] 1089[13] 1099[10] seq.

عُمَر بن عَبْد الله بن أبي رَبِيعَة see عُمَر بن أبي رَبِيعَة

عُمَر بن عبد الله بن أبي نَكِيد cites Bashīr ibn ʿAbdallah 361[19]

عُمَر [بن عَبْد الله] بن أبي رَبِيعَة المَخْزُومِيّ the poet 607[4]

عُمَر بن عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن بن الحَكَم المَخْزُومِيّ one of the negotiators at al-Baṣra after the disturbances 738[11] 739[15]

عُمَر بن عَبْد العَزِيز the Caliph: called ابن عَبْد العَزِيز 798[13] (= 397[9]). entertained al-Farazdak at Medina in the reign of al-Walīd ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik 396[15] seq., and afterwards banished him 397[7] seq. cf. 396 notes [8] seq. 798[14] seq.: entertained Jarīr 397[13] seq.: his opinion of the two poets 397[19] seq.: see also 974[7]

عُمَر بن عَبْد الله(?) cited as a historical authority 367[10]

عَمْرُ بن عُبَيْد الله بن مَعْمَر التَّيْمِيّ one of the negotiators at al-Baṣra after the disturbances 738[10] 739[15] appointed governor of al-Baṣra by ʿAbdallāh ibn az-Zubair (in A H. 64) 742[16] seq see also 749[5] 750[19] 1091[6]

عَمْرُو بن لَحَا, called also عَمْرُو بن لُحَيّ 161[7] 209[5] 388[6], ابن لَحَا 208[9] 594[7] 908[8], and ابو حَفْص 908[10]: his mother Barza 488[10] his interview with Luḳmān al-Khuzāʿī 487[7] seq. his poetical controversy with Jarīr 487[14] seq · received a visit from al-Farazdak at al-Baṣra, and supplied him with information respecting the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 907[18] seq.: verses ascribed to him 209[6] seq 388[7] seq. 487[9] seq. 487[17] 488[13] seq 489[3] seq. 491[5] seq.: see also 901[6]

عَمْرُو بن بَرَد [الأَسْدِيّ] satirised by al-Farazdak 1052[11] seq.

(1) العُمَرَان i. e. the Caliphs Abū Bakr and ʿUmar ibn al-Khaṭṭāb 789[14] 1013[15]

(2) العُمَرَان i. e. ʿUmar ibn ʿUbaidallāh and ʿUmar ibn ʿAbd-ar-Raḥmān 738[13] 739[4]

عِمْرَان بن الحَاف بن قُضَاعَة tribal ancestor 178[9].

عِمْرَان بن عصام العَنَزِيّ acted as arbiter between Mālik ibn Misma' and Ashyam ibn Shakīk in the reign of Yazīd ibn Muʿāwiya 728[19]

عِمْرَان بن مُرَّة بن ذُهْل الشَّيْبَانِيّ, called also عِمْرَان بن مُرَّة بن هَمَّام 681[1], and ابن مُرَّة 681[16]. his genealogy 680[15]. at the Battle of Zubāla 681[1] seq. cf. 680[12]. slain by Ḳurra ibn Hubaira at the Battle of Karat Ahwa (= al-Ḳuwaira) 404[9] 405[4] seq

عِمْرَان بن مُرَّة المُنْقَرِيّ, called ابن مُرَّة 319[11] 779[9] 937[6] (= 779[13]) 979[4], and الأَسَدِيّ 845[1] represented by Jarīr as having taken part in outraging Jiʿthin 222[14] 223[4] 682[13] 709[1] 800[5] 1001[9]

العَمْرَان i. e. ʿAmr and ʿĀmir, sons of Jābir ibn Ḳaṭan ibn Nahshal 772[7] (see notes[3]) 949[7]

(1) عَمْرو 338[2] i. e the family of ʿAmr ibn Hammām ibn Riyaḥ (see 337[7])

(2) عَمْرو 372 notes[10], a man slain by Ibn al-Ḥubāb at the Battle of ath-Tharthār

(3) عَمْرو 387 notes[4], a man addressed in a verse by Dhu-l-Iṣbaʿ al-ʿAdwānī (see 762[4] seq.)

(4) عَمْرو 669[2], a member of the clan ʿAbdallāh ibn Ghaṭafān

(5) عَمْرو 838[8], a friend of al-Farazdak (?)

عَمْرو بن أَحْمَر see ابن أَحْمَر الباهلي

عَمْرو بن الأَحْوَص بن جعْفر الكلابي slain by Khālid ibn Mālik an-Nahshalī at the Battle of Dhū Najab 302^{12} 388^{17} (= 589^{10}) 588^{3} (= 1080^{11}) 1079^{7}

عَمْرو بن الأَسْلَع [العَنَسي] took part in slaying Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 95^{9} 96^{1} seq.

عَمْرو بن أَصْمَع [الباهلي] afforded hospitality to Khālid ibn ʿAbdallāh ibn Khālid at al-Baṣra (in A. H. 71) 749^{11} [cf. Ṭabarī II 798^{9}]. see also 751^{9}

عَمْرو بن بَكْر a clan of the Taghlib included among the *Arāḳim* 266^{12}

عَمْرو بن تَمِيم tribe. fought at al-Marrūt 70^{15} seq : allied themselves with the Bakr ibn Wāʾil 156^{9} seq. cf. 258^{2}: see also 26^{10} 143^{2} 156^{8} 163^{13} 225^{2} 258^{3} seq. 306^{11} 312^{5} 315^{1} 392 notes ^{2} 448^{5} 452^{9} seq. (= 1073^{9} seq) 466^{15} 599^{1} seq 636^{13} 713^{11} (?) 738^{4} seq. 901^{6} 911^{4} 1021^{12} 1040^{2}

عَمْرو بن ثَعْلَبَة clan 373^{2} (var ثعلبة بن بكر 266^{13})

عَمْرو بن ثَعْلَبَة بن مِلْقَط الطّائي (1087^{14}), called also عَمْرو بن ثَعْلَبَة بن عَتّاب 1084^{8}, and عَمْرو بن مِلْقَط 45^{17} 46^{2} $653^{7\,18}$ 1085^{6}. urged ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir, king of al-Ḥīra, to slay Zurāra ibn ʿUdus 653^{7} seq. (= 1084^{8} seq) cf. 45^{18}. commanded the vanguard of the king's army when he marched against the Banū Dārim (Second Day of Uwāra) 1085^{6} 1087^{14}

عَمْرو بن حابِر [بن عُقَيْل العُقَيْلي], called العُوعاء (?): mentioned in a verse by ʿAntara ibn Shaddad 101^{17} — for his genealogy, see 101^{1}

عَمْرو بن حابِر بن قَيْس التَّيْسَلي 949^{7} cf. 772^{7}

عَمْرو بن حُمْمور بن ذِئْب السَّعْدي (var عَمْر 82^{2}) one of the Banū Rabīʿa ibn Kaʿb 399^{10} 970^{7} called ابن حُمْمور 81^{3} seq. 708^{16} 833^{2} 860^{6}, and ابن دَتّال (after his great-grandfather) 82^{1} 180^{2} 592^{3} 833^{7}. his genealogy 82^{2} slew az-Zubair ibn al-ʿAwwām after the Battle of the Camel 80^{17} seq. 179^{10} 318^{16}

عَمْرو بن حُسَم ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 452^{15} (= 1073^{15}), perhaps also 453^{11} (= 1074^{7})

عَمْرو الحُجَيْفي slain by the Ḍibāb at Ṭikhfa (= ʿArja, or al-Huḍaibāt) 526^{10} 925^{14}

عَمْرو بن الجَعْد المُرادي a *kāhin*, slain at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 152[9] 154[15] seq. 155[10]

عَمْرو بن خُنْدَب a subdivision of the Banu-l-ʿAnbar ibn ʿAmr ibn Tamīm 315[3] 317[4] 696[7] (= 747[15])

عَمْرو بن سَراحيل بن عَمْرو see عَمْرو بن الحَوْن

عَمْرو بن خَوْن الرِّياحي captured Ḥassān al-Lakhmī at the Battle of Ṭikhfa 68[4]

عَمْرو بن حُجْر بن عَمْرو, called المَقْصور, one of the Kindite kings 452[7] (= 1081[9])

عَمْرو بن خُدَّر بن سَلْمى التَّيْسَلي made a raid upon Najrān 601[5 13] 698[17]

عَمْرو بن حَرام بن حَوط الكَلْبي father of Umāma the wife of Jarīr 203[13] 500[4]

عَمْرو بن الحَرِب بن هَمّام see عَمْرو بن الحَرِب بن دُغْفُل

عَمْرو بن الحَرِب بن الى سمر [العَسّاني] captured by Ḥubaish ibn Dulaf ad-Ḍabbī 199[1] (genealogy)

عَمْرو بن الحَرِب بن نَمِر ancestor of a family 405[11]

عَمْرو بن الحَرِب [بن هَمّام] الشَّيْباني took part in the slaying of Kulaib ibn Rabīʿa at-Taghlibī 905[18] seq. — for his genealogy, see 18[5]

عَمْرو بن حَسْحاس بن وَقّاص الأَسَدي, called ابن حَسْحاس 667[4] at the Battle of Jabala 667[2]

عَمْرو [بن الحُصَيْن بن رَبيعة الباهلي] grandfather of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 364[5] (see 342[6])

عَمْرو بن حَنْظَلَة بن مالك a clan of the Tamīm, included among the *Barājim* 186[15]: see also 206[3] 365[17] 680[16]

عَمْرو بن خَوْط بن سَلْمى الرِّياحي his verses alluding to the Battle of Ṭikhfa 69[11] seq.

عَمْرو بن خالد a chieftain of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt (?) 741[13]

عَمْرو بن خالد بن مَحْمود (var. عُمَيْر بن خالد بن محمّد), called ابو الطُّفَيْل [النَّدْرِيّ] his verses on the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 311[6] seq.

عَمْرو بن الحُمارِم [المَحَلّيّ], called ابنُ الحُمارِم 142[5] was present at the boasting-match between Jarīr ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Bajalī and Khālid ibn Arṭāt al-Kalbī 141[14] seq

عَمْرو بن الحَمْس see ابنُ الحَمْس المَعْلِميّ

عَمْرو بن خُوَيْلِد بن نُفَيْل الخِلانيّ, called عَمْرو بن الضَّعِف 72[5]. at the Battle of Raḥrahān 1062[14]

عمرو بن دارم 1073[15] – see foot-note

عَمْرو بن رياد بن عَمْرو 1073[11], called عَمْرو بن عامِر بن أُمْرِئ القَيْس 452[11], father of Usaida bint ʿAmr *q. v.*

عَمْرو بن أبي رَبيعة بن ذُهْل an ancestor of Hānīʾ ibn Ḳabīṣa 587[3]: called المُرَدَّف 639[7]. origin of the nickname 810[4] seq.

عَمْرو بن سَراحيل الكِنْديّ 407[3], called also عَمْرو بن المَحْوَن after his great-grandfather 407[6] (cf. 410[4]) – see المَحْوَن

عَمْرو بن سَكَل [العامِريّ] slain at the Battle of as-Su'bān 386 notes [9]

عَمْرو بن شَيْخ بن عَبْد الله الكِنْديّ at the Battle of Fail-ar-Rīḥ 470[10] seq.

عَمْرو بن الضَّعِف see عَمْرو بن خُوَيْلِد بن نُفَيْل

عَمْرو بن الضُّفَيْل [الخِلانيّ] brother of ʿĀmir ibn aṭ-Ṭufail: captured at the Battle of as-Su'bān 386 notes [10]

عَمْرو بن ظَوْف a hero of the Banū Bahdala (?) 715[4]

عَمْرو بن عَمْرو بن رياد بن عَمْرو بن عامِر بن أُمْرِئ القَيْس see

عَمْرو بن عامِر [ابن حارِثة], called مُزَيْقِيا, an ancestor of the Ghassānid kings 189[16] 195[17]

عَمْرو بن عامِر [بن رَبيعة الضَّبّيّ] mentioned in a verse by al-Baʿīth 148[20]

عَمْرو بن عَبْد الله بن جَعْدَة [العامِريّ] suggested the plan whereby his fellow-tribesmen gained their victory at Jabala 658[4] seq

عَمْرو بن عُدُس بن زَيْد الدّارميّ his parentage and the names of his brothers 772[16] 958[13]

عَمْرو بن العُرَيِّل الحارِثيّ slain by Ḍamra ibn Ḍamra an-Nahshalī at Najrān 601⁷

عَمْرو بن عَبْدَة الكَلْبيّ brother of Jarīr 41¹⁰

عَمْرو [بن عُلَى بن حُلْد] ancestor of the tribe al-Ḥārith ibn Kaʿb ibn ʿAmr, who are therefore called بنو عَمْرو 156³ (var. كعب)

عَمْرو بن عُمارَة بن عَمْرو see عُمَيْر بن عُمارَة النَّمْريّ

عَمْرو بن عِمْران الأسديّ, one of the Banū-ṣ-Ṣaidā 1096³, hence called الصَّيْداويّ 944³ seq. lived among the Banū Nahshal as the client of Ḥarrī ibn Ḍamra 943⁹ seq (= 1096³ seq.)

عَمْرو بن عَمْرو بن رَبْد see the following

عَمْرو بن عَمْرو بن عَمْرو بن عُدُس الدّارميّ, called also عَمْرو بن عَمْرو بن رَبْد 694⁵, ابو سَرْنَح 771¹⁰, and الأَسْلَع 977¹¹ (= 679¹¹): his genealogy 409³. married Dukhtanūs bint Lakīṭ 665⁹ 940¹: raided the Ṭayyiʾ at the request of his uncle Zurāra ibn ʿUdus 45¹⁷ seq. (= 1087¹⁷ seq.) 653¹⁷ seq.: at the Battle of Jabala 409¹ seq 657⁴ 670¹⁰ seq., his advice to his fellow-tribesmen before the Battle of Dhū Najab 587¹¹ (= 1079¹¹) 588⁸ (= 1081⁷) slain by Anas ibn Ziyād al-ʿAbsī at the Battle of Akrun 679⁵ seq. verses ascribed to him 940³ seq. (but cf. 665⁵ seq.). see also 621¹⁰ 694¹ 697³ 698 notes ⁵

عَمْرو بن أبي عمرو cited for the text of the *Nakāʾid* 17⁶ 346⁷

عَمْرو [بن العَفْقاع الدّارميّ] slain by Hubaira ibn Ḍamdam in the reign of Muʿāwiya 79¹³ 80¹

عَمْرو بن عبسى العَدَويّ see ابو نَعامَة

عَمْرو العَسّانيّ see ابو البِرْمِاس

عَمْرو بن حابِر بن قَيْس see عَمْرو بن قَيْس

عَمْرو بن قَمِيئَة verse ascribed to him 65¹⁶ [see Aghānī XVI 163¹⁵ seq.]

عَمْرو بن قَيْس بن سَراحيل, nicknamed الصُّلَّب, grandfather of al-Ḥufaẓān 326² (= 710¹⁰)

عَمْرو بن قَيْس العَنْكَليّ, one of the Banū Rabīʿa ibn ʿIjl at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 307¹⁵ seq

عَمْرو بن قَمْس بن مسْعود السَّنْدانيّ, called ابن قَمْس 645[3], الأَصَمّ 259[8], and الأَحْوَص 806[4] brother of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais 806[3]: distinguished himself at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 645[4]

عَمْرو بن كَبْشَة [الكِنْديّ] (so called after his mother) brother of Ḥassān ibn Mu'āwiya: slain at the Battle of Dhū Najab 302[4] seq cf. 1000[3]

عَمْرو بن نَعْب بن سَعْد a subdivision of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 741[2]

عَمْرو بن بِلال clan 388[3] 660[3] seq. cf. 924[14]: said to be descended from al-Walīd 924[15]

عَمْرو بن كُلْثوم التَّغْلبيّ the poet, of the clan Jusham ibn Bakr ibn Ḥubaib 266[11] 373[2]. slew 'Amr ibn Hind (= 'Amr ibn al-Mundhir) king of al-Ḥīra 885[7] seq.: his verses cited 564[15] 886[8] seq.

عَمْرو بن لَحَا see عَمْرو بن لَحَا بن سَرير

عَمْرو بن مالك بن زَيْد see الرَّدِم الحَشَميّ

عَمْرو, nicknamed العَلّاج [بن مُحاسِع], ancestor of a family of the Dārim 772[1]

عَمْرو بن مَرْثَد ancestor of a family of the Ḳais ibn Tha'laba 613[12] 1034[9] cf. 943[7] 946[1]

عَمْرو بن مُسْلِم الباهليّ governor of al-Jūzajān and brother of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[15]

عَمْرو بن مَعْدي كَرِب الزَّبيديّ his interview with Mujāshi' ibn Mas'ūd as-Sulamī at al-Baṣra 129[8] seq.. verses ascribed to him 39[13] 52[17]

عَمْرو بن مُعَيْذ بن زَيْد a clan of the Bajīla 660[7]

عَمْرو clan 928[14] 929[5] 931[1] [بن مُعَيْذ بن بِلال]

عَمْرو بن مِلْحَط see عَمْرو بن تَعْلَبَة بن مِلْحَط

عَمْرو بن المُنْذِر اللَّخْميّ king of al-Ḥīra, called also عَمْرو بن هِنْد after his mother 405[5] 714[2] 884[16] seq. 977[4] 1083[7], ابن هِنْد 884[10] 1082[3] seq, مُحَرِّق 714[2] seq. (see مُحَرِّق), مُحَرِّق لِلْحارِث 45[18] 267[11] 1081[3], and ذو القَرْنَيْن (according to one view) 1018[12] (= 588[16]). his parentage 884[16] seq. reigned 16 years 885[7]. raided the Ṭayyi' 65[3] seq cf 1081[10] seq.. a second raid 1083[17] seq : his relations with Zurāra ibn 'Udus 653[7] seq cf. 1084[14] seq.: his slaughter of the Dārim at Uwāra 654[1] seq. cf. 45[18] seq. 977[3] (= 654[10]) seq. 1085[7] seq was slain by 'Amr ibn Kulthūm at a banquet 885[8] seq. cf. 884[10] see also 652[15] 977[3]

عَمْرو بن هِشام بن المُغيرة المَخْزومىّ, nicknamed ابو جَهْل, 607⁶

عَمْرو بن المُنْذِر see عَمْرو بن هِنْد

عَمْرو slain by al-Muṣaffa al-Ḳushairī 72¹⁵. called ابن وافِد 73¹ عَمْرو بن وافِد الرِّياحىّ

عَمْرو بن بِلال see عَمْرو بن الوَحيد

عَمْرو see عَمْرو بن مُضَر مُدْرِكَة بن الياس بن مُضَر

عَمْرو a clan included in the *Aḥmāl* 305¹: they are said to be designated by the name حرام 43⁹ (see الحَرام بن تَرْنوع): see also 29¹⁰ 120⁵ عَمْرو بن تَرْنوع

(1) عَمْرو see ابن عَمْرو بن عَدِىّ مَسْعود

(2) عَمْرو see ابن عَمْرو بن حُوَيْلِد بَرِيد

عَمْرو see ابن عَمْرو بن مَرْثَد قَيْس بن خَسّان بن عَمْرو

عَمْرو see ابو سَأْس بن ابى بُلَمىّ

عَمْرو ابو ا. e إِسْحٰق بن مِرار الشَّيْبانىّ [see Ibn Khallikān I 115¹ seq.], cited by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak 372¹⁰ see also 562¹⁰

عَمْرو ابو cites Abū Mikhnaf 402⁷. cited by al-Aṣma'ī 182² 334⁷ 1047¹¹, by Abū 'Ubaida 197⁷ 1051⁵, and by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak 554⁸ cited for the text of the *Naḳā'iḍ* 34³ 44¹⁴ 168¹¹ 282¹³ 283⁸ 325¹⁷ 371² 475¹⁹ 518⁴ 525¹⁰ 558⁴ 562⁴ 606⁷ 746¹⁷ 788⁸ 823¹ 880¹⁷ 926¹³ 927³ 982³. see also 25¹ 316¹¹ 513⁹ 645¹¹ 678¹⁷ 790¹⁹ [some of these passages may perhaps refer to Abū 'Amr ash-Shaibānī] بن العَلاء

(1) عَمْرو see بنو عَمْرو بن عُلَى بن خَلَف

(2) عَمْرو see بنو عَمْرو بن مُعاوِيَة بن كِلاب

عَمّ (عمرو in the parallel passage 885³) an ancestor of the Lakhmite kings 298¹⁷ [see Ibn Duraid 226²] بن نُمارِة

ابو ا. e. عَبْد الله بن خَلَف العَمْشَل: cited 564¹² 776¹⁰

عَمْرو see عَمَّر بن خُرْمور بن ذُبيان

عَمَّر, called ابن الكُحّاب 372 notes¹⁰ 373⁹ 378⁸ 394⁶ بن الكُحّاب بن ابلس السُّلَمىّ his genealogy 1038³ was leader of the tribes of Ḳais-'Ailān when they defeated

the Taghlib 1038[7]. was slain by the Taghlib at the Battle of Sinjār (A. H. 70) 373[9] seq. 400[15]

عَمْرو بن خالد بن مَحْمود see عُمَيْر بن خالد بن محمّد

عُمَيْر بن سُنَيْم see النُّقَيْشَميّ

عُمَيْر بن عُشَارِد بن حاجب الدارميّ father of Muhammad ibn 'Umair (*q. v.*) 495[16] seq. 895[10]

عُمَيْر بن عُمارِد التَّنُّوخيّ (var. عُمَيْرة and عمرو, see 308[12]) his verses on the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 309[10] seq.

عُمَيْر بن مَعْن cited as a historical authority by Abū 'Ubaida 721[16]

عُمَيْر بن نَضْلة, nicknamed الحاسي was present at the horse-race which caused the War of Dāḥis 87[10]

عُمَيْر بن الوَدّاك slain at the Battle of al-Iyād 584[6]

عُمَيْرة بن الحَرْوَر النَّشَّائيّ captured at the Battle of al-Iyād and afterwards slain 584[7] seq

عُمَيْر بن ذَرِف بن دُنَيْف النِّمْريّ, called ابن ذارف 784[16] his genealogy 47[7] 780[15] 781[13]. was connected with the tribe of 'Ijl through his mother Taiba bint Bujair 780[14] (cf 47[1] seq) and his wife Murayya bint Jābir 47[5] (= 781[14]). was dwelling among the 'Ijl when they, together with other tribes of Bakr ibn Wa'il, planned an attack upon the Yarbū' 47[9] seq (= 782[3] seq.) succeeded in escaping and warning the Yarbū' 48[7] seq. (= 782[15] seq) his conduct during the battle (at Dhū Ṭulūḥ) 50[6] seq. (= 783[17] seq): verses ascribed to him 51[14] seq. (= 785[5] seq) 54[16] seq. 57[6] seq see also 58[9] seq. 66[3] 583[12]

عُمَيْر بن عُمارِد see عمرو بن عُمارِد

عُمَيْلة بن الأَعْزَل, called ابو سَيّارة. had the privilege of *ifāḍa* at the annual pilgrimage 450[10]

عصمة بن وهب see ابو عميلة

أعْوَر بني نَبْهان see العَبّاب, عبّاب

العُمَيْر clan 54[1] 70[13] seq. 243[5] 306[2] 445[2] 709[16] 1045[4]: called also بنو العُمَيْر 315[3], and بنو الأَجْعَر 307[4]: for their genealogy, see 196[3] 824[7]

العَنْبَر بن تَرْنوع see تَرْند بن تَرْنوع

العَنْبَرِيّ verses cited on his authority 840⁶ seq.

عَنْبَسَة بن سَعيد [الأُمَوِيّ] an official under al-Hajjāj ibn Yūsuf 819⁸

عَنْتَرَة بن شَدّاد العَبْسِيّ the poet called العَلْجا 108²· his genealogy 419¹⁷ 421¹¹· his mother Zabība 372⁸ his conduct on the occasion of the Battle of al-Faruk 419¹⁷ seq. 1072⁵ seq his verses cited 98⁵ 101¹³ seq. 421¹⁶ seq (cf. 98¹⁰ seq. 1072¹³ seq) 680⁸ seq.

عَنَزَة بن أَسَد a tribe included among the *Lahāzim* 47¹⁰ 305¹⁰ 764¹⁰ 1023¹⁶ (see *Additions and Corrections*): their genealogy *ibid*: see also 130¹¹ 728¹¹ 737¹⁵

عَنَس a clan of the Madhḥij 471²⁰

العَنَقا بن هَمّام of the Banū Abī Bakr ibn Kilāb captured at the Battle of an-Nisār 241¹⁹

عَنْق فَنَس بن خَبَرّ see ابن عَنَقا

بنو العَنَق i. e. the descendants of Tha'laba ibn Amr ibn ʿĀmir al-Ghassānī 547¹ [see Ibn Duraid 259¹, Ibn Kutaiba M. 54¹]

عَنْك اللّه بن عَنَمَة see ابن عَنَمة

بنو عَنَمة apparently the family to which ʿImrān ibn Murra ash-Shaibānī belonged 406⁹

العَواتِك (pl of عاتِكَة) certain ancestresses of the Prophet 403¹ seq., see also 939 notes¹

عَواتِك بن سَعد a clan of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included among the *Abnā* 116⁵

العَوّام [بن سَوْدَب] الشَّيْبانِيّ, or عَوّام 586¹ seq., his verses on the battles of al-Ghabīt and al-Iyād 585¹ seq. 585¹⁴ seq (= 1069¹⁰ seq.) 585¹⁹ seq. (= 1069¹⁴ seq) 1069¹⁷ seq.: see also 584⁷ 1069⁵ [and Lisān XI 287¹⁶]

الزُّبَيْر بن العَوّام بن خُوَيْلِد see ابن عَوّام

بنو العَوّام i. e. the family of az-Zubair ibn al-ʿAwwām 274²

عَوْد a clan of the Azd 729¹³ [عَوْد according to the *Mushtabih* of adh-Dhahabī ed. De Jong 379¹⁰]

عَوْد بن عائذ بن قُنْعَد a family of the ʿAbs 88⁶ [read عَوْد for عوف] 337² 338¹² — for their genealogy, see also 93⁸

[عَوْد بن مالك بن حَنْظَلة] see 463 notes¹

العَوْراء الرِّياحيّة her verses on the Battle of al-Marrūt, composed in reply to Yazīd ibn ʿAmr ibn aṣ Ṣaʿik 72⁸ seq.

عَوْف بن الأَحْوَص بن جَعْفَر الكِلابيّ, nicknamed الحَجّار 668⁷ at the Battle of Raḥraḥān 1062¹⁵ at the Battle of Jabala 407⁵ seq. 655⁶ seq. 667¹⁶ seq.. see also 388¹⁷ (= 589¹⁰) 533⁴ seq.

[عَوْف بن عَمْرو القُرَيّ] [بن بَدْر] brother of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr: slain by Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 88⁵ seq. 92¹⁶ seq.

[عَوْف بن سَلْمَى] [بن حارثة] ancestor of a family of the Yarbūʿ 25¹¹ cf 51⁵ 784¹¹

عَوْف بن خُشَم بن هِلال النَّمَرِيّ maternal grandfather of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā, king of al-Ḥīra 713¹⁵

[عَوْف بن أبي حارِثة الثَّعْلَبيّ] 107¹⁹ seq. cf. 104¹⁴

عَوْف بن سَنَع الثَّعْلَبيّ 107¹⁹ seq. cf 107¹⁰

عَوْف بن سَعْد بن زَيْد مَنَاة ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 899¹³

[عَوْف بن سَعْد] [بن زَيْد مَنَاة] a clan included among the *Abnā* 116⁵ see also 1078¹⁶

عَوْف بن سُفْيان see 945 notes⁵

عَوْف بن عَبْد الله بن عامِر said to have been the leader of the Asad [ibn Khuzaima] at the Battle of an-Nisār 240³

عَوْف بن عَبْد مَنَاة see عَكّ

عَوْف بن عَتّاب بن ضَمْرَة الرِّياحيّ succeeded his father as *radf* at the court of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā 66¹⁰ seq 68¹⁵ 298¹² 809⁴ 898⁷

عَوْف بن عَبْد بن الحَرِث الشَّمّاخيّ lived at the time of the battles of Raḥraḥān 228⁶, an-Nisār 1065¹² seq, and Jiz' Zilal 1068³ his verses cited 228⁸ seq. 240¹⁸ seq. 1066¹ seq

عَوْف بن عَمْرو بن حُسَم [النَّمَرِيّ] went on an embassy to the king of Yemen shortly before the Battle of Khazāzā 1094[2] seq.

عَوْف بن عالِب 88[6] - see عَوْد بن عالِب بن قُطَيْعَة

عَوْف بن القَعْقاع بن مَعْبَد الذّارِميّ, called عَوْنَف 309[10] seq, and ابو قَحْطَس 80[7] (= 768[8]) 1000[16]: his genealogy 1000[17] fled at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 309[8] seq had a feud with the Banū Tuhayya, who had slain his son Kais, in the time of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 79[2] seq. (see 79[12]). murdered Mazād ibn al-Akʿas al-Mujāshiʿī soon after the death of the Caliph Muʿāwiya 80[4] (see 79[20]). was wounded, in vengeance, by the father, or uncle, of Mazād 80[5] seq. (= 768[4] seq.). see also 78[12] 81[18] seq. 254[15] 318[6] 426[11] 427[5] seq. 439[9] 695[8] 974[13] 1000[15] 1040 notes[6]

عَوْف بن تَعْب a clan of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 459[9] 461[16] 714[7] 717[11 18] 718[2] seq.

نِساء عوف i. e. certain women of this clan from whom some families of the Dārim were descended 772[11] seq.

عوف بن كُلْب ancestor of the family to which Jarīr belonged 14[15] (cf. 7[4])

عَوْف بن مِناف بن حَنْظَلَة ancestor of a family included among the Banū Ṭuhayya 18.3[16] 463[1] 711[11] 715[5] 958[5] 1097[2]

عوف بن مُحَلِّم بن ذُهْل [الشَّيْبانيّ] went on an embassy to the king of Yemen shortly before the Battle of Khazāzā 1094[1] seq.

عَوْف بن المُسْمِعِ العُقَيْليّ at the Battle of Jabala 664[19] seq.

عَوْف ابو عَمْرو ancestor of a family of the Kilāb 387[13]

عَوْف بن تَعْب see نِساء عَوْف

ابن عَوْن [i. e. عَبْد الله بن عَوْن, see Ibn Ḳutaiba M. 245[15] seq.] cited by Abū ʿUbaida 462[9]

عَوْنَر بن ساحِمَة بن الكاهِن السَّعْديّ (or اَلْعَوْنَر 1078[15]) protected the family of Shuraḥbīl ibn al-Ḥārith al-Kindī after the First Battle of al-Kulāb 458[11] (= 1077[14]) 459[7]

عَوْنَف see عَوْف بن القَعْقاع بن مَعْبَد

عَبّاس بن الزِّبْرِقان بن بَدْر السَّعْديّ, called ابن الزِّبْرِقان 779[2]: a cousin and friend of al-Farazdak 705[13] 779[3]. satirised by Jarīr 707[5] seq

عباس بن لُبَيم his verses on the death of 'Imrān ibn Murra ash-Shaibānī 406[15] seq

عبسا grandmother of the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 10[16] 11[1]

عبسى بن حُصَيْلة بن مُعبد السُّلَمى, called ابو حُصَيْلة 609[19], البَهْزى [i. e of the clan Bahz, see Ibn Duraid 187[4] seq] 609[17] 610[6], and ابن بحر 611[7] (see 609[16]). assisted al-Farazdak to escape from Ziyād ibn Abīhi 609[16] seq.

عبسى بن عُمَر reported to al-Aṣma'ī a saying of Abu-n-Najm 1004[6]

عبسى بن مريم *Christ* his date 347[15]. mentioned by Jarīr 995[1]: see also 83[6] 867[11]

عبسى بن موسى [البيسمى] kept an official register of cripples 129[1]

العبص بن أُمَيَّة [القرسى] 427[3] 1017[14]

ابو العبص بن أُمَيَّة [القرسى] 427[3] 1017[14] cf 749[1]

عبلان used in poetry as a name for the group of tribes usually called عَنْس عبلان 147[6] 377[10] seq. 390[14]

العبلة an ancestor of Ḥāzim ibn Abi Ḥāzim al-Ahmasī 140[19]

عَبْلة بن حِصن بن حُذيفة الفَزارى, called ابن حصن 760[5] (= 882[15]) his genealogy 301[15] seq raided the Taim (= Taim ar-Ribab) and carried off a number of captives, who were subsequently rescued by the Yarbū' at Hakil 301[11] seq. 760[5] seq. 1067[9] seq (cf the divergent account 302[11] seq) made a second raid upon the Taim 1068[1] seq

ع

عبد بن الحارث بن عبّاد tribe 787[4]

عبّاد بن حَنْظلة بن مناة a clan of the Tamīm, included among the *Barājim* 186[15]

عبّاد father of al-Farazdak called ابن لَبْلى (after his mother) 381[12] 418[14], ابو الحَتَّة 417[3], لَبْن 969[13], حَوْض الحمار 231[5] 682[7] 799[5] 811[15] 844[11] seq 975[9], of which خُوف الحمار is apparently a variant 799[4] 799[16] 812[6] 975[8] 996[10] [the term seems to be once applied to al-Farazdak himself 1044[15]] —

see also كَعْب his genealogy 414[7] seq : is represented by Jarīr as a blacksmith 543[6] 826[12] 851[16] seq., and as a son of the slave Jubair 597[15] seq. 683[1] 799[11] seq 833[4] was celebrated for his generosity 608[2]. competed with Suḥaim ibn Wathīl in the slaughtering of camels at Ṣau'ar in the reign of 'Uthmān 414[5] seq. (= 625[6] seq. 1070[4] seq) cf. 580[3] 771[11] 953[6] 999[14] seq : was assaulted by Dhakwān ibn 'Amr al-Fukaimī 217[1] seq , and is said to have died in consequence 217[5] 682[3] (but see 217 notes[3]): his tomb at Kāzima (= al-Mikarr) a place of refuge 380[6] seq 789[10] seq. 910[15] (cf. 913[4]): see also 77[17] 172[4] 215[7 17] 222[10] 264[6] seq. 267[15] 379[10] 413[14] 483[2] 525[9] 592[9] 609[7] 697[3] 711[14] 712[11] 778[7] 815[15] 949[9] seq 1001[8] seq 1017[10]

عائب بن ثعلبة a clan of the 'Abs 337 notes[1] 338[14] 666[1] — for their genealogy, see 887 93[5]

العَرَدى see ابن عائب

أمّ عائب see البَرّاك بن قُرْط

عائد see كائد

عَبْر a clan of the Bakī ibn Wā'il 896[9] [see Ibn Duraid 205[22]]

عَبْرا a mare which belonged to Kais ibn Zuhair al-'Absī 86[11] seq.

عَبْدة بن ربوع clan 38[6] (cf 814[4]) 202[3] seq 204[11] 275[9] (= 1052[9]) 331[12] 349[14] 752[17] (= 758[10]) 816[5] (= 1093[1]) 898[15]

[الدارِمَة] عَبْرا بنت ضِرار بن القعقاع (or عِرْا 365[5]) mother of Ḍirār ibn Muslim al-Bāhilī 362[15]

عُبَيْد الله 439[15] 440[1] 1036 notes[4], or العُبَيْد 937[12] (= 440[5]) 1037[2] (= 440[5]) one of the Banū Murra ibn 'Auf, employed by Ibrāhīm ibn 'Arabī to collect the poor-tax 439[15] seq : had an intrigue with some woman, as to which the accounts differ 440[1] 1037[3]

عُبَيْد بن زُرارة ancestor of a family of the Dhubyān 88[11]

أبو العُبَيْد القَيْنى cited by Abū 'Ubaida as an authority on the Battle of an-Niṣār 240[12], see also 240[3]

عَبْد, عَبْد see مالك بن حنظلة بن مالك

عَبْدة wife of Shabīb ibn Yazīd 74[15] [see Ṭabarī II 892[10] 961[6] 963[15] 967[11]]

العرائد السكونى lived at the time of the Battle of Dhū Tulūḥ 50[10] (= 783[10])

العرائد see 783[19]

عسّان tribe 195[18] 546[12] 701[15] 865[4] (= 1000[5]) — see also مازن بن الأزد

عسّان بن دغفل بن الرا السلمانى his genealogy 2[13]: satirised the Banu-l-Khaṭafā, and became involved in a poetical controversy with Jarīr 2[14] seq. (N°. 1—14) his feud with Janbā ibn Nathla al-Kalbī in the reign of Mu'āwiya 25[1] seq (N°. 15): see also 30[1] 31[1] 32[15] 38[5] 42[3] 161[8]

(1) ابو عسّان see مالك بن مسمع

(2) ابو عسّان an authority cited 265[17] 266[16]

عصمان بن سامة see 306 notes [1]

عصوب a woman slain by the Banū Subai', whom she had satirised 1097[1] seq.

عطّاف بن أسف بن تريد of the Banū Ka'b ibn 'Amr ibn Tamīm fought at al-Baṣra during the disturbances 733[15] his verses on the occasion 734[1] seq 735[5] seq

عطّاف بن سعد group of tribes: for their genealogy, see 85[11] their alliance with the Asad ibn Khuzaima and the Ṭayyi' at the time of the Battle of an-Nisār 238[11] 240[1] their apostasy in the reign of Abū Bakr 715[15] see also 93[6] 238[8] 240[20] 243[11] 365[4] 420[10] seq. 655[7] 938[11] 1038[1]

العطمس النمرى a robber, mentioned in a verse 45[5]

عفاف بن عبد الله see عفاف بن عبد الله

علّاق or علّاف ابن of the Banū Tha'laba ibn Sa'd [ibn Dhubyān], a contemporary of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 86[9] seq

عفف see معدى درب بن الحرب بن عمرو

العلفا see سلمة بن الحرب بن عمرو

عمامة بنت الثوّب بن عبيد الدارمية wife of Juwairiya ibn Badr 308[16]: captured at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 312[7] seq. 865[10] (= 308[3]) 938[1]

عمّى بن اعصر tribe their genealogy 30[14]. their connection with the Banū Ja'far ibn

Kilāb 927[18]· fought at the Battle of Jabala 659[18]: see also 211[15] 227[1] 285[10] 286[4] 533[13] seq 668[15] 678[11] 899[16] 950[5] 1028[2] 1060[12] 1061[9] 1063[6]

ابن العَمِّيّ at the Battle of Jabala 674[15] [text doubtful, var. ابنا عمي in Aghānī X 45[31]]

عَمّ بن دِرْهَم النَّمَرِيّ father-in law of al-Farazdak 595[13] called ابن دِرْهَم 594[13]

عَوْب [= العَوْب بن نسب? Ibn Ḳutaiba M. 53[8]] an ancestor of the Azd 752[5]

العَوْب a subdivision of the Ṭayyi' 34[7]

صُوفَة العَوْب بن مُرّ see

العَوْعاء see 101 notes[6]

الأَحْنَف بن عَوْب عباب بن عَوْب see

عَنَط بن مُرّة a subdivision of the Murra ibn ʿAuf ibn Saʿd 105[14] 761[13] (= 1068[14])

عَنْقَة عَنْلاَن بن عَنْقَة see ذو الرُّمَّة

عَنْلاَن بن مالك (vocat. عَنْل 1025[13]) of the ʿAmr ibn Tamīm, slain by the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt at Tiyās 1025[5] seq.

عَنْلاَن بن مُحَمَّد cited by Abū ʿUbaida 722[19]

أُمّ عَنْلاَن daughter of Jarīr 754[12] 839[11] 841[1] seq. 843[2]

عَنْتَر a stallion camel 198 notes[7]

ف

فارِس the Persians 581[2] 648[15] — see الفُرْس

الفارِعَة بنت مُعَوِّذَة الفَسَوِيَّة her verses on the Battle of an-Nisār 242[16] seq. (see 1066[18] seq.)

فاطِمَة a woman mentioned by Jarīr 249[16] (= 1048[15])

فاطِمَة بنت حَلْبَة العَبْدِيَّة mother of Mirdās ibn Abī ʿĀmir 659[18]

فاطِمَة بنت الخَرَشِيّ الأَنْمارِيَّة mother of ar-Rabīʿ ibn Ziyād al-ʿAbsī 90[9] 193[9]

فَاطِمَة بن ربيعة بن الحرث [التَّغلبيّة] mother of the poet Imru'u-l-Kais 905[4] seq.

فلح ancestor of a family of the ʿAmr ibn Tamīm, settled among the Sulaim 392[9], see notes[6]

قَدَمِيّ بن أَعْبَد المسقرى at the Battle of an-Nibāj 1024[11]

العدوس التَّغلبيّ (var. قَدُوكَس) an ancestor of the poet al-Akhṭal 967[5]

القرّا i. e. ابو رِئْبًا بن زياد الكِلبيّ. cited by al-Yazīdī 518[16]

فِراس a man mentioned with contempt in a verse by Dābi' ibn al-Ḥārith 221[15]

فِراس بن حبيس بن عقال المُجاشعيّ brother of al-Akraʿ 257[13] cf. 264[7] 694[5] 697[5] 789[13]: captured at the Battle of Zubāla 681[1]

فِراس بن حَنْدَف القَيسيّ, called ابو المُضَرِّب 639[1]. cited by Abū ʿUbaida 305[9] 639[1] cf 643[5] 644[5]

فِراس بن عَبْد الله بن عمر الفَسَويّ brother of Bahīr 70[3] 482[5]: captured by the Yarbūʿ 482[11]

ابو فِراس see الغَرْدَق

الفَرافِصَة بن الأَحْوَص الكِلبيّ maternal uncle of Bistām ibn Kais ash-Shaibānī 190[13]

فَرَسًا a woman mentioned in a verse by Imru'u-l-Kais 85[13]. the word is also used as an appellative, see *Glossary* s r فرس

الفَرْخان (Persian فرخان) defeated by Attāb ibn Warkā 896[1] seq.

الفَرَزْدَق i e همّام بن غالب بن صَعْصَعَة المُجاشعيّ 127[3] 215[7] 619[6], dimin فُمَيْم 416[9]. called ابو فِراس 547[10] 1034 notes[4] 1044[13] 1051[17], ابن غالب 522[16] 1046[4 16] seq., and ابن نُملى (after his paternal grandmother) 259[11] 489[3] 628[16] 949[9] 1046[6] cf 815[15]: nicknamed عَفدان 543[17] 827[7], and خُوف الحمار (?) 1044[15] his genealogy 127[3] his mother Līna bint Karaʿa, through whom he was connected with the Dabba 188[5] 217[6] 1027[2]: his brother al-Akhṭal 382[10] his sister Jiʿthin 217[10] *et passim*. his wives an-Nawār bint Aʿyan 803[5] *et passim*, Ruhaima bint Ghunaim 594[15] seq, Ḥadrā bint Zik 806[1] seq., and Zabya bint Dalam 1044[1] seq : his son Labaṭa 369[4]

617[11]: his *ʾāwiya* Ibn Mattawaihi 908[4] seq, possibly identical with one of the two mentioned 1049[10] seq his quarrel with the Fukaim 215[2] seq · his verses addressed to Muʿāwiya on the death of al-Ḥutāt ibn Yazīd 608[15] seq . was persecuted by Ziyād ibn Abīhi 609[15] seq · beginning of his relations with Jarīr 126[9] seq : was challenged at Medina to compose poetry equal to that of Hassān ibn Thābit 546[1] seq. was banished from Medina by ʿUmar ibn ʿAbd-al-ʿAzīz in the reign of al-Walīd ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik 396[13] seq. his unsuccessful attempt to slay one of the Byzantine prisoners 384[5] seq. his visit to ʿUmar ibn Laja', who dictated to him the scandals (*mathālib*) connected with the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 908[2] seq intervened on behalf of a woman who wished to have her son recalled from Sind 380[17] seq was cast into prison by Khālid al-Kasrī, whom he had satirised, and was set free at the request of Jarīr 984[6] seq 991[7] seq his encounter with a woman of the Banu Nahshal 1042[13] seq his death and the verses of Jarīr on the occasion 1045[17] seq his opinion of himself and of Jarīr 1048[15] seq opinion of Jarīr concerning him 1048[7] opinion of Abū ʿUbaida 1048[21] seq arbitrament of as-Salatān al-ʿAbdī between al-Farazdak and Jarīr 1050[7] seq . admired by the Tamīm 1050[8] seq his satires against Jarīr and the Kulaib 170[17] seq 202[9] seq. 232[12] seq 255[4] seq. 262[8] seq *et passim* against the tribes of Kais ʿAilān 374[6] seq . against the Jafar ibn Kilab 525[13] seq 915[1] seq against the Bāhila and their poet ʿAbdallāh ibn al-Hajjāj 1027[9] seq his eulogies of his own tribe the Darim and in particular of the Mujāshiʿ 182[1] seq 264[6] seq *et passim* of the Dabba 188[6] seq 237[14] seq . of the Bakr ibn Wāʾil, in whose territory he took refuge 612[7] seq 615[12] seq of the Taghlib 880[11] seq of the Caliph Sulaiman 347[12] seq of the Caliph Hishām 1009[10] seq of Khālid al-Kasrī 981[10] seq . his enumeration of the poets whom he regarded as his models 200[4] seq

اَلْفُرْس the Persians 640[15] — see فُرْس

اَبُو فَرْعَد اَلتَّمِيمِيّ author of a verse cited 307[14]

فَرْوَة بْن نِسْطَام اَلتَّغْلِبِيّ 806[4]

فَرْوَة بْن اَلْحَكَم بْن مَرْوَان اَلْعَبْسِيّ captured by the Yarbū at the Battle of as-Sarāʾim (= Dhāt al-Jurf) 337[2], see notes[4]

فَرْوَة بْن نِسْطَام اَلتَّغْلِبِيّ 806[4]

فَرِيعَة بِنْت حَسَّان بْن بَدَن see اِبْن اَلْفُرَيْعَة

فَزَارَة بَنُو ذُبْيَان clan 82[14] 86[11] seq 92[15] 97[15] 100[16] 105[12] seq. 107[7] seq. 128[4] 1016[7] 1061[5] 1067[9] seq . for their genealogy, see 85[10] seq.

اَلْفُزْر tribe, see سَعْد بْن زَيْد مَنَاة

اَلْفُزْر بْن اَلْأَسْوَد بْن سَرِيك اَلتَّغْلِبِيّ at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 307[9] seq.

عُتَيْبَةُ بن مِرْدَاس see ابن فَسُّوَة

فُسَيْسَةُ [var. فسيسة Lisān VIII 223[28] seq.] said to be a nickname of the Tamīm 311[13] seq.

فَضَالَةُ one of the Banū ʿArīn ibn Thaʿlaba ibn Yarbūʿ: a contemporary of Jarīr 31[2] seq.

فَضَالَةُ بن حابس السَّعْدِيّ pursued az-Zubair ibn al-ʿAwwām after the Battle of the Camel 80[17] seq.

الفَضْل see ابو الدَّخْم بن قُدامَة

الفَضْل بن موسَى بن حَنْظَلَة, called ابو موسَى cited by Abū ʿUbaida 609[15]

الفَضْل العَنَزِيّ, called ابو بَكْر an official under al-Ḥajjāj and a friend of al-Farazdak 819[9] seq.

فَقْعَل بن مَسْعَدَة الشَّيْبانيّ slain at the Battle of al-Iyād 583[9], see 584[7]

فقعس a clan of the Asad ibn Khuzaima 39[11]

عَبْد الله بن مُسْلِم see الفُقَيْرِ

فَقَيْم clan 185[15] 682[3]: called بن دارِم فُقَيْم 311[9] 748[1] 758[10] (see بن دارِم خَرَبِ بن دارِم) their feud with al-Farazdak and his family 214[10] seq cf 609[16] 682[1] 748[1] seq 852[11] (= 218[1]): see also 185[17] 415[12] 513[4] 620[2] seq.

فُقَيْدَة بنت مالك بن حَنْظَل 186[11] – see العَدَوِيّة

الفَلَتان بن المُنْذِر بن سَلْمَى التَّيْمِيّ slain at the Battle of Jabala 666[14]: see also 389 notes[6]

فَلْفَحس الشَّيْبانيّ one of the Banū Asʿad ibn Hammām: captured at the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 784[16] (but cf the parallel passage 51[12] notes[3])

سَعْد بن فَلْفَحس see ابن فَلْفَحس

فَلْس deity 141[4]

فِنْس see فِنْر

عَمْرو بن حابِر بن عُقَيْل see الفوعاء

ق

دوس بن المنذر بن ماء السماء اللخمي, called ابن مخرّف 694[6] (= 762[13]) cf 267 notes [4], and عبد العزى 267[11], son of the king of al-Ḥīra his mother Hind bint al-Ḥārith ibn ʿAmr 267[11]: captured by the Yarbuʿ at the Battle of Ṭikhfa 67[2] 68[2] seq 69[8 11] cf 184[16] 448[16] 694[10] (= 762[14]) 835[6] 898[3] 899[3] 1019[6] 1033[13]

ابو دوس see المنذر بن ماء السماء

دهثم بن اقصى an ancestor of the Taghlib 506[9], construed as fem. 1094[11]

القاسم see under القسم

ابن القاعف القشيري one of the Banū Muʿāwiya ibn Kaʿb: his verses on the Battle of Buzakha 195[7] seq

قباذ *Kawādh*, Sāsānian king 1072[15] 1073[5]

القحيف see الخرب بن عبد الله بن ابى ربيعة

قحذم بن خزيمة بن عمرو القشيري, called القملم was leader of the Dabba at al-Baṣra, and died of the plague in A H 69 737[20] seq

قحذم بن ضرار بن عمرو القشيري at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 152[13]

ضرار بن عمرو بن ربيعة القشيري see ابو قحذم

قحذم [بن دعامة السدوسي] cited as a historical authority by Saʿīd [ibn Khālid] 403[14]

قحذم بن مسلمة الحنفي chief of the Ḥanīfa at the time of the War of Dabis 98[14] 420[13] seq., called اللحيمي 147[11]

قحيف بن نهيك بن سنف السلمي a contemporary of Jarīr 31[15]

قحيذ بن مسلم بن عمرو الباهلي, called ابن مسلم 364[15] 400[11], and ابو حفص 363[15] seq his genealogy 342[6] seq his conduct while he was governor of Khurāsān in the reign of al-Walīd ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik 349[16] seq. concurred in the project to exclude Sulaimān from the throne 353[6]. his letters to Sulaimān when the latter had become Caliph (A. H 96) 353[7] seq. his inflammatory speeches 353[19] seq.

his preparations for rebellion 356[12] seq. the conspiracy against him 358[1] seq.: was assassinated in his tent 361[10] seq verses by various poets on the subject 362[10] seq see also 118[10] 374[6] seq. 394[9] 400[1] seq. 432[4] 899[1] 909[3] 972[1]

قُسَيْبٌ بن معن بن مالك ancestor of a family 238[11], see also 305[2] 360[11]

القُسَيْمي an anonymous informant of Abu 'Ubaida 240[1], see 238[11]

قُسَيْلة mother of Kais ibn Hanzala ibn an-Natif 25[11]

القَشَلان العَدَنيّ see قَثَم بن حَيّة

[الهاشميّ] قُثَم بن العبّاس eulogised by Nuh ibn Jarir 497[19]

القُحَيْف بن خُمَيْر العَنَزيّ his verses on the death of Mas'ud ibn 'Amr 735[19] seq. 737[1]

قَدّ بن مالك الوالبيّ at the Battle of an-Nisar 241[7] verse cited 205[7]

القَدّاح see عَمرو بن مُجاشع

قُدار بن سالف, called أشقى ثمود 529[12] 799[1]. said to be the name of the man to whom reference is made in the Kur'an XCI 12 -- 529[13] 799[2]

قُدامة بن سَلَمة بن قُشَير slain at the Battle of Dhū Najab 1079[7] 1080[11], see also 425[5] (= 670[11])

قُدامة بن عَبد الله بن سَلَمة القُشَيريّ (apparently a nephew of the foregoing), called الخالد slain by the Dabba at the Battle of an-Nisar 388[11] seq 1066[13] seq

قُدامة ام a woman of the Banu-l-Anbar (?) 306[5]

القُدام a female slave 1027[4]

قُرّان بن نُعَيم بن نَعَبة المزدوعيّ 474[1] (= 703[16])

قُرّان ابو see نُعَيم بن نَعَبة بن أُرَيب

قُرّان بنو see Index IV s. v. قُرّان

قُرَيع 1075 notes[1] (var قُرَيع)

قُرَيّان a dog 219[12 16]

(1) فَرْوَل a horse which belonged to Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 86[11]

(2) فَرْوَل a horse which was given by Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī to Ṭufail ibn Mālik al-Kilābī 107[15]. see also 386[3] seq 587[19] 588[9] (= 932[10] 1081[2]) 931[17] 932[7] seq. 933[6] (= 386 notes [14])

فَرْط بن أَسْعَط [النَّمَرِيّ] see 581[9]

فَرْط بن سَعْس بن مُحَاسِع an ancestor of the poet al-Baʿīth 170[11] 252[18] 296[13] 772[15]. was slain at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 453[18]

فَرْط [بن سَلَمَة بن فُسَيْر] 425[8] (= 670[14]) — for his genealogy, see 91[11]

رَبِيعَة بن فَرْط بن سَلَمَة see ابن فَرْط

أبو فَرْط a notorious miser mentioned in a verse by ʿAmīra ibn Ṭārik 51[19] (= 785[8])

ابن الغَرِم a man addressed in a verse by Jarīr — apparently a companion of the poet 687[13]

فَرْوَة بن مُسَيْك بن عامِر الغُطَيْفِيّ his genealogy 661[13] cf 1065[6] seq.. slew ʿImrān ibn Murra at the Battle of Ḳāṭat Aḥwā (= al-Ḳuwaira) 405[4] seq . see also 1065[12] 1066[1] seq.

فَرْقَد apparently a relative of Jarīr, mentioned in a verse by ʿUmar ibn Laja' 489[16]

فِرْواس بن عَوْف بن عَصْم النَّمَرِيّ owner of the mare Jalwā, which gave birth to the celebrated Dāḥis 8[19] seq

فِرْواس بن ضَمْرَة بن أَسَد الغَنَوِيّ, called أبو سَرْدَح 101[14]: his genealogy 95[9] slew Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 96[1] seq.: was captured and slain by the Banū Badr 100[16] seq.

فَرْنَد (var. فِرْنِد) ancestress of the Banū Aznam ibn ʿUbaid ibn Thaʿlaba 759[1]: as to her genealogy the authorities differ cf. 759[5] and notes [2]

فَرْنَس tribe, called also فِبْر 716[16] their dialect 288[9]. see also 1[5] 224[9] 352[7] 399[6] seq (= 426[15] seq) 401[19] 186[11] seq 538[5] 546[5] 591[3] 653[3] 724[12] 764[3] 859[4] 901 notes [5] (var. فَمَاسَة) 937[4] 939[7] 969[13] 997[6] seq 1018[16] 1036[4] 1061[7] seq.

قُرْنُط بن عبد الله بن ابى بكر الكلابى slain by the Dārim some time before the Battle of Rahraḥān 1060[9]

قُرْنُط بن معبد بن زرارة الدارمى slain at the Battle of Jabala 666[13]

قُرَيْع بن الخرب بن نمر ancestor of a family 446[11] (see *Additions and Corrections*, note on 446[10])

قُرَيْع بن عوف ancestor of a family of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 714[16] 779[4]

القرنى see عبد الله بن حكيم

القرنى الشيبانى at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 643[7]

القرنيان i. e. 'Abdallah ibn Hakīm and a friend of his 790[17], see also 740[1]

قسر بن عفر a clan of the Bajīla 140[8] seq. 660[1] 984[5] — for their genealogy, see 139[14]

القسم بن عبد [الخلى] a contemporary of Jarīr ibn 'Abdallāh 140[2] seq

قسيم his interview with the Caliph 'Abd-al-Malik 240[10] seq

قسير بن كعب بن ربيعة (dimin. قسير 1066[12]) a clan of the 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'sa'a — for their genealogy, see 70[6] seq. joined with the Numair in defeating the Shaibān at Kāṭat Ahwā 405[13] seq see also 71[4] 72[15] 241[10] 242[14] 244[5] seq 250[1] 386[3] 535[5]

القصاف [القشوق] father of Mas'ūd 919[1], and of al-Asla 920[7]. see also 919[11] seq 921[5]

قصاف احو see وديع بن مسعود بن القصاف

قصى i. e. قصى بن كلاب: a subdivision of the Kuraish 609[14]

قضاعة group of tribes represented as a son of Ma'add 142[4] seq. fought at Khazazā on the side of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā and the Taghlib 887[4], cf the different account 1093[13] their alliance with the tribes of Rabi'a 903[7] seq.: claimed by Jarīr as his supporters 994[6] seq : see also 149[8] 261[4] 422[16] 767[7]

ابو الشمحال احو قضاعة see

القطب see القعسب

قطن بن عمرو بن الخرب see ابن ابى قشام

الطَّعامِيّ [i. e. عُمَيْر بن سَهْم التَّغْلِبيّ the poet] of the clan Mālik ibn Bakr 266[11] seq.: verse cited 83[3]

طُفَيْل بن سَنّار بن عَمْرو العَرارِيّ took part in the War of Dāḥis 101[1], see 108[10]

طُفَيْل بن سَنّار بن مُنْذِر [الرَّبْعيّ] his verses on the Battle of al-Iyād 586[8] seq.

طَرِيف بن الخَجّاج الخارِجيّ, one of the Banū Māzin, called ابو تَعامَة 283[11] seq.

طَيّ بن مُدْرِك الكِلابيّ eulogised by al-Farazdaḳ 691 notes[1] seq.

طَيّ بن تَيْمِل بن دارِم ancestor of a family 187[8] 459[4] 517[4] 772[7] 941[4] 945[14]

(1) الطَّيْطَب a horse which belonged to Ṣurad ibn Jamra ibn Shaddād 206[12] seq. (var. الغصب 1059[6] seq)

(2) الطَّيْطَب a horse which was ridden by Abū Iyās ibn Ḥarmala at the Battle of Jabala 666[17] (vocat طَيْطَب, var. طيطب)

طُيَيْعَة a clan of the Bajīla 660[5]

الطَّيْفَاع بن مَعْبَد بن زُرارَة الدّارِميّ (or طَيْفَاغ 258[12]), called نَسْر الطِّراب on account of his generosity 771[4]: see also 40[7] (= 63[17]) 63[16] 229[4] 258[5]

الطَّيْفَاع ابن طَيْفَاع see الوَلِيد بن الطَّيْفَاع بن حُلَيْد

الطَّيْفَاع ابو مَعْبَد بن زُرارَة بن عُدُس see

طَيْلَب a man of the Barājim, mentioned in a verse by ʿAmīra ibn Ṭārik 53[8]

طَيْلَب بن أُرَيْب [المَرْبوعيّ], called ابن أُرَيْب 474[4] (= 703[13]) cf. 474[2] (= 703[17]) captured at Irāb by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at-Taghlibī and released by the intervention of ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith 473[13] seq. (= 703[6] seq) — see طَيْلَب بن عَتّاب بن النَّحّاب

طَيْلَب بن عَتّاب بن النَّحّاب see طَيْلَب بن النَّحّاب بن عَمْرو

طَيْلَب بن سَهْم التَّغْلِبيّ the father of Maʿdān and ʿIṣma 314[1] (cf. 581[15] and foot-note) — see also 583[1]

طَيْلَب بن عَتّاب بن النَّحّاب الرِّياحيّ 337[5] 482[5] 898[1], called also طَيْلَب بن النَّحّاب

قَعْنَب بن عَمْرو بن عَتّاب 298[6]· he is sometimes represented as a descendant of Hammām ibn Riyāḥ 70[5] 337[5] 482[5] seq. 898[1] (cf. Ibn Duraid 136[12]), and sometimes as a descendant of Harmī ibn Riyāh 298[6] 388[9] 898[5] seq · at the Battle of aṣ-Ṣarā'im (= Dhāt al-Jurf), where he acquired the nickname المُسَيِّر 337[5] seq.: had a quarrel with Baḥīr ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Ḳushairī 70[6] seq., and afterwards slew him at the Battle of al-Marrūt 71[6] seq cf 388[9] 482[5]: see also 254[9] 298[3] 302[11] (= 339[14]) 647[15] 897[14] 939[14] 1039[10] — if the statement 475[1] be correct, this Ḳaʿnab is identical with Ḳaʿnab ibn Arnab

قَعْنَب بن عَصَمَة بن عَصِم 71[5] 898[6], called also قَعْنَب بن عَصَمَة بن قَيْس 254[9], of the clan ʿUbaid ibn Thaʿlaba ibn Yarbūʿ *ibid.*· at the Battle of al-Iyād 583[3 16] (but the text of 581[15] 582[18] is doubtful)· at the Battle of al-Marrūt 71[5] see also 1035[6]

القَعْسان i. e. Ḳaʿnab ibn ʿAttāb and Ḳaʿnab ibn ʿIṣma 254[9] 898[5]

قَعْنَس an ancestor of ʿAuf ibn ʿAbdallāh ibn ʿĀmir 240[3]

قَعْوَر wife of Nājiya ibn ʿIkāl and great-grandmother of al-Farazdak her parentage 219[3] seq said to have been a slave of Salmā ibn Jandal 427[10] (= 767[9]) 767[7] see also 218[17] 223[10] 230[10] seq. 246[9] seq 301[7] 304[16] 321[1] 340[12] 341[11] 440[16] 483[6] 589[15] 596[9] 691[10] 707[13] seq. 767[3] 776[4 17] 799[16] 828[14] 844[4] 858[7] 935 notes[6] 975[12] seq. 996[11] seq. and notes[5] 998[3] 1027[1] seq. 1036[15]

قَعْر see عبد الله بن عبد الله بن عُمَر

القَلّاح بن حَزْن بن حَتّات of the Banū Ḥazn ibn Minkar ibn ʿUbaid 736[14] his verses on the disturbances at al-Baṣra 736[16] 737[7] 741[19] seq.

القَلَحا apparently a nickname of the tribe of Dārim 540[9] 1003[15]

قَلْع بن حَنْظَر an ancestor of Mālik ibn Misma' 749[13] 766[12]

قَمَر النّمارِيّ sent by Maslama ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik to slay Wahb ibn Abjar 997[16]

القَمَاقِل a he-ass 3[6]

قَمَن apparently a relative of Jarīr, mentioned in a verse by ʿUmar ibn Laja' 489[16]

قَوّادُ المَعالِب see المُثَيّل بن عَصَمَة

القَهْقَس ابنُ see النُّعْمان بن قَهْقَس

قَهْر mentioned in a verse by Ḍabi' ibn al-Ḥārith 220[8] (see the gloss)

قَنْدٌ a celebrated stallion which belonged to the Taghlib 475[8]

قَنْس بن أُنَيّ بن ضَمْرَة بن حابِر, called also قَنْس بن ضَمْرَة 809[17]. captured as-Salīl, brother of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī *ibid.*: for his genealogy, see 941[3]

قَنْس بن نَعْلَبَة بن عُكابَة a tribe of the Bakr ibn Wā'il, included among the *Lahāzim* 47[10] (= 305[9]) cf. 728[14] 764[10] 1023[15] see also 54[1] 130[14] 145[17] 148[3] 306[5] 307[7] 328[6 10] 611[10] 639[1] 644[11] 645[6] 731[7] 751[2] 1034[7] 1095[14]

قَنْس بن خَنْدَر الثَّعالِبيّ of the Banū 'Adī ibn Akhzam, captured by 'Amr ibn al-Mundhir king of al-Ḥīra and released through the intervention of Ḥātim aṭ-Ṭa'ī 1083[12] seq.

قَنْس بن حَرْوَة الأَعْلَقيّ, nicknamed عِرْق 1082[14] 1083[6 14] his verses addressed to 'Amr ibn al-Mundhir 1081[14] seq see also 1083[3] seq.

قَنْس بن حَرّ [حَرْمِيّ] بن حَنْد [الخِلافيّ] at the Battle of ar-Ragham 412[7] for his genealogy, see 412[8] 471[16]

قَنْس بن حَرْن بن وَغْب العَنْسيّ at the Battle of Jabala 669[11]

قَنْس بن حَسّان بن عَمْرو (of the tribe Ḳais ibn Tha'laba 1095[14]), called also ابن عَمْرو بن مَرْثَد 946[3] lived among his mother's kinsmen, the Banū Mujāshi', and had a feud with Ḥarrī ibn Ḍamra an-Nahshalī 943[7] seq. (= 1095[14] seq.)

قَنْس بن حَنْظَلَة بن مالِك a clan of the Tamīm, included among the *Barājim* (q. v.) 186[15] cf. 537

قَنْس بن حَنْظَلَة بن الطَّمِث السَّلَمِيّ a contemporary of the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 25[10] seq.

قَنْس بن حَنْد بن عَبْد الله السَّنْبانيّ an ancestor of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais 794[5], see 18[5]

قَنْس بن الخُلَيْد [السَّنْبانيّ] at the Battle of al-Wakīt 312[8]

قَنْس بن رُغْثُر بن خَدِيد العَنْسيّ leader of the 'Abs at the time of the War of Dāḥis 84[13] seq. his mother Tumāḍir 98[1] slew 'Auf ibn Badr al-Fazārī 88[5]: his quarrel with al-Rabī' ibn Ziyād 90[7] seq.: verses ascribed to him 90[17] seq. 92[3]

seq. 96^{17} seq. 100^{1} seq. 102^{5} seq 419^{5} (= 767^{12}) 425^{7} seq.: see also 94^{12} seq. 98^{12} seq 99^{3} seq. (cf. 420^{14} seq.) 99^{17} seq. 102^{14} seq. 103^{14} seq. 407^{10} 425^{2} 655^{12} seq. 667^{17} 670^{1} seq. 1071^{8} seq.

قَيْس [السَّنْبانيّ] a man mentioned in a verse by ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīḳ 56^{14}

قَيْس بن أُحَيّ بن صَمْرَة see قَيْس بن صَمْرَة بن حابِر

قَيْس بن عاصِم بن سِنان المِنْقَريّ a leader of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt: called ابو عَلِيّ 1024^{5}: his genealogy 752^{5}: at the Battle of Jadūd 145^{3} seq. (cf. 47^{12} 327^{7} seq.): at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150^{9} seq. 155^{9}. at the Battle of an-Nibāj 1023^{11} seq.. see also 258^{4} 400^{12} 752^{4} 803^{10} seq. 832^{1} (الى بنى قَيْس = الى قَيْس ?) 1049^{3}

قَيْس بن عَبْدَة ancestor of a family of the Ḍabba 196^{5} — for his genealogy, see 189^{17}

قَيْس بن عَبّاس العَبّاسيّ 637^{15}, called also قَيْس بن فُحَيْمَة (after his mother?) 1019^{1}: slain, together with his brother al-Ḥirmās, by ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith at the Battle of Kinhil (= Ghaul) 865^{4} 1000^{3} seq.

قَيْس بن عَبْد الله القَسْعَسيّ at the Battle of an-Nisār 242^{3}

قَيْس بن عَبّاب بن قُرْمِيّ الرِّياحيّ 49^{12} 898^{9}

قَيْس بن عَمْرو الحارِثيّ see النَّحّاسيّ

قَيْس بن عَمْرو العَجْلانيّ, nicknamed كَبْد الحَصاة: his verses on the Battle of ash-Shayyiṭān 1023^{2} seq.

قَيْس بن عَوْف بن القَعْقاع الذّارِميّ murdered by the Banū Ṭuhayya in the time of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 78^{17}

قَيْس عَيْلان 13^{13} 107^{9} 117^{7} 238^{8} 362^{11} 363^{9} 370^{16} 375^{16} 390^{16} 738^{2}, or قَيْس بن عَيْلان 373^{1} (cf. 30^{14} 85^{11} 343^{2})), group of tribes: their raid against the Salīṭ 13^{13} seq.: their war against the Taghlib in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik 373^{1} seq 508^{10} 899^{15} 902^{16} 1038^{7} 1041^{9} seq.: supported Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 361^{13} 362^{11} 366^{19} 370^{16} 374^{6} seq. 375^{16} seq. 909^{2}. eulogised by Jarīr $506^{5\ 12}$ seq. 900^{16} 904^{10} 938^{9} 939^{9} 994^{3} 1002^{15} seq. 1037^{9} cf. 428^{9} 512^{7} 536^{14} 545^{4} 1050^{8}: satirised by al-Farazdaḳ 390^{16} 391^{13} seq. 915^{15} cf 538^{4} seq : see also 90^{10} 238^{12} 373^{12} 400^{14} seq 410^{3} 413^{14} 448^{1} 691^{1} 716^{16} 738^{8} 743^{7} 893^{14} 902^{6} 903^{7} 1002^{15} seq. 1037^{4} 1073^{9} (?)

قَيْس بن عالِب بن عَبّادَة القُرارِيّ his genealogy 238^{10}. cited by Abū ʿUbaida as an authority on the Battle of an-Nisār *ibid.* 240^{4}

قَمْس كُتَّة a clan of the Bajīla 660[4] 674[10]

قَمْس بن حَنْظَلَة بن مالك 53[7] — see قَمْس بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة

قَمْس بن مالك [بن زَيْد مَنَاة] a clan of the Tamīm 748[1]

قَمْس بن مَسْعود بن قَمْس الشَّيْبانيّ his genealogy mentioned in a verse by al-Aʿshā 645[19] cf. 18[5]: the names of his children 806[1] seq.: made governor of a district by the Persian king 640[16] seq.. fled from the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 644[14] seq.: was left by his relatives as a hostage in the hands of the Persians and died in confinement 236[18] seq.: see also 76[13] (= 809[12]) 806[17] 829[2]

قَمْس بن مُقَلِّد الكُلَيْبيّ his verses on the occasion of the Battle of Jadūd 326[17] seq.

قَمْس بن المُسْتَعِف بن عامِر العُقَيْليّ captured ʿAmr ibn ʿAmr ibn ʿUdus at the Battle of Jabala and released him 409[9] seq. 671[12] seq : visited him, in company with al-Ḥārith ibn al-Abraṣ, in order to demand a ransom 409[12] seq. 671[17] seq.

قَمْس بن عَبّاس see قَمْس بن هُبَيْرَة

قَمْس بن الهَيْثَم بن قَمْس السُّلَميّ played a prominent part at al-Baṣra during the disturbances 726[17] seq. 738[3]. see also 723[6]

قَمْس اليَمامي a friend of the poet ʿAbd Yaghūth ibn Waḳḳāṣ 153[18]

(1) قَمْس ابن قَمْس بن عاصِم see كُلَيْب بن قَمْس

(2) قَمْس ابن قَمْس بن مَسْعود see عَمْرو بن قَمْس

(3) قَمْس ابن قَمْس see مَعْقِل بن قَمْس

(1) قَمْس ابو mentioned in a poem by Jarīr 3[3]

(2) قَمْس ابو see عَوْف بن القَعْقاع بن مَعْبَد

(3) قَمْس ابو see مَسْعود بن قَمْس بن خالِد

قَمْس اخو بنى see طَرَفَة بن العَبْد

قَمْس بنت مَعْبَد الكُلَيْبيّة أُمّ mother of Jarīr 7[4] 206[2], called المَرّاعة 263[1] 281[13] 394[2], and أُمّ رِعال (var. أُمّ رِعال) 281[6] — see also حَقّة

قَمْطَر 141[11] 621[5] 995[9]: ابن قَمْطَر 888[3]

نُعْمَانُ بن قَتْل التَّرْنوعيّ see قَتْلُ

النَّفْس بن حَسْر (or تَلَفِي 135⁷) a clan of the Ḳuḍā'a 135³ 675⁷

نُفَيْلَةُ العِرَاف see نُوفَل بن المُنْذِر بن ماء السَّماء

نَرْمَد بن عَمْرو بن حَوْتَكِد see ابو نُمَيْس

ك

كَلْبٌ said to be a Yemenite tribe 983¹¹ (983 notes ⁹ عامد as a conjecture)

كَلْبَةُ بنت حَرْب بن سَعْد الرِّبَاحِيَّةُ captured by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at Irāb 703⁶ (see 473¹³ 1088⁷)

كَلْس بنت سِنَان بن حَوْط الكُلْسِيَّةُ an ancestress of Jarīr 89³⁶

الكَامِل see اللات بن رِبَاط بن عَبْد

كَامِل a horse which belonged to ar-Rukād ad-Ḍabbī 195¹¹

كَعْل بن عُذْرَة بن سَعْد قُضَاعَة a clan included in the Ḳuḍā'a 75⁷

كُلَيْب بن جَعْفَر التَّرْنوعيّ grandfather of Shihāb ibn 'Abd Kais 67³ 75¹⁰ 247¹³, called also الكُلَيب 254¹⁰ 466⁴ 1035¹⁰

كَبْد الحَمْدَاء see نُمَيْس بن عَمْرو العِجْلِيّ

كَبْشَةُ mother of Ḥassān ibn Mu'āwiya al-Kindī 302⁵ 1018¹⁵

كَبْشَةُ بنت الحَجَّاج بن مَعْوَنَة at the Battle of Jabala 667⁹ seq

كَبْشَةُ بنت عُرْوَة بن عُتْبَة الكِلَابِيَّةُ mother of 'Āmir ibn aṭ-Ṭufail 659¹¹ seq 790¹²

كَبْشَة see حَسَّان بن مَعْوَنَة الكَلْبِيّ

الكُمَيْت [Lisān الكُمَيْل] a horse which belonged to Mālik ibn Badr al-Fazārī 93⁷

كُمَيْت بن الهُلْب الكَلْبِيّ at the court of the Caliph Hishām 934¹⁴ seq.

كُمَيْتُ عَرَة see كُمَيْتُ بن عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن the poet, consorted with al-Farazdak at Medina 546² seq.

كسر بن قشتة بن مسلم الباهلي slain with his father 362[17]

كحل an ox whose name became proverbial 107[3] seq.

الكدداد an ass who gave his name to a breed 794[13]

كدام التغلبي ill-treated a man of the Taimallāt ibn Tha'laba who was under his protection 197[3] seq. 197[17] — in the parallel passage 1058[5] seq. Kidām is described as belonging to the Banū Tha'laba ibn Sa'd ibn Ḍabba

كدام بن حملة المازني at the Battle of al-Marrūt 71[6] seq : see also 72 notes [2]

كراع a slave of the Banū Minkar 381 notes [1]

كرب بن صفوان بن ساخنة السعدي his genealogy 660[10] seq employed a trick to warn the Banū 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a before the Battle of Jabala *ibid.*: see also 450[9]

ابو كرب a friend of the poet 'Abd Yaghuth ibn Wakkāṣ 153[15]

الكردوسان i. e. the clans of Ḳais ibn Mālik and Mu'āwiya ibn Mālik 748[3]

كرسا بن عمرو [المردنف] الشيباني his genealogy 810[4]. slain at the Battle of al-Iyād 584[7] 585[11] (= 54[11]) see also 810[3]

كرماني ابن see زياد بن عمرو بن الأشرف

كروس [الجعفري] slain in the War of Harāmīt 929[17]

الكريزون i. e. the descendants of Kuraiz ibn Rabī'a al-Ḳurashī 164[12]

الكسائي i. e. علي بن حمزة بن عبد الله the philologist: cited by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak, who had heard him 215[14] 623[6]. see also 556 notes [6]

كسرى 141[11] 149[6] 208[4] 219[1] 236[18] 265[5] seq. 462[5] 463[9] seq. 581[2] 615[15] 621[5] 639[5] seq. 663[13] 995[9] — see also أنوشروان

كعب بن عمران اللثي married Zaidā daughter of Jarīr, see 126[5] seq. 1045[13]

كعب العنبري, called ابو الحسحاس 114[14] 361[1] 734[11]: cited by Abū 'Ubaida, who heard him reporting to Yūnus ibn Ḥabīb a story related by al-Ḥasan al-Baṣrī 734[11] cf. 114[14]

كعب بن جعيل met al-Farazdaḳ at Medina in the time of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 619[10]

كَعْب بن الحُرِب بن تَرْبوع see سَلمَى بن تَرْبوع

كَعْب بن زَمعَة الأَسَدِيّ cited as an authority on the Battle of an-Nisār 241[8]

كَعْب بن زَمعَة بن عَمْرو a tribe of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa: their genealogy 1027[12]: see also 241[5] 243[3] (= 1066[18]) 299[17] 446[7] (= 429[10] 430[14] 432[8]) 446[9 12] 468[13] 655[2] seq. 666[2] seq. 1027[11] 1037[11]

كَعْب بن زُهَيْر [المُزَنِيّ] the poet 201[4]

كَعْب بن سَعْد بن زُهَيْر ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 899[11]

كَعْب بن سَعْد بن زَيْد مَنَاة clan: their genealogy 1023[11]: see also 151[10] 714[7]

كَعْب بن عَمْرو بن تَمِيم ancestor of a family 733[16]: at the Battle of Tiyās 1025[12]

كَعْب بن عَمْرو [بن عُلَّة] a clan included in the Madhḥij 151[10]

كَعْب بن العَنْبَر a subdivision of the clan ʿAmr ibn Tamīm: their quarrel with the Banū Fukaim in the reign of Muʿāwiya 214[12] seq.

كَعْب بن مُعَوِّيَة بن عُبَادَة see كَعْب القَوَارِس

كَعْب بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة a clan of the Tamīm 223[12] 408[9] 633[1] — for their genealogy, see 408[5] seq.

كَعْب بن مُعَوِّيَة بن عُبَادَة [العامِرِيّ], called كَعْب القَوَارِس. slain at the Battle of Faif-ar-Rīḥ 471[3]

كَعْب ابو سَرْحَس see

كَعْف (؟) see 258[4]

كِلَاب بن زَمعَة a tribe of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 1027[12]: at the Battle of Jabala 655[1] seq. 666[2] seq.. verses by al-Ḥārith ibn Rūmī reproaching them with their treatment of the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 924[14] seq.. were raided by ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith al-Yarbuʿī (Battle of ar-Raghām) 410[8] seq. see also 72[14] 300[1] (= 535[15] 678[16]) 446[7] (= 429[10] 430[14] 432[8]) 446[9 12] 468[13 16] 490[20] 534[1] 678[11]: رابِطَا كِلَاب 1027[11] 1037[11] i. e the two clans, Jaʿfar and Abū Bakr

كَلْب بن وَبَرَة tribe 414[6] (= 625[7]). their connection with the group Nizār 994[8]:

were defeated by the ʿAbs at ʿUraʿir 98[2] seq their alliance with the Tamīm after the death of the Caliph ʿUthmān 25[6] seq. see also 27[11] 139[15] seq 265[15] 386 notes[6] 625[4] 806[17] 1070[4]

تَلْمَة ابو a man of the Banū Ḳais ibn Thaʿlaba: his verses addressed to the two poets named al-Aʿshā 645[7] seq.

التَّلِّمِيّ see هِسام بن مُحَمَّد and ابو هِسام

ابن التَّلِّمِيّ see هِسام بن مُحَمَّد

تُلَّوم بن عَنّاب الثَّعْلَبِيّ 885[8] 886[6]

ابن تُلَّوم see عَمْرو بن تُلَّوم

تُلَف a clan included in the Barājim 186[15], called also تُلَف بن حَنْتَلَة بن مالك مالك بن حَنْتَلَة 1085[9] cf 53[6]

تَلَّت بن رَبيعَة بن الحَرِث الثَّعْلَبِيّ, called also وائل 885[7] 907[4]: his genealogy 905[4] was commander at the Battle of Khaṣāṣa 1094[14] seq.. his quarrel with his wife's tribe, the Banū Shaibān, and his consequent assassination 905[6] seq : see also 455[6] (= 1075[17]) 897[12] (= 496[7])

تُلَت بن عَبْدَة [عَنْ] السُّلَمِيّ verses addressed to him by al-ʿAbbās ibn Mirdās 907[3] seq

تُلَت بن نَوْع (so called 326[15]) the clan to which Jarīr belonged their ancestress Rakāshi bint Shahbara 758[9] their refusal to help the Banū Rubaʿ against the Shaibān (Battle of Jadūd) 326[15]. satirised by Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 6[11] seq. 15[10] 16[13] 17[12] seq, by al-Baʿīth 43[9] seq. 109[9] seq. 156[18] seq., by al-Akhṭal 494[15] seq, and by al-Farazdak 232[14] seq. 276[8] 278[14] seq. 329[11] seq *et passim* the name Kulaib is rarely used by Jarīr 9[14] 898[10] (var تَمِيم)

التَّمَلَة a name given to the sons of Ziyād ibn ʿAbdallāh al-ʿAbsī 193[4] seq.

التَّمْت بن زَيْد الأَسَدِيّ his verses cited 7[1] 132[13] 142[6] seq. 352[11] 353[4] 541[13] 796[9]

تَمّار mentioned in a verse by az-Zibrikān ibn Badr 716[5] (text doubtful) — perhaps identical with Kannāz ibn Ḥiṣn al-Ghanawī [Ibn Hishām 322[3]]

تَمِيمَة بن حَرْنَمَة group of tribes. their genealogy 901[15]: see also 434[7] 716[16] 901[14] (var. قُرَيْش)

بَكْر tribe, called also ثَور 407[4]: their kingdom 1073[3] seq.· fought at Jabala as the allies of the Dhubyān and the Tamīm 656[7] 667[12]. fought at the Second Battle of al-Kulab as the allies of the Madhhij and the Hamdān 149[12]: see also 6[1] 303[10] 603[11] 730[4] 887[4]

كَنْعَان بن نُوح *Canaan* 348 notes [4]

كَبْشَة بنت مَعْدِ الشَّاشَة wife of Thumāma ibn Sa'if ibn Jārīya 31[14]

كَبْشَة بنت كَلْب بن رَبِيعَة التَّغْلِبِيّ brother of 'Abs ibn Ṭalk 114[11] 738[7] [see Ibn Duraid 151[13], Mubarrad 586[3] seq.]

كُور بن كَعب ancestor of a family of the Dabba: his genealogy 322[15] see also 322[11] 1014[15] seq

الكُمَيْت بن المُسْتَوْر (var المُتَمِّم) 150[1]

كُمَيْر apparently a relative of al-Farazdak 996[10] — according to the *Kāmūs* s. r. كمر, a nickname of Ghālib ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a

ل

لَالَا see under ا

لَأْم بن سَلْمَى التَّغْلِبِيّ, one of the Banū Dibārā ibn 'Ubaid ibn Tha'laba 411[2] seq: at the Battle of ar-Raghām *ibid.* at the Battle of al-Iyād 583[17] seq.

[لَأْم بن عَمْرو] a clan of the Tayyi' 921[1] (see 919[13] 920[3])

لَأْي بن أُثَيْل النَّهْدِيّ a descendant of Kurai' ibn 'Auf 714[17] 715[3]

لَبْنَى بن الغَرْدَق with his father at al-Kufa 369[4] cited, on the authority of his son A'yan, by Abu 'Ubaida 617[11]

لَبْنَى mentioned in a verse by Imru'u-l-Kais 1078[5]

لَبِيد بن رَبِيعَة بن مَالِك الكِلَابِيّ the poet, called الجَعْفَرِيّ by al-Farazdak 201[6]: his genealogy 668[10]: was present at the Battle of Jabala in his boyhood *ibid.* emigrated with his clan, the Banū Ja'far ibn Kilāb, at the time of their feud with the Banū Abī Bakr 535[5] his verses cited 8[11] 51[9] 134[4] 229[5] seq 299[17] seq. 300[1] 300[3] seq. (cf. 678[16]) 339[3] 423[4] 535[14] seq. 678[5] seq.: see also 387[4]

لَسِد بن عُطارد بن حاجب الدّارميّ his interview with the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 25[2]: mentioned by al-Akhtal 498[19]

لُبَنَى ابو apparently a name given by al-Farazdak to his familiar spirit 547[12]

عُمَر بن لَحَا بن حَرِير see ابن لَحا

لُحَيْم بن صَعْب بن علىّ ancestor of the Bakrite tribes ʿIjl and Ḥanīfa, who are called ابنا لُحَيْم 148[1]. see also 57[16] 780[6]

اللُّحَيْميّ see مَسْلَمَة بن

لحّام ابو see عمرو بن سريع

لدم بن عَوْد(؟) an ancestor of al-Aslaʿ ibn ʿAbdallāh ibn Nashib al-Absī 93[5]

لُبَيْنَة بن الضَّحْيم بن الأعْرَف ابو leader of the Ḍibāb in the War of Harāmīt 928[3] seq slain by the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 928[10] seq

لُعَيْن الخُراعيّ caused a quarrel between Jarīr and ʿUmar ibn Laja' 487[7] seq

لُعَيْن بن عد gave his name to a well 130[12]: mentioned by al-Farazdak 467[7]

لَقيط بن زُرارَة بن عُدُس الدّارميّ, called ابو نَهْشَل 227[9] 239[12] (= 790[11]), and ابن النّحّام 1063[17]. his fruitless negotiations about the ransom of his half-brother Maʿbad ibn Zurāra after the Battle of Raḥraḥān 227[5] seq (= 1063[7] seq) cf 126[13] was the leader of his tribe at the Battle of Jabala 656[7] seq 661[10] seq 662[1] seq 663[13] seq., where he was slain 664[17] seq 678[1] 1003[7] seq.. verses of his daughter Dukhtanūs on his death 665[11] seq his verses addressed to the Banū Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala and the Ribāb reproaching them for their subservience to the king of al-Ḥira 1086[16] seq see also 239[10] (= 790[10]) 409[1] seq. 441[9] 772[3] 816[16] 940[11]

لَقيط بن خُدَيْفَة بن نَهْر see ابن اللَّقيطة

لَقيم بن أوْس الشّمّاخيّ at the Battle of Kushāwa 20[3] seq : his verses on the occasion 23[13] seq

لُكَيْز بن أفْصَى a subdivision of the tribe ʿAbd-al-Ḳais 738[5] cf. 486[5]

(1) لَمَس a woman mentioned in a verse by Imruʾu-l-Ḳais 85[13]

(2) لَمَس a woman mentioned by aṭ-Ṭirimmāḥ 7[14]

(3) تُمَيْس a woman mentioned by Jarīr 843[9] (var. صُمَيْس and ضُمَيْس notes[9])

التَّيَارِم a confederation of tribes (each of which is called تَيْرَمَة 728[19]) including Ḳais ibn Thalaba, Taimallāt ibn Thaʿlaba, ʿIjl ibn Lujaim, and ʿAnaza ibn Asad 47[10] (cf 782[3]) 305[9] 764[9] 1023[15] (see *Additions and Corrections*) — 728[14] seq. adds several others: see also 312[13] 317[8] 326[4] 426[5] 645[5 9] 764[7]

ثَوْط *Lot*, mentioned by Jarīr 443[7]

ثَوْط بن تَحْمَى, called ابو مِخْنَف: cited as a historical authority by Abū ʿAmr ibn al-ʿAlā 402[7]

ثَوْى بن عنز the principal branch of the Kuraish 82[4] 136[10] 804[8] 1003[7]

(1) ثَمَالَى mother of a man who was murdered by Muʿriḍ al-Kulaibī 491[1]

(2) ثُمَالَى a woman mentioned in a verse by Mirdās ibn Abī ʿĀmir 673[11]

(3) ثُمَيْلَى a woman mentioned by Jarīr 633[8] 685[14]

ثُمَيْلَى بنت الأَحْوَص بن عَمرو التَّغْلِبِيَّة mother of Bisṭām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī 76[14] 190[13] 478[4] 809[13]

ثُمَيْلَى بنت حابس بن جَعْل wife of Ṣaʿṣaʿa ibn Nājiya and grandmother of al-Farazdak 172[4] 252[7] seq 257[12] 267[15] (read ثُمَيْلَى وضَعْضَعَة) 545[4] 593[14] 683[5] 691[7] 776[3] 815[10] 829[2] 832[12] seq 858[3] 949[10] 976[8] 1001[14] seq 1026[11]

ثُمَيْلَى بنت رِبْعِيّ بن أُحَيْمِر wife of ʿUdus ibn Zaid and ancestress of a family of the Darim 772[15]

ثُمَيْلَى بنت سَدَّاد البِرْيَاحِيَّة mother of Suḥaim ibn Wathīl her interview with Ghālib ibn Saʿṣaʿa 416[11] with Samura ibn ʿAmr 484[7]

ثُمَيْلَى بنت عِمْرَان بن الحاف see حِنْدَف

ثُمَيْلَى بنت مُبَيِّل التَّغْلِبِيَّة mother of the poet ʿAmr ibn Kulthūm 885[7] seq.

(1) ابن ثُمَيْلَى see بِسْطَام بن قَيْس بن مَسْعود

(2) ابن ثُمَيْلَى see عائذ بن ضَعْضَعَة بن دُخَيَّة

العَرْدَى see ابنُ لَيْلَى (3)

ثُعَلّ بن مالك بن جَعْفَر see ابو لَيْلَى (1)

النّابِغَةُ الجَعْدِيّ see ابو لَيْلَى (2)

ابو لَيْلَى المُحاسِعِيّ see 1046 notes [1]

لَيْسٌ see عالِب بن صَعْصَعَةَ بن ناجِيَةَ

لَيْلَةُ بنت فَرْطَةَ الضَّبِّيَّةُ of the Banu-s-Sīd ibn Mālik 188[5] seq.. mother of al-Farazdaḳ *ibid* 217[6]. called by Jarīr الزَّبّانَةُ 1027[1]

عامِر بن حارِثَةَ الغَسّانِيّ see ماءُ السَّماءِ بن حارِثَةَ

مَاءُ السَّمَا بنت عَوْف بن جُشَم mother of al-Mundhir ibn an-Nuʿmān king of al-Ḥīra 885[1] (genealogy)

السَّمَا بنو ماءُ a name given to the family of Maʿbad ibn Zurāra ibn ʿUdus 229[10] 606[13] (?)

المُنْذِر بن النُّعمان see ابنُ ماءِ المَرَى

بنو الماحور a family of the Tamīm 118[13] — see ابنُ بنتِ الماحور

سَرْخَس see مار سَرْخَس

مارِدُ بن رَبيعَة (?) see 200 notes [1]

أُمَمُ بنت الخَرِب بن حُلَيْم see مارِدُ بنت الخَرِب بن حُلَيْم

مارِدَةُ بنت حَنْظَلَةَ بن ثَعْلَبَةَ الشَّمّاسِيَّةُ at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 643[5]

[بنو الأَزْد] مارُ (treated as diptote) i. e. the tribe of Ghassān 752[5] [see Ibn Kutaiba M 53[9] seq]

مارِ بن قُرادَ a clan of the Dhubyān 87[17] 101[3]

مارِ بن مالِك بن عَمْرو a clan of the Tamīm their genealogy 48 notes [1] 71[9] seq.. their

ancestor represented as one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[6] their victory over the Sulaim at ad-Dafīna (= ad-Dathīna) 392[1] seq.: see also 243[8] 283[12] 494[3] (?) 595[11] (?) 810[11] (?) 993[4] 998[2] seq.

المازنيّ [i. e تَكْر بن مُحَمَّد بن عُثمان, called ابو عُثمان, see Ibn Khallikān II 12, N°. 117]: cited as an authority for a verse 557[8]

عَنَزَة بن الحَرِث بن سِباع see سَعْب

مَرْوَرُدِين commander of the Persian cavalry at al-Baṣra 113[16] (= 731[20]) seq.

مَلِك بن الأَحْنَف السَّعْلَبيّ son of the poet 494[5] seq.

مَلِك بن نَدْر [بن عمرو الغَرَاريّ] brother of Ḥudhaifa slain by Junaidib al-ʿAbsī 93[2] seq : see also 102[15]

مَلِك بن نَكْر a clan of the Taghlib, included among the *Arākim* 266[11]

مَلِك بن الحَرْمَد see مَلِك بن حِصْن بن عوف

مَلِك بن حُسَم ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 452[15] (= 1073[11]) 1075 notes '

مَلِك بن جَعْفَر بن كِلاب at the Battle of Raḥrahān 1062[6] cf. 227[1]

مَلِك بن حِصْن بن عَوْف النَّمَرِيّ, called also مَلِك بن الحَرْمَد 197 seq his genealogy 75[11] at the Battle of Kushawa 195 seq, where he received a wound of which he died a year later 207 his verses on the battle 221[7] seq. according to 75[11] seq he was slain by Bistām ibn Kais cf. 314[16] 315[10] 583[6]

مَلِك بن حِمار بن حَزْن, called ابن سَمْح 760[11] (= 1067[13]) his genealogy 760[14] he is described as الغَرَاريّ 674[5], but this is incompatible with 760[15] 761[4], his exploits at the Battle of Jabala 674[5] seq (read حِمار for حَمَّار). his verses on the occasion 674[12] seq accompanied ʿUyaina ibn Ḥiṣn on his raid against the Taim (= Taim ar-Ribāb) 1067[9] seq his verses on the Battle of Busyān, where he slew Jassās ibn Mudlij 761[1] seq.

مَلِك بن حَنْظَلَة بن مَلِك, called also مَلِك بن مَلِك بن مَلِك (see 606[13]) and العُرْف or عَرْف 628[17] seq, a branch of the Tamīm including several tribes of which the Dārim were the most important. their genealogy 138[6] 143[1] their ancestor represented

as the husband of Tuhayya 183^{15} (cf. 434^{8} 463^{1} 958^{9}) and of Fukaiha al-ʿAdawiya 186^{12} (cf. 325^{1}): at the Battle of Dhū Najab, where they failed to help their allies, the Yarbūʿ 587^{12} seq. (= 1079^{12} seq.) 588^{8} (= 1081^{7}) 637^{1} (= 588^{15}). attacked by Bistām ibn Ḳais ash-Shaibānī (Battle of al-Ghabīṭ) 75^{4} seq. (= 313^{12} seq.): defeated by the Lahāzim at al-Wakiṭ 307^{1} 312^{7} at the Battle of al-Marrūt 70^{18} seq . defeated by the ʿAbs at Akiun 679^{8}. verses by Lakīt ibn Zurāra directed against them 1086^{15} seq. cf. 1087^{9} see also 51^{2} 53^{6} 78^{16} 120^{10} 121^{4} 138^{5} 143^{2} 165^{3} 214^{11} 273^{7} 286^{15} 287^{8} (var. دارم) 296^{6} 301^{13} 365^{17} 414^{9} (= 625^{9}) 418^{4} 418^{6} (= 1070^{16}) 452^{4} 498^{16} 505^{11} 510^{15} 512^{5} 571^{1} 580^{11} 593^{7} 615^{17} 628^{15} 636^{17} 690^{1} 699^{16} 767^{16} 799^{14} 811^{16} 826^{5} 844^{12} 865^{9} 991^{1} 1000^{15}

[العُقَيْلِيّ] مالك بن حطاشة husband of Kabsha bint al-Hajjāj ibn Muʾawiya 667^{10}

مالك بن دينار was at al-Baṣra during the disturbances 731^{11}

مالك بن رِبْعِيّ التَّنَسُلِيّ slain at the Battle of Jabala 302^{12} — for his genealogy, see 389^{1}

مالك بن الرَّبيع التَّيْمانيّ slain by the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb in the time of Ibn az-Zubair (War of Harāmīt) 928^{7}

مالك بن الرَّيب author of a verse cited 133^{5}

مالك بن زُهَير brother of Kais ibn Zuhair ibn Jadhīma al-ʿAbsī murdered by order of Hudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 88^{10} seq., see also 89^{15} 92^{11} 96^{5} seq 102^{15}

مالك بن زَيْد مَنَاة بن تميم (163^{14}), called also مالك بن زيد 202^{6}, group of tribes 26^{10} 163^{15} 483^{9} (see 483^{11}) 599^{1} 713^{10}(?) 1021^{12} 1040^{7} 1098^{3} (see 1097^{1})

مالك بن سَبُع بن عَمْرو of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Saʿd ibn Dhubyān 93^{11} seq . slain in the War of Dahis by al-Ḥakam ibn Marwān al-ʿAbsī 94^{5} 101^{6} 107^{5}

[بن زَيْد مَنَاة] مالك بن سعد a clan included among the *Abnā* 116^{8}. see also 737^{3}

مالك بن سَعْد بن نَدْبة an ancestor of Jarīr ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Bajalī 140^{9} (see 139^{15})

مالك بن سَلَمة see the following

مالك بن عامر بن سَلَمة الغَسَّانيّ, called also مالك بن سَلَمَة 669^{14} 1065^{9}, and ذو الرُّمْحَيْن *ibid.* 379^{14} seq 425^{2} 652^{9} 1003^{9}. his genealogy 425^{5}: took part in capturing Ḥājib ibn Zurara at the Battle of Jabala 669^{14} seq.

مالك بن عُتْبَة الباهلي (var. مالك بن عِتبة) one of the Banū ʿAdiya ibn ʿAmir ibn Ḳudād, who was captured by the Kalb and brought to ʿUkāz, where Jarīr ibn ʿAbdallāh rescued him 140[1] seq.

مالك بن العُرَيِّل الحارثي slain by Ḍamra ibn Damra an-Nahshalī at Najrān 601[7]

مالك بن عَلقمة بن عَرَبة 119[6] — see الحَمَّار

مالك بن عَمْرو بن تميم ancestor of a group of clans said to have outraged and subsequently married Jandala, the wife of Ḥanẓala ibn Mālik 225 notes[3] seq.

مالك بن عُتْبَة see مالك بن عِتبة

مالك بن عَوْف النَّصْرِي the leader of the Hawāzin at the Battle of Ḥunain: said to have made a raid, in the time of the Prophet, and to have captured the wife of ʿUṭārid ibn Ḥājib ad-Dārimī 495[15]

مالك بن فَحاشة بن الخَرِب of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb, was living among the Banū Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb when the feud broke out between them and his own clan 532[9] seq

مالك بن قَيْس fled at the Battle of al-Wakīt 309[9 14]

مالك بن كَعْب بن سَعْد a subdivision of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt, included among the *Ajnād* 970[1] 1023[15]

مالك بن كَعْب بن عَوْف 242[14], called also مالك بن كَعْب بن عَبْد 533[14], and nicknamed سَوَّاف 242[7] (cf 241[3] 242[6 11] 533[14] 535[6] seq. 678[14] seq.), a prominent member of the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb at the time of their feud with the Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 533[14] seq settled the conditions of peace between them 535[6] seq. 678[14] seq: was, according to one account, commander of the ʿĀmir ibn Saʿṣaʿa at the Battle of an-Nisār 241[3], whence he escaped by flight 242[5] seq.

مالك بن مالك see مالك بن حَنْظَلَة بن مالك

مالك بن مالك بن نَعْلَبة ancestor of a family of the Asad ibn Khuzaima 760 notes[4]

مالك بن مَسْرُوق النَّمَرِي at the Battle of Jadūd 145[17] seq

مالك بن مِسْمَع بن شَيْبان, called الأَعْوَر بن مِسْمَع 742[6], ابو عَيْبان 460[12] 750[9] 1090[6] seq., and ابن الحَضْرَمِي 750[12], one of the chief men of the Bakr ibn Wāʾil at

al-Baṣra: his genealogy 749[12] 766[12] his house 727[16] seq.· his rivalry with Ashyam ibn Shaḳīḳ in the reign of Yazīd ibn Mu'āwiya 728[12] seq.: took part in renewing the alliance between the tribes of Rabī'a and the Azd at the time of the disturbances 728[20] seq. 730[1] seq : supported the party of the Umayyads on the occasion of the *Yaum al-Jufra* 749[17] seq. 750[2] seq 751[2] seq 1090[3] seq. 1091[1] took refuge with Najda al-Ḥarūrī 1092[14] seq . his interview with al-Akhṭal 460[11]: verses in his praise by al-'Udail ibn al-Farkh (*sic leg.*) 1090[6] seq.: an allusion to his death in a poem of Jarīr 993[10]. see also 113[11] 115[5] 731[9] 736[6 10] 744[4] seq 766[11]

مالك بن المنتفق chief of the Ḍabba at the time of the Battle of Naka-l-Ḥasan (= ash-Shakīka) 190[5] 191[4] cf 234[9] seq

مالك بن المنذر son of the Lakhmite king al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā, slain while dwelling among the Banū Dārim 1084[1] seq (but compare the divergent account 653[1] seq 977[3])

مالك بن نويرة بن حمرة الربوعي, called فارس ذى الحمار 247[17] 298[3]. his genealogy 247[16] seq. 298[4] at the Battle of al-Ghabīt 314[4]. at the Battle of al-Iyād 582[20] his verses against the Salīṭ 22[4] seq.: his verses on the dispute with the Ribāb and the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 258[12] seq., other verses ascribed to him 315[9] seq (?) 412[6] seq.: see also 206[11] 258[10] 896[5]

(1) ابو مالك see الأخطل بن غوث

(2) ابو مالك see أوفى بن قمس

(3) ابو مالك a grandson of Wakī' ibn Hassān (see 354[2]), cited by Abū 'Ubaida as an authority on the history of Kutaiba ibn Muslim 353[19]. see also 358[1] 360[7 18] 361[14] seq 366[9]

المالكان i. e. the tribal groups Mālik ibn Zaid-Manāt and Mālik ibn Ḥanzala, of which the former included the latter 606[15] 609[12] 700[6] (= 774[15]) 791[2] 1030[10]

المأمور الحارثى a soothsayer who warned the Madhḥij against attacking the Tamīm (Second Battle of al-Kulāb) 149[9]. raided the Dārim at the head of his tribe, the Banū-l-Ḥārith ibn Ka'b ibn 'Amr 600[10] 939[11]

المأموم بن سنان بن علقمة [الدارمى] (see 308[4]) wounded at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 307[14] 308[10] seq 309[15]. see also 760 notes [4]

ماه افریدون, ماه فرودین see 113 notes[6]

(1) مَاوِيَّة ancestress of certain families belonging to the clan Nahshal ibn Dārim 459[4] (text doubtful), see also 310[7]

(2) مَاوِيَّة a woman mentioned by Jarīr 479[7]

مَاوِيَّة بنت حَبَّاء captured by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at Irāb 1088[7]

مَاوِيَّة بنت حُوَيّ بن سُعْفِ mother[1] (or grandmother) of Ḳais ibn Ḥassān ibn ʿAmr 943[5] cf. 1096[4] - see also the following

مَاوِيَّة بنت نَبْهَل بن دارم 945[2] — apparently due to a confusion between Māwīya bint Huwayy ibn Sufyan and her mother Hanna bint Nahshal ibn Darim (943[9] 1096[2])

مُبَارَك بن سَعد بن مَسْرُوق (brother of Sufyān ath-Thaurī) cited by an informant of Abū ʿUbaida 740[9]

مُحَمَّد بن يزيد المُبَرِّد see

عُتْبَة بن عَبَّاد بن الخُرَيْبِر المُبَرِّد see

المُتَجَرِّدَة wife of an-Nuʿmān ibn al-Mundhir, king of al-Ḥīra, captured and released by ʿAbdallāh ibn Jaʿda ibn Kaʿb (*sic leg.*) 404 notes[1]

المُتَمَثِّل his verses quoted by Ṭarīk ibn Daisak after the Battle of Tikhfa 68[10] seq

مُتَمِّم بن نُوَيْرَة بن جَمْرَة اليربوعي, called ابو نَهْشَل 59[3] (= 785[1]) for his genealogy, see that of his brother Mālik 217[16] seq released the poet ʿAbdallāh ibn ʿAnama after the Battle of Dhu Ṭuluh 51[12] (= 784[17]), and was eulogised by him 58[19] seq (= 785[1] seq.) his verses on the death of Bujair ibn ʿAbdallah 20[10] seq. other verses ascribed to him 59[5] seq 69[8] seq 314[3] (= 762[11]) 315[9] seq. (?) 584[17] seq. see also 206[11] 589[6]

مُتَوَكِّل بن عباس see ذو الأعْدام

المُتَوَكِّل (var. المؤيد) *rāwiya* of al-Farazdak his account of the visit paid by al-Farazdak to ʿUmar ibn Laja' 908[1] seq

مُتَيِّم see عُتَيْد بن عاصِم بن سَمُرَة

المُتَلَمِّس الضُّبَعِيّ a friend of ʿAmīra ibn Ṭarīk 53[5] seq (= 785[13] seq.) 66[3] (= 780[15])

الْمُثَلَّم بن قُرْط الْعَبْسِيّ at the Battle of al-Marrūt $71^{4\,13}$

الْمُثَلَّم بن الْمُسَاحِر الْعَبْسِيّ, one of the Banū ʿĀʾidha ibn Malik (see 193^{4}), left his son Shirḥāf as a hostage in the hands of ʿUmāra ibn Ziyād al-ʿAbsī 193^{12} seq., his verses cited 194^{10} seq.

[الْمُثَنَّى بن حارثة الشَّيْبَانِيّ] mentioned by Jarīr 818^{13} [see Ibn al-Athīr I 485^{22} seq.]

ابن مُثَوِّبَة see ابن مثوبة

مُحَاسِع the clan to which al-Farazdak and al-Baʿīth belonged: represented as one of the six sons of Dārim 187^{6} called ابو النُّعَمِّس 78 notes ^{4}, and nicknamed وَبَّار 938^{4} cf 225^{11} 247^{5} 340^{9} 434^{1} 775^{9} 936^{11} why Mujāshiʿ was called زَعْوَار 78^{5} legend about Mujāshiʿ and his brother Nahshal 78^{6} seq. Mujāshiʿ identified with ʿAbdallāh ibn Dārim 790^{14} connected with the Taghlib through his mother al-Halāl bint Ẓālim 880^{1}, his mother called Khadāʾ by Jarīr 858^{5} satirised by Jarīr 77^{15} 80^{11} 81^{13} 82^{1} seq 111^{11} 122^{5} 123^{11} seq. 223^{14} seq *et passim* see also 39^{10} 41^{11} 42^{1} seq 63^{10} 110^{1} 126^{18} 137^{6} 182^{15} (= 771^{13}) seq 277^{16} 311^{11} 494^{11} 513^{3} 626^{6} 699^{7} 752^{13} 943^{5} seq

مُحَاسِع بن مَسْعُود السُّلَمِيّ his interview with ʿAmr ibn Maʿdī-Karib at al-Baṣra 129^{5} seq.

سلمى بن حَنْدَل بن نَهْسَل see الْمَاحِرِيّ

الْمَاحِرِيّ of the Banū Abī Rabīʿa slain by al-Minhāl ibn ʿIsma at ʿAin-at-Tamr 762^{7} seq 1018^{9}

مُحَدِّ بنت نَهْم الأَكْرَم بن عائذ ancestress of the tribal group Rabīʿa ibn ʿĀmir ibn Saʿsaʿa [see Ibn Ḳutaiba M 42^{15}], who are called بنو مُحَدِّ after her 1003^{6} seq

مُحَدِّع see الْبَدَّال بن مُسَهِّر

بنو الْمَاحِرِ a subdivision of the Rabīʿa ibn Mālik ibn Zaid-Manat 5^{13}

الْمَاحِس بن أُنَيّ بن صَمُرَة النَّهْشَلِيّ father of Ḥakīm and Rihī 941^{5}, to one of whom al-Farazdak applies the term ابن الْمَاحِس 952^{12} seq. (cf 418^{17}) his genealogy 810^{6}: see also 941^{3} 956^{1} 957^{5}

الْمَاحِس الْكِلَابِيّ one of the Banū Mukallad mentioned by Jarīr 14^{8}

الْمَاحِس بن أُنَيّ بن صَمُرَة see ابن الْمَاحِس

مُجَمِّع بنو apparently a subdivision of the Banū Subaiʿ 1097[8]

المَاحُوس بنو a family of the Banū Abī Bakr ibn Kilāb 243[6] (= 1067[2]) 243[10]

الماحوس see the *Glossary* s. r. محس

مُحارب [بن حنفة] a clan included in the group Ḳais-ʿAilān 817[4] 1039[2]

مُحَرِّر الشَّرْعَبِيّ a friend of ʿAmīra ibn Ṭārik 53[5] seq. (= 785[13] seq.) 66[2] (= 780[15])

مُحَرِّر بن المُعْمِّر الضَّبِّيّ his verses on the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 155[13] seq. other verses ascribed to him 236[13] seq. (?) 1022[3] seq.

مُحَرِّف an obscure term applied to the Lakhmite kings of al-Ḥīra, who are called آل مُحَرِّق 68[19] (= 300[11]) 277[13], and in particular to ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir (see 714[2] seq.): for ابن مُحَرِّف see ابن المُنْذِر بن ماء السَّماء. دلوس بن المُنْذِر بن مُحَرِّف also mentioned by Jarīr 404[9] (see 405[1]), and by Ḥassān ibn Thābit 547[1]. نَرْد مُحَرِّف mentioned by al-Farazdak 713[13], also سِمَاط مُحَرِّق 786[13]: [see Noldeke *Die Ghassânischen Fürsten* (Berlin 1887) p 7, and G. Rothstein *Die Dynastie der Laḫmiden* (Berlin 1899) p. 46 seq.]

مُحَرِّق بن الحُرْث الغَسَّانِيّ captured and slain by the Ḍabba at Buzākha, together with his brother Ziyād 189[17] 192[12] 195[1] seq.

مُحَرِّق بن سَعْد بن مالك [النَّدْوِيّ] lived at the time of the First Battle of al-Kulāb 458[19] (genealogy)

مُحْفِز بن حَرْ، الوَحْدِيّ present at the death of Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 362[6] [the name is doubtful, see Ṭabarī II 1224[1] and foot-note]

المُحَفَّف بن حَوّاب [الحلانِيّ] lived at the time of the feud between the Banū Abī Bakr ibn Kilāb and the Banū Jaʿfar 533[8]

المُحَلِّل بن قُدامَة بن أُسَيِّد النَّرْبُوعِيّ 897[14] 1070[13] his genealogy 207[16] and, with variations, 897[15]

المُحَلِّل بن نَعْف النَّبْهَانِيّ author of a verse cited 957[5]

ابن المُحَلِّل mentioned in a verse by Rushaid ibn Rumaiḍ 207[15]

مُحَلِّم بن ذُهْل ancestor of a family of the Shaibān 644[18] 906[1]

مُحَلِّم بن سُوَيْط الصَّبِّيّ, called الرِّئبس الأوّل by al-Farazdaḳ 188[15]. took part in a raid against Ṣan'ā 445[14]: see also 189[2] 238[4]

مُحَمَّد بن حَسَب 1[4] (read حَسَب for الحسب) 488[6] 1054[8] called also ابن حسب 18[7] 37[12] 46[15] 98[15], and ابو جَعْفَر 1[4] 22 notes[1] 37 notes[3] 44 notes[4] 56[17] 57[13] 157[14] 182[10] 372[11] 378[12] 381[9] 390[15] 488[6] 507[6] 510[11] 576 notes[12] 584[15] 639[10] 809[5 14] 825[16] 846[2] 956[12] 987[13] (some of these passages may possibly refer to Aḥmad ibn 'Ubaid, cf 687[8]) — see also *Introduction* p XI

مُحَمَّد بن حَفْص cited as a historical authority by Abū 'Ubaida 729[14] 739[17]

مُحَمَّد بن حالد بن عَبْد الله cited by Muhammad ibn 'Īsā al-Wāsiṭī 403[13]

مُحَمَّد بن زِياد بن الأَعْرابيّ see ابن الأَعْرابيّ

مُحَمَّد بن السّائب الكَلْبيّ see ابو نِسام

مُحَمَّد بن سُفْيان بن مُجالِع an ancestor of al-Farazdak 265[15] 489[8] (cf 127[4]). his mother and his brothers 772[14] seq : was one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[11]

مُحَمَّد بن العَبّاس اليَزيدىّ, called ابو عَبْد الله 1[3] 1054[7] (and in all the other passages): cites the following persons, Aḥmad ibn Yaḥyā (= Tha'lab) 382[8] 504[11] 515[7] 557[4] 587[19] seq 997[8], Muḥammad ibn 'Īsā al-Wāsiṭī 403[13], al-Farrā 518[15], Ibn al-A'rābī 539[5], Muḥammad ibn Yazīd (= al-Mubarrad) 750[6] seq, Khālid ibn 'Abdallāh as-Ṣarīfīnī 755[5] see also 169[16] 189[12] 211[10] 242[1] seq. 246[3] 247[6] 259[15] 260[16] 270[17] 271[15] 280[15] 288[4] 301[15] 302[5] 319[9] 322[5] 340[8] 344[4] 347[1] 356[8] 358[3] 361[6] 368[16] 373[4] 376[14] 407[2 15] 429[17] 445[5] 446[1] 447[1] 451[14] 466[11 13] 489[19] 504[2] 508[14] 516[7] 522[10] 537[7] 540[1] 541[2] 542[10] 552[12] 568[14] 582[10] 586[15] 587[11] 622[7] 635[7] 651[16] 686[2 9] 689[11] 690[7] 694[7] 71[8] 724[5] 728[11] 755[3] 792[7] 793[4] 795[5] seq 796[10] 804[14] 808[2 12] 810[1 11] 812[3] 821[17] 833[6] 835[9] 840[9 10] 847[5] 857[1] 873[14] 880[17] 891[10] 907[6] 909[7 16] 934[9] 939[3] 944[1] 948[2] 950[6] 959[7] 962[16] 965[17] 966[7] 969[9] 970[13] — and *Introduction* p. XI

مُحَمَّد بن عَبْد الله the Prophet: pronounced a curse on the tribes of Mudar 462[6] seq. his intention to rebuild the Ka'ba 486[12] seq the relation in which he stood to the Anṣār 548[1] seq.. his utterance on the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 640[19] released those of the Tamīm who had been captured 696[6] seq. 747[15] seq. his remark on the poet al-Mukhabbal 1048[20]: see also 174[1] 220[6] 345[10] 347[11] 363[18] 448[15] 529[8] 624[4] 700[9] 904[8] 913[13] 1017[12]

مُحَمَّد بن عُبَيْد الله الفَرَسىّ cited by Abu-l-Ḥasan al-Madā'inī 1048[11]

مُحَمَّد بن عُمَر بن عُطَارِد الدَّارِمِيّ persuaded al-Akhṭal to side with al-Farazdak against Jarīr 494[11] seq (genealogy) 879[12]: was satirised by Jarīr (who calls him أَسْ سَعْرَد 892[13]) 895[1] seq. cf. 495[11] 888[7] 901[7]

مُحَمَّد بن عِيسَى الوَاسِطِيّ, called أبو عَبد الله. cited by al-Yazīdī 403[13]

مُحَمَّد بن القَسم البَاهِلِيّ cited as an authority for a verse 162[12]

مُحَمَّد بن مُسْلِم البَاهِلِيّ brother of Kutaiba ibn Muslim 362[17]

مُحَمَّد البَهْدَانِيّ a partisan of 'Abd-al-Malik at al-Kūfa 1091[3]

[مُحَمَّد بن وَضع [بن حَسَّان العُذَافِيّ] received the news of the murder of Kutaiba ibn Muslim while on his way from Marw 366[9] seq.

[مُحَمَّد بن يَزِيد [المُبَرِّد] 750[7], called أبو العَبَّاس 169[16] 271[18] 319[9] 407[16] 504[2] 521[11] 568[14] 970[11] [some of these passages perhaps refer to Aḥmad ibn Yaḥyā i e. Tha'lab]

أَسْحَق بن سُوَيْد see أبو مُحَمَّد العَدَوِيّ

أبو مُحَمَّد القَعقَاعِيّ verse ascribed to him 72[11]

المُحَلَّل الفُرَيْعِيّ i e of the Banū Kurai' ibn 'Auf called أبو يَزِيد by al-Farazdak 200[4] mentioned by Jarīr as a satirist 707[10]: his verses cited 276[11] 1064[11]: a saying of the Prophet concerning him 1048[19] - as to his real name the authorities differ, رِبعِيّ بن مَنَار بن رِبعِيّ 200[6] (cf 707[11]), رِبعِيّ بن رِبعِيّ 707 notes [3] [see also Aghānī XII 40[9] seq.]

المُحَلَّل بن ذِي عُصَيد الثَّقَفِيّ slain by Muṣ'ab ibn az-Zubair 1089[13]: called سَحَّار بَادِل by the poet Jarīr ibn 'Arāda 370[4]

أبو المُحَلَّل see مِرْدَاس بن حُدَيْر

مُحَمَّد بن خَالِد بن يَسَار maternal grandfather of al-Ḥārith ibn 'Abdallāh ibn Abī Rabī'a al-Makhzūmī 607[5]

مُخَرِّق بن سُوَيْد بن تَمِيم, of the Banū Dhuhl ibn ad-Dūl, a friend of Jarīr 846[7] seq.

مُخَرِّم بن سُوَيْد see يَزِيد بن المُخَرِّم

مَخْزُوم a clan of the Kuraish 739[18]

مَخْلَد بن يزيد بن المُهَلَّب sent by his father on a mission to Wakī' ibn Ḥassān 367[1] seq.: see also 368[1]

مِخْنَف ابو see لُوط بن يَحْيى

المِخْمط (?) chief of the 'Adī ibn 'Abd-Manāt and a contemporary of 'Uyaina ibn Ḥiṣn ibn Ḥudhaifa 1068[3]

مُدْرِك بن سَبَل بن مالك بن قَيْم ancestor of a family of the Azd 361[7]

مُدْرِكة بن الياس بن مُضَر tribal ancestor, said to have been originally called عمرو 178[7] seq cf 901[12 15]

المِدْعس a horse — فارس المِدْعس is said to denote al-Akra' ibn Sufyān 943[11], and Nawwās ibn 'Āmir 1096[19]

المِدَقّة mother of Kufaira and ancestress of al-Farazdak 219[4]

مِدْحَج (or مذحج 469[1], said to have been originally the name of a district) group of tribes their alliance with the Banu-l-Ḥārith [ibn Ka'b ibn 'Amr] 946[5] their expedition against the tribes of Rabī'a (Battle of Khazāza) 1094[17] seq. against the Tamīm (Second Battle of al-Kulāb) 149[7] seq cf. 155[14] 448[18] 601[1] against the 'Āmir ibn Sa'sa'a (Battle of Faif-ar-Rīh) 469[3] seq. see also 53[11] 362[11]

المِرَاح see المُرَاح

مُرَاد, called also مُحَارِب 172[5], a tribe included in the group Madhhij 39[13] 469[9] 471[11] 603[15]

المِرَّار [ابن سعيد الأشجعي] verses ascribed to him 133[10] 758[16] [see Aghānī IX 158[5] seq.]

المِرَّار بن سلمة العجلي maternal grandfather of the poet Abu-n-Najm 611[15]

ابنة مِرَّار, or ابنة المِرَّار, a woman of the Kais ibn Tha'laba who afforded protection to al-Farazdak 611[10] seq. (for a different account of her, see 611[15])

مُرَارة بن سَدَّاد, of the Banū 'Amr ibn Yarbu', was with his maternal uncle, Ibn adh-Dhahūb al-Asadī, when the latter captured Mu'ayya ibn as-Simma 120[5] seq.

أُمّ قيس بنت مُعَبِّد see المِرَاعة

ابن المِرَاعة see حَرْب بن عَطِيَّة بن الحَنَفي

بنو المراعث nickname of the family of Jarīr 256[1] 279[10] 325[2] 497[1]

مرنع (var. مرنع) mentioned in a verse of Jarīr as a man whom al-Farazdak threatened with death 974[15]. according to 975[1] seq he was a *rāwiya* of Jarīr, his name was originally وعوعة, and he belonged to the clan Abū Bakr ibn Kilāb another account represents him as the murderer of a woman named Ghadūb who had satirised the Banū Subaiʿ 1097[5] seq . a third account calls him Mirbaʿ ibn Waʿwaʿa, and states that he slew Saʿd ibn Ṣubaiḥ an-Nahshalī 1098[6] seq

مرند بن الخرب (read مرثد? var. زياد بن الحرب) married a daughter of Yathribī ibn ʿUdus 219[5]

مرثد بن سعد بن مالك a subdivision of the Ḳais ibn Thaʿlaba 794[7], see also 459[1] 794[5] 802[13]

مرثد بن عمرو بن يسر [النذوي] at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 307[7]

مرثد [بن محاسع], called الأنصص, ancestor of a family of the Dārim 772[13] seq

مرجانة concubine of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 724[18]

عبيد الله بن زياد بن ابيه see ابن مرجانة

المرجنة their conduct at Mecca in the time of Ibn az-Zubair 118[13]

نعلبة بن الخرب بن حصين see ابو مرحب

مرداس بن أدية | =مرداس بن حدير, see Mubarrad 530[6] | called ابو بلال, 186[6] (=699[17])

مرداس بن ابى عامر السلمى his mother Fāṭima bint Jalhama 659[18]. at the Battle of Jabala 409[4] seq 659[16] seq. 671[1] seq 672[18] seq see also 907[2]

مردود a horse ridden by Ziyād ibn al-Ḥārith ibn ʿAmr al-Ghassānī 195[5]

المرقس 65[5], or مرقش 200[15] 218[16], the poet [commonly called الأكبر المرقس, see Ibn Kutaiba Sh. 103 seq] verse cited 65[9]

مرة بن حمان ancestor of a family of the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 14[1]

مرة بن ذهل بن شيبان ancestor of a family 764[11] 806[16] 906[1]

مُرَّة بن سَعْد بن مُحَاسِن الدَّارِمِيّ, called ابو مَنْدُوسَة 68⁵ 693¹² (= 2897) · slain at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 289⁶ 453¹⁷ seq (= 1074¹¹ seq.) 693¹⁰, but according to 68⁵ at the Battle of Ṭikhfa. see also 771¹⁶ and notes² 772¹⁵

مُرَّة بن عَبْد بن الحَرِث ancestor of a family of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 741¹

مُرَّة بن عَوْف بن سَعْد a clan of the Dhubyān, called مُرَّة بن عَنْقَاء 1036 notes⁵: their genealogy 760⁸ seq 1061² see also 94⁴ 103³ seq. 107⁵ seq. 439¹⁵ 1068¹¹ and مُرَّة بن كَعْب بن لُؤَيّ

مُرَّة بن عَنْقَاء see the foregoing

مُرَّة بن فَهْم ancestor of a family of the Dārim 216¹⁸

مُرَّة بن كَعْب بن لُؤَيّ ancestor of the principal Meccan clans, by some identified with Murra ibn 'Auf ibn Sa'd 1061²

مُرَّة بن مَنَاة بن حَنْظَلَة a clan included in the *Barājim* (q. v.) 53⁶. called also بنو العَمّ 360¹⁷

مُرَّة بن مِحْصَن [السَّعْدِيّ] of the Banū Rubai' ibn al-Ḥārith ibn 'Amr 741⁵

مُرَّة بن هَمَّام an ancestor of al-Haufazān 51⁶ (= 784¹⁴) cf. 326²

عِمْرَان بن مُرَّة بن ذُهْل الشَّيْبَانِيّ see ابن مُرَّة

عِمْرَان بن مُرَّة المُنْقِرِيّ see ابن مُرَّة

مُرْهِب الدَّبَرِيّ see ابو مُرْهِب

مَرْوَان بن الحَكَم the Caliph, called ابو عَبْد الملك 619¹⁰. governor of Medina in the reign of Mu'awiya 214¹³ seq met al-Farazdak 619⁹: sent Ḥubaish ibn Dulja on a punitive expedition to Medina 699¹⁴ see also 994⁴

مَرْوَان بن رِئَاب العَبْسِيّ, called مَرْوَان القَرَنْبَى [Ibn Duraid 169²⁰] 679 notes⁷ 760 notes⁶. captured by the Yarbū' at the Battle of aṣ-Ṣarā'im (= Dhāt al-Jurf) 248¹ 760⁶

عَبْد المَلِك بن مَرْوَان see ابن مَرْوَان

المَرْوَانِيَّة 1092¹², or المَرْوَانِيُّون 1090¹⁸ 1091¹⁷, i. e. the supporters of the Caliph 'Abd-al-Malik.

مُرَيَّة بنت حابر العجلية wife of ʿAmīra ibn Ṭārik 47³ (= 781¹¹ seq) 48⁸

المراح a camel 259⁹ (var. المُراح notes ⁵)

مُراحِم الأحدَبي a man who was accused of aiding Busr ibn Arṭāt against the Banū ʿAuf ibn Kaʿb 718³ seq

مراد بن الأقعس بن ضَمْضَم المازحاسعي was placed as a hostage in the hands of ʿAuf ibn al-Kaʿka', who caused him to be murdered 80² seq , cf. 78¹¹ 81¹⁴ ¹⁷ 254¹⁷ 318⁶ 426¹³ 439¹⁰ 695⁹ notes ⁴ 768² 974¹² 1001¹

المُرْدِلف see عَمْرو بن الى ربيعة بن ذُهْل

مُرَيْد بن عَوْف السَّعْدي verse ascribed to him 759¹¹

انس مريد المُرْبوعي(?) of the Banu ʿĀsim ibn ʿUbaid, at the Battle of ar-Raghām 411⁵ seq

المَرْبوع a horse 407¹⁵

المُرَبِّث بن الى صَعْصَعة see المروني

مريد بن سَلْم العبسي lived at the time of the War of Harāmīt 927¹⁵

عَمْرو بن عامر بن حارثة see مُرَيْعا

الحُرّ بن مُرَيْعا see ابن مُرَيْعا

المُسامِعة 145¹⁵, see بنو مُسْمِع

المُساوِر بن نُعمان بن حِساس الشَّيْبي acted dishonourably towards a man of the Taim-allat ibn Thaʿlaba who was under his protection 197³ seq 197¹⁷ — in the parallel passage 1058⁶ seq al-Musāwir is described as belonging to the clan an-Namir ibn ʿAbd-Manāt ibn Kināna

المُساوِر بن ضِمْد بن قَيْس العَنَسي a poet mentioned by al-Farazdak 202¹

المُسَيَّر بن عَمْرو العَنَزي 161⁸ (var المسير بن سره notes ³), or المُسَيَّر بن الى سُلْمَى 967¹ (var. المسير بن عمرو بن سلمة), a poet and an enemy of Jarīr, who calls him المُلَيِّع 966¹⁷ (cf. 161⁸): his verses cited 208¹ seq.

المَسْرُور الحَرُورِيّ slain in the reign of ʿAlī 254[8]

مِسْحَل بن زَيْد بن نُسَيْب بن عِمْران الكَلْبِيّ 1[6] (cf 1015[11]), called مِسْحَل بن زَيْد 647[5] after his mother, who was a daughter of Jarīr 1[16] 32[1] 126[8]: cited by Abū ʿUbaida 126[5] 647[8]. see also 31[11]

مَسْرُوق بن مَسْعود [النَّهْشَلِيّ], called ابو مَعْقِل 948[1] a descendant of Salmā ibn Jandal 948[7]

مَسْعود بن عُدُس بن زَيْد الدّارِمِيّ 958[13]

مَسْعود [بن عُقْبَة] brother of the poet Dhu-r-Rumma 797 notes[6]

مَسْعود بن عمرو بن عَتِيّ chief of the Azd at al-Basra in the reign of Yazīd ibn Muʿāwiya 730[1] called ابن عَمْرو 742[1], nicknamed قَمَر العِراق 113[4], and described as العَتَكِيّ *ibid* 118[7] or as المَعْنِيّ 730[3]. his genealogy 720[11] 725[11]. afforded a refuge to Ubaidallāh ibn Ziyād 724[5] 726[1] seq took part in renewing the alliance between the Azd and the Rabīʿa 729[6] seq marched to the mosque at the head of the allied tribes 730[9] seq. (cf 113[1] seq.). was dragged from the pulpit and slain by the Tamīm and the Persian horsemen 733[14] seq (cf. 114[3] seq.), or, according to another account, by the *Ḥarūriya* 113[6] seq (cf. 743[17]) the compensation paid for his death 117[9] 738[20] seq see also 115[10] seq (= 735[16] seq.) 116[1] 117[4] seq 731[15] 735[19] 736[19] 737[5] 790[16] 972[4]

مسعود بن الغطاف [التَّمِيمِيّ] his genealogy 425[14] seq. 919[1] seq.. slain by Iyās ibn ʿAbla at the time of the murder of the Caliph ʿUthmān 918[12] seq cf. 425[10]

مَسْعود بن قَيْس بن حارِثَة الشَّيْبانِيّ, called ابو قيس 20-[9]. grandfather of Bistām ibn Kais (see 18[5]) 829[2]

مَسْعود بن مِحْصَن الكَلْبِيّ slain by the ʿAbs at the Battle of ʿUrāʿir 98[5]

مِسْكِين بن عمر الدّارِمِيّ (or المِسْكِين 680[4]) a poet and a rival of al-Farazdak his genealogy 620[19] seq. his verses cited 265[5] seq. 267 notes[4] seq. 621[1] 621[5] seq 680[5]

مُسْلِم a client of Mālik ibn Misma[c] 1090[3]

مُسْلِم بن المُسَمْرَدَل الباهِلِيّ met Ḥayyān an-Nabaṭī at al-Baṣra 369[5]

مُسْلِم بن عُقْبَة المُرِّيّ his expedition against Medina 699[14]

مُسْلِم بن عقبل [بن ابى طالب الهاشمى], called ابن عقبل 246[17] slain by order of ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād 247[2]

مُسْلِم [بن عَمْرو الباهلى] father of Kutaiba 359[8] 362[15] seq.

ابن مُسْلِم see قُتَيْبَة بن مُسْلِم بن عمرو

مَسْلَمَة [بن عَبد المَلك بن مَرْوان الأموى] overthrew Yazīd ibn al-Muhallab 363[3]

مَسْلَمَة بن مُحارب بن سَلْم cited as a historical authority by Abū ʿUbaida 726[2 12] 730[9] 734[18] [in three of these passages the MS has سلمه]

مِسْمار a horse ridden by الرِّدِم الضَّبّى 196[4]

مِسْمَع بن عَبْد المَلك cited as a historical authority by Abū ʿUbaida 427[13] 612[5] 646[18] 743[19]

مالك بن مِسْمَع بن سِنْمار see ابن مِسْمَع

بنو مِسْمَع i. e the family to which Mālik ibn Mismaʿ belonged 1090[9] seq., called also المَسامِعَة 145[18]

المِسْمَعان i e Mālik and ʿAbd-al-Malik sons of Mismaʿ 993[7]

مُسْهِر بن عَبْد قَيْس بن رَبِيعَة الكلابى lived at the time of the Battle of an-Nisār 242[17] seq

مِقْلاص بن عَمْرو see مُسْهِر بن عَمْرو العائذى

مُسْهِر بن نَهْد بن عَبْد يَغوث الحارثى was outlawed by his tribe and fought at Faif-ar-Rīh on the side of the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 471[7] seq

خُدَيْعَة بن نَدْر بن عَمْرو see ابو مُسْهِر

المُسَيَّب الضَّبّى 322[15]

المِسْيَخ see the *Glossary*

المُسَيَّر الرِّياحى lived at the time of the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūh 19[4] (= 783[5])

المُسَيَّرَة العائذى 193[11] 194[9]

مَسْرُوح leader of the Hamdān at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 149[12]

مُسَيَّب بن رِبْعِ الرِّيَاحِيّ, or المُسَيَّب, lived at the time of the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[3] seq.

المُسَيَّع العُتَيْبِيّ (var المُسَبَّع) mentioned in a verse of Jarīr 100[2], see 100[27]

[التَّمِيمِيّ] مَصَادٌ an ancestor of the poet ʿUmar ibn Laja' 487[5], perhaps also 428[17]

مَصَاد بن عَوْف بن عَمْرو بن كِلَاب slain by the Ḍabba at Ḳādim (= Ghaul) 390[5]

[الحُلَيْمِيّ] مَصَادٌ an ancestor of Janbā ibn Nathla 25[3] cf. 98[3]

مُصْعَب بن أبي الحَكَم السَّدُوسِيّ of the Banū ʿArīn ibn Thaʿlaba: prevented a feud between the Banū Mālik ibn Ḥanẓala and the Yarbūʿ after the murder of aṣ-Ṣimma 120[11] seq

مُصْعَب بن الزُّبَير بن العَوَّام brother of ʿAbdallāh (see الخُبَيْب) slew al-Mukhtār 108[95]: his marriages *ibid* his three journeys to Mecca 108[912] seq., deposed from his governorship and replaced by his nephew Ḥamza 108[914] re-instated as governor of the ʿIrāk 109[011] seq. his contest against the Caliph ʿAbd-al-Malik 749[1] seq. (= 109[17] seq) his return to al-Baṣra 750[14] seq.

المُصْعَبِيّ الفَسْرِيّ slain at the Battle of al-Marrūt 72[15]

مُضَارِب his conversation with al-Farazdak 1047[7] seq

مُضَبَّ بن مَعْنِ بن كِلَاب 916[16]

مُضَر great group of tribes cursed by the Prophet 162[6] seq. their rivalry with the tribes of Rabīʿa at al-Baṣra 727[11] seq. cf 113[10] see also 142[3] seq 225[9] 227[10] 315[2] 358[10] 359[1] 377[2] 428[4] 431[3] 488[9] 546[5] 571 notes[4] 714[7] 746[15] 809[2] 897 notes[8] 912[1] 984[16] 1047[3] 1063[5 14] 1064[6] 1093[13]

مُضَرِّس بن رِبْعِيّ his verses cited 161[4] seq.

مُضَرِّطُ الحِجَارَة see عَمْرو بن المُنْذِر

مُضَوِّدَة الثَّعْلَبِيَّة a woman addressed in a verse of Ṣuraim ibn Maʿshar 886[14] seq.

مُضَر بن حَسَّانَ الرِّيَاحِيّ took possession of al-Kūfa on behalf of Ibn al-Ashʿath (A.H 82) 118[8] (= 972[2]). see also 732[6]

رَبَاحُ الْحَسَكُوتِيّ see ابو مُطَرِّف

وَدِيعُ بن حَسَّانَ بن قَيْس see ابو الْمُطَرِّف

[النَّرْنُوعِيّ] الْمُثَوِّمُ بن أُثَيْطٍ at the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ 49⁵ (= 783⁶)

[النَّرْنُوعِيّ] الْمُثَوِّمُ بن قِرْوَاس his conversation with Bistām ibn Kais before the Battle of al-Iyād 581¹⁰ seq

مُعَدَّدُ بنت بدر الْعَوَارِيَّة sister of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr and wife of al-Rabī' ibn Ziyād 88¹⁴ 89²

مُعَوِّدٌ see مُعَاوِدٌ

مَعْدُ بن زُرَارَة بن عَدَس الدَّارِمِيّ half-brother of Lakīt ibn Zurāra 1063¹⁵ called ابو الْقَعْقَاع 227¹⁸ 426¹⁰ (= 229¹⁵) captured at the Battle of Rahrahān 226¹⁶ seq (= 1063⁵ seq.) cf 893¹² 940¹³ (= 1053¹) 1003¹⁵ the negotiations for his ransom 227⁵ seq. (= 1063⁷ seq.), died in captivity from starvation 228¹ seq 229⁶ 229¹⁰ (= 408¹⁵) 230¹ see also 239⁷ (= 648¹⁶ 679⁵) 510⁹ 656⁵ (cf. 239¹⁴) 799¹¹ (781 398¹⁶)

مَعْدُ السَّلَمَنِيّ husband of Humaida (q. v.) 830¹⁶ seq

زُرَارَةُ بن عَدَس بن زَيْد see ابو مَعْدُ

[الْجَعْفَرِيّ] مَعْمَرٌ (?) slain in the War of Haramīt 929¹⁷ seq.

الْمُعَمَّمُ بن قُنْعَةَ بن عَدَس ancestor of a family 86¹²

مَعَدّ, called مَعَدّ بن عَدْنَان and represented as an ancestor of the Lakhmite kings 299¹; represented as the father of Kudā'a 142⁵, and as an ancestor of Anmār 142⁶ seq. used to include the Kinda 267⁵ used to denote a portion of the Arabs 714⁶. عَارَا مَعَدّ i. e. the tribes of Tamīm and Bakr ibn Wā'il 720⁹ (= 740⁴). حَتَّا مَعَدّ apparently used to denote the whole Arab nation 988¹⁰ see also 15¹ 46¹⁶ 69¹ (= 300¹⁷) 69¹⁶ 139⁵ 171¹ 215¹² 249⁵ 253¹⁰ 300 notes¹ 425⁵ (= 670¹¹) 442⁷ 451¹³ 461² 546¹² 646¹⁶ 673³ 713¹³ 715² 719¹⁴ seq (= 740⁵ seq.) 942⁵ 992¹⁴ 994⁹ (see 994⁷) 1086⁶ 1090⁵ 1094¹ ¹¹

مَعْدِي كَرِب see مَعْدَ كَرِب بن حَبَلَة

مَعْدَانُ بن عِصْمَة at the Battle of al-Iyād 581¹⁵ 582¹⁸ (text doubtful)

مَعْدانُ بن قَعْنَب بن سمير الثَّعْلَبيّ at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 313[18] — perhaps identical with the foregoing, see 581 notes[1] seq

مَعْدى كَرِب see 46[13], var. مَعْدا كَرِب 46[15]

مَعْدى كَرِب بن الحَرْب بن عَمْرو الكِنْدىّ, called علعا 156[17] (= 1076[16]) 887[9] 1073[9]. brother of Shurahbīl and Salama 455[14] (= 1076[7]) 1073[15]. his poem on the death of Shurahbīl 456[18] seq (= 1076[17] seq) was slain at Uwāra 887[10]

مَعْدى كَرِب بن عبد بن عبد الثَّعْلبيّ 456[6]

مَعْرِض بن عَمْرو ancestor of a family of the Asad ibn Khuzaima 65[11]

مَعْرِض الكِلبىّ a relative of Jarīr's mother, noted for his stupidity 489[18] seq. (according to 868 notes[1] he was a paternal uncle of Jarīr): see also 7[1] 15[3] 489[6] 868[8]

المُعرِضان i. e Murīd al-Kulaibī and his brother 489[16]

مُعْصَل [الخَثْعَمىّ] slain by ʿUmāra ibn Ziyād al-ʿAbsī 194[1] seq

مُعقِر بن أوس بن حِمار البارِقىّ (or المُعَقِّر 676[5]) present at the Battle of Jabala 659[9] seq. his verses on the occasion 659[8] 675[14] seq. 676[7] seq.

مُعقِل بن عمرو بن مَوْئل المالكىّ (of the Asad ibn Khuzaima, see 760 notes[4]) at the Battle of Jabala 661[19] his verses cited 663[9] seq. 667[4] seq

معقل بن قَيْس see معقل بن عبد قَيْس

مُعَقِّل بن عَوْف بن سنبع الثَّعْلبيّ (of the Thaʿlaba ibn Saʿd ibn Dhubyān, see 107[6] seq.) his verses on the conclusion of the War of Dāḥis 107[11] seq.

مُعْقِل بن عَبْد قَيْس, called also مَعْقِل بن قَيْس 254[7], and ابن قَيْس 247[12] prefect of police under the Caliph ʿAlī 247[15] 896[5]. his death 254[5]

مَسْروق بن مَسْعود see ابو مَعْقِل

المَعْقِلان i. e Maʿkil ibn Jʿais and his brother Bishr 254[6]

مَعْمَر بن المُثَنّى see ابو عُبَيْدَة

مَعْن author of a verse cited 819[5]

مَعْن بن ذُهْل brother of the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 25[5]

مَعْن بن يزيد بن الأخنس السُّلَمِيّ at the court of the Caliph Mu'āwiya 716[14]. see also 278[4]

مَعْوَنَة بن بَدْر الفَزارِيّ slain at the Battle of Jabala 667[9] seq.

مَعْوَنَة بن بَكْر بن حُبَيْب a clan of the Taghlib, included in the *Arākim* 266[13] (= 373[1]) 887[11]

مَعْوَنَة بن بَكْر بن هَوازِن ancestor of a family 1064[13] seq

مَعْوَنَة بن حُسَم ancestor of a family of the Taghlib 452[15] (= 1073[15])

مَعْوَنَة بن الحَوْص الكَلْبِيّ was asked by the 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a to help them against the Tamīm a year after the Battle of Jabala 302[3] (text doubtful) - see also مَعْوَنَة بن سَراحيل

مَعْوَنَة الحارِثِيّ slain at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 152[12]

مَعْوَنَة بن حَاجِر الكَلْبِيّ see الحَوْص بن حَاجِر

مَعْوَنَة بن حِفاظَة [العُقَيْلِيّ] at the Battle of Jabala 667[10]

مَعْوَنَة بن أبي سُفْيان بن حَرْب the Caliph, called ابن أبي سُفْيان 618[16]: his treatment of al-Ḥutāt ibn Yazīd, and the verses of al-Farazdak on the subject 608[11] seq. appointed Ziyād ibn Abīhi as governor of the Ḥijāz 620[10] seq.: sent Busr ibn Arṭat on a punitive expedition into Arabia 716[13] seq.: see also 25[3] 46[12] 79[20] 214[14] 721[19] 729[18]

مَعْوَنَة بن سَراحيل الكَلْبِيّ 407[2], called also مَعْوَنَة بن سُرْحبيل 656[7], مَعْوَن بن الحَوْص after his great-grandfather (see 407[3]) 407[17] seq. 410[4] 667[16] 676[11], and ابن الحَوْص 661[8] — see الحَجّوْلِيّ

مَعْوَنَة بن سُرَيْف one of the pre-Islamic judges 438[7]

مَعْوَنَة بن الشَّمُوس بن الخاتِل الذِّبْيانِيّ, called ابن الشَّمُوس 674[14], and الأَسَدُ المُخَدَّعُ 674[3] slain at the Battle of Jabala 674[3] seq.

مَعْوَنَة بن عُبادَة بن عُقَيْل lived at the time of the Battle of Jabala 661[14]

مَعْوَنَة بن عَبْد المَاحِد الثَّقَفِيّ 731⁵

مَعْوِنَة بن كَعْب a subdivision of the Tha'laba ibn Sa'd ibn Dabba 195⁶

مَعْوَنَة بن كِلاب see الضِّبَاب

مَعْوِنَة [بن مالك بن جَعْفَر الكِلابِيّ] his mother Umm al-Banīn and his brothers 'Āmir, Ṭufail and 'Ubaida 535⁴

مَعْوَنَة بن مالك [بن زَيْد مَنَاة] a clan of the Tamīm 748¹

مَعْوِنَة بن مالك بن عَلْقَمَة 119⁶, see الضِّبْطَان

مَعْنَ الكِلَبِيّ (or المَعْنَ 489¹⁶) maternal grandfather of Jarīr 7¹ 15¹ 489⁶ ¹⁵ 1014⁹ his genealogy appears in two divergent forms 7⁴ and 206²

مَعْنَ بن الضِّمَّة, called ابن الأَصَمّ 854¹⁶ captured by Ibn adh-Dhahūb al-Asadī 120⁶ seq for his genealogy, see الضِّمَّان

مَعْنَس بن عَبْد الرَّحْمٰن الباهِلِيّ nephew of Kutaiba ibn Muslim 362¹⁷

مَعْن بن نَهْر السَّلَمِيّ grandfather of 'Īsā ibn Khusaila 611⁷ cf. 609¹⁶

المَعْنَرَة بن حُمَيْر his verses on the murder of Mas'ūd ibn 'Amr 736⁷ seq. other verses ascribed to him 798¹ seq.: see also 186⁶ (= 699¹¹)

المَعْنَرَة [بن عَبْد الله المَخْزُومِيّ] an ancestor of al-Ḥārith ibn 'Abdallāh ibn Abī Rabī'a 607¹⁰

مَعْنَر اليَشْكُرِيّ a partisan of the Caliph 'Abd-al-Malik at al-Kūfa 1091⁵

المَعْنَرِيّون 764⁶ — see *Additions and Corrections*

مَعْنَاة بنت تَعْلَبَة بن دودان الأَسَدِيَّة (or المَعْنَاة) ancestress of the tribes of Mālik ibn Zaid-Manāt and Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 483¹⁰ seq.

مَعْرُوف بن عَمْرو بن قَيْس الشَّيْبانِيّ his genealogy 587³. at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 313⁹: at the Battle of al-Iyād 581¹ 582¹ 585⁶, where he was slain 583¹⁷ cf 585¹² see also 818¹⁸

المَعْقَل بن مُحَمَّد [الضَّبِّيّ] cited by Muḥammad ibn Ḥabīb 37¹², and by al-Kalbī 75²

مُعابِل الأَحْوَل المُرْتَدّ cited by Abū ʿUbaida 905[3]

مُقاس بن عَمْرو العائذيّ (var. مُعاس), named originally مُسْهِر 1022[8]. was an ally of the Shaibān at the time of the Battle of ash-Shayyiṭān 1020[13]. his verses on the occasion 1022[9] seq.

مُعاعِس a man of the Taimallāt ibn Thaʿlaba who served as guide to al-Farazdak, when the latter was being pursued by Ziyād ibn Abīhi 616[11] seq.

مُعاعِس بن حَرْمَة 222[14] — see *Additions and Corrections*

مُعاعِس بن عَمْرو بن كَعْب a group of clans (Sairim, ʿUbaid and Rubaiʿ) descended from al-Ḥārith ibn ʿAmr ibn Kaʿb and included in the tribe Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 717[5] seq 741[2] seq 979[1] 1023[13] seq . origin of the name Mukāris 340[6] seq.. see also 116[6] seq. 151[12] 155[1] 222[11] seq. 326[14] 340[1] 717[18] 856[3] 978[10] 983[13] 1065[7] seq. 1072[11] seq

مُعاوِس بن عَمْرو 1020 notes [1] — see مُقاس

مُعَبِّد ابن مُقْبِل, the poet: verse addressed to him by an-Najāshi 187[17] (= 324[12])

مُعْدام a descendant of ʿUdus ibn Zaid [ad-Dārimi] verse cited 229[6]

مُعْسِم a relative of the mother of al-Baʿīth 61[7]

مُعْصور see عَمْرو بن حُصَيْن بن عَمْرو

المُعَلَّع mentioned by Jarīr as an associate of al-Farazdak 830[14]

المُعَلَّس بن المُعْلاس see ابن المُعْلاس

مُعَلِّل بن ثُعْل ancestor of a family of the Yarbūʿ 1[16] 13[10] 14[10], cf. 326[15]

المُعَمَّر (var المُعَمِّر) see زَيْد بن حَنْظَلة بن دُعْلُج

المُعَمَّر الضَّبّيّ 155[12] 236[11] 1022[3]

مُعَنَّد أبو مُعَنَّد mentioned in a verse of al-Farazdak 1050[17] — according to Aghānī XIX 20[7] seq. and Boucher's MS fol. 251 a designation of al-Farazdak himself.

بنو مُلَاس a family of the ʿAbshams ibn Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 1072[6] seq [see Ibn Duraid 160[7] seq.]

مُلَاعِبُ الْأَسِنَّة see عَامِر بن مَالِك بن جَعْفَر

الْمَلَاطِ i.e. the family of ʿAmr ibn Thaʿlaba ibn Milkat (q. v.) 653[20] 654[2] (= 46[5] 1087[10])

الْمُلَبَّد بن مَسْعُود [بن قَيْس الشَّمَّاخ] at the Battle of Ḳushāwa 20[1] seq 23[11] seq.

مُلَقِّط see عَمْرو بن بَعْلَة بن مُلَقِّط

مَالِك see مُلَيْك

مُلَيْحَان a subdivision of the clan ʿAdī ibn ʿAbd-Manāt 804[2]

مُلَيْص الْعُصَيْمِيّ cited as a historical authority 217[7]

مُلَيْص الْمُقَلِّدِيّ 1[16] (see *Additions and Corrections*) cf. 14[17]

مُلَيْكَة بنت حَارِثَة النَّعَّارِيَّة lived at the time of the War of Dāḥis 88[10]

مُلَيْل بن عَبْد اللَّه بن الْخَرِب النَّرْبُوعِيّ went to summon help before the Battle of Ḳushāwa 19[7] seq. said to have been slain by Bistām ibn Ḳais 314[16]

أَبُو مُلَيْل see عَبْد اللَّه بن الْخَرِب بن عَاصِم

الْمُمَزَّع الْعَبْدِيّ [i.e. سَلْس بن نَهَار, Ibn Duraid 199[21]] verse cited 634[6] see also الْعَبْدِيّ

أَبُو الْمُنَازِل, or أَبُو مَنَازِل, see الْخَطَّاب بن نَوْفَل

عَبْد مَنَاف see قُصَيّ

مَنَاف clan 187[7] 239[11]

مَنَاة deity 141[4]

الْمُنْتَجِع بن نَبْهَان الْعَدَوِيّ cited as a historical authority by Abū ʿUbaida 187[6]

الْمُنْتَشِر بن وَسْط الْبَاهِلِيّ reckoned among the أَعْرَبَة الْعَرَب 372[12]

الْمُنْتَفِق الْعَنْبَرِيّ 190[5] 191[4] seq. 234[9] seq

ابن مِنْحار a horse 606[10]

ابو مَنْحوف cited for the text of the *Naka'id* 285[5]

مُرّة بن سَفْش بن مُحاسِع see ابو مَنْدوسة

المُنْذِر بن امْرِئ القَيس اللَّخْمِيّ 266 notes[5] 885 notes[1], i. e. المُنْذِر بن النُّعْمان, see 298[16]

مُنْذِر 524[6], see حُمَيْضة بن حجر بن عمرو

المُنْذِر بن سَلْمَى بن جَنْدَل [التَّغْلِبيّ] lived at the time of the Battle of al-Watīda (= al-Watīdat) 389 notes[6] — probably identical with مُنْذِر 948[14]

مُنْذِر [بن ضِرار الضَّبّيّ] 195[5] (see 79[4])

المُنْذِر بن النُّعْمان see المُنْذِر بن ماء السَّما

المُنْذِر بن المُنْذِر اللَّخْمِيّ king of al-Ḥīra 1073[1] seq (text doubtful), called also المُنْذِر بن هِنْد الأَكْبَر 267[12]: for his genealogy, see 298[16]

المُنْذِر بن النُّعْمان اللَّخْمِيّ king of al-Ḥīra, see 762[14] 1073[1] seq. (cf 298[16]) usually called المُنْذِر بن ماء السَّما after his mother (?) 885[1] cf 66[17] 267[4] 713[15] 887[3] 1073[1] 1084[1], also مُنْذِر 835[6] 864[17] 9737, ابن ماء السَّمَاء 267 notes[4], ابو دُنُوس 66[5] 68[19] (= 300[11]) 786[9] seq 999[2], and ذو العَرْشَيْن 1018[15] (?) 1073[1] sent an army against the Yarbū' (Battle of Tikhfa) 66[17] seq cf 298[13] 404 notes[6] 1019[7] 1033[13]. was expelled from his kingdom by al-Ḥārith ibn 'Amr al-Kindī, who afterwards made peace with him and gave him his daughter in marriage 267[4] seq. (cf. the divergent narrative 1073[1] seq.). his interview with 'Āmir ibn Uhaimir ibn Bahdala 713[15] seq.. his victory over the Kindite king at Khazāzā 887[3] seq. see also 661[13] — and المُنْذِر بن امْرِئ القَيس

المُنْذِر بن المُنْذِر see المُنْذِر بن هِنْد الأَكْبَر

مَنْسِم a name (usually said to be that of a woman) which occurs in a proverbial saying of unknown origin 267[8]

مَنْصور بن عِكْرِمَة بن خَصَفَة a group of tribes included in Ḳais-'Ailān 938[11]

مَنْظُور i. e. مَنْظُور بن حَبَّة, called also مَنْظُور بن مَرْثَد الأَسَدِيّ [Khizânat, *Index*]. verses cited 579 notes [1]

بنت مَنْظُور بن زَبَّان الفَزَارِيَّة wife of the Calîph Ibn az-Zubair 805[9] seq

مِنْقَر بن عُبَيْد a subdivision of the clan 'Ubaid ibn al-Ḥârith ibn 'Amr 741[1]. distinguished themselves at the Battle of Jadûd 326[10] seq. accused by Jarîr of having outraged Ji'thin, the sister of al-Farazdak 592[1] 682[11] 845[6] 855[1] seq 1001[2] seq. see also 113[8] 124[16] 144[8] seq. 362[11] 427[5] 459[6] (= 1078[1]) 544[7] seq. 593[7] seq 654[7] 801[6] 831[12] 846[1] 937[5] 978[12] 979[9] 1049[3]

المِنْقَرِيّ 381[11], see كُرَاع

مُنْقِع a son or descendant of Nadla ibn Bahdala, of the Banû Rabî'a ibn Mâlik ibn Zaid-Manât, an enemy of Jarîr 9[7]

المِنْهَال بن عِصْمَة [النَّوْبَعِيّ] of the Banû Ḥimyarî ibn Riyâḥ called by Jarîr هَوَّادُ المَعَالِب 254[3]. at the Battle of al-Ghabîṭ 314[1] seq. at the Battle of 'Ain at-Tamr 762[5]

مِنْع a son or descendant of Khâlid ibn Ja'far [ibn Kilâb] took part in the War between the Banû Ja'far and the Banû Abî Bakr ibn Kilâb 533[12]

ابو مِنْع الكِلَابِيّ cited as a historical authority by Abû 'Ubaida 30[16]

المِنْهَال بن عَبْد الله الحِلَابِيّ (or مِسْمَار 934[12]), called أَبُو حَصَاص by al-Farazdak 934[11] governor of al-Yamâma and al-Baḥrain in the reign of Hisham 539[11] 935[1] seq 1044[17] 1045[1]

مَيْدَد a woman mentioned by al-Farazdak 787[9] of 800[14] [see Lisan IV 419[19]]

مِيرَة (less correctly مَيْرَة) a tribe who gave their name to a breed of camels (مِيرِيَّة pl. مَهَارٍ or مَيَارَى) 755[18]

المِنْهَال بن أُنَاس بن زُهَيْر paternal uncle of Zuhair ibn al-Hunaid, who cites him 357[7] seq.

المِنْهَال بن أَبِي صُفْرَة [الأَزْدِيّ], called أَبُو سَعِيد 356[1], and المَرْوَزِيّ 372 notes [5]. made deputy-governor of Khurâsân by Salm ibn Ziyâd (A. H. 65) 372 notes [3] seq succeeded Umayya ibn 'Abdallâh ibn Khâlid as governor of Khurâsân (A. H. 78) 356[1], cf. 367[18] his family 369[1] 974[3 11] 993[16]

مُهَلْهِل بن رَبيعة بن الحَرِث التَّغلبيّ (or المُهَلْهِل 905[4]), originally named امرؤ القَيْس 200 notes[3], or عَدِيّ 905[5] seq — but see 455[6] (= 1075[17]) where ʿAdī is represented as the brother of Muhalhil [cf. Aghānī IV 149[9] seq]. brother of Kulaib ibn Rabīʿa and maternal grandfather of the poet ʿAmr ibn Kulthūm 885[7] his genealogy 200[13]: verse ascribed to him 906[7]: called by al-Farazdak مُهَلْهِل السُّعَرَاء 200[12] see also 218[16] 266[11] (= 373[2]) 886[1] seq

المُهَلَّل بن عَبْد الله بن قيس a man, of the Banu-l-ʿAdawīya, mentioned by Jarīr and al-Farazdak 862[7] seq.

أبو مُيَّاس بن رَبيعة بن حَوط القَعْقاعيّ his satirical verses on the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 311[9] seq. 311[13] seq 312[1]: other verses directed against the Tamīm 1085[17] seq

مُوَالِد بن قُحَيْم ancestor of a family of the Dārim 611[9]

مُوَالِد المالكيّ see مُوْلِد

المُوتَّد a man of the Banū Ihāb (?) ibn Ḥimyarī ibn Riyāḥ, captured by al-Hudhail ibn Hubaira at-Taghlibī 1088[3] seq

مَوْدوع a horse ridden by Harīm ibn Damdam 94[9]

مُوَرِّج [بن عَمْرو السَّدوسيّ] cited for the text of a verse of al-Akhṭal 508[12]

مُورِق بن قَيْس بن عَوف الدّارميّ avenged his father's death by slaying Hukaim ibn Baraka-Nahīuhu in the time of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 797

مُوسَى *Moses*, mentioned by Jarīr 775[1] 995[1]

مُوسى بن جرير son of the poet 203[14]

أبو مُوسَى بن حَسَنَل العَضَل see

مُوشِك بنت جرير daughter of the poet 203[14]

مَوْلِد المالكيّ grandfather of Maʿkil ibn ʿĀmir (q. v.) 662[1] 667[1]

بنو مَيْسا a family included in the Banū Tuhayya 79[2] seq.

مَيْسون الكَعْبِيّة mother of Ḥimnāʾa al-Kilābī 532[1] 678[10]

الأعشى see مَيْمُون بن قَيْس

(1) مَيَّة mother of ʿUtaiba ibn al-Ḥārith ibn Shihāb 315[7] seq.

(2) مَيَّة a woman who owned a house at al-Baṣra 731[8]

(3) مَيَّة a woman mentioned in a verse of Dhu-r-Rumma 501[17]

مَيَّة الصَّيْدَاء a woman to whom al-Farazdak vainly applied for help 611[16]

ن

النَّابِغَة الجَعْدِيّ 808[4] 1017[15], i. e. حَسَّان بن قَيْس, called الجَعْدِيّ 200[7] 248[9] 333[1] 404 notes[7] 405[20] 813[10] 881[9] 906[13], بَنُو النَّابِغَة بَنُو جَعْدَة 229[2] 104[14] 497[13] 658[17] 717[13] 906[6], and أَبُو لَيْلَى 497[14] his verses cited 229[3] 248[10] seq. 333[2] 404[15] seq 406[1] seq 406[9] seq. 658[14] seq. 717[14] seq 808[4] 813[11] 881[10] 906[7] seq 1018[1] seq

النَّابِغَة الذُّبْيَانِيّ 100[12] 179[5] 508[5] 815[11], i. e. زِيَاد بن عَمْرو بن مُعَاوِيَة [Ibn Hishām 233[12]], called نَابِغَة بَنِي ذُبْيَان 99[7] 103[7] 200[5] his verses cited 99[8] seq 100[14] seq. 103[5] seq 179[6] 508[6] 815[11]

نَابِغَة بَنِي سُبَيْل poet 200[5]

[بَنُو سَامَة] بَجَلَة a clan of the Ḳuraish who gave their name to a quarter in the city of al-Baṣra 725[5] seq [see Yāḳūt IV 726[15] seq.]

بَجَلَة بن صَعْصَعَة الْمَاجِسَعِيّ paternal uncle of al-Farazdak his interview with al-Baʿīth and the verses addressed to him by the latter 181[3] seq

بَجَلَة بن عَقَال بن مُحَمَّد الْمَاجِسَعِيّ great-grandfather of al Farazdak, married Kufaira 219[6]: had a familiar spirit 790[13]. see also 172[4] 257[14] 258[3] seq. 683[4] 771[7] 789[10] 949[11] 959[9]

أُمّ بَجَلَة a woman mentioned by Jarīr 212[17]

بَاسِل بن سَامَة الْعَبْشَمِيّ, called الأَعْوَر. was a captive in the hands of the Banū Saʿd ibn Mālik ibn Ḍubaiʿa at the time of the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ and contrived to warn his fellow-tribesmen of the intended attack 305[11] seq. 306[6] seq.

نسب الخَشْخاس cited as a historical authority by Abū Na'ama (= 'Amr ibn 'Īsa) 732[2] (cf. 114[4])

نافع (or نَفَّاع 525[4]) a poet satirised by al-Farazdak 524[5] seq 525[7]. he is identified by some with نافع بن الخَشْخاش 524[9], and by others with نافع بن سَوادَة 524[10]

حَمْصَة بن حمر بن عامر see نافع بن حمصة

نافع بن الخَشْخاش بن الخَشْخاش الكلابيّ said to be the author of a verse which is elsewhere ascribed to 'Āmir ibn aṭ-Ṭufail 668[7]· see also 524[9]

نافع بن سَوادَة see ذو الأَقْدام and نافع

نافع بن قَنَب chief of the Banū Tuhayya visited by the poet Abu-l-Bilad 436[2]

(1) ابو نافع see نَبْهان بن نَرْوان

(2) ابو نافع 917[1] i. e. the father of Nāfi' ibn Sawāda (= Dhu-l-Ahdām)

ناكور الكَلاعيّ father of سَمَيْدَع (q. v.) 46[9]

نَبْش a clan of the Khath'am 469[9]

نَبْلة deity 141[4]

نَبْهان slave of Abū Suwaj 206[6] 207[11] seq. (cf 1059[5] seq) 231[5]

نَبَط i. e Aramaeans 368[17], نَبَط العِراق 29[11], كَلام النَّبَط 690[11] — see also نَمَط

نَبْهان a clan of the Ṭayyi' 31[14], said to have been originally called اسودان (?) 34[5] satirised by Jarīr 34[4] seq 37[1] seq.

نَمَط i. e Aramaeans 29[11] — see نَبَط

نَبْهة a slave of 'Auf ibn al-Ka'ka' 80[4] 695[5] (wrongly explained 695[6], see notes [4])

نَبْهة ابن نَبْلة see حَسّا بن نَبْلة

نبو النَّجّار a clan of the Khazraj 546[7]

النَّجاشيّ i. e نَهْشَل بن عَمْرو the poet, called by al-Farazdak الحارِثيّ اخو الحِماس 201[10]. his verses cited 187[17] (= 324[12]) 329[14]

حَدْدَة بن عامر الخَصَفيّ a leader of the Khawārij in the time of Ibn az-Zubair 118[14]. afforded protection to Mālik ibn Misma' 1092[15] seq.

ابو الهَيْثَم i. e. المُفَضَّل بن قُدامَة العِجْليّ the poet 307[17]: his mother Rubai'a 611[15]. met 'Īsā ibn 'Umar 1004[6]. his verses cited 164[9] (= 597[5]) 308[1] 583[13] 646[9] seq. 843[6] 894[8]

عثمان بن النَّحّار see ابن النَّحّار

نُجَيْح بن عَبْد الله بن مُحاسِع 973[13], called also نُجَيْح بن مُحاسِع 223[15], ancestor of a family of the Dārim. legend concerning him 223[15] seq. see also 973[12]

النَّحْوار 340[10] (var. حَجّار), or النَّحْوار 858[8], apparently a nickname of some ancestress of the Mujāshi'

نَحْلَة father of Kaddām al-Māzinī 72[4] (see 71[6])

نَدَبَة a negress, mother of Khufāf 372[9]

نَدُوّ a mare which belonged to Abū Suwāj 206[12] seq (var. نَدْوَة 1059[6] seq.)

نِزار ancestor of the tribal groups Rabī'a and Mudar, who are called ابْنا نِزار 141[15] 720[1] (= 740[6]) represented as the father of Anmār 142[4]. the connection of Nizār with the Kalb 994[5] see also 142[7] 261[4] 340[12] 611[4] 714[6] 853[2] 873[11] 988[12] 994[6]

نِزار بن مَعَدّ بن عامر ancestor of a family of the Kuraish 716[13]

نَزّال بن مُرّة بن عَبْد ancestor of a distinguished family of the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt 741[11], called also النَّزّال 324[4] cf. 741[7] seq.

نَسْر deity 141[4]

بنو أمّ النَّسْر a family of the 'Adī ibn 'Abd-Manāt, who befriended Nawār when she had a quarrel with al-Farazdak 804[10] (see foot-note) 804[15]

النَّصارَى 83[6] 378[9] 506[6] 595[18] 600[6] 620[1] 705[9] 808[15] 936[7] 1041[7]

نَصْر [ابن خالِد] an ancestor of 'Īsā ibn Khuṣaila 611[1] (see 609[16] seq.) cf. 611[5]

نَصْر بن رَبيعَة 298[17] (var. نَصْر بن السّابِلُورِيّ 299[1]) an ancestor of the kings of al-Ḥīra

نَصْر بن مُعَوِّيَة a clan of the Hawāzin 895[10] (= 495[14])

نصب بن عَبْد الله a clan of the Bajīla 660[6]

نَصْلَة بن بَهْدَلَة a subdivision of the clan Rabī'a ibn Mālik ibn Zaid-Manāt 9[8]

نصلة بن خَوَنَّة بن لُوذَان الفَزارِيّ maternal grandfather of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr 88[9]

النَّصْف بن النَّحْمِيّ السَّلَمِيّ father-in-law of 'Amīra ibn Ṭārik 47[5] (= 781[15]), cf 25[10]

نَعَّار see عَبْد الله بن عامِر الهَجَاسِعِيّ

النَّعَامَة a mare which belonged to Khālid ibn Naḍla 241[16] another which belonged to al-Ḥārith ibn 'Ubād 595[9]

ابو نعامَة العَدَوِيّ i. e. عَمْرو بن عِيسَى 727[16] a historical authority cited by Abū 'Ubaida 240[13], by Zuhair ibn Hunaid 727[16] 732[1], and by Hubaira [ibn Ḥudair] 741[15]. see also 227[16] 740[17] [and Tabarī I 2378[17]]

نَفَرِيّ بن الفُجَاءَة see ابو نَعَامَة الهَمَدانِيّ

النَّعِر بن الرَّمَّام الهَجَاسِعِيّ (or النَّعِر بن رَمَّام 222[7]) failed to protect az-Zubair ibn al-'Awwām 80[13] seq. 833 notes[1]

النُّعْمَان (?) his sons addressed in a verse by al-'Abdī 631[4]

النُّعْمَان بن امْرِئ القَيْس النَّخْمِيّ king of al-Ḥīra, called also النُّعْمَان بن الشَّقِيقَة (after his mother) 1073[2] and النُّعْمَان الأَكْبَر to distinguish him from his great-grandson 694[10] 1073 notes[1]. for his genealogy, see 298[16]

النُّعْمَان بن حِسْل الشَّيْبَانِيّ (or نُعْمَان 197[1]) leader of the Ribāb at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[9] seq. 152[17], where he was slain 151[1] seq.. verses on his death 154[12] seq · see also 1068[2]

النُّعْمَان بن رُزْعَة النَّعْلِبِيّ (or نُعْمَان 646[6] 818[14]) at the court of Khusrau Parwez 639[19] seq : fought on the side of the Persians at Dhū Ḳār 646[6] 818[14]

النُّعْمَان بن امْرِئ القَيْس see النُّعْمَان بن الشَّقِيقَة

نُعْمَانُ بن ضُهْبَان الرَّاسِبِيّ (or النُّعْمَان 727³ seq) one of the negotiators at al-Baṣra 726¹⁷ seq.

نُعْمَانُ بن قُرَّع بن حارِثَة الثَّعْلَبِيّ (var. النعمى 1074¹⁸) at the First Battle of al-Kulāb 454⁵

النُّعْمَان بن قَهْوَس الشَّمِّيّ one of the leaders of the Ribāb at the Battle of Jabala 656¹⁰, called ابن قَهْوَس 656¹²

نُعَيْم بن قَيْس see نُعْمَانُ بن قَيْس [النَّهْشَلِيّ]

نُعْمَانُ بن قَيْل النَّرْنُوعِيّ slain by the Shaibān at Mulaiḥa 54⁶ (= 74⁷) 74¹ — قَيْل 73⁷ is apparently used for ابن قَيْل

النُّعْمَان بن مُحاسِع ancestor of a family of the Dārim 772¹⁴

النُّعْمَان بن المُنْذِر بن المُنْذِر بن المُنْذِر اللَّخْمِيّ king of al-Ḥīra, called النُّعْمَانُ الأَصْغَرُ to distinguish him from his great-grandfather 298¹⁵ (genealogy). was defeated by the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa at Safawān 404⁹ seq., slew ʿAdī ibn Zaid al-ʿIbādī and was himself slain by order of the Persian king 639³ seq: see also 103¹⁵ 141¹¹ 240¹⁴ seq 385⁹ 388¹ 679 notes ¹ seq 713¹³ (var النَّجَّار) 884¹⁰(?) 897¹³ (= 496⁸) 1060¹⁴

النُّعْمَان بن هِلال العَنَزِيّ, called الحطيم, one of the Banū Shuraib ibn Rabīʿa at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 312⁷ seq

النُّعْمَان ابو مُحاسِع see

النُّعْمَان see under النُّعَيْم

نُعَيْم بن حَاجِبَة المُرِّيّ met Jarīr ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Bajalī 141¹²

نُعَيْم بن سِنَان see أَعْوَر بنى نَبْهَان

نُعَيْم بن عَبَّاد بن الحَرْث الرِّيَاحِيّ, called النَّوافِعَة 18¹⁵ 71 notes ¹: his genealogy 18¹⁶ at the Battle of al-Marrūt 71⁴ ¹³ 72¹⁵. his verses on the occasion 73¹ seq.

نُعَيْم بن العَقْعَاع بن مَعْبَد [الدَّارِمِيّ] captured at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 309⁶

نُعَيْم بن عَمْرو بن أُرَيْب [النَّرْنُوعِيّ] 474² (= 703¹⁷), called ابو قُرَّان 473¹⁶ (= 475⁵ 703¹⁰) 474¹ (= 703¹⁵): husband of Zainab bint Ḥimyarī *ibid.*

[النَّهشلي] نُعَيم بن قَيْس, called also نُعْمان, at the Battle of al-Watīda 389 notes [10] seq.

نُعَيمة بن النِّضاب بن رَعْب captured by al-Akraʿ ibn Ḥābis 600[13]

نُقَيع 525[4] – see ناقع

[المُحاربي] نُقَيع بن سالم بن شَدّ his verses on the defeat of the Taghlib at Mākisīn 1038[10] seq [in Bakrī 533[15] this poet is called نُعَيم بن سالم بن صقّار, cf. Yakut II 341[8]]

نُقَيع بن رَعْب بن عُمَر السَّعْدي pursued az-Zubair ibn al-ʿAwwām after the Battle of the Camel 80[17] seq

نُقَيل بن عَمرو بن هلال ancestor of a family 507[5]. see also 241[14] 1038 notes [1]

نُقَيد الأسدي a diviner who accompanied Bistām ibn Ḳais to Naka-l-Ḥasan but deserted him before the battle 190[16] seq. (= 234[3] seq.)

النَّمِر بن تولب author of a verse cited 63[3]

النَّمِر بن عَبْد مناة بن كنانة clan 1058[6] (text doubtful, see foot-note and the parallel passage 197[4] seq)

النَّمِر بن قاسط (or النَّمَر 901[4]) tribe were among the supporters of Salama ibn al-Ḥārith al-Kindī 452[10] (= 1073[10]), and fought for him at the First Battle of al-Kulab 453[6] (= 1074[1])· see also 595[1] 737[16]

النَّمِر بن قَرْد بن حَنّان took part in a raid against Ṣanʿā 445[14]

النَّمَري (var النُّمَيري) cited as an authority for a verse 162[15]

نَمِر بن عامر [بن صَعْصعة] a tribe included among the *Jamāʾāt* 916[7] seq: fought at Jabala 659[4] 663[11], and at Faif-ar-Rīḥ 469[6] 470[13] seq. were raided by ʿImrān ibn Murra ash-Shaibānī and defeated him at Kārat Ahwā (= al-Ḳuwaira) 405[6] seq. satirised by Jarīr 443[5] seq 775[7] seq. cf. 772[17]: eulogised by al-Farazdak 168[10] seq.· see also 428[14] seq 443[1] 732[7]

نَمْلة العنبري see سَمُرة بن عَمرو بن قُرْط

نَمْلة بن قَرْد السَّعْلقي 749[16] 751[10] 1092[3] [an adherent of the pretender Ibrāhīm ibn ʿAbdallah in the reign of al-Manṣūr, Ṭabarī III 290[13] 301[5] etc.]

نَيَّار بن نَوْسَعَة التَّمِيمِيّ [of the Taimallāh ibn Tha'laba, see Hamāsa 431[24] seq.], called ابن نَوْسَعَة 359[18] 364[15] his verses addressed to Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 359[19] seq. other verses ascribed to him 364[5] seq 364[16] 364[18] 368[12] seq

نَهْد a clan of the Ḳuḍā'a 52[19] 154[19] 155[7] 469[9] 471[6] 601[2]

نَهْسَل بن حَرِيّ بن ضَمْرَة النَّهْسَلِيّ author of a verse cited 810[3]

نَهْسَل بن دارِم clan their ancestor, his parentage, the names of his brothers and his six sons (Jandal, Ṣakhr, Jarwal, Ḳaṭan, Zaid and Manāf) 187[6] seq: his mother Rakāshi bint Shahbara 752[17] 758[10] legend concerning him 78[6] seq their alliance with the Yarbu in pre-Islamic times 699[9] 752[16]. the assistance which they gave to the Banū Minḳar against the 'Abd-al-Ḳais 144[11]. their victory over the Hilāl at al-Watīda (= al-Watīdāt) 389[4] notes[1] seq their dispute with Janāb ibn Sharīk and the verses of al-Farazdak on the subject 941[8] seq see also 182[15] (= 774[13] 1049[9]) 214[7] 216[1] seq 310[5] 459[3] 494[15] 513[3] 609[16] 653[17] 699[7] seq 711[10] 718[15] 752[13] 771[17] 934[4] 944[10] seq 945[3] seq (= 1096[12] seq) 955[6] 956[3 5] seq 957[15] 975[15] 1020[16] 1042[10] 1049[6] seq 1080[9] 1086[3] 1099[1 10] seq

(1) نُعَيْم بن زُرارَة بن عُدُس see ابو نَهْسَل

(2) نُعَيْم بن نُوَيْرَة بن حَمْرَة see ابو نَهْسَل

نَهْشَل [النَّرْبُوعِيّ] at the Battle of al-Iyād 582[19]

نَهْشَل [النَّهْسَلِيّ], called حَصَلَع[sic], 310[11] (text doubtful, see 309 notes[7])

نَهْشَل his verses on the War of Dāḥis 101[5] seq

النَّوابِغ (pl of النَّابِغَة q. v.) mentioned by al-Farazdak 200[4]

النَّوَار بنت أَعْيَسَ بن مُسْتَعِد المُجاشِعِيَّة (or نَوَار 162[10] 163[2] 232[7] *et passim*) was married to al-Farazdak by means of a trick on his part 803[5] seq. her unsuccessful attempt to escape from him 803[10] seq. her interview with Jarīr 807[5] seq. was imprisoned together with Jarīr 166[11] seq see also 125[9] 126[9] seq. 137[2] 231[11] 252[5] 257[1] 341[13] seq. 594[15] 595[6 10] 684[9] 801[8] 804[7] seq 820[18] 822[4] 830[5] seq. 861[8] 869[15] 894[1] 976[12] 1034 notes[5] 1044[7]

النَّوَار بنت خَلّ بن عَلْجَى an ancestress of al-Farazdak 803[16] seq.

النَّوَار بنت مُجاشِع an ancestress of the poet Ghassān ibn Dhuhail 38[4] seq

تَوَّاس بن عمر المُحاسعيّ took a chief part in maltreating ʿAbd ʿAmr ibn Ḍamra 1096[15], see 946[1]

نُوح بن حَرْب son of the poet 205[18] seq. 497[17]

(1) ابن نُوح (i. e. Canaan the son of Noah, according to the commentators on Kur'ān XI 44) mentioned by al-Farazdak 348[12]

(2) ابن نُوح an associate of ʿĀmir ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik 744[5]

نَوْفَل بن عَبْد مَناف ancestor of a family of the Ḳuraish 1084[6]

ذو النُّون see النُّون

ابنا نُوَيْرة, i. e. Mālik ibn Nuwaira and his brother Mutammim, mentioned in connection with the Battle of Faiḥān 945[14] [see Bakrī 722[15] seq.]

هـ

هاشم a clan of the Ḳuraish 224[10] 348[1] 375[9] 391[11] 427[1] 747[2] 764[4]

الهامَرْز الفُسَويّ Persian general, slain at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 640[14] 643[10] seq 644[13]

هانئ بن عُرْوَة المُرادِيّ | put to death by ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād (A. H 60) 246[17]

هانئ بن مسعود بن هانئ الشَّيْبانيّ his genealogy 587[2] (cf. 639[6]) captured at the Battle of al-Ghabīṭ 810[5] (= 771[4]). at the Battle of al-Iyād 581[1] 582[1], where he was again captured 583[13] 585[17] his refusal to obey an order of the Persian king (Khusrau Parwez) 639[16] seq. (see 639[11]). was leader of the Bakr ibn Wā'il at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 641[1] seq 642[7] see also 316[5] (= 583[15] cf. 1019[10]) 835[2]

هانئ بن مَسْعود بن هانئ الشَّيْبانيّ grandfather of the foregoing 639[6] seq.. for his genealogy cf. 587[2]

هَبَنَّقَة, هَبَنَّقَة see تَرِيد بن تَرْوان

هَبُود a horse which belonged to ʿAmr ibn al-Juʿaid 152[9] 155[11]

هُبَيْرة بن حُدَيْر cited as a historical authority by Abū ʿUbaida 729[15] 730[6] 740[9] 741[11,15] see also 581[9](?) 731[13]

هُبَيْرَة بن ضَمْضَم بن مُرَّة المُحَاسِعِيّ, called أبو ضَمْضَم 79[19]. slew ʿAmr ibn ʿAuf ibn al-Ḳaʿkāʿ at the command of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 79[12] seq. 80[1] seq.. see also 123[5] 767[15] 768[1] seq.

هُبَيْرَة بن عامر بن سَلَمَة [القُشَيْرِيّ] made a raid against an-Nuʿmān ibn al-Mundhir, king of al-Ḥīra 404[10] (but see foot-note)

هُثَيْم أنما of the clan ʿAmr ibn Kilāb two men who were slain by the Ḍabba at the Battle of Dārat Maʾsal 388[2] seq.

هُجَيْم بنو a family of the Ḍibāb 916[14] 918[3]: see also 924 notes '

هُجَيْمَة mother (?) of Ḳais and al-Ḥirmās, sons of ʿAbbas al-Ghassānī 637[13] 865[3] 1000[5] 1019[1] seq

هَدَّاد clan 595[8] [see Ibn Duraid 284[19]]

هُدُم بن لدم see 93[8]

الهُدَلِف بن رِبعِيّ بن عُسَيْد السُّلَمِيّ a contemporary of the father of al-Farazdak 414[15] 415[3] seq

هُدَيْل بن الأَحْنَس [العنبريّ] lived at the time of the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 306[4 13] seq

الهُدَيْل بن زُفَر بن الحُرّ الهلالي, one of the Banū Nufail ibn ʿAmr 507[7]: took a prominent part in the war against the Taghlib in the reign of ʿAbd-al-Malik 507[4] 902[16] 1041[5] seq.

الهُدَيْل بن مريم [السَّعْدِيّ] leader of the Banū Mukāʿis at the Battle of al-Faruk 1072[12]

هُدَيل [بن مُدْرِكَة] tribe 717[16] (text and allusion doubtful)

الهُدَيْل بن هُبَيْرَة التَّغْلِبيّ, called أبو حَسَّان 473[9] (= 703[1]) 475[17], and مُحَلِّم 473[12] (= 703[5]), of the clan Thaʿlaba ibn Bakr [ibn Ḥubaib] 266[13] 1088[2] (var ʿAmr ibn Thaʿlaba 373[3]) defeated the Yarbuʿ at Irāb 473[5] seq. cf. 702[17] seq 882[10] seq. 1088[1] seq joined with al-Ḥaufazān in attacking the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 883[13] seq.. see also 148[13] 324[5] 704[6] 880[16] 882[3] 883[10]

سَعْد هُدَيْم see هُدَيْم

الهُدُم see البُرَيْم

عر a woman mentioned in a verse by Imru'u-l-Ḳais 85[13]

قَرِم بن سِنان بن ابى حارِثة المُرّى at the Battle of Jabala 675[1]

قَرِم بن صَمْصَم المُرّى slain at al-Khāthira in the War of Dāhis 94[6] seq.: see also 105[10]

البِرْماس بن عَبْس العَبْسانى 637[15], called also قَاحِمَة بنت البِرْماس (after his mother?) 1019[1] slain, together with his brother Ḳais, by ʿUtaiba ibn al-Hārith at the Battle of Kinhil (= Ghaul) 865[4] 1000[5]: see also 60[11] 77[6] 835[9] (cf 999[1]) 1018[16]

ابو البِرْماس (var. ابو البِرْموس) i. e عَمْرو العَبْسانى 702[4], slain by the Banū Nahshal 701[17]

البِرْمُزان one of the Persian generals at the Battle of al-Ḳādisīya 995[9]

قُرَيْم ancestor of a family 49[4] (= 783[5]), see also 66[7]

قُرَيْرة a woman celebrated by al-Aʿshā 478[13] cf 328[6]

البُرْثُم [الحُعْفَرِىّ] (var البُدْم) mentioned in connection with the feud between the Ḍibāb and the Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb 925[16]

قُرْثُم بن الخَطِيم بن الأعْرَف العَبْسانى, brother of Abū Laṭīfa, took part in the War of Haramīt 929[3], see also 527[14]

قُرْثُم بن عَدِىّ بن ابى نُخَيْمَة i. e. قُرْثُم بن نُخَيْمَة النُّخَيْسعِىّ, an associate of Wakī ibn Hassān 351[1] 361[15] [in the *Index* to Ṭabarī p 611 Huraim ibn Abī Ṭahma is treated as distinct from Huraim ibn ʿAdī, but see Mubarrad 687[10]]

قِسام بن عَبْد الملك the Caliph eulogised by al-Farazdak 1004[1] 1009[10] seq satirised by the same poet 984[4]: his interview with Jarīr on receiving the news of the imprisonment of al-Farazdak 984[11] seq . his grave regarded as a sanctuary 380[8] see also 539[12] 934[13]

قِسام بن مُحَمَّد [بن السّائب] الكَلْبِىّ cited as a historical authority by Abū ʿUbaida 452[6]. cited by Muhammad ibn Habīb 46[15]. called ابن الكَلْبِىّ 46[14] 47 notes[3] 452[6] 497[16], and also الكَلْبِىّ 75[7] (where he cites al-Mufaḍḍal ibn Muḥammad) in the following passages the term الكَلْبِىّ may refer either to him or to his father 48 notes[4] 77[3] 83[5] seq 140[1] 432[9] 1093[1]: see also 1081[8]

هِشام بن المُغيرة المَخزومي father of Abū Jahl (= ʿAmr ibn Hishām) 607[3] 1017[12] 1018[3]

مُحمّد بن السّائب, i. e. ابو هِشام, cited by Abū ʿUbaida 365[14] 366[1] called الكَلْبيّ 747[14], where he is cited by ash-Sharkī ibn al-Kuṭāmī: see also هِشام بن محمّد

عامِر بن كَعْب see النِّهْمانيّ

هِلال بن أُحْوَز المازنيّ 991[12], called ابن أُحْوَز 992[14] 993[5]: eulogised by Jarīr for having taken part in the extermination of the family of al-Muhallab *ibid*

هِلال بن صَعْصَعَة الكِلابيّ a contemporary of the father of Jarīr 2[3 9]

هِلال بن عامِر بن صَعْصَعَة tribe 30[15] defeated by the Nahshal ibn Dārim at al-Watīda (= al-Watīdāt) 389[3] seq cf 934[1](?) 956[1](?): see also 84[7] 303[11] 470[7] 659[15] 1018[2]

هِلال [بن عِلاقَة الشّمّاخيّ] mentioned in a verse by al-Akhṭal 461[6]

هِلال بن نَعْف بن مالك النّمَيريّ the protector of Abū Du'ād al-Iyādī 408[5] seq. (but cf the divergent account 91[11] seq.)

هِلال ابن هِلال بن ذُهْل بن شَيْبان see شَيْبان

هِلال ابو وَبْرة بن سَلَمة see رَبيعة

همّام [العنبريّ] بن سلمة lived at the time of the Battle of al-Wakīt 306[4]

همّام بن رِياح بن يَرْبوع ancestor of a family 18[14] (according to one interpretation 18[17]), cf همّام بن رياح 1080[4] and همّام بن يَرْبوع 70[5] seq.

همّام بن عائب بن صَعْصَعَة العُرْجيّ see

همّام بن مُرّة بن ذُهْل الشّيْبانيّ ancestor of a distinguished family his genealogy 18[6] 91[12] 587[10] his mother Haila bint Munkidh 905[7] seq: took a prominent part in the war against the Taghlib and was slain by them at al-Kuṣaibat (= Kiḍa) 266[14] seq his descendants mentioned 18[14] (according to one interpretation) 266[9] 644[17] 806[15]

همّام بن رِياح بن يَرْبوع see همّام بن يَرْبوع

هَمْدان tribe fought as the allies of the Madhḥij and the Kinda at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 149[12]: see also 361[4] 603[18] 717[4] seq.

قَبِيصَةُ بن حُرَيْث بن عَمْرو see الهَمَلَّج

هِمْيَان بن عَدِيّ السَّدوسيّ prefect of police at al-Baṣra in A. H. 64 727[13]

هُمَيْم a clan of the ʿAnaza 728[20]

هُمَيْم بن عالِب see الأَحْنَف بن عالِب, and الفَرَزْدَق

(1) هِنْد (or هَنْد) a woman mentioned by al-Ḥuṭai'a 244[15]

(2) هِنْد mentioned by Jarīr 27[1] 60[1] seq. 61[6] seq 110[10] seq. 174[8] 825[5] seq.

(3) هِنْد mentioned by al-Farazdaḳ 169[4]

(4) هِنْد authoress of a verse cited 575[7]

هِنْد بنت النُّعْمان daughter of the Kindite king al-Ḥārith ibn ʿAmr and wife of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā king of al-Ḥīra 267[9] seq. (cf. 266 notes [4]) 714[2] 884[16] seq., or, according to 1073[7], of his son al-Mundhir. see also 1018[14] 1081[9] 1083[8]

هِنْد بنت حَوْط بن فِرْواس السَّلَيْطِيَّة mother of Faḍāla al-Yarbūʿ 31[3] (genealogy)

هِنْد بنت ابى سُفْيَان بن حَرْب mother of Babba (= ʿAbdallāh ibn al-Ḥārith ibn Naufal) 726[19] 727[10] 731[1]

هِنْد بنت ضَغْضَغَة see هُنَيْدَة بنت ضَغْضَغَة بن ناجِيَة

هِنْد بنت عَبْد الله see هُنَيْدَة بنت عَبْد الله بن حَكَم

هِنْد بنت وَقّاص captured at the Battle of an-Nisār 242[3]

هِنْد ابن عَمْرو بن المُنْذِر see

هُمَيّ بن أُسَيِّد بن حدنمة العَنَسيّ father of Ḳirwāsh 95[9] 96[4] 100[16] 101[4]

هُنَيْد بن إياس بن زُهَيْر (or الهُنَيْد) father of Zuhair (q. v.), who cites him 357[11] seq.. for his genealogy, see 357[2]

هُنَيْدَة الشَّيْبانيّة daughter of a man who was captured at the Battle of Dhū Ṭuluḥ 50[15] (= 784[5])

هُنَيْدَة بنت ضَغْضَغَة بن ناجِيَة, called also هِنْد 264[8] seq., and ذات الخِمار 705[14] (cf.

264[11] seq.), paternal aunt of al-Farazdaḳ and wife of az-Zibriḳān ibn Badr 127[6] (var. سُوَيْدَة) 167[14] 168[1] 708[3]

هُنَيْدَة بنت عَبْد الله بن حَكيم المُجاشعيّة, called also هِنْد 440[1]: said to be identical with the woman satirised by Jarīr 440[3] (cf. 937[12]) 440[5] (= 938[2]) 440[7] (cf. 1036[15]) — the text of all these passages is doubtful

هُنَيْدَة ابو see صَعْصَعَة بن ناجِيَة بن عِقال

هَوازِن a group of tribes, included in Ḳais-ʿAilān: eulogised by Jarīr 1037[14]: treated by al-Farazdaḳ sometimes with respect 329[3] 468[15], and sometimes with contempt 393[9] 914[6] 916[8]· for the phrase هَوازِن عامِر see 365[4], and for اخو هَوازِن 202[1]: see also 228[3] 229[3] 243[14] 535[1] 1028[3] 1065[1]

هَوْبَر see 150[2]

هَوْدَة بن حَرْوَل بن نَهْشَل ancestor of a family of the Dārim and a contemporary of the Lakhmite king ʿAmr ibn al-Mundhir 1086[12]. his descendants mentioned 220[17] (see 219[11]) 771[15]

هَوْدَة بن عَلِيّ النَّخَعيّ at the Battle of Jadūd 147[17]

الهَيْثَم بن الأَسْوَد النَّخَعيّ sent by Muʿāwiya to Ziyād ibn Abīhi 620[11]. was one of the supporters of the Caliph ʿAbd-al-Malik at al-Kūfa 1091[3]

الهَيْس بن صَعْصَعَة السَّدُوسيّ a descendant of al-Ḥārith ibn Hammām: at the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 309[7] 312[16]

الهَيْش بن المِقْعاس السَّدُوسيّ, called ابن المِقْعاس 583[18], a descendant of al-Ḥārith ibn Hammām, slew ʿIṣma ibn an-Naḥhār at the Battle of Mulaiḥa (= Ḥaumal) and was afterwards slain, in vengeance, by the Yarbuʿ at al-Iyād 73[19] 583[18] seq. 584[6]

الهَيْقَعة a woman mentioned by Jarīr 775[5] (var. الدَّلْقَعة)

هُنَيْدَة بنت مُنْقِذ بن سَلْمانَ السَّعْدِيّة mother of Hammām and Jassās, sons of Murra ibn Dhuhl, and sister of al-Basūs 905[8]

وابِصَة الشَّيْبانيّ a descendant of Asʿad ibn Hammām: at the Battle of Dhū Ṭulūḥ 784[3] (cf. 50[18])

وافد بن خلفة بن أسماء see وافد بن خلفة بن أسماء

وافد بن خُنَيْدِب العَنْسيّ one of the hostages slain by Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 94[1]

وافد بن خلفة بن أسماء (var. واقد) a descendant of Ṣakhr ibn Minḳar: his verses on the flight of ʿUbaidallāh ibn Ziyād from al-Baṣra 735[10] seq.

عَمْرو بن وافد أبو وافد see

النُعَيْم بن عمّار بن الحَرِب الوافعة see

وائل بن مَعْن باهلة see

كلَيْب بن رَبيعة بن الحَرِب وائل بن رَبيعة see

وائل [بن قاسط] the ancestor of the tribes of Bakr and Taghlib, who are called أبنا وائل 454[12] (= 1075[8]): construed as fem. 148[4] 457[6] (= 1077[7]) 595[9] 645[19]: see also 327[3] 585[19] (= 1069[14]) 710[14] 711[3] 766[11] 882[8] 905[11]

وائل بن مَعْن بن مالك بن أعصر clan 906[7 12], called also وائل باهلة 993[12]

وَتْر بن أوس بن مَعْراء القُرَيْعيّ verses of an-Nābigha al-Jaʿdī directed against him 717[14] seq.: verse ascribed to him 718[5]

أبو الوَدَّاع الكلابيّ a descendant of Salmā ibn Mālik (q. v.) 226[12]: conversed with Abū ʿUbaida 229[13] seq.: cited by Saʿdān ibn al-Mubārak 408[17]: see also 228[1]

وَدَّاك بن وَدَّاك see

وَدَّاكة sister of Abū Laṭīfa (q. v.) 928[13] seq.

الوَدَّاك apparently a nickname of Saʿd ibn Zuhair ibn Jusham ibn Bakr [at-Taghlibī] 899[13]

الوَدَّاك بن كِلاب clan 924[14] seq.

وَدّ (or وُدّ) deity 141[4]

وَدْعَة بن أوس بن مَرْثَد الثَعْلبيّ 583[13], a descendant of Aznam ibn ʿUbaid ibn Thaʿlaba 810[9] cf. 581[15] 1019[11]: called also وَدْعَة بن الأوس 581[15], and وَدْعَة بن مَرْثَد 810[9] 1019[11]: at the Battle of al-Iyād 581[15] 582[15] seq.

الوَرّار بن الوَرّار (var. الازار) 308[5] seq., called also وَرّار التَّمّي 310[6] seq., i. e. of the Taimallāt ibn Tha'laba: at the Battle of al-Wakīṭ *ibid.* 310[9] 312[9 13]: at al-Kūfa in the time of 'Alī ibn Abī Ṭālib 308[5] seq.

وَرْد بن حابس العَنْسي (or الوَرْد see 336 notes[8] 338[16]) slew Harim ibn Ḍamdam at al-Khāthira in the War of Dāḥis 94[7]: see also 105[12] 194[17] [and Ḥamāsa 206[25] seq.]

وَرْدة mother of the poet al-Ba'īth: brought as a captive from Isfahān 40[7] 63[17]

وَرْقاء بن بلال a descendant of 'Adī ibn Fazāra (q. v.): was present at the death of Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr al-Fazārī 95[15]

وَرْقاء بن زُهَير بن جَذيمة العَبْسي made an unsuccessful attempt to slay Khālid ibn Ja'far ibn Kilāb 384[15] seq. (cf. 384[12]): his verses on the occasion 384[18] seq.

وَرْقاء بن نَصْر الباهلي prefect of police under Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 360[11]

عُقْبة بن مُلَيْص ابو الوَرْقاء see

وَرّ العَنْبَري had an encounter with the Lahāzim immediately after the Battle of al-Wakīṭ 312[19]: his verses on the occasion 313[3] seq.

الوَضّاح a Berber who commanded a body of troops called after him (الوَضّاحة) in the reign of Yazīd ibn 'Abd-al-Malik 995[12]

الوضّاح بن حَسْنَة of the clan 'Abdallāh ibn Dārim: cited as a historical authority by Zuhair ibn Hunaid 731[10]

وَعْلة بن عَبْد الله الجَرْمي fled from the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 151[13] 154[18] seq.: his verses on his escape 155[3] seq.

وعوعة see مُرَيْع

وَفّان see مُحاسِع

وَفْدان بنو apparently a subdivision of the Banū Subai' 1097[8]

وَكيع بن حَسّان بن قَيْس العُدْواني, called also وَكيع بن ابي سُود after his great-grandfather 358[20] 972[1], ابو المُطَرِّف 351[11], and الأَعْوَج 358[20]: his genealogy 343[3] seq.: his quarrel with Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 350[19] seq. joined the conspiracy against him 359[5] seq.: the unsuccessful attempt of Ḳutaiba to arrest him 360[4] seq.: took

the chief part in the murder of Ḳutaiba and his supporters 360[15] seq.: his subsequent conduct 363[6] seq · the intrigues of Yazīd ibn al-Muhallab against him 366[13] seq his imprisonment 367[9] seq.: see also 118[9] 349[14] 369[8] seq. 399[17] seq. 432[4] 898[16] 974[8]

وَكيع بن عُمَر الرُّقَنْعِيّ (or وكيع بن عمرو 372 notes[9]), called ابنُ الذَّوْرَقَة, slew ʿAbdallāh ibn Khāzim (in A. H. 72) 372[3] seq.

وَكيع بن مَسْعود بن العِصاف, called also وَكيع بن العِصاف 919[3], and اخو العِصاف 918[8]: for his genealogy, see 918[12] 919[1]. imprisoned by the Taimallāh ibn Thaʿlaba soon after the death of the Caliph ʿUthmān 919[2] seq. cf. 918 notes[3] seq.

وَلّادَة بنت العَبّاس بن حَرْب [العَبْسيّة] wife of the Caliph ʿAbd-al-Malik and mother of al-Walīd and Sulaimān 939[5]

الوَليد بن عَبْد المَلِك the Caliph: his attempt to secure the succession for his son ʿAbd-al-ʿAzīz 351[14] seq.: see also 350[14] 397[1] 939[2] seq.

الوَليد بن العُطاميّ بن الحُصَيْن see السَّرْميّ

الوَليد بن العَقْعاع بن حُلْبُد العَبْسيّ, called ابو ثُمامَة 380[8], and ابنُ عَقْعاع 380[14]: took refuge at the grave of the Caliph Hishām and was slain there by order of Yazīd ibn Hubaira 380[8] seq.

الوَليد بن يَزيد بن عَبْد المَلِك the Caliph 934[13] 939[1]

الوَقّاص see عُمارَة بن زِياد بن عَبْد الله

وَثّاب بن أُنْجُر بن حابِر العِجْليّ took part in the rebellion of Yazīd ibn al-Muhallab and was slain by order of Maslama ibn ʿAbd-al-Malik 997[12] seq.

ى

يَزيد بن عُدُس بن زَيْد الدّارِميّ brother of Zurāra ibn ʿUdus (q. v.): slain in a raid against the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 1060[7] seq. cf. 656[8]. see also 219[4] 807[15] (?)

يُحابِر see مُرادٌ

اليَرامِع a subdivision of the tribe an-Namir ibn Ḳāsiṭ 595[1 15]

[بن حنظلة بن مالك] تَرْبوع one of the principal tribes of the Tamīm nicknamed بنو الأَتْرَص 588[7] (= 1081[5]): their victory over the army sent by al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā, king of al-Ḥīra (Battle of Ṭikhfa) 66[12] seq. cf. 298[11] seq.: raided by Ḳais ibn Zuhair al-ʿAbsī 84[13] seq.: their victory over the ʿAbs at Dhāt-al-Jurf (= aṣ-Ṣarāʾim) 336[15] seq.: their victory over the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa and the Kinda at Dhū Najab 587[14] seq. (= 1079[13] seq.) raided by Bisṭām ibn Ḳais (Battle of Ḳushāwa) 19[4] seq.: defeated by the Shaibān at Ḥaumal 73[9] seq. raided by al-Hudhail ibn Ḥubaira at-Taghlibī (Battle of Irāb) 473[9] seq. cf. 703[1] seq 882[10] seq: their victory over the Shaibān at al-Iyād 581[3] seq.: their victory over the Lahāzim and the Shaibān at Dhū Ṭulūḥ 47[9] seq cf. 73[6] 781[12] seq.: their victory over the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa at al-Marrūt 71[3] seq.: their alliance with the Banū Nahshal 699[9] 752[16]· their rivalry with Ghālib ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa (Day of Ṣau'ar) 414[7] seq. 625[8] seq.. eulogised by Jarīr 65[2] 111[6] 163[15] 247[10] seq. *et passim* see also 498[13] 510[15] 647[6] 648[4] 702[12] 870[15] 888[4] 1021[15] seq. 1069[1] seq.

[بن عَنَز] تَرْبوع a subdivision of the Ghaiz ibn Murra 105[14] 107[1]

تَرْبوع بن مالك بن حَنْظَلَة a clan included in the Banu-l-ʿAdawīya 186[13]

(1) التَّرْبوعيّ author of a verse cited 741[13]

(2) التَّرْبوعيّ a historical authority cited by al-Aṣmaʿī 747[14]. was acquainted with ʿIkāl ibn Shabba 697[6] (cf. 984[11]): is cited for the text of the *Naḳāʾiḍ* 34[7]. see also 268[7] 326[1] 398[5] 426[11] 448[16] 474[9] 546[1] 548[3] 600[9] 698[10] 810[10] 816[11] 919[2] 984[3] 991[7]

تَرِبَ (?) mentioned in a verse of Jarīr as having distinguished himself in a battle at Ḥalabān 894[9]

تَرِبَ بن تَرْوان العَبْسيّ a man proverbial for his stupidity 354[5] 842[4], called also ذو الوَدْع ابن تَرْوان 842[3], ابو طَبَع 355[10], هَمْقَع 354[6], الهَمْقَع 842[4] (الهَمْقَعا in rhyme 842[3]), and ذو الوَدَعات 355[10]

تَرِبَ بن الحَدْلاء العِجْليّ his verses on the Battle of al-Waḳīṭ 308[11] 310[4] seq.

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تَرِبَ حَرْن 151[16], one of the four persons mentioned 150[1] seq.

تَرِبَ بن حِمار السَّكونيّ at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 642[5] seq. 643[18]

زيد بن حنظلة بن ثعلبة العجلي, called ابن سيار 643[3], and المكسر (var. المكسر) 643[1] 648[6]: his verses uttered at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 643[2] seq.

زيد الرتان 151[16], one of the four persons mentioned 150[1] seq.

زيد بن سمير الخرمي reported to Abū ʿUbaida information derived from Sawwār ibn Saʿīd 726[14]

زيد بن سيار بن ابى حارثة المري at the Battle of Jabala 675[1]: was leader of the Murra ibn ʿAuf when they made a raid upon the Taim [ibn ʿAbd-Manāt] 1068[12]

زيد بن عمرو بن حوتكلد see زيد بن الضعف

زيد بن طريف 387 notes[6] — see طريف بن سنان

زيد بن عبد المدان at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[1], see 151[16] seq.

زيد بن العرندل الحارثي slain by Ḍamra ibn Ḍamra an-Nahshalī at Najrān 601[7]

زيد بن قمير see زيد بن عمر بن قمير

زيد بن الضعف بن عمرو بن حوتكلد الكلابي 761[18] (genealogy), usually called زيد بن الضعف 179[7] 587[18] 673[2] seq. 933[9] 1079[7] 1080[16], also ابن حوتكلد 387[14] (cf. 761[17]) 589[5] (= 1080[7]) 932[4], ابن الضعف 1085[14], ابن عمرو 72[12], and ابو قمير 72[8]. befriended Mirdās ibn Abī ʿĀmir who had been robbed of his camels soon after the Battle of Jabala 673[3] seq.: was wounded on the head at the Battle of Dhū Najab 587[15] cf. 1080[3] seq.: a verse ascribed to him, and a reply by the poetess al-ʿAurā 72[6] seq.: see also 759[12]

زيد بن العوام [السنبسي] captured by the Yarbuʿ at the Battle of al-Iyād 584[7] 585[13] seq. (cf. 1069[8] seq, where Subaiʿ appears in the place of Yazīd)

زيد بن عوف [بن عتاب الرياحي] succeeded his father as *ridf* at the court of al-Mundhir ibn Mā-as-Samā 298[13]

زيد بن قيذة a pre-Islamic warrior, descended from Kaʿb ibn ʿAmr ibn Tamīm 733[16]

زيد بن النمس بن المأمور (var. زيد بن الطمس) at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[1], see 151[16] seq.

زَبِيدُ بن المُخَرِّم, called also مُخَرِّم 151[17], and مُخَرِّم بن شُرَيْح 151[18]: at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[1]

زَبِيدُ بن مَسْعود [السَّهْمِيّ] a descendant of Salmā ibn Jandal 948[7]

زَبِيدُ بن مُسْهِر الشَّيْبانيّ at the Battle of Dhū Ḳār 642[8] 643[17]

زَبِيدُ بن مُعاوِيَة the Caliph: his sentiments respecting the death of al-Ḥusain ibn ʿAlī 721[4] seq.: see also 112[9] 118[14] 372 notes[3] 486[18] 721[14] 728[13] 729[16] 972[5]

زَبِيدُ بن المُهَلَّب بن ابى صُفْرَة, called ابنُ الرحمه 356[3] (see note), and ابنُ العَنْسيّة 367[5]: was a favourite at the court of the Caliph Sulaimān 353[11] seq., mentioned with contempt by Ḳutaiba ibn Muslim 356[9]: his intrigue against Wakīʿ ibn Ḥassān 366[14] seq.: his administration 367[1] seq.: his death 363[3] seq.: see also 974[5] 984[10] 997[14]

زَبِيدُ بن هُبَيْرَة, i. e. زَبِيدُ بن عُمَرَ بن هُبَيْرَة, governor of Ḳinnasrīn 380[9]

زَبِيدُ بن هَوْبَر at the Second Battle of al-Kulāb 150[2], see 151[16]

زَبِيدُ بن يَرْبُوع, called also الحَرام 496[1] 824[6], and العُسْر 824[7]: ancestor of a clan — see الحَرام بن يَرْبُوع

ابو زَبِيد see المُحَلَّل الغُرَيْنيّ

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(1) زَبّارٌ a herdsman or shepherd 64[7] 332[14]

(2) زَبّارٌ, called زَبّارُ الكَواعِب, a slave who became proverbial on account of the misfortunes which he brought upon himself 816[3] seq. (= 1093[1] seq.)

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أبان 495[1] 715[1] 895[5] (as var.)

أبرهة 372 notes [1]

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أجا 34[6] 1083[9], or أجا 632[11]

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دو الرَّمث 578[8] (var. دو الرِّمث)

دو site of a battle (called also دوم طُلوح

أُوَارَة, يوم تَلْعاء, and يوم الصَّمْد) in which the Yarbū' defeated the Lahāzim and the Shaibān led by Abjar ibn Jābir and al-Ḥaufazān respectively 49[16] seq. 66[4] 73[6] 781[6] seq.: see also 961[4]

ذو العَرْفد 787[9] (see foot-note)

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ذو قار site of a battle (called also يوم ذي قار, يوم الذُّنُب, يوم الخُنَاق, يوم النَّحْي, يوم ذات النِّطاف, يوم العَدَوان, and يوم قُرَاقِر) in which the Bakr ibn Wā'il defeated the Persians and their Arabian allies 615[14] 638[13] — 648[13]: see also 76[19] (= 315[20]) 179[9]

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رَحْرَحان site of a battle (or of two battles, see 540[11]) between the Dārim and the 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a 226[5] seq. 426[8 12] 442[4] 893[10] 940[14] (= 1053[1]) 1003[4] 1060[7] seq.

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شَمام 262[14] 670[18], or سَمام 912[1]

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عَرَفَة 568[6] 591[5], or عَرَفات 366[3] 450[9] 549[1] 568[6] 591[2]

عِرْق (sic leg.) 992 notes [4]

العُرُق 1017[11]

العُرُوب 470[15]

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(1) العَقَف 168[1] 174[2] 483[13] 632[5 8]

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القَرْقَان 42[13] (as var.)

العَرُوف site of a battle (called also يوم قَرْوِ قَوّ and يوم القَرْوَتَيْن) in which the ʿAbs defeated the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt 98[7] seq. 420[5] 421[6] seq. 1072[4] seq.: see also 159[13]

قَرْوِ قَوّ 1071[5] — see العَرُوف

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القَلَح 717[7] [for the vocalisation, see Yāḳūt III 909[20]]

قَلَلُ الأَسَل 190[3] seq. 268[2] — see نَعا النَحَسِ

قَمْحان 945[14]

قَنْف البِرك site of a battle in which the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa defeated several South-Arabian tribes led by al-Ḥusain ibn Yazīd al-Ḥārithī 469[5] seq.

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كادِم 390[8 12] — see عَوْل

كارِدُ أَهْوَى site of a battle (called also يوم العُوَيْر) in which the Numair and the Ḳushair defeated the Shaibān 405[5 15] 406[4]

كاف 468[1]

الكَشْتَة 216[2], or الكَشْتِبان 215 notes [6] 216[10] notes [1] seq.

كَحْفَخ 762 notes [1]

كُراح 400[8]

كُرافِر 638[11] seq. 644[13] 959 notes [6] — see ذو كارِ

كُرافِرَيان 102[7]

كُرَان 1077[17] (= 458[16]) 1077 notes [6]

الكَرْعاء 214[12]

كَرْمَى 395[9]

كِرْمِسا 749[9]

كَرْماء 445[10] [usually كَرْماء Yāḳūt IV 68[1] seq.]

كُرَى 673[11]

كُرَى الرَّوابِي see الرَّوابِي

الكَرْيَمان 198 notes [4] 629[13]

الكَزَّة 907[2]

الكَسومَة 49[13] (= 783[12])

كَسّى 394[13] 487[10] [also كَسا Bakrī 752[17] seq.]

كُساوَد site of a battle in which the Shaibān, led by Bisṭām ibn Ḳais, defeated the Yarbūʿ 18[4] (= 274[1]) 19[4] seq. 314[17]

كُصْوان 30[1] 462[15] 599[7], also كُصْوان 30 notes [1] 599 notes [2] [see Yāḳūt IV 124[22]]

الكَصْكَة 654[8], or الكَصْكاب 266[15]

كَصْكَدُ كاطِمَة 611[10]

القصم 1067[6]

قصة 266[15]

القطاط 836[12] (var. القطاط and اللُّقاط)

قطر 175[9]

القعقطانة 640[15]

قلاح 437[18]

قلّمى 107[6 14]

قمار 39[10] (text doubtful), or القمار 39[11]

قمّسرين 380[9] 1091[8]

قنطرة قرة at al-Baṣra 738[19]

قنة الخمر 448[10]

قو 110[5] 250[4] 478[14] 633[2] 680[8] 992 notes [4] — see قروف قو

القوار 42[12]

القونرة 405[5] — see دره أقوى

ك

كأنّ 964[6]

كاظمة 217[3 8] 343[11] 404 notes [3] 482[15] 789[10] 852[1] — see الكواظم

كتكت 947[5] [construed as fem., see Bakrī 465[8]]

كتلة 147[7] (O كبله)

الكست 286[6 11]

الكحل see المرج

الكدكدان (؟) 148[1]

كرمان 483[3], or كرمان 751[8]

الكرمة 21[13]

كرنباء 323[17] (see 297[11])

الكلاب site of a battle (called also يوم السُّعَيْدة) in which Salama ibn al-Ḥārith al-Kindī overthrew his brother Shurahbīl 289[4 9] 292[2] 448[13] 451[13] 452[4] seq. (= 1072[15] seq.) 693[15] 887[9 13] (= 458[9]) 888[3], for the locality see 453[5] (= 1074[2]) and *Orientalische Studien* I 130: site of a battle in which the Sa'd ibn Zaid-Manāt and the Ribāb defeated the Madhḥij and their allies 149[2] seq. 448[8] seq. 601[1] seq. 1025[3] 1034[1], for the locality see 150[2] seq., and for the date 448[15] see also 46[7]

الكلواذة 47[16] (= 782[8])

كلّة 286[2] (as var.) 286[5]

الكماس 211[11]

كماسة الكوفة 999[18], or كماسة الكوفة 625[19]

كمثل 60[10] 79[13 18] 760 notes [3] 865[5] 1000[6] — see عول

كيملة 557[15]

الكواظم (= كاظمة) 343[9] 379[11] 400[7]

الكوفة 12[11] 48[1] 118[8] (= 972[2]) 308[5] 358[16] 369[3] 434[15] 494[11] 879[12] 896[13] 919[12] 941[10] 999[18] seq. 1089[4 13] 1090[18] 1091[3]

كير 1095[5]

ل

لُبْنَانُ 577⁶

لُبْنَى 467¹⁷

لُبَّى 1038⁵, or دَبْرُ لُبَّى 1038¹⁰

لَصَاف 214¹² 220¹⁷ 310¹ 941⁵

لَعْلَعْ 836¹² 1020¹⁵ 1021⁷

لُعَاطُ 126¹⁰

العِطَاطُ see اللُّعَاطُ

اللُّعَاطَة 88¹¹

اللِّبَانَة 214¹¹ ¹⁵

اللِّوَى site of a battle (identified by Abū ʿUbaida with that of Wāridāt 777⁷ cf. 112⁵) in which the Yarbūʿ slew a man named ʿĀriḍ 112². see also 26⁶ 269¹¹ 270⁵ 620⁵

الحِدَاب لِوَى حِدَاب see

حَيِّ لِوَى see حَيِّ

لِوَى الكَسِب 57⁶

مَاسِطٌ 39¹⁸

مَاكِسٌ 1038¹⁰

المُبَارَك (= النَّهْر المُبَارَك) 989¹⁵

مُنَالِع 1095⁵

مِنْعَب 920¹⁶ (see 865 notes ⁴)

مُنَقَّب 147⁷

المَنَحَارَة 226⁴

المُنَحَرَّل 336³, or مُنَجِّرُ الأَمْرَارِ 335¹¹

مُنْجِرَانُ 155¹⁷

مُحَدَّب (?) 925⁸

المُنَحَصَّب 371¹³ 572⁷ 937⁴ 989⁵

مَنْحَصَرُ 673¹¹

مُنْحَلِب 630⁶

مُنَحَلَّم 917¹¹

عَسَطُ المَدَرَة see المَدَرَة

المَدِينَة 80¹⁴ 118⁹ (= 972³) 343⁵ seq. 349¹³ (= 365¹¹) 365¹² 383⁸ 396¹² ¹⁵ notes ³ seq. 397¹⁸ 484¹² 529² 546¹ 592⁴ 619³ 699¹⁴ 715¹³ 717¹ seq. 798¹⁰ ¹⁴ 811⁵ 930⁹ 970¹⁶ 1048¹² seq. — see يَثْرِبُ

مَذْحِج 469³ (var. مَدْحَج) — see Index III s. v.

مَذْعَى 686¹

مَرْ 136⁶

المَرَاصَان 578⁸ 810¹⁶

مَرَّان 544¹¹

المِرْبَد at al-Baṣra 116⁶ 166¹¹ 320⁶ seq (cf. 624⁵ seq. 650⁹ 683¹⁴ 844⁹) 428¹⁰ ¹⁵ 607¹⁷ 737⁴ ¹⁷ 738⁷ 790⁷, called also سَكَّة المِرْبَد 113⁹ seq. 115⁵ 720¹⁵ 730¹⁵ 731³

المَرْنَدان 720[14]

المَرْج 507[8], or مَرْجُ الكَحْل 507[9]

مَرْو (or مَرْوَ) 353[10] 356[6] 366[10] 369[12]

المَرُّوت site of a battle (called also يوم العُنّاب) in which the Yarbuʿ defeated and slew Baḥīr ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Ḳushairī 70[5 18] 72[19] 386[2] 388[10] 482[3] seq. 709[16] 835[14] see also 13[15] seq. 108[14] 746[2] seq. 812[10] 891[7]

مَرُّوذ الشَّحامَة (= المَرُّوت) 492[5]

المَرْوَتان at Mecca 996[5]

مُرْدَلِفَة 450[10]

المَرْوَن 115[13] (see 117[6]) 368[14] 993[14]

مُسْحَلان 829 notes[7] (as var.)

مِسْكَة 68[13]

مَسْكِن 1091[8]

مُسَلَّح 659[2]

مُسَلَّحَما بِماس see بِماس

مُسَلَّحَة 1025[3] cf 1034 notes[2]

المَسْعَر see *Glossary*

المَسْقَر 149[6]

مِصْر 341[5] 774[6] (= 62[12]) 903[9] 925[1]

المُصَلّى at Medīna 344[16] 396[13] 768[13]

المَصَلّ 1099[3]

مَطار 333[9]

المَطالي 172[13]

المَعادِن (?) 930[11]

مُعَبِّر 390[1] 593[11]

المُعَرَّف i c. the halting-place at ʿArafāt 568[3] 591[1]

مَعْرُوف 927[16]

المُعَيْقِد 93[3] 94[14]

بِئْر مَعونَة see مَعونَة

المُعَيْرِل 631[5]

المَقاد 145[4]

مَقْبَرَة بَنى سَلْمانَ at al-Baṣra 831[6]

المَقَرّ 217 notes[2] 851[16] 852[10] 953[10] 1017[9], or المَقَرّان 382[1] 953[8] 1001[14]

مُقَيْد 911[7]

مُكْران 350[10]

مَكَّة 80[18] 90[15] 118[15] 366[3] 607[11] 653[2] seq. (cf. 1084[6]) 768[13] 783[2] 803[13] 805[18]

المَلا 637[6] 674[1] 1082[7] 1086[16]

مُلَيْح site of a battle (called also يوم السُّوَيْداء) in which the Saʿd ibn Zaid-Manāt defeated the ʿĀmir ibn Ṣaʿṣaʿa 386[7] seq. [var. مُلَيْح Bakrī 539[7], مَلَيْح or مِلَيْح Yāḳūt IV 632[17]]

المُلْقى 610[10]

مَلْهَم 60[13] 896[9]

مُلَيْحَة 54⁷ seq. 73¹⁰ 74⁸ (= 54⁸) 285⁷ 286⁴ 580¹⁷ 581⁵ 582⁵ 998⁷ — see الابلاء and حَوْمَل

مِنًى see مِنَى

مَنْعِج 71¹⁵

المُنَقَّى 633⁸

مِنَى (or مِنًا 284⁴ seq. 958¹⁷ 1082¹¹) 222⁹ 371¹³ 393⁴ 449² 450¹⁰ seq. 572⁷ 591³ 913⁷ 922¹⁵ 937⁴ 960¹ 969¹⁵

المَوْصِل 299² (— 885⁴) 1091⁹

مُوزِن 895¹³

المُوقِر 997⁶

مُونِسِل 102⁷ (MSS مونسر)

مَيْسان 367¹⁴ 574¹⁰ 621⁵

ن

نابِغَة 60¹

النَّبّاج a name which belonged to two distinct localities, one of which was occupied by the descendants of Kuraiz ibn Rabi'a [see Yāḳut IV 736⁶ seq.] and the other by the Bakr ibn Wā'il 164¹² seq.: the latter place was the site of a battle in which Ḳais ibn 'Āṣim al-Minḳarī defeated the Bakrites 147³ (= 328¹⁴) 328⁴ 1023¹¹ ¹⁶ seq.. see also 70¹⁴ 123⁸ seq. 164¹⁰ ¹⁵ 205¹⁰ 687¹⁰

نَبْشَة (?) 873¹³

النَّبْكَة 1080¹⁷ — see ذو نَبْك

نَجْد 101¹⁵ 427¹ 432¹⁹ 445¹³ 450¹³ 510¹² 544⁹ 687² 688⁷ 775¹⁵ 795¹⁶ 931³ 1014⁶ 1020¹¹ 1032⁷ 1078⁸

نَجْران in South Arabia. raided by al-Aḳra' ibn Ḥābis al-Mujāshi'ī 46⁶ seq. 445¹³ 600⁴ seq. 603¹¹ 698¹⁶ seq.. see also 150² 153¹⁷ 469⁴ 688⁷ 1079¹

نَجْران near al-Kūfa 600⁷

النَّجَيْر 579⁶ (var. النُّجَيْر) 850 notes ⁴ (as var.)

النَّحْل 136⁵

نَحْلان 591⁷

النَّسار site of a battle in which the Ribāb and the Asad ibn Khuzaima defeated the Tamīm and the 'Āmir ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a 238⁶ seq. 388¹³ seq. 492⁴ 790⁷ seq. (cf. the divergent account 1064⁶ seq). see also 237¹⁸ (?) 257¹⁵ seq. 258¹ seq.

نَصادِ 92¹ 524¹ (= 908¹⁸) 540⁴

نَطاع 959¹⁸

نَعامَة 20²⁰

نَعْف المُنَقَّى see المُنَقَّى

نَعْمان 548¹⁵ 551⁶ 555¹⁵

النَّعا 267¹⁶ (= 237⁶) 478² 812¹ — see the following

نَعا النَّحَسِ (or نَعا النَّحَسَيْن 812²) site of a battle (called also يوم النَّحَسِ, يوم فَلك, يوم السَّعيد, يوم النَّحَسَيْن, and يوم النَّعا الأُمَيل) in which the

Ḍabba defeated the Shaibān and slew Bisṭām ibn Ḳais 190[9] seq. 234[1] seq. 812[3]

الشَّعبعه site of a battle (called also يوم أعبارٍ) in which the Ḍabba defeated the ʿAbs and slew ʿUmāra ibn Ziyād 193[12] 194[15] see also 158[11]

الشَّمَّر 844 notes[1] (as var.)

الشَّمَّرة 850[6]

نَهْر تَلّ 355[12] 357[3] (see *Additions and Corrections*) 357[12]

نَهْرَبِس 829[11] (var. نهر يس)

نَهْر مَعْقِل 367[13]

النَّهْروان 639[14]

نَهْر نَرْمَد بن المُهَلَّب 367[14]

نَهْى حَمامَه 935[5]

النُّونْتَف 47[16]

النِّير 524[1] (= 908[18]) 540[4]

هـ

هَبَا the well at which Ḥudhaifa ibn Badr and his companions were slain by the ʿAbs 95[14] 96[7 17] 239[1] 420[10]

هَثُود 428[16] 431[13]

هَجَر 25[9] 41[10] 98[6] 419[15] 420[17] 526[6] 542 notes[3] 737[14] 810[1] 917[11]

هَرامِت a place which gave its name to a war between the Ḍibāb and the Jaʿfar ibn Kilāb in the time of Ibn az-Zubair 527[15] 916[16] 923 notes[3] 927[3] seq. 929[15]: see also 469 notes[3] (apparently a scribal error)

هَراة 727[20] 731[5] — see 684[12]

هُضَيْبات الحَجَل 525[13] — see حَجَل

الهِنْد 383[5] (= 384[13])

هيت 267[4]

و

وادِى السِّباع 80[18] 802[8] 969[7]

وادِى القُرَى 345[11]

وادِى الوَرِيعَه see الوَرِيعَه

وارِدات (or الوارِدات? 112[5]) 86[16] 460[19] 461[3] 777[3] — see اللِّوَى

واسِط 367[4] 380[16]

واقِصَه 168[9]

وَاقِم (= حَرَّة واقِم, at Medina) 344[16] 396[13]

وَبار 330[11] and notes[4] seq. 341[5]

وَبال 304[14] (as var.) 473[19] (= 703[11])

الوَبَد 934 notes[3] 956 notes[2], or الوَبِد 389 notes[1] seq. — see the following

الوَبِدات site of a battle (called also يوم النَّخَل) in which the Nahshal defeated the Hilāl 375[12] 389[4] 390[1]

الوَرِيعَه 158[5] 850 notes[4] (as var.) 1021[8] 1022[15]

الوَشْم 395[9]

وُصاح 286[3]

الوَسْط site of a battle in which the Lahāzim defeated the Dārim 305[5] seq. 307[7] 310[5] seq. 425[12] seq. 426[6] 442[6] 865[10] (= 308[8]) 938[4] 1020[9]

الوَسْطان (= الوَسْط) 311[9] 836[12]

وَلَوْلان 618[1]

ى

تَتْرِيس 330 notes [5] 559[11] 575[11] 576[6] 599[10] and notes [3] (as var.)

تَتْرَب 147[6]

تَتْرَب 445[11] 1012[1] — see المَدِينَة

تَدْمُل 214[3] 713[5] 895[4]

التَّرْموك 365[9]

تِسْر 1088[6] seq.

التَّعْمِرَة 93[17]

تَلْمَلَم 92[1]

تَلْمَل 212[8]

التَّمامَة 21[13] 61[1] 98[13] 244[11] 355[13] 420[12] seq. 539[12] 839[4] 934[11] 1081[10]

التَّمَن 46[7 11] 182[3] 445[15] 534[16] 777[8] 1093[13] — see also Index III s. v. التَّمايِنَة

التَّنْسوعَة 49[14] (= 783[13])

Geminate roots are here treated as triliteral; thus أمّ *and its derivatives are placed between* أمل *and* أمس

ا

أبد. أَبَدٌ *period of time* 133⁴

أَوابِدُ (pl of آبِدَةٌ) *wild animals*, hence *original poems* 325¹¹ 651¹³

أبر. إبارٌ (maṣd. of أَبَرَ i.) *the fertilising of palm-trees* 354¹⁵

أبس. أَبَسَ i. *to compel* 94³ 314¹³

أَبَّسَ (?) see 583⁶

تَأَبَّسَ *to be seized by violence* (?) 27¹¹

أبس. أُبَاسَةٌ see 450³

أبص. مَآبِصُ *the inner sides of the knees* 845⁷

أبق. أَبَقَ i. *to run away* 41¹⁰ 283⁴

أبل. إِبِلٌ (= إِبِلٌ) 91¹⁵ 447³ 458⁵

آبَالٌ (pl. of إِبِلٌ) 314⁵

أُبُلٌ see 210¹

مُؤَبَّلٌ coll. *herds of camels* 244¹⁵

أبو. أَبٌ (= صاحِبٌ) 192¹⁴, see notes⁶ seq.: يا أَبَاهُ 194¹

أبى. أَبَى II. *to render a thing impossible* for a person, with ل of the pers. and acc. of the thing 585¹⁰, with ل and أَنْ 156¹⁸ 461¹⁶, with أَنْ only 546¹³, with ل but without obj. 573⁵ (text doubtful): أَبَى اللّٰهُ exclam. *God forbid that it should be otherwise!* 147¹ 947⁶

آنَى (4th conj.) trans. *to disgust* a person (acc.) 656[16] (?): intrans. *to fail* 6[6] 758[13]

تَأَنَّى *to dissent* from (with على) 729[7] 738[14]

أُوَّاب (pl. of آنِد) *camels that do not conceive* 613[8]

أَنِيّ *proud, fierce* 668[18]

أثم. مَأْثَم *an assembly of mourners* 53[14] 282[1] 585[8] 969[11], pl. مَآثِم 391[16]

أنى. آنَى (3rd conj.) *to visit* 1082[1]

إِنَاوَة *tribute* 66[9] 299[14]

أثر. أَثَّرَ u. *to mark the foot of* a camel (acc.) 447[9]: pass. *to be marked* with dishonour 73[2]

أَثَر *achievements* 355[18]: *renown* 954[11]

إِثْر — إِثْرَها (= فِي إِثْرِها) 515[13]

أَثَرَة *selfishness* 99[7]

اسْتِئْثَار *id.* 875[12]

مَأْثُرَة *prestige* 214[7], pl. مَأْثُرَات 774[3], or مَآثِر 263[2] 264[19] 792[15]

مَأْثُور *transmitted* (of a speech) 96[4]: *streaked* (epith. of a sword) 924[6] 926[12], coll مَأْثُورَة 565[3]

مُسْتَأْثَرَات *exclusive privileges* 391[6]

أنف أُنِّفَ *to be propped with stones* (of a cauldron) 567[6]

تَأَنَّفَ *to surround* an enemy (acc.) 313[15]

أثل. أَثَّلَ *to plant, establish* 611[2]

أَثْل coll. *tamarisk-trees* 158[5] 542[3]

أُثْلَة *root*, metaph. 645[17]

أثم. أَثِمَ — لَمْ تَأْثَمْ تَمِيمٌ *my oath was not uttered in vain* 54[6] (= 74[7])

أجج. أُجْبُجٌ *scorching heat* 246[2] 755[10]

أجد. مُوجَدٌ *fastened* (said of an ass) 794[10]: *firm, solid* 617[7]

أحر. اِسْتَحَرَّ (= اِحْتَسَبَ) with acc. 282[8] seq.

أحل. إِحْلٌ *a troop of antelopes* 135[6], pl. آجَالٌ 275[2]

آجَالٌ (pl. of أَحَلٌ) *death* 283[7]

أجم. أَجِمَ *to be weary of* a thing (acc.) 724[3]

أجن. أَجُنٌ *dirty water* 55[15]

آجِنٌ *id.* 100[1]

آجِنَةٌ wells *full of dirty water* 1011[15]

أحح. أُحاحٌ *gasping* (subst.) 70[1]

أحد. أَحَدٌ — أَحَدُهُمْ *each one of them* (= كُلُّ واحدٍ منهم) 1091[19]. for كَسْرُ أَحَدٍ see under كَسْرٌ: pl. أُحْدانٌ *single individuals* 673[6]

أحن. إِحْنَةٌ *hatred* 382[3]

أخذ. أَخَذَ u. *to occupy* territory (with ب) 506[14] 700[13] 896[13]: أَخَذَ فيه السَّرابُ 194[3], metaph. كانَ يَأْخُذُ ذلك في فُسْحَةٍ 359[13]: أَخَذَ مَآخِذَها *it* (i. e. war) *has pursued its course* 1026[1]

مَأْخُوذٌ *punished* 344[7]

أخر. آخِرٌ — آخِرَ (= إلى آخِرِ) *till the end of* ... 411[13], cf. آخِرَ الدَّهْرِ Akhṭal 128[5]

أُخْرَى (= مَرَّةً أُخْرَى) *again* 308[11]: *spiritual advantage* (as opp. to دُنْيا) 428[15] (in the parallel passage آخِرَةٌ 431[2]): *the rear-guard* of an *army* 602[8] 1021[10], pl. أُخْرَياتٌ *hinder part* 73[11] 191[15] 235[2] 1069[7]

أَواخِرُ (pl. of آخِرَةٌ) *the hinder part* of a saddle 329[2] 496[15] 883[10]

مُسْتَأْخَرٌ *refuge* 169[8]

أخو. أَخٌ (= صاحِبٌ) 192[12] seq. 269[9], cf. إِخْوانُ الصَّفاءِ 933[6] (= 386 notes[14]): pl. أَخُونا *our brethren* (from a form أَخُونَ, like بَنُونَ) 921[2]

أدر. أَدَرٌ *hernia* 18[2]

أُدَرٌ (pl. of أُدْرَةٌ) *id.* 248[8]

آدَرُ *one who suffers from hernia* 248[9] seq.

أدو. أَدَاوَةٌ *equipment* for fighting 1098[13]

مُؤْدٍ *well-armed* 642[10]

أد. إِدْ مَا (= إِذَا مَا) 228[16] (?) 365[6]

أذن. أَذِنَ — أَذِنَ بِالحَرْبِ *to receive a declaration of war* 640[8]

آذَنَ (4th conj.) *to threaten*, with acc. 60[4] 338[13], with acc. and ب 1015[9], آذَنَ حَرْبٍ *to declare war against* (with acc.) 640[14]

أَذَنٌ *the act of listening* 963[5]

أدى. آدِيٌ coll. *waves* 390[17] 391[7] 651[6], pl. أَوَادِيُّ 418[11] (= 1070[15]) 506[1] 791[2]

أرب. أَرَبٌ *desire, lust* 249[10]

آرَابٌ (pl. of إِرْبٌ) *pieces of bone* or *flesh* 434[16]

أَرِبٌ *crafty* 503[5]

أرب. أَرَبَّ see 421[4]

رِبَّةٌ *the place where a fire is lighted* 421[4]

أرس. أَرْسٌ *compensation* for a wound 927[10]

أرطى. أَرْطًى coll. *a kind of shrub* 111[14]

أرك. أَرَاكٌ coll. *a shrub* of which tooth-sticks are made 1005[5]

أرم. إِرَمٌ *head, summit* 914 notes [2] seq.: *cairn placed over a grave* 1097[13], pl. آرَامٌ *cairns* 268[6]: for the forms إِرَمٌ, إِرَمِيٌّ, آرَامٌ, and ارمسان see 490[14] seq.

أَرُومَةٌ, or أُرُومَةٌ in the dialect of the Tamim 771[2], *stem*, hence *noble origin* 278[3] 622[4] 684[11] 746[2] 771[1] 834[5], coll. أَرُومٌ 289[3]

أرنب. أُرَيْنِبٌ dimin. of أَرْنَبٌ 57[11]

أرى. آرِيٌّ *a place where beasts are tied up* 26[14] 712[3], pl. أَوَارِيُّ 395[9] 788[2] 799[4]

أزر. تَأَزَّرَ *to put on a waist-wrapper* (إِزَارٌ), metaph. 993[5] 997[11]

أزر — شَدَّ أَزْرَهُ *to gird the waist*, i. e. *to grow up* 719[1]

مُؤَزَّرٌ *even* (of teeth) 1008[10]

أرف. مَأْرِفٌ *battle-field* 401[2] 460[19] 746[6] 757[7] 764[18]

أزل. أَزَلٌ *narrowness, difficulty* 163[17]

مَأْزِلٌ *narrow space*, i. e. *battle-field* 253[12]

أرم. أَرَمَ 1. *to bite* 115[7] 1094[11]

أَرِمٌ *prone to bite* 310[5], pl. أُرُمٌ 16[5]

أرن. أَرَانِيٌّ, or نَرَانِيٌّ, *a kind of lance* (see Lisān XVII 348[11]) 118[1] 565[3]

آرِنِيٌّ *id.* 565[1] note

أَرَنِيٌّ *id.* 565[5]

أسب. إِسْبٌ see 705[11]

أسر. اسْتَأْسَرَ *to give oneself up as a captive* 191[14] 314[10]

أَسْرٌ coll. *joints of the body* 38[2]

أُسْرَةٌ *kinsfolk* 73[2] 609[5] 794[2]

إِسَارٌ *thong* for binding captives 873[9]

أسف. مَأْسَفٌ *sorrow, regret* 574[7]

أسك. إِسْكَتٌ (= إِسْكَةٌ) see 311[9], du. 845[7] 1017[5]

أسل. أَسَلٌ see 185[4]

أَسَلَاتٌ *spear-heads* 69[18] 185[3] 887[13] 934[7]

أسن. آسَانٌ (pl. of أُسُنٌ) *habits* 222[3]

أسو. آسَى (3rd conj.) *to help* 933[5] (= 386 notes [18])

ائتسى *to console oneself* by citing some similar example (إِسْوَة) of misfortune, with ب 384[9]

أَوَاسٍ (= أَوَاسِيّ, pl. of آسِيّ or آسَة) *pillars* 538[11] seq.

تَأَسٍّ *patience, self-control* (?) 409[16]

أسى. آسٍ *physician* 109[5], pl. آسُونَ 131[1]

أسأ. أَسَاءَة coll. *small palm-trees* 514[13]

أسب. أَسَّتَ (?) see 583[6]

أَسِيت *thickly wooded* 898[10]

أَسَاتٌ *a mixed multitude* 450[2]

أَسَاتَة *id.* 424[7]

ائتساث *confusion* 449[17]

مُتَأَسِّت *mixed, confused* 263[10]

مُوتَسَت *made of mixed metal*, epith. of a sword 436[14]

أسر. مِئْسَار see 852[4], pl. مَآسِر *saws*, metaph. *the claws of beetles* 256[17]

أسى. أَسَاءَة see under أَسَأ

أصد. مُوصَد *closed* i. e. *withheld* 59[3] (= 785[3])

أصر. آصِرَة *hay, fodder* 97[13] pl. أَوَاصِر *ties of kinship* 155[8]

آصَار (pl. of إِصْر) *burdens* 1013[13]

أَتْصَر *dry hay* used as fuel 1001[12]

أصل. أَصِيل *evening* 192[2] (= 235[18]), pl. أَصَائِل 221[13] 370[9], applied to a single evening 603[13] 632[5]

أُصَيْلًا *in the evening* 206[18] 932[5]

أصى. أَصَاة *surface* of water 154[12], coll. أَصًا 508[1] 1032[13], pl. إِصَاء 508[6]

أطر. مُؤَطَّر *bent* 673[12]

أطل. آطَال (pl. of إِطْل or إِطِل) *flanks* of horses 288[2], see Ḥamāsa 76[21]

أَبَاطِل (pl. of أُبْطُل) *id.* 102[11], see Ahlwardt Nāb. N⁰. 2 v. 7

أمد. أَمَدَ *to draw near, become imminent* 213[2]

أمر. أَمِر *quick, nimble* 876[15]

أمف. الآمَاف (pl. of أُمْف) i. e. *all mankind* 743[3]

أمل. إِمَال (pl. of أَمَل) *young camels* 26[3] 560[13]

أكل. أَكَل u. metaph. *to illtreat* 239[17] 1058[6]

تَأَكَّلَ *to itch* 206[4]

أُكَل (= أُكْل pl. of أُكْلَة) *royal grants of land* 156[5]

أُكُولَة *that which is liable to be devoured* 947[8]

أكم. أُكَيْمَة *hillock* 6[3]

ألأ. أَلَّاء *a kind of tree* 191[17] (= 235[13]) 192[8] (= 236[4])

ألب. أَلَّبَ *to excite enmity* 230[2]

الدى. الَّدا for اللَّدان or اللَّذَيْن 460[9]

ألف. أَلِف — نَسْلَف or نِسْلَف (= نَأْلَف) 548[9], see foot-note

تَأَلَّفَ *to treat as a friend* (with acc.) 1092[16]· part pass. *trained* (epith. of a falcon) 555[9] (var. مُتَأَلِّف), *pacified* (said of an enemy) 572[12]

مُؤَلَّف ? 557[7]

مُؤَلَّف ? 106[5]

ألق. تَأَلَّقَ *to flash* 694[14]

ألك. أَلُوك (fem.) *message* 675[4]

مَأْلُكَة *id.* 76[16] (= 315[19])

أل. أَلَّة *short spear* 406[11], coll. أُلّ 1063[9]

ألم. أَلِمَ — تَتْلَمْ or نَتْلَمْ (= تَأْلَمْ) 53[15]

أله. إِلَّا — لَكم اللّٰهَ أَنّ *be assured that* ... 144[17]

ألو. آلِ *feeble* 96[12], pl. fem. أَوالٍ 286[11]

ابتلى *to cease, desist* (absol.) 230[10] 712[12]: *to cease from* (with acc) 690[1]

ألى. إِلَى (= عِنْدَ or ق) 256[6]: *in addition to* ... 986[1]: *descended from* (= مَنْسوبٌ الى) 266[1] 615[12] 758[8]

الأُلَى (= الّذين) 818[14]

أُولاكَ, أُلّاكَ, أُولالِكَ, أُلّائِكَ see 288[6] seq.

أَلِيَّة *vow* 458[9] (= 887[13]) 754[3]

أما. إِمّا *if* 153[17] 210[6] 984[1] (?)

أمر. أَمِر *abundant* 52[4]

أَمِر *adviser* 7[8] 964[3]

مؤمر *sharpened* (said of lances) 1003 notes [2]

أمل. أَمَلْ du. أَمَلانِ لا i. e. *in a state of hesitation* 675[18]

أُمَّل (pl. of أَمِيل) *belts of sand* 286[11] 704[16]

أمم. أَمّ u. *to wound on the skull* 2[3] 20[5] 338[13] (?) 762[2] 1080[4] 1084[5]

أُمّ — أُمّ الرَّأْسِ see 109[3]: لِأُمِّ الأَرْضِ وَيْلٌ (= وَيْلُمِّ الأَرْضِ) *alas for the earth!* 192[1] (235[17]): يا بُؤْسَ أُمِّهِ 943[10]

أَمِم *suitable, seemly* 106[4] 645[16]

أَمامَ — مِنْ أَمام (= أَمامَ) 821[14]

أَمَة *a wound on the skull* 2[4] 20[5]

أَمِيم *one whose skull is wounded* 109[1] 121[9] 308[11] 618[19]

أَمائِمُ (pl. of أُمَيْمٌ? see Lisān XIV 299[11] seq.) *missiles for breaking the skull* 370[18]

مَأْمومَةٌ (= آمَّةٌ) 846[12]

أمن. اِسْتَأْمَنَ *to think oneself safe* 977[9]

أُمٌّ — بِلادُ الأُمِّ i. e. Mecca 804[8]

مُؤْمٌ *enjoying quiet* 988[1]

أمم. آمٍّ (pl. of أَمَمٌ) 476[13] 967[8] 1027[3]

أن. أَنْ *because*, foll. by a perf. 51[15] (= 785[6]) 93[4] 170[17] 819[5], by an imperf. subj. 65[9] 97[2] 503[11]: redundant after لَمّا 57[16] 58[1]

إِنْ *if*, foll. by the energ. mood 153[7] (text doubtful)

أنث. مِئْناثٌ see 871[10]

أنح. أَنُوحٌ *one who pants* under a burden 745[4]

أنس. أُنْسٌ or إِنْسٌ *pleasantness* 631[11]

إِنْسِيٌّ coll. *mankind* 100[4]

ناسٌ construed as sing., هٰذا النّاسُ 393[14] (see Ibn Hishām 355[13], Ibn Sa'd I 59[11] and Ṭabarī *Gloss.* s. r. نوس)

نُونَسٌ *a few men* 723[4]

تَأَنُّسٌ *the condition of being inhabited* 295[2]

مَأْنوسٌ *inhabited* 172[13]

أنف. اِسْتَأْنَفَ — ما أَسْتَأْنِفُ *what I shall do in the future* 460[14]

أَنْفٌ *tip* of the ear 2[8]. *boundary* of a place 48[13] (= 782[16])

أَنِفٌ *proud* 278[4]

أُنُفٌ *fresh* 663[16]

آنِفًا adv. *just now* 80[15]

مُؤْتَنِف *begun afresh*, i. e. *variable* (epith. of fortune) 461[3]

أ ن ف. أُنُوف *vulture* 545[1]

مُؤْنِف *agreeable, charming* 889[11]

أ ن م. الْآنام 789[4] 1009[14]

أ ن ى. أَنَى I. *it is time that* ... foll. by أَنْ 38[17], by ل 796[9]

اِسْتَأْنَى *to await* (with acc.) 443[8]

أَنَاة subst. *hope, expectation* 245[17]. adj. *slow in moving* (epith. of a woman) 136[2] 514[8]

آنَاء (pl. of إِنًى or إِنِىّ) *times, hours* 1078[8]

أَنَّى *where?* 457[8] (= 1077[9], read أَنَّى for أَنِّى?): *wheresoever* 117[16]: *howsoever* 257[14]

أ ه ب. إِهَاب *skin* 22[5]

أ ه ل. أَهْل *an inhabited place* 165[16]

أ و ب. تَأَوَّبَ *to come back* from war 147[13]: *to return to* (with acc.) 487[9]

أ و د. تَأَوَّدَ *to bend oneself* in walking 706[12]

اِئْتَادَ *id.* 706[12]

مَآوِد *misfortunes* 611[8] (see under أ ى د)

أ و ر. اِسْتَأْوَرَ *to take fright* 926[10]

أُوَار *the glow* of fire 857[2]

أ و ل. تَأَوَّلَ — كَانَ يَتَأَوَّلُ الدِّينَ 744[6]

آلَة *state, condition* 245[1]

آلِ see 813[3]

أَوَّل coll. *ancestors* 187⁹ 710⁵ 715⁹

أُولَى *vanguard* of an army 1021¹⁰

أ و م. أُوَام *violent thirst* 1007¹³ 1012 notes ⁴ (read صادِيَ الأُوام?)

أ و ن. أَوَان *age, period of life* 890¹²

أ و ه. تَأَوُّه *to groan* 427⁴

أ ن ا. إِنَّاىَ used to emphasise the possessive suffix 319⁴

أ ي د. أَيْد *power* of God 552¹⁶

إِيَاد *the lower slopes* of a mountain etc. 834⁵: metaph. *support, stay* 834⁷

مُؤْيِدَات *misfortunes* 311¹ (see under أود)

أ ي ر. أَيْر — بِأَيْرِ أُمِّها *a curse upon her!* 985⁴

آ ي س. آيِس *hopeless* 27¹

أ ي ك. أَيْكَة *grove* 676⁸ 890¹⁴

أ ي ل أَيِّل, إِيِّل or أَيَّل *mountain-goat* 164⁹ (= 597⁵) 230⁶ 709¹

أ ي م. آم 1. *to be bereaved* (especially of a husband or wife) 925⁵

أَيَامَى (pl. of أَيِّم) 925³

أ ي س. أَيْس *fatigue* 54³ 557⁹

أَيِسَ with عَنْ 683²

أ ي ه. أَيِهَ *to be summoned by cries* (said of beasts) 954¹

أَيْهَات *far off* 69³ (= هَيْهَات 300¹⁵) 489¹⁰ seq. 632⁸ 812⁶

ب

ب. بِ as the equivalent of ع 913⁷ (cf. 913¹)

بأج. بَأْج *sort, kind* 306¹³

بأدل. بَآدِل (pl. of بَأْدَلَة) *flesh of the breast* 221¹⁸

بأس. بَأْس — أَلْفَيْتُمْ بَأْسَهم بينهم *you have pitted them one against the other* 359⁴

بُوسَى *evil* (subst.) 46¹⁶

بَئِيس *disastrous* 314¹⁹

بأو. بَأْوٌ *pride* 338⁷

ببل. بابِلِيَّة *Babylonian wine* 543¹⁵

بتت. أَبَتَّ *to articulate* 359¹¹

بتر. بَتَرَ u. *to cut off* 816¹⁰

بَاتِر *sharp* (epith. of a sword) 491¹

بث. بَثّ *care, trouble* 503¹⁶ 632⁷

بحد. بِحَاد *a kind of cloth* used for wrapping up skin-bottles 1086¹

بحس. تَبَحَّسَ *to burst out* 804¹⁴

بحل. أَبَاجِل (pl. of أَبْحَل) *veins of the thigh* 446⁴ 649¹⁷

مُبَجَّل *honoured* 712³

بحبح. بُحْبُوحَة *the interior* of a place 655¹⁰

بحت. بَاحَ *to be frank, sincere* 43⁶

بحث. اِبْتَحَثَ *to scoop up* 14¹⁸

بحح. بُحَّة *hoarseness* 37

بحر. بَحْر (= رِيف) — تَحْتَ هذا البَحْرِ *under the shelter of this fertile land* 462¹¹: pl. بُحُور *seas*, metaph. *chieftains* 375³ 699⁴ 743⁵ 764⁶

بَحْرَة see صَحْرَة

بحت. بُخْت coll. *Bactrian camels* 483³

بَخَاتِيّ (pl. of بُخْتِيّ) *id.* 361⁸

بَخْت see 244¹⁴

حر. حَرٌ *odour* 17[15]

حص. حَصٌ *the flesh near the hoof* (in camels) 558[12]

حل. أَحَلَّ *to find* a person *stingy* 129[12] 565[1]

بدأ. بَدَأَ a. *to start on a journey* 557[15]

بَدْءٌ *beginning* 96[13]

بدد. اِسْتَبَدَّ *to act independently* 642[15]

بَدادٌ *single combat* 472[11]

بَدادِ adv. *in a state of dispersion* 194[17] 228[12]

بدر. بادَرَ *to obtain* a thing *before* some one else (with 2 acc.'s) 447[10]

بدل. بادَلَ *to substitute* (with acc. and ب) 712[15]

بدن. بَدَنٌ *a short coat of mail* 192[4] (= 235[20]), pl. أَبْدانٌ 883[1] 898[13]: دو بَدَنَيْنِ *a fight at close quarters* 677[9]: أَبْدانُ السِّلاحِ *panoply* 585[7] [see Mubarrad 692[11] — Nöldeke "Beitrage" p. 136 translates "Waffenrüstung"]

بادِنٌ *full* (said of a bucket) 234[5]

بدو. بَدا ب. — بَدا لَهُ (= بَدا لَهُ فِي الأَمْرِ) *he changed his mind* 1070[8] [see Dozy "Supplément" s. v., Ṭabarī II 1190[7]]

بادِيَةٌ coll. *nomads* (opp. to حاضِرَةٌ) 984[16]

بدخ. بَذَخَ a. *to exalt oneself* 187[4] 689[8]

بَذَخٌ *pride* 927[10]

بادِخٌ epith. of a mountain 759[8], pl. بادِخاتٌ 700[12] 771[15] (var. بَوادِخُ), applied to speech 777[2], بَوادِخُ *lofty achievements* 777[9]

بَذّاخٌ epith. of a poet 1046[15]

بِذَخْ interj. 700[16]

بدد. بَدَّ u. *to outstrip* 505[5] (as var.) 505[11]

بدر. بَدَرَ u. (= وَلَدَ) with ب 968[4]

تَبَدَّرَ *to be scattered, routed* 736[7]

بدق. بَيْدَق *a pawn* (in chess), metaph. *insignificant* 787[7] 845[15], pl. بَيَادِق 787[7]

بدل. تَبَدَّلَ *to be left without protection* 301[3] (text doubtful)

بدو. بَاد *foul-mouthed* 309[2]

برأ. أَبْرَأ see أَبْرَى under برى

برس. بَرَاثِن (pl. of بُرْثُن) *claws* 17[9] 617[7]

برح. تَبَرَّجَ *to show oneself in gala dress* 264[12]

برحم. تَبَرْحَمَ see 186[18]

بَرَاجِم (pl. of بُرْجُمَة, see 66[16]) *finger-joints* 187[1]

بُرْجُمِى *a member of one of the clans called* البَرَاجِم (see Index III) 1086[13] seq.

برح. بَرَّحَ *to scorch*, hence *torment* (with ب) 500[6]

بَرَاح *desert* 141[7]

بَوَارِح (pl. of بَارِح) *unlucky omens* 502[2]

أَبْرَح *more painful* 500[6] 506[11]

برد. بَرَد metaph. *teeth* 1005[9]

بَرِد *carrying hail* (epith. of a cloud) 290[13]

بِرَاد (pl. of بُرْدَة) *garments of coloured wool* 814[6]

مُبْرِد — سَارَ مُبْرِدًا *to march in the cool part of the day* 1079[9]

مَبْرَدَة *a means of cooling oneself* 382[6]

برذع. بَرَاذِع (pl. of بَرْذَعَة) *saddle-cloths*, metaph. *concubines* 704[6]

برر. أَبَرَّ *to be victorious* (with على) 85[19] seq.

بَرَائِرُ (pl. of بَرِيرَةٌ) *berries* of the tree called أَرَاكٌ 1078[8]

مَبْرُورٌ *treated with filial affection* 355[8]

برس. بَرَاسَاءُ see 134[2]

برع. بَرَّعَ *to act spontaneously* 489[14]

برعس. بَرَاعِسُ (pl. of بِرْعِسٌ) adj. *of good breed* 26[3]

برف. بَرَفَ u. *to shine* (said of the dawn) 50[3]

بَارِفٌ epith. of a sword 310[4]

بَارِقَةٌ *the flash* of a weapon 417[6]: pl. بَوَارِقُ *thunder-clouds* 780[16]

بَرُوفٌ *a she-camel that drives away the male* 78[11]

أَبَارِقُ (pl. of أَبْرَقُ, see 965[10]) *tracts of sand and stones* 57[11] seq. 761[1] 1082[7]

برقع. بَرَاقِعُ (pl. of بُرْقُعٌ) *women's veils* 691[13] 705[10]

برك. بَرَّكَ *to kneel down in great numbers* 14[5]

بَرْكٌ coll. *kneeling camels* 946[10], pl. بُرُوكٌ 953[12]: *breast* of a camel 311[6]

بَرَكَاتٌ (pl. of بُرْكَةٌ, see Ṭabarī Gloss.) *the lower parts of a tunic* 369[8]

بَرَاكَاءُ *battle-field* 666[6]: *stedfastness in battle* 423[13]

مَبْرَكٌ *the act of kneeling* 778[3]

مَبَارِكُ (pl. of مَبْرَكٌ) metaph. *position, status* 751[12]

مُبْتَرِكٌ *continuous* (said of rain) 1009[15]

برم. بَرِمَ *to be at a loss* for a thing (with ب), بَرِمْتُ بِحِيلَتِي *I was at my wits' end* 389[9] cf. 48[3]

بُرْمَةٌ *cooking-pot* (especially of stone) 216[13] 852[6] (see 708[3]), pl. بُرَمٌ 287[9] 1039[6], or بِرَامٌ 215[4]

بَرَمٌ *string, waist-band* 120[19]

أَبْرَامٌ (pl. of بَرَمٌ) *men who refuse to join in games of chance* 952[8]

برن. بَرْنِيٌّ *a sort of date* 32[4]

برنس. تَبَرْنَسَ *to wear a* بُرْنُسٌ 277[1] (= 294[6])

بَرَانِسُ (pl. of بُرْنُسٌ) *hooded cloaks* 209[8] 903[16]

بَرَنْسَاءُ see 134[2]

برنف. بَرَانِفُ see 162[7]

برى. بَرَى I. *to wear away* (trans.) 134[10] 788[5]

بَارَى *to keep pace with, rival in speed* 138[9] 176[1] 586[10] 609[11]

أَبْرَى (= أَبْرَأَ) *to cure* 842[7] (as var.)

تَبَارَى *to race with one another* 610[11]

اِبْتَرَى *to confront, present oneself* to a person (with لِ) 621[5] 685[12]

اِبْتَرَى *to cut* the tendon of a camel 957[5]: pass. *to be worn away* 788[5]

بُرًى (pl. of بُرَةٌ) *metal nose-rings* for camels 271[6] 344[10] 846[6] 1010[15]. *anklets* for women 986[1]

برخ. بَرُوخٌ *a woman who bends her back in* 243[3] seq. (= 1067[1] seq.)

برر. بَرَابِرُ (pl. of بَرَارَةٌ) *thick sticks* 341[1]

برز. بَزَّ u. *to strip* a fallen enemy 301[8] seq. (= 450[15] 481[16]), pass. *to be stript off* (said of clothes) 457[5]

اِبْتَزَّ *to strip* 481[13] 594[3]

بَزٌّ *weapons* 28[1] 693[8] 735[11]

برل. بَازِلٌ *the front tooth* of a camel 604[17] 649[14]

بُرَلٌ (pl. of بَرْلَاءُ) *times of famine* 610[17]

برم. إِبْرَيْم *the ring* with which a horse's girth (حِزام) is fastened 751[15]

برو. أَبْرَى *to overcome* (with acc.) 819[3] seq. 842[6]

بسر. بَوَاسِر (pl. of باسِر) *frowning* 586[8]

بسط. بَسَطَ u. *to stretch out the arm* (absol.) 295[10]: *to ease, bring relief to* a person (acc.) 197[6] (= 1058[5])

بَسْطَة *generosity* 300[6]

بسق. مُبْسِق *inflated* 857[5]

بسل. مُسْتَبْسِل *rushing headlong* (epith. of a warrior) 371[17]

بسر. بَسَرَ u. (= بَسَّرَ) with acc. of the person 12[6]: see also 36[16]

بَسَّرَ see 36[16]

أَبْسَرَ *to receive impregnation* (said of camels) 36[13] seq.

اسْتَبْسَرَ *to behave cordially*, partic. 908[8]

بِشْر *cordiality* in welcoming a person 908[7]

بَشَر (after a negative) *any one* 313[3]

بَشَر (= مُبَشَّر) 12[3] 498[9]

بسس. بَسَاسَة *brightness, gloss* of new armour 458[7]: *gaiety* of youth 844[3]

بسم. بَسَام coll. *a tree of which tooth-sticks are made* 1005[5]

مَبَاسِم (pl of مِبْسَام) *persons suffering from indigestion* 692[3]

بصر. بَصَّرَ denom. from البَصْرَة 729[16]

بَصْرَة *a streak of blood* 483[1], coll. بَصَر 716[10]

بصص. بَصَّ i. see 423[17]

بضع. باضَعَ (= جامَعَ) 692[7]

بُضْع (= جِماع) 1089[10]

بَضْعَةٌ *a piece of flesh* 713[3]

بَضْعٌ *flesh* 656[13]

بطح. تَبَطَّحَ *to stretch oneself on the ground* 355[8] 382[7]

مَبْطُوحٌ *thrown down on his face* 394[8] (as var.)

أَبْطَحُ *the bottom of a valley* 510[12]

بَطْحَاءُ *id.* 60[13] 700[12] 1082[11], pl. بِطَاحٌ — آلُ البِطَاحِ i. e. the Ḳuraish 763[16]

بطرف. بِطْرِيقٌ 383[9]

بطط. بَطٌّ coll. *ducks* 230[7]

بطن. بَطِنَ *to eat one's fill* 4[8] 146[6] 859[14]

اِسْتَبْطَنَ *to march along the course of* a river (acc.) 1092[9]. مُسْتَبْطِنُ السَّيْفِ *concealing a sword about his person* 538[14]

بَطْنٌ — بَطْنُهُ لِبَطْنِهِ used of the attitude of a man who allows himself to roll down-hill 234[12] (cf. 190[18]) pl. بُطُونٌ *concubines* 704[2]

بَاطِنٌ *low-lying ground* 780[3]

بِطْنَةٌ *petulance* 17[7]

بُطُنٌ (pl. of بِطَانٌ) *straps for fastening saddles* 641[8]

بِطَانٌ (pl. of بَطِنٌ) *full-fed* 30[1] 226[8] 893[10]

اَلْبَطْنُ name of a constellation 520[9]

مِبْطَانٌ *glutton* 314[3] (= 762[11]), applied to a woman 895[1]

مُبَاطِنٌ *harbouring, meditating* a design (with ب) 100[8]

بطر. بُطَارٌ see 398[8]

بعث. بَعَّثَ denom. from اَلْبَعْثُ 37[16]

تَبَعَّثَ *to go forth* (said of poetry, etc.) 38[1]

أَنْعَثَ *to break forth* into an utterance 1084[8] (read وَانْعَثَ) — see Ibn Hishām 275[9] 300[20]

نعج. نُعِجَ *to be stabbed*, meraph. 855[3]

بعد. نَعَدَ with على of the pers. 582[18]

نَعَدْ adv. *yet* (after a negative) 1024[12]

نعر. أَنْعُرٌ pl. of نَعَرٌ 584[3]

أَنَاعِرُ *id.* 676[7]

نعص. نَعَصَ (= دَعَّ نَعَصَ) 191[7] 1026[11] — cf فَعَضَّى نَعَصَ نُومَكَ Mufaddalīyāt N°. 14 v. 10

نعف. نُعَافٌ *streaming* (epith. of a rain-cloud) 520[3] 1009[15]

مُنْعَفٌ *id.* 261[15]

نعم. نُعَامٌ *moan* of a she-camel 1012[9]

نعى. تَنَعَّى *to seek* 688[13]

نَعَى *briskness, high spirits* (in a camel) 578[16]

نَعًى *female hireling* 495[7] (= 656[17])

نُعَاءٌ *search* 697[14]

نفر. نَفَرٌ *a young camel extracted from the womb by slitting it open* 523[3]

بقع. أَنْقَعُ *black and white* (epith. of a lamb) 974[12]

نعف. نَعٌّ coll. *mosquitoes* 756[4]

نعى. مُنْعِيَاتٌ *horses still capable of running*, i. e not yet exhausted 762[7]

نكر. أَنْكَرَ *to send early* 1090[9]

بِكْرٌ applied to wine 549[14]: pl. أَنْكَارٌ *first-fruits* 549[11]

أُنُكُرٌ (pl. of بَكْرٌ) *young camels* 2[8]

أَنْكَارٌ *id.* 332[17]

بِكَارَةٌ *id.* 332[3]

أَبْكَارٌ (pl. of بُكْرَةٌ) *mornings* 325[14]

مُبْكِرٌ *early rain* 1090[9]

مِبْكَارٌ a wind *that blows in the early morning* 866[11]: epith. of a battle 872[11]

بكى. أُسْتُبْكِيَ *to be moved to tears* 418[17] (= 952[13])

تَبْكَاوُهُمَا (= تَبْكَاؤُهُمَا) 310[17]

بلبل. بَلْبَالٌ *tumult* 298[3], pl. بَلَابِلُ 603[12]

بلت. بَلَتَ i. *to speak briefly* (absol.) 963[8]

بلج. تَبَلَّجَ *to shine* 406[2]

بلج. أَبْلَجُ *proud* 26[7] 27[13] 367[6] 906[11]

بلد. بَلُدَ *to become inert, helpless* 412[10]

أَبْلَدُ see 797[9]

بَلِدٌ *helpless* 974 notes[5] (as var.)

مُبَلَّدٌ *without a floor* (said of a house) 797[6]

بلغ. بَلَّغَ *to suffice for a journey* (with acc. of the pers.) 74[2] seq.

بلف. بَلَفٌ *a small tent* 32[2] seq. — see Lisān XI 307[14]

بُلْفٌ (pl. of أَبْلَفُ) *piebald* horses 1021[9]

بَلَالِفُ (pl. of بَلُّوفَةٌ) *deserts* 520[3]

بلقع. بَلْقَعٌ *desert* 964[12], pl. بَلَاقِعُ 685[3], *journeys through the desert* 704[4]

بلل. بَلَّ I. see 111[15]

أَبَلَّ intrans. *to recover* from sickness 111[14], from a wound 166[9]

تَبَلَّلَ *to recover* from fright, maṣd. 1098[13]

بَلَالٌ *a drink of water* 497[1]

بِلَالٌ *id.* 279[16]

مُبَلَّلٌ *swollen* (said of a bucket when full) 234[5]

بلو. أَبْلَى *to render a service to* a person (acc) 725[1 18] 836[4] (= 120[18]): *to make known, divulge* 160[3] (?)

بلى. بَلَّى *to wear out* (absol.) 60[4]

بالَى — بُلْ (= بُلَالِ) 343[12], بُلَّ (= بُلَالِ) 283[6] 543[15]

أَبْلَى *to efface* 788[2]

بنف. بَنَائِف (pl. of بَنَفَة) *the front* (?) of a shirt 369[7]

بنى. بَنَى 1. بَنَتْ بَنَتْهَا said of the wife, with عَلَى of the husband 595[15], بُنِيتِ (= بُنِيَ بِكِ) *thou art married*, with بِ of the husband 853[14] (as var.) cf. 197[18] with var. 1058[13]

بَنَّى *to marry* one's daughter *to* a man (with 2 acc.'s) 639[9]: *to entrust* one's son *to* a man (with 2 acc.'s) 652[15]

أَبْنَمَا (= أَبْنَا) 52[9] (= 785[9]) 547[1]

أَبْنَاء applied to a tribe, أَبْنَاء بَنُوعٍ 68[18] (var. أَبْنَاء عَمَّاب 300[10])

بُنَيَّ (dimin. of ابْنٌ) 223[10] (read أُبَيَّ) 341[4] 893[3] 934[8] 935[14]

أُبَيْنُو, أُبَيْنِي (dimin. of بَنُو, بَنِي) 306[3] seq

بهدل بَهْدَلَ *to be descended from Bahdala* 713[10]

بير. بِيرٌ *open country* 1043[4]

مَبْيُورٌ *wearied* (said of a horse) 938[6]

بيم. أَبْيَمَ *to make an ambiguous statement* partic. 803[7]

بَيْمٌ coll. *kids* 259[7] 370[7]

بِيَامٌ (pl. of بَيْمَة) *id.* 171[18] 248[12] 269[2] 718[1]

بُيُمٌ (pl. of بَيْمَة) *heroes* 259[3] 310[15]

تَهِمٌ *a simpleton* 1006[5] (text doubtful)

أَتَاهِمُ (pl. of إِتْهَامٌ) 374[9]

.بهنس مُتَبَهْنِسٌ *striding* 914[7]

.بهو باهَى *to boast* 791 notes[1] (as var.)

بَهْوٌ *open space* 618[10]

.بوأ باء II. *to acknowledge* the justice of a claim حَقِّكُم أَنْ نَبُوءَ إِدِنا 535[9]: *to reckon as equivalent*, with نَبَّسَ 117[9], with acc. and ب 533[15]

بَوَّءَ *to point* a spear at a man (with ب of the spear and لِ of the man) 80[2] *to cohabit with* (acc.) 447[11] (as var.)

أَبَاءَ *to execute vengeance on* (acc.) someone for (ب) someone else 76[16] (= 315[19]) 371[7]. *to reckon as equivalent* 120[13]

تَبَوَّءَ *to lodge* in a place (with فِي) 121[8]. *to cohabit with* (acc.) 476[5]

بَوَاءٌ *blood-wit* 665[18] 929[9]

مَبَاءَةٌ *abode* 278[10]

.بوح اِسْتَبَاحَ *to deprive* a people *of* their territory (with 2 acc's) 341[5]

بَاحَةٌ *court-yard*, metaph. 689[5] (see 341[6] 636[14])

.بور بَارَ II. *to be stagnant* (said of the market, with ب of the pers.) 818[8]

أَبَارَ *to destroy* 387[3] 529[12]

اِبْتَارَ *to test*, maṣd. 354[6]

بَوَارٌ *ruin* 341[8]

.بوغ بَوْعَاءُ *soft earth, mould* 1025[13]

.بوق بُوقٌ *trumpet* (such as was used in the Christian cult) 1041[7]

.بوك بَاكَ II. (= بَاكَ I.) 573 notes[2] (as var.)

بَوَائِكُ (pl. of بَائِكَةٌ) *well-fed* camels 418[7] (= 1071[1])

بول. بَالَ II. *to beget* (with ب) 912⁴

بَوَّلَ (= بَالَ) 812⁴

بو. بُوٌ *the stuffed skin of a young camel* 21¹⁶ 321¹ 343⁵ 867³

بيت. بَاتَ I. *to be spent without sleep* (said of the night, see بَلَمَ) 1001³

بُيُوتٌ water *that has stood all night* 25¹⁷, anxiety *that torments one all night* 479¹⁰

أَبْيَاتٌ *families* 87¹³

بيد. بَادَ I. *to perish* 93¹² 406³ 934³: *to waste away* (said of a camel's hump) 558⁸

بِيدٌ (pl. of بَيْدَاءُ) *deserts* 76¹⁹ 687¹⁴ 1009⁸

بيض. بَيَاضٌ coll. *white patches* on the skin of an animal 792¹³

أَبْيَضُ epith. of a king 45⁷, of a noble 138⁵ 266¹ 301¹², pl. بِيضٌ *nobles* 460¹, *ladies* 685² 761¹² 788⁹ 925¹⁰ 1004¹⁴: الأَبْيَضُ apparently the title of a book 381⁹

بيع. بَاعَ I. with 2 acc.'s 583¹⁹ seq.

بَيَّعَ *to sell* 25⁹

بَايَعَ *id.* with 2 acc.'s 15⁸. with acc of the pers. and ب of the thing 164¹⁰

تَبَايَعَ *to engage mutually* to do a thing (with على) 358²

أَبْيَاعَ *to take in exchange* (with acc. and ب) 944¹⁰

بين. بَانَ I. *to become apparent* 64⁹

بَيَّنَ *id.* 248⁴ 691¹⁰ 767⁵ 996⁶: *to perceive* 1061⁴: *to consider, reflect* 957¹⁵

أَبَانَ *to cut, sever* 863¹⁰

تَبَايَنَ *to go asunder* 7¹¹

بَيْنَ followed by إلى (instead of و) 147⁷ 150³ 341⁵ 348⁷ 470¹⁷ 559¹¹ 649⁴

925[1 8]: *born from* بين حمارٍ وحمارٍ 325[1], also in speaking of two male ancestors 475[8] 611[1], and even of an ancestor and his brother 806[9] — see also 806[17] 815[15] 948[14]

بائنة *wide* (epith of a well) 924[7], pl. بوائن 881[3]

بتون see 881[6]

بيان *the faculty of explaining* 994[15] (see 445[5])

ت

تأر. أتأر *to fix* the eye (with acc and ب) 351[9]

تأق. تيق *spirited* (said of a horse) 304[5]

تأم. توأم (pl. of توأمة) *double* 39[15] (= 41[14]) 392[5]

توائم (another pl. of the same) *twins* 276[14] 746[3] 752[10]

تب. استتب *to be incurred* (said of blame, with على of the pers.) 453[11] (= 1074[7])

مستتب *a beaten track* 106[7]

تبع. أتبع *to send* a thing *after* a person (with ب of the thing and acc. of the pers.) 985[2]

تتابع *to be slain one after another* 456[3]

استتبع *to ask* someone *to follow* 140[6]

تبع coll. *hangers-on* 323[11], applied also to things 641[1]

تبعة *a familiar spirit* 76[1]

تبل. تبل *enmity, feud* 478[6] 879[7] (?)

تبن. تبابين (pl. of تبان) *swimming-drawers* 354[16] 377[15]

تحت. for the phrase تحت هذا التحر, see تحر

ترب. ترائب (pl. of ترسة) *the upper parts of the breast* 814[14]

ترح. تَرَّحَ see 504[3]

تَتَرَّحَ *to be distressed* 503[16]

مُتَرَّح *distressed* 499[3]

تَرَحْ, تَرْحَةْ see 504[8] seq.

ترس. تِرْسَةْ (pl. of تُرُسْ) 728[1]

مَتْرَسْ (=شَجَارْ) *a wooden door-bar* 44[2]

ترع. أَتْرَعَ *to fill* 172[6], مُتْرَعْ *full* 958[12] 972[18], مُتْرَعَةْ *wells that are full* 1011[13]

ترف. مُتْرَفْ *proud* 137[7] 367[6]

ترك. تِرِكَةْ *property left in trust* with some one 639[15]

تِرِيكَةْ *a pool left by a torrent* 554[2] 1007[7]

ترن. تُرْنَا a term of abuse applied to a female slave 41[1]

تعس. تَاعِسْ *miserable* 25[13] 27[9]

تعف. تَعَّفَ *to say* تُعَّا 32[5]

تعل. تَعْلْ *expectoration* 841[3]

تعى. تُعَى (=حِلْمْ) 295[7]

تلل. تَلَايِلْ (pl. of تَلَّلَةْ) *misfortunes* 614[6] 638[1] 1078[15]

تلد. تِلْدْ *inherited wealth* 611[5] 931[6] 982[18], metaph. 986[4]

تِلَادْ *id.* 814[14]

تَلِيدْ *id.* 499[1]. also as adj. *ancestral* 456[9] 461[4]

أَتْلَدْ *ancestral* 797[4]

تلع. تَلْعْ coll. *torrent-beds* 1082[7]

تَلَعَاتْ (pl. of تَلْعَةْ) *id.* 957[15]

تِلَاعْ (another pl. of the same) *id.* 13[7] 1085[14]

تَلِعٌ *raising the neck* (epith. of a horse) 304[1]

ألف. أَتْلَفَ *to render destructive*, or *to find to be destructive* 564[11]· *to destroy* 663[15]

تلل. تَلَلٌ *the neck* of a horse 674[17]

مِتَلٌّ *an instrument for striking down* 656[12]

تلو. تَالِياتٌ stars *that appear last* 992[11]

تَوَالٍ (pl. of تِلْدَةٌ) *legs and hind-quarters* of a camel 134[14]

مِمَالٍ (pl. of مُتْلِدَةٌ) explained to mean, *camels some of which have brought forth young while others have not* 88[8]: *camels near the time of bringing forth* 92[18] 154[4] 953[12]

تمأر. اِتْمَأَرَّ *to be extended, swollen* 527[1]

تمر. أَتْمَرَ *to produce dates* 934[11]

تمك. تَامِكٌ *bulky* (epith. of a camel's hump) 560[9]

تمم. تَمَّ I. *to attain* (with إلى) 138[15]: *to be fully qualified* 713[10]

بِمَامٌ — لَيْلُ التِّمَامِ *the longest night* 717[18]

تَمَائِمُ (pl. of تَمِيمَةٌ) *amulets* 376[13] 394[10] 407[1] 847[10], مَنَاطُ التَّمَائِمِ i. e. *the neck* 383[5] (cf. 384[13])

مُتِمٌّ *a woman near the time of her delivery* 48[3] (= 782[8])

تمثل. تِمْثَالٌ *dwarf* 280[12], pl. تَمَاثِيلُ 614[12]

تمخ. تَمَخَ *to adopt a settled mode of life* 729[17] — see Ṭabarī *Gloss.* s. v.

تهم. تِهَامِيٌّ applied to lightning 245[13], to a kind of mange 717[15]

توه. تَوَّهَ (= تَهَّ) 59[14]

تيح. أُتِيحَ *to be destined, ordained* 443[10] 1070[1]

مُتَاحٌ *a busy-body* 1015[10], pl. san. 505[8]

مِسْمَحٌ *id.* 501 notes [2] 505[8]

نيس. نُمُوسٌ (pl. of نَمْسٌ) *he-goats*, as a term of abuse 445[8]

تمع. تَمَاتَعَ *to rush headlong into evil*, maṣd. 453[9] (= 1074[5]) — see Ḥamāsa 207[13]

تمم. تَمٌّ — تَمُّ اللهِ see 59[15]

تَمْماءُ see 59[13]

مُتَمَّمٌ *distraught*, or *enslaved* 59[12] seq.

تمه. تِيهٌ — تِيهُ الْبِلَادِ 194[16]

تِيهٌ *vain, conceited* 908[6] 1089[15]

ث

تأب. تَمَاتَبَ *to yawn* 800[11]

تأج. تُؤَاجٌ see 999[7]

تأر. اِتَّأَرَ (= اِدَّأَرَ) *to avenge oneself* 423[4]

ثُؤُورٌ (pl of ثَأْرٌ) 526[14]

أُثْأُرٌ *id.* 929[14] 993[11]

ثَأْرَانٌ — يَا ثَأْرَانِ مَسْعُودٍ 920[2]

تلى. ثَلًى *damage* 418[18] (= 953[3]) 564[8] 758[1] 1046[9]

ثبت. أَثْبَتَ *to put in writing* 638[16] seq. 820[1] seq.: pass. *to be fixed* (said of a weapon fixed in a victim) 690[5]

اِسْتَثْبَتَ *to seek to prolong* 8[13]

ثَبْتٌ subst. (= ثَبَاتٌ) 137[12]: adj. (= ثَابِتٌ) ثَبْتُ الْجَنَانِ 436[16]

ثبج. ثَبَجٌ *the middle, the main part* of a thing 166[1]

ثبر. ثَبْرَةٌ *a hole* in the ground 314[5] 409[5]

ثُبُورٌ *injury, disaster* 544[8] 939[15]

مَبِرٌ *a place where blood is shed* 592[10]: pl. مَبَارِرُ *womb* 832[8]

مُنَابِرٌ *unweaned* 677[4]

بخخ. أَبَخَّ *to cause to flow* 565[3]

بخس. أَبْخَسَ *to deal blows*, أَبْخَسَ فِى الْقَوْمِ 310[11], pass. أُبْخِسَ جِرَاحًا 362[7]: *to surpass* (with acc.) 40[17]

برر. بُرْبُرٌ *babbler*, see 860[3]

برر. بَرَّةٌ *having large orifices* (said of the teats of a camel) 393[6], *yaping* (epith. of a wound) 716[10]

برو. ابْرَى *to amass wealth* 468[12]

بَرًى *moisture, freshness* 370[12] 375[3], metaph. *generosity* 562[3] 609[9] 994[6], خَسِئَتْ الْبَرَى *ignoble* 800[1]

بَرَاءٌ *abundance, wealth* 466[17]

بَرْوَةٌ *id.* 994[7]

أَبْرَى pl. san. 103[3] 466[15]

الْبُرَيَّا *the Pleiades*, for the myth on the subject see 520[9] seq.: *the time of the rising of the Pleiades* 1006[9]

بعث. بُعَاثٌ adj. *streaming* (epith. of a rain-cloud) 261[15]

بعل. بُعْلٌ (pl. of أَبْعَلُ) *jagged, uneven* (said of the teeth) 131[1]

بَعَلٌ see 131[3]

بعر. بُعْرَةٌ *the pit* of the breast, in a horse 73[1], in a man 155[3] 470[17]

بُعُورٌ (pl. of بَعْرٌ) metaph. *points of defence* 910[10]

بعم. بَعَامٌ coll. a kind of plant, hence as adj. *white, hoary* 382[18]

بعى. أَبْعَى *to bestow a sheep upon* some one (acc.) 32[17]

بَعَاعٍ *bleating* (subst.) 259[5]

نعر. أَنْعَرَ *to fasten with the crupper* 79⁴⁹, pass. 157¹² (= 105²¹⁹)

نَعْرٌ *crupper* 45⁹¹⁵

نَعْرُ الكَلْبِ — نَعْرٌ as a term of abuse 37⁸¹⁴

نعل. نَعَالٌ adj. *slow* (said of a camel) 36¹⁵

نعب. نَعَبَ u. *to be famous* (?) 14⁷¹⁶ — the verse appears to mean that the women of the Banū Sa'd recognised Jaththāma as one of the famous warriors of the Shaibān

أَنْعَبَ *to make a fire burn brightly* 49³⁶

نَعْبٌ *the hole in a pulley* 100²⁴

نعف. نِعَافٌ *an instrument for straightening lances* 2³², see 56⁵⁴ seq.

نعل. نَعُلَ *to become grievously ill* 93¹⁵

أَنْعَلَ *to wound severely* 120¹⁰ 36¹⁷

نَاعَلَ *to weigh heavily* 57⁰¹² (var. نَاقَلَ)

نَعَالٌ fem. of نَعِل 31⁸¹⁸ (MSS نِعال)

مَنَاعِلُ (?) *costly things* 5⁶¹⁰

مُسْتَنْعَلٌ *weighed down* by sleep 98¹⁹

نكس. نُكُسٌ (pl. of نُكْسَةٌ) *troops, herds* 81⁴³

نلب. نِلْبٌ *broken, damaged* 2⁴⁶

مَنَالِبُ (pl. of مَنْلَبَةٌ or مَنْلَبَةٌ) *subjects of reproach, scandals* 90⁷¹³ 90⁸¹² seq. 104⁹¹⁹

نلث. نِلْثٌ *treble*, نِلْثُ السَّوِيِّ 2⁴⁷ (as var.)

نلط. نَلَطٌ (= سَلَجٌ) 31⁸⁵

نَلْطٌ *camels' dung*, as a term of abuse 3⁹¹⁸ 78¹⁶

دلل. تَلَّةٌ *a small flock of sheep* 34^{10} 269^{2} 279^{2} 294^{7} 370^{7} 512^{7} 604^{4} 627^{17} (as var.) 773^{15}

دمد. تَمَدٌ *a small pool* 279^{16} 646^{7}, pl. أَتْمُدٌ 794^{9}

دمع. دُمِعَ *to be dyed* (said of the hair) 601^{9}

دمل. تَدَمَّلَ *to become covered with a scum* (دُمالَةٌ) 210^{7}. pass. *to be drunk up* 210^{9} (as var.)

تَمَلٌ *a place suitable for lodging in* 658^{8}

دِمالٌ *prop, support* 287^{10} (as var.)

أَدْمُلٌ (?) see 261^{2} notes [1]

دمم. دُمَّتَ (= دُمْ) 53^{13} 685^{14}

دُمامٌ *a kind of grass*, used as thatch etc. 173^{3} 836^{14} (= 299^{12}), دالَةٌ الدُّمامِ *wretched* (said of a year of famine) 1012^{7}

دمى. دَمَّى I. *to strike a second time* (with لـ) 458^{11} (= 887^{15})

دِمْيٌ du. *layers* of a helmet 955^{2}

دِمْيٌ du. *cords* for tying camels 617^{1}

دَمِيٌّ *a full-grown camel* 243^{16} (as var.)

مَدْمَى adv. *in pairs* 58^{15}

دوب. دابَ II. *to come together* (especially for battle) 360^{18} 361^{1} 466^{15} 933^{5} (= 386 notes [18])

دَوَّبَ *to call repeatedly* 485^{11}, مُدَوِّبٌ *one who calls for help* 288^{14}

أَدابَ intrans. *to regain strength* 644^{14}

اِسْتَدابَ *to get back* one's senses (acc.) 569^{10}

دَوْبٌ coll. 144^{17}: du. *a suit of clothes* 457^{14} 546^{3} 997^{11}

دَمْيانٌ *married women* 233^{3}

دور. دَارَ u. *to burst out afresh* (said of a wound) 846[12]

أُدِيرَ *to be repeated* (said of a story) 251[15]

اِسْتَدَارَ *to rouse, stir up* 255[7]

دَوْر *a place where water collects* 514[1]

دَوْرَة *trouble, disturbance* 568[9] 569[5] (in both cases as var.)

مَدُور *raised in the air* (said of dust) 949[6]

دول. دَوْل *male*, دَوْل الضِّبَاع 1099[15]

أَدْوَل *half-witted* 211[8]

دوى. دَوِيَّة *a shed* in which cattle pass the night 611[12] (text doubtful)

دبل. دِبْل (= ذَكَر الحَمَل) 708[4]

ج

حأب. حَأْب *red ochre* 360[7]

حأحأ. حَأْحَأَ *to call* camels to the water (with ب and الى) 208[7], mas̱d. حَأْحَأَة ibid.

حآحِئ (pl. of حَوْحَوٌ) *breasts* of camels 134[14]

حأر. حَائِر *suffocation* 155[3], pl. حَوَائِر 586[9]

حَوْأَر *groan* 865[3] 872[12]

حأل. حَأْلَة *hyaena* 228[17], pl حَآئِل 1038[11]

حأو. حَأْوَاء *dark brown* (said of an army) 646[4]

حبأ. حَبْء see 162[5]

حِبَاء see 55[8] 162[5]

حبب. حَبَّ u. *to overtop, surpass* 113[2]. *to castrate* 1093[10]

حَبَّة *coat of mail* 154[12]

حِبَاب *cream of camels' milk* 22[6] 441[5] 996 notes[6]

حَمُوٌ *hard soil* 320[1] 929[12]

حمر. حَمَرَ i. *to heal* (intrans. of a limb) 953[4] (= 418[19]), maṣd. حُمُورٌ 540[3]

حَمَّرَ *to save from ruin* 462[3]

حَمَائِرُ see 553[8] seq.

حَمَائِرُ (pl. of حَمَّارٌ) 777[12] 971[16], حَمَائِرَةٌ *id.* 1019[4]

مُتَحَمِّرٌ *haughty* (epith. of a warrior) 955[2]

جمس. حِمْسٌ *coward* 731[18]

حمل. أَحْمَالٌ (pl. of حَمَلٌ) 225[2]

حمس. حَمُسَ *to be a coward* 895[11]

أَحْمَسَ *to find a man cowardly* 129[12]

حَمَّانَةٌ see Index IV s. v. الحَمَّانُ

حمى. حَمَى I. *to collect water* in a trough 24[9] 416[2], maṣd. حَمًا 24[9]: pass. *to be contributed* (with acc. of the person who contributes) 146[1] (= 328[1])

حَمَّى *to crouch* 99[11]

حَابٍ metaph. *benefactor* 972[13], pl. حُمَاةٌ ibid.

حَابِيَةٌ *trough* 216[2], pl. حَوَابٍ 172[6]

حَمًى *water collected in a trough* 55[15] (?)

حِمًى *id.* 460[10] 563[10]

حمم. حَمَّ i. or u. *to nestle, crouch* (properly applied to young birds) 131[11], maṣd. حُمُومٌ 123[6] (see 762[6])

حَوَائِمُ (pl. of حَائِمَةٌ) epith. of nestlings (see قِرَاخٌ), hence applied to the lobes of the human brain — أُمُّ الحَوَائِمِ *the skull*, or *the brain* 761[17], أُمُّ القِرَاخِ الحَوَائِمِ *id.* 387[14]

جُثْمَانٌ *body* 427 344[16] 348[13], جُثْمَانَ الحِمَارِ (vocative) as a term of abuse 586[8]

حتو. حَاتَى *to crouch opposite* a person (acc.) 425[9]

جُثْوَةٌ *a pile of stones*, i. e. *a grave* 874[3]

حجج. حَجَاجِحُ (pl. of حَجْحَاجٌ) *chieftains* 924[8]

حجد. حَجَدَ a. *to refuse* a thing *to* a person (with 2 acc.'s) 907[1]

جَحَّادٌ *miserly, ungrateful* 348[5 10] 370[4]

حجدل. حَجْدَلَ *to collect* 205[5]

تَحَجْدَلَ *to draw oneself together* 205[3]

حجر. جَحَرَ a. *to enter* (with acc.) 183[6]

أَحْجَرَ intrans. (?) *to retreat into holes* 914[7] (var. أَحْجَرَبَ) trans. *to force* people *to hide themselves* مُحْجِرِيكُم 585[3], pass. مُحْجَرٌ 674[16]

اِجْحَرَّ, اِنْجَحَرَ see 183[7] seq.

حَاجِرٌ *one who lags behind* in a race 505[11]. pl. fem. حَوَاجِرُ *peering out* (said of the eyes) 676[17]

مَحْجَرٌ *the hole* of a jerboa 1022[15]

ححف. حَحَفَ a. *to seize* food 968[14]

حَافَ *to invade* (with acc.) 620[8]

حُحَفٌ (pl. of حُحَفَةٌ) *morsels* of food 854[11] 893[10] 968[14]

حُحَافٌ applied to rain 520[5]

ححل. حَحْفَلٌ adj. *vast, numerous* (epith. of an army) 184[15] 224[8] 710[14], *noble, illustrious* (epith. of a man) 664[9]: subst. *an army* (especially of horsemen) 293[1] 311[7] 882[8] 958[3]

حَحْفَلَةٌ *lip* (of an animal) 68[8], pl. حَحَافِلُ 3[11] 370[8] 497[15] 604[15] (= 626[5]), applied to the lips of a human being 969[1]

حجم. جاحِمٌ *blaze* of a fire 1087[11]

حجف. حَجَفٌ 968[16] (as var.) — see حَجَفٌ

حُجَفٌ 854[11] (as var.) — see جُحَفٌ

مُتَحَجِّفٌ *behaving proudly* 594[3]

حجو. أَحْجَى see أَحْجَى s. r. حجو

حدب. حَدِبٌ *barren* 57[11]

حُدُوبَةٌ *drought* 462[8]

حدب. حَدَبٌ *a grave* 848[15] 1046[12], pl. أَحْدَابٌ 379[12] (as var.) 382[14] — see حَدَفٌ

حدحد. حَدْحَدٌ *hard, level ground* 795[11]

حدح. حَدَحَ a., اِحْتَدَحَ *to stir up* a beverage 511[5]

حدد. أَحَدَّ intrans. *to pass over hard ground* 53[14] 584[9] 648[11]

تَحَدَّدَ *to cease to give milk* 480[1]

حَدُّ الدَّهْرِ — حَدَّ (= أَنَدَا) 31[1]

حُدٌّ *a well* 215[4] (see 33 notes[6]), pl. أَحْدَادٌ 33 notes[5]

حَدَدٌ *hard ground* 49[7] 87[6]

حِدَّةٌ *freshness*, i e. *youth* 1015[6]

حدر. حَدَرٌ *dwarfish* 953[8]

حدع. حُدِعَ *to have one's nose cut off* 966[6]

اِحْتَدَعَ trans. *to cut off* the nose 795[11]

أَحْدَعُ *mutilated* (said of the nose) 374[6]: *having the nose cut off* 917[14] 966[6]

حدف. حَدَفٌ *a grate* 873[13] (see 848[17]) 1018[7], pl. أَحْدَافٌ 379[11] 382[15] (as var.) — see حَدَبٌ

جادِفٌ *walking with short steps* (epith. of a dog) 801[3], pl. fem. جَوادِفُ applied to women 890[4]

حدل. جَدَّلَ, تَجَدَّلَ see 1003[13]

جَدْلٌ coll. *twisted cords* 143[12]

أَجْدَلُ *bent* 930[3]

أَجَادِلُ (pl. of أَجْدَلٌ) *falcons* 649[9]

مُتَجَدَّلٌ *thrown to the ground* 1099[1]

مُتْجَدِلٌ *id.* 406[10]

مُتَجَدِّلٌ *id.* 736[4]

حدو. اِحْتَدَى *to seek to obtain what one wants from* a person, i. e *to avenge oneself on* him (with acc.) 102[3]

حَدًى *gift, favour* 8[2], hence *copious rain* 964[9]

حدب. حَادَتْ *to pull along* 1003[15], *to pull away from* (with 2 acc.'s) 475[8]

جَادِبٌ *dried up* (said of an udder) 480[1]: حَادِبَةُ الْوَصْلِ a woman *who severs her connection* with a man 135[12]

حدد. حَدَّ u. *to extirpate* 1038[5]: pass. *to be severed* 1013[13] 1014[2]

حَدٌّ *a cut* 246[11]

حدر. حُدُورٌ (pl. of حَدْرٌ or حِدْرٌ) *roots, bases* 527[1]

حدع. حِدَاعٌ see Index III s. v. الْحِدَاعُ

حدل. حِدْلٌ *stem* 311[14] (see 294[12]), pl. أَحْدَالٌ *thick sticks* 294[11]

حدم. اِحْدَمَّ *to flee* 104[6]

حِدْمٌ *stem* 311[15] (as var.): *stump* of a tooth 17[8], pl. أَحْدَامٌ 16[15]

حُدَام ? 1007[6]

جدو. حَدَا II. see 745 notes[3]

جَادٍ a horse *having a certain malformation of the foot* 745[4] (see notes[2])

حِدْوَةٌ see 294[14]

حرب. الحَرْبَاء i. e. *the sky* 468[7]

جِرَابٌ (pl. of جَرِبٌ) *mangy* camels 446[6] 1029[4]

الحُورِيَّة ? 709[4] (as var.)

حُرَّانٌ *the opening at the neck* of a coat of mail 930[6] seq.

مُحْرِبٌ *one who has mangy camels* 39[4]

جرم. حُرُومَةٌ *a heap of sand*, hence *a large mass* 186[10], pl. حَرَائِمُ 404[6] (= 766[1]), or حَرَائِمُ 770[13]

حرحر. حَرْحَرَ *to give to drink, to drench* (with 2 acc.'s) 832[7]

حَرْجَارٌ a kind of plant 876[2] (as var.)

حُرْحُورٌ *a herd* of camels 913[6]

حرحم. حُرْحُمَانِيٌّ see Index III s. v. الحَرَاحِمُ

حرد. أَحْرَدُ *bare* (said of a palm-stem) 304[1], fem. جَرْدَاء *having short hair* (said of a horse) 1069[11], pl. حُرْدٌ *id.* 237[16] 338[5] 371[14] 586[10] 603[17] 810[12]

إِحْرِدٌ, إِحْرِدٌ a kind of tree 162[11] (see Additions and Corrections)

أَحَارِدُ (pl. of جَرْدَةٌ) *bare places* 134[5]

حَرَادِسُ (pl. of حُرْدَانٌ) 573[15]

مَحْرُودَةٌ *a land devoured by locusts* (جَرَادٌ) 157[1]

مُحَرَّدٌ *those parts of the body which are not covered* 778[13]

مُحَرَّدَةٌ coll. *unsheathed swords* 237[14]

حرد. جُرَدٌ *field-rat* du. 279[16]

حرر. أَحَرَّ *to split the tongue* of a young camel, hence *to reduce* a man *to silence* 52[15] (= 785[11]): for مُحَرٍّ, see below

جَارُّ الصَّبْعِ, جَارٌّ epith. of rain 520[5] seq.

حَرَّةٌ, حِرَّةٌ see 356[8]

حُرَّار *a leader of a thousand horsemen* 98[15] (= 147[12]) 264[16]: *an army* 336[3]

حَرُور *one who seizes food* 36[9]: *a deep well* 704[13] 924[7]: pl. حُرُر *restive* (said of horses) 288[1], see 287 notes[3]

حَرَر *a rope with which a camel's nose is bound* 146[8] (= 327[17])

حَرَرَة *crime* 437[18]

مَحَرّ *the process of dragging* 222[9] 398[13] 893[15]: *that which is dragged* 1018[16]

المَحَرَّة *the Milky Way* 172[8] 330[5]

مُحَرَّة الأَرسان — مُحَرَّة *free*, i. e. *circulated broadcast* (said of satires) 901[1]

حرر. حُرّ *club* 369[10]

حُرَار adj. *sharp* 69[9]

حرسع. حُرْسُعَة *a bulky she-camel* 1011 notes[6]

حرص. حَرِصَ *to be choked* 498[3]

حَرِص *choked* 54[11] (= 585[11]) 1012[13]

حرصم. حَرَاصِم (pl. of حِرْصِم or حُرْصُم) *greedy* 237[1]

حرع. أَحْرَع *sand-hill* 821[16], pl. أَحَارِع 687[9]

حَرْعَاء *id.* 992[7]

حُرْنُعَة see 54[13]

حرف. حُرُف *a river-bank undermined by water* 49[12] (= 583[12]) 663[12] seq. 1003[11]

حُرَاف *a glutton* 969[1], applied to rain 520[5], الحُرَاف epith. of the Plague 738[1]

مُحَرَّف *swept away* (applied to wealth) 556[10]

مَحَارِف (pl. of مِحْرَفَة *shovel*) metaph. *devourers* 318[15], with the object in the acc. 893[10]

جرل. أَحْرَال (pl. of حَرَل or حَرُول) *pebbles* 144[5] 303[14]

حِرْبَال prop. *red dye*, hence *wine* 277[16] 320[16]

جرم. حِرْم pl. أَحْرام see 40^{14} seq.

جَرائِم (pl. of جَرِيمَة) *penalties* 610^{6}

مَجْرُومَة coll. *lopped palm-trees*, metaph. *the necks of horses* 291^{1}

مُجْرِم *complete* (said of a period of time) 54^{5} (= 74^{8}) 74^{15}

حَرْمَلِيّ a native of باجَرْمَى 299^{2} (= 885^{4})

حرن. حِرانٌ — صارِتْ بِحِرانٍ *settling down, taking his place* 883^{12}

حُرُون (pl. of حَرْن) *threshing-floors* 990^{2}

حرو. حِرْو *whelp* of a lion 822^{4}

حِرْوَة *courage, resolution* 617^{9}

حِرْوِيَّة coll. *camels belonging to the Banū Jirwa* 135^{2}

حرى. حَرَى 1. *to be loose* (said of a camel's girth) 544^{11}: *to manage to do* a thing (with ب) 27^{11}: *to render uncertain, unsteady* (with ب) 868^{17}. *to ride* a beast *in a race*, hence *to found one's pretensions* on something (with ب) 767^{3}

حَرَى intrans. *to pass* (said of the wind) 133^{4}

أَحْرَى *to urge on one's riding-beast* 933^{13} 938^{11}

حَرِيّ *agent, representative* 803^{6}

حِرايَة *the office of agent* ibid.

حِرْيَة *water-course* 449^{14}

أَحارِيّ (pl. of إِحْرِيّ) *kinds of running* 589^{7} (= 1080^{8})

حرأ. أَحْرَأ *to satisfy* the requirements of a situation, absol. 357^{9}, with acc. 252^{12}

حرر. أَحْرَر *to give* a camel (acc.) *for food* 415^{1}, metaph. with 2 acc.'s 457^{15} 478^{6} 930^{5}

أَجْسَرَ *to accept* a camel (acc.) *for food* 415[1]

جَزَرٌ coll. *men slain in battle* 930[5]

جُزُرٌ (pl. of جَزُورٌ) 925[7]

مَجْزٌ. مَجَزٌ *a place where the grass has been cut* 1062[18]

جَزِعَ. جَزِعَ *to pine* after a thing (with إلى) 162[16] 684[12] 772[17]

جُزِّعَ *to be broken* (said of spears) 319[5]

جَزْعٌ coll. *onyxes* (used for necklaces) 814[14]

جَزُعٌ *slope* 480[13], pl. أَجْزَاعٌ 479[1] 483[13]

مَجْزَعٌ *recourse* (in time of trouble) 974[4]

حَوْلٌ. حَوْلٌ coll. *logs* for fuel 139[1] seq.

حُوُلٌ (pl. of أَحْوَلُ) *numerous* (?) 130[5]

حرم. مَحَارِمُ (pl. of مِحْرَمٌ) *skin-bottles* 22[6]

حزى. حَزَى I. *to recompense* some one *for* a thing (with two acc.'s) 371[11] 389[8]. *to pay back* a debt (acc.) 685[14]

حِزًى (pl. of حِزْيَةٌ) 402[9]

حسأ. حَسَأَ a. *to become stiff* 87 notes[6] (as var.)

حسد. حِسَادٌ *orange dye* (made of saffron) 557[9]

حسر. تَحَاسَرَ *to advance to the attack* 449[3]

حُسُورٌ *the act of crossing, traversing* 743[16]

جسس. حَسَّ u. *to feel with the hand* 1029[10]

حسم. حُسْمَانٌ (= حُسْمَانٌ) see 42[11] 344[17]

حسأ. حَسَأَ a. *to be stirred, excited* 343[14] 468[4] (as var.)

حُشَاءَانٌ *belchings* 695[8]

جسر. جَسَّرَ see 952 notes[6]

حسس. أَحَسُّ *roaring* (epith. of a thunder-cloud) 848[15] 849[3]

جسم. جَسِمَ *to undertake* a task (acc.) 610[9]

أَجْسَمَ *to impose* a task *upon* some one (with two acc.'s) 54[5]

تَجَسَّمَ (= جَسِمَ) 219[16] 1011[6]

حسس. حَوْسَنٌ *breast* 28[4], pl. حَوَاسِنُ 9[12] 11[15] 16[8] 256[17]

حصص. حِصٌّ *gypsum* (used for making furnaces) 845[9]

حعب. تَحَعَّبَ *to be thrown to the ground* 191[13]

حعحع. حَعْحَاعٌ *narrow space* 101[8] 380[11]

حعد. حَعْدٌ *curly-haired* 1059[13], pl. حِعَادٌ 265[8]

حعر. تَحَاعَرَ see 11[7]

حُعُورٌ (pl. of حَعْرٌ) *dung* 11[5], أَحْعَارٌ *id.* 997[10]

حَاعِرَانِ see 377, pl. حَوَاعِرُ *the lower parts of the thigh* 37[5] 926[10]

حَعَارِ epith. of the hyaena 932[4], see 307[7]

حَعْرَاءُ, حَعْرٌ *id.* 307[4] seq.

حعس. حَعَاسِيسُ (pl. of حُعْسُوسٌ) *excrements*, metaph. *outcasts* 455[18] (= 1076[11]) 531[4] (as var.)

حعل. حَعَلَ a. *to give away* one thing for another (with acc. and ب) 85[4]

حِعَالٌ *fee* paid for permission to water camels 614[9], pl. حَعَائِلُ *gifts* 606[13]

حِعْلَانٌ (pl. of حُعَلٌ) *dung-beetles* 256[13] 259[12]

حفحف. حَفْحَفَ see 550[8] 594 notes[2]

حفر. حَفَرَ u. *to abstain* from a thing (with عن) 197[18] (= 1058[13])

حَفْرٌ *a well* (especially one without interior masonry, see 830[8]) 95[14] 96[14 17] 648[17] 857[5] 858[14] 1099[8], pl. حِفَارٌ 858[14]: metaph. *an imbecile* 830[6]

حِعارٌ see 554[5]

حَعَرٌ *a quiver* 6[16] 542[13] 1062[12]

جعف. جُعِّفَ *to be covered* with embroidery 663[13] seq.

جعل. اِحْتَعَلَ *to sweep away* 467[9]

جاعِلٌ *swift* (epith. of the ostrich) 636[8], pl. جَواعِلُ said of quadrupeds 272[5] 858[1]

حُعالَةٌ *wool* shorn from a sheep 1044[15]

أُحْعُولٌ see 321[11]

مِحْعالٌ *hurricane* 295[3]

حعن. حَعْنٌ coll. *vines* 554[2]. pl. أَحْعانٌ *scabbards* 894[2]

حَعْنَةٌ *a large milk-pail* 10[18], pl. حِعانٌ 1083[5]

حعو. حعا ū. *to disturb* a person (with ب) 347[9]

حاعَى *id.* (with acc) 16[8]

تحاعَى *to be disturbed, uneasy* maṣd. 456[18] (= 1076[17]): *to yield over* a thing to a person (with عن and ل) 116[7]

?جَعاةٌ *roughness, bad manners* 351[7]

حلب. أَحْلَبَ *to threaten* (with على) 534[12]

حالِبٌ subst. *provocation* (?) 217[14]: adj. *just dry* (said of a wound that is healing) 1023[4], pl. جَوالِبُ 815[9], metaph. applied to hearts 920[11]

حُلوبٌ (no singular?) *scars* 162[1]

مُحْلِبٌ *shrunk and dry* (said of a leathern thong) 474[3] (= 703[12])

جلحل. جَلْحَلَ maṣd. جَلْحالَةٌ *to throw down* 490[4]: maṣd. جَلْجَلَةٌ *to shake* (as one shakes a bell) 6[5 9], مُحَلْجِلٌ *ringing* (epith. of a thunder-cloud) 269[12] 847[9]

حُلْحُلٌ *a bell* 222[13], pl. حَلاحِلُ 246[9] 248[8] 606[9] 650[6] (= 624[10]) 936[6], metaph. *objects which dangle in the air* 3[15] (= 6[4])

حلح. حَلَّحَ *to rush* (said of horses) 268[13] 943[4]

أَحْلَحُ *bald in front* 68[14]

حلد. حَالَدَ *to contend* 365[6]

حِلادٌ (pl. of حَلَدٌ) *rough places* 194[18] (pl. of حَلُودٌ) she-camels *that have neither young nor milk*, or, according to others, she-camels *that yield much milk* (see Lisān IV 100[3]) 647[19] 921[13]

أَحْلادٌ (pl. of حَلَدٌ) see 508[7] (pl. of حِلْدٌ) *skins* i. e. *carcass* 634[10]

أَحْلَدُ *rough ground* 479[6], pl. أَحالِدُ 134 notes [3] (as var.) 989[17]

أَحالِدُ (pl. of حَلَدٌ) *rough places* 508[1]

حلد. اِحْلَوَّدَ *to journey quickly* 653[15]

حلس. حُلُوسٌ (pl. of حالِسٌ) 546[2]

حلف. حَلَّفَ *to flay* 440[12] (as var.): مُحَلَّفٌ *sore* 558[12] 593[3](?), metaph. *damaged* 556 notes [4] (as var.)

حِلْفٌ *hollow*, metaph. *a coward* 768[16]

حلل. حَلَّ i. *to be swollen* with pride 716[7] (text doubtful): u. *to gather dung* (denom from حَلَّةٌ) 444[11] 657[2]

حَلَّلَ *to cover* (with 2 acc's) 207[2] 256[11] 411[13], hence *to smite* a person *with* a weapon (with 2 acc's) 23[18] 1099[4]. مُحَلَّلٌ *vast, comprehensive* 58[18] 715[16] الْحَمَلُ الْمُحَلَّلُ used with reference to the Battle of the Camel 198[8 12]

حِلَّةٌ *a large camel* 944[13] (= 1096[9])

حُلَّةٌ *basket* (for carrying food) 436[6]

جُلَّى *a great enterprise* 69[12] 309[2] 1025[16]

حِلَالٌ (pl. of حُلٌّ) *saddle-cloths* 1097[10]

حَلَائَةٌ *old age* 444[14]

حَلَسٌ *a great calamity* (= حَلَّسٌ) 192[9] (= 236[6]) cf. Mubarrad 745[10]

أَحْلَالٌ (pl. of جَلٌّ) *sails* of a ship 295[13] — see Lisān XIII 128[3] seq.

حلم. حَلَمٌ *shears* 106[14]

حلمد. حَلَامِدُ (pl. of حَلْمُودٌ) *rocks* 527[1] 618[19]

حلو. حَلَا u. *to depart, move away* 1020[3]

حَلَّى *to remove, disperse* (with acc.) 1018[7]. *to uncover* (with عن) i. e. *to gladden* 371[1] (= 366[8])

أَحْلَى *to strip* a fallen enemy (with عن) 1099[1]: *to banish*, حَرْبٌ مُحْلِيَةٌ *a war that results in banishment* 535[11]: for مُحْلِيَةٌ 894[9], see "Additions and Corrections"

اِنْحَلَى *to depart* 1020[14]

اِحْتَلَى *to uncover* (with acc.) 549[15], absol. 709[15]

حِلَاءٌ *eye-salve* 1002[10]

حِلَاوٌ (?) 274[15] (as var.)

مَحَالٌ (pl. of مَحْلًى) *the unveiling* of a bride 14[13]: *those parts of the body which are displayed* 631[11]

حماحم. حُمَاحِمَةٌ see 412[11]. pl. حَمَاحِمُ metaph. *chieftains* 393[11]

حمح. حَمَحَ a. *to be obstinate, restive* 837[9]: *to carry away impetuously* (with ب) 926[6]

حَامِحٌ *restive* 218[17] 979[4], applied to a female 805[17] 839[4], pl. حَوَامِحُ 837[9]. جَامِحَاتُ الْقَصَائِدِ *fast-travelling poems* 981[11]

جِمَاحًا (masd. of جَمَحَ) adv. *in headlong course* 708[10] seq.

حُمَّاحٌ *a headless arrow* 724⁴

حَمُوحٌ (= جَامِحٌ) applied to a female 5⁸

حمد. حِمَادٌ (pl. of حُمْدٌ) *rugged places* 537² — see 233¹⁷ (read حُمْدٌ and وَالْحُمْدُ)

حمر. حَمَّرَ *to confine* an army *to the camp* 356⁶

حُمَرٌ *army* (?) 1086⁷

الْحِمَارُ, الْحَمَرَانُ see Index III

حُمَّرَانٌ see 1091¹⁰

الْتَّحْمِيرُ *the ceremony of throwing pebbles*, performed in the valley of Minā 912¹¹

حمر. حَمَرَ I. *to stride* 91¹⁸

حمس. حُمُوسٌ (pl. of حَامِسَةٌ) *congealed* 563¹⁵

حمس. مُحَمَّسٌ *shaven, smooth* 841⁷

حمع. حَمَعَ a. *to bring lovers together* (said of a place) 821¹³, cf حَامِعَةُ الْبَوَى 270¹: *to be the common ancestor* of two persons or tribes (with acc. or بَيْنَ) 994¹³ seq.: *to do both* one thing *and also* another 646¹ 986¹⁰, pass 585⁴

اسْتَحْمَعَ *to become submissive* 966³

حَمَعٌ — حَجِيجٌ حَمَعٌ *pilgrims assembled* 450⁵

حَمَعٌ — مَاتَتْ حَمَعٌ *she died pregnant* 1043¹¹

حَامِعَةٌ *a collar worn by captives* 383 notes ⁸ seq.: *a large cauldron* 504¹⁷

حِمَاعَةٌ *a period of agreement* (opp. to فِتَنَةٌ) 365⁸ 366¹⁵ 729² ¹¹ 1090¹⁴

حَمْعَانُ see 209¹¹

حَمِيعٌ *entire*, i. e. *uninjured* 833⁷

مَجْمَعٌ — الْمَجْمَعُ *the annual assembly of pilgrims* 958[16] 969[15]: pl. مَجَامِعُ *crowds* 696[10], *crowded places* 699[3], مَجَامِعُ بِنَايَهِ *his waist* 655[15]

جمل. الْجَمَلُ (= يَوْمُ الْجَمَلِ) 80[14] 789[2] (cf. 198[9] seq.)

جُمْلٌ *bond of affection* 159[9] 499[3]

جَامِلٌ coll. *camels* 632[10]

جُمَالَةٌ *a strong she-camel* 479[10]

مُجْمَلٌ *collected, complete* 201[6]

حمم حَمَّ 1., حَامَّ, أَحَمَّ see 566[4] seq

أَسْتَحَمَّ *to suffer to rest* (with acc.) 566[3]

حَمٌّ subst. *a great mass* 296[9], pl. حِمَامٌ *masses of water* 346[8] adj *vast, numerous* 15[3] 309[1] 311[7] 603[12] 604[12] 605[6]

حَمَّةٌ *water collected in a reservoir* 214[15] 1098[12]

حِمَامٌ (pl. of حَمَّةٌ) *heads of hair* 1005[3]

حَمُومٌ *untiring* (epith of a mare) 667[7]

حَمِيمٌ *rich herbage* 108[14]

حمير. حُمَيْرٌ *multitude, army* 938[9]

حُمَيْرٌ *numerous* 994[9]

حنأ. حَنَأَ a. *to turn* (intrans) 586[12]

حنن حَنَّ *to lead alongside of* something (with 2 acc.'s) 654[1] 1064[11], حُنَّانٌ *mares led by the side of camels* 89[15], cf. 95[7]. see also 108[17], and مَحْنُونٌ

تَحَنَّنَ *to march alongside of* another, تَحَنَّنَ رَحْلِي *he accompanied my march* 58[3]

حَنِينٌ *a bag made of camels' hide* du. 691[4]

حَانٌ *the bank of a river* 449[10] 467[17]· *region* 876[5]

حِيَانُ الْبَحْرِ — حِيَانٌ see 43[3] (var. حَيَانٌ)

حَانَةٌ — du حِيَانَيَّ *on each side of me* 1007[1]

حَنِيٌّ *southern* 285[11], see 286[8]

حَنَّةٌ *a camel led by the side of another*, hence *associate, partner* 297[1] 479[7] 540[11]

أَحْنَاءٌ (pl. of حِنْوٌ) *strangers* 681[6]

حُنَّانٌ *a man whose camels yield no milk* 1022[12]

حنب. حِنْبِيٌّ or حِنِّيٌّ *a kind of iron* used for making swords 69[9]

حنح. حَنَحَ a (masd حُنُوحٌ 9[16]) *to bend down* (intrans) 9[15] 767[16] 877[8]: *to decline* (said of the day) 192[2] (= 235[18]) 194[20]

حُنَّحٌ (pl. of حَانِحٌ) *leaning to one side* (said of camels) 502[3]

حُنُوحٌ *id.* (said of men) 563[15]

حَوَانِحُ (pl of حَانِحَةٌ) subst *ribs* of a man 837[5] (cf. 839[1])· adj. *crouching* (said of birds) 443[13]

حَانِحٌ *edge* of a spear-head, du. 638[5]

حدف. حَادِفٌ *short and thickly built* 430[2] 859[14], fem. جُنَادِفَةٌ 132[4]

حدل. حَنْدَلٌ coll. *stones* used as missiles 201[15], pl. حَنَادِلُ *id.* 370[14] 1037[1]

حر. حَارَةٌ — حَارَةُ الشَّيْطَانِ *a corpse handed over to Satan* 904[6]

حيف. جَيِفَ *to act tyrannically* 570[9]

حَيْفٌ *injustice* 494[9]

أَحْيَفُ *bent to one side* 590[16]

حس. جِنٌّ *Jinn* as a type of fierceness 188[3] (cf. 584[18]), كِلَابُ الْجِنِّ i. e *wild beasts* 914[7], نَبْلُ جِنٍّ said of the darts of Love 1031[10],

حِسُّ الْهَوَى *the vehemence of passion* 629[9] cf أُحِسَّ الْهَوَى as an exclamation 992[7] (see Lisān XVI 251[13] seq.)

حِسَّةٌ (= حِسٌّ) 584[18]

حَسَانٌ *mind* 178[16] 436[16] 903[6]

حِسَانٌ (pl. of حَانٌ) *demons* 1[12]

حِسِّيٌّ *demonic*, applied to a beautiful woman 631[11]

أَحِسَّةٌ (pl. of حَسِيسٌ) *embryos* 279[2]

مَحَسَّةٌ *madness* 138[11] (= 567[17]). *a place where someone has been buried* 949[14]

مَحَاسِنُ (pl. of مَحْسُونَةٌ) *tall palm-trees* 291[6]

حسى. حَسَى I. construed with 2 acc.'s 162[14] حَاسِكَ مَنْ حَسَى عَلَيْكَ *he wrongs thee that brings guilt upon thee* 1026[3]

حَسَى النَّحْلِ — i. e. *honey* 549[11]

حيد. حَيَدَ a *to take much of* a thing (acc.), لَا تَحْيَدُ الْسَّرَاتِ 359[11]: pass. *to be starved, exhausted* 20[14] seq. 396 notes [5] 421[12]

حَاعَدَ with 2 acc.'s, حُاعِدُكَ الْعِدَاوَةَ 96[12]

تَحَاعَدَ *to become a matter of importance* 870[15]

حَيْدٌ *starvation* 20[14]: حَيْدَ adv. *at his utmost speed* 382[16], حَيْدَكَ *as far as thou canst* 397[3]

مُحَيَّدٌ or مُحَيَّدٌ *distressed* 800[4]

حبر. حَبَرَ a. *to clear out* a well (acc.) 602[18]

اِحْتَبَرَ *to look at* an object (acc.) 78[8] 361[2]

جَهْرٌ مَحْبُورَةٌ applied to a well 603[2]

حبر. أَحْبَرَ *to despatch* a wounded man (with عَلَى) 470[18]

جبار طُعِنَ فى حَبارِه — جبارٌ *he died* 608[16] cf. 353[7]

جبش . أَجْبَشَ *to be seized with fright* 875[3], cf أَجْهَشَتْ نَفْسى إِلَىَّ 617[8]

جبص . حَبَصَ, أَحْبَصَ see 524 notes [4] seq.

جبل حَبِلَ *to act wildly, fiercely* 188[3]

أَسْتَحْبَلَ *to be incited to violence* 97[1] (see Goldziher "Muhamm. Stud." I 222)

جاحِلٌ *wild, fierce* 224[8] 284[8], pl. حُجَّلٌ 224[8], or حُجَّالٌ 161[11] 284[8]

حَوَلٌ *fierceness* (in men) 161[11]. *liveliness, briskness* (in camels) 558[8]

حاحِلِيَّةٌ (undetermined) *a state of barbarism*, or *paganism* 380[7] 609[1], لِلْحاحِلِيَّةِ 264[3] 563[14]

مَحاحِلُ (pl. of مَحْجَلٌ) *places where there are no way-marks* 55[9], metaph. *mysteries* 604[12]

جبم . جَهامٌ see 1007[4]

جِهامٌ (pl. of جَهْمٌ) *thick, large* 1007[2]

جبهم . جَهْمٌ 769[3]

جوب . حابَ ū *to cleave* (with acc.) 311[3], *to cleave open* (with عن) 91[6]: *to dig* wells (acc.) 242[7]

حاوَبَ *to answer one another* 515[10]

اِنْحابَ *to be removed, dissipated* (said of the darkness) 464[14]

جَوْبٌ *shield* 96[13]

جود . حادَ ū. *to water abundantly* (with acc.) 637[13], 687[12] 1064[7], pass. 615[1]

أَحادَ see 303[3]

تَحَوَّدَ *to choose with care* 947[1]

جَوْدٌ *copious rain* (see 520[5]), applied to the *sweat* of a horse 673[17]

حور. حارَ II. *to turn aside* (intrans.) 33[15], *to take* a person *aside* (with ب of the pers.) 489[11]

تَحَوَّرَ *to fall, collapse* (from weakness) 877[3]

اِحْوَوَرَ *to become neighbours* 2[11]

حَوَرٌ adj. *out of the way* (said of a place) 38[13]

حور. أَحارَ *to give to drink* (with acc. of the pers.) 216[12]: *to give the signal of departure to* the pilgrims (acc.) 450[8], اَلْاِجَارَةُ *the right of giving the signal* 450[6]

تَحاوَرَ *to pass by* (with acc.) 687[13] 906[16]

حائِرَةٌ see 216[12]

حَوارٌ *the act of giving to drink* 216[11] 1034[5]

اَلْحَوْراءُ *the constellation Gemini* 502[6] 950[10] 1008[15] 1012 notes [k]

أَحْوازٌ (pl. of حَوَرٌ) *the middle of the body* 176[5]

حوس. اَلْحَوْساءُ see اَلْحَوْساءُ s. r. حوس

حوع. حَوْعَةٌ — داعِي حَوْعَةٍ *herald of destruction* (?) 1023[3]

حول. أَحالَ — إِحالَةٌ see 289[1]: أُحِلَّتْ مَحاوِلُهُ *it has been settled* 435[5]

حَوْلٌ *side* of a well 598[10], pl. أَحْوالٌ 279[6]

جَوائِلُ (= مَحاوِلُ) see 435[3]

مَحالٌ 288[14], pl. مَحاوِلُ see s. v. أَحالَ

مُتَحالٌ *whirling* (epith. of a dust-cloud) 289[9]

حوم. حامٌ (Persian) *goblet* 364[12]

جون. حَوْنٌ *any dark-coloured object* e. g. dried urine 164[5], the sweat of a camel 687[3], a dark cloud 159[5], the gloom of night 634[7]: fem. حَوْنَةٌ *a sand-grouse* 56[2], اَلْحَوْنَةُ *the setting sun* 929[14]

حُوْرٌ (pl of أَحْوَرُ) epith. of camels, said to mean either *white* or *black* 134[14]

حَوْلِيٌّ see 56[3]

حوه. حَاهٌ (Persian) *dignity, claim to respect* 618[16]

حوو. حَوٌّ *low ground* 122[15] 317[8] 479[4] 618[10], du. 133[1]: *middle* (?) 167[14]

حَوَاءٌ *low ground* 849[3]

حوى. حَوِيَ said of the stomach 395[3]

أَحْوَى *to detest* (with acc.) 100[9] (= 419[5] 767[12])

جَوًى *pain in the stomach* 395[2]: metaph. *passionate desire* 160[5], *thirst for vengeance* 992[15]

جبد. جَبِدَ maṣd. جَبَدٌ see 769[13]

جبر. جَبْرٍ *certainly* 459[14]

جبش. جَاشَ I. *to burst forth*, said of a wound 109[5], of warriors 146[10] (= 328[2]), *to boil over* (like a cauldron) 547[13], with ب 586[13] (cf. 987[10])

اِسْتَجَاشَ *to ask for troops* (with acc. of the pers.) 1079[8]

جَشَّاشٌ epith. of a horse 588[13] (= 932[11] 1081[4]), جَشَّاشُ الْأَحَارِيِّ *id.* 589[7] (= 1080[8]): fem. جَشَّاشَةٌ *a blow which makes the blood spurt forth* 987[9]

ح

حبب. حَبَّذَا as an exclamation (with ب) 630[6] 825[1]

حَبَّةُ الْحَضْرَاءِ — الْحَبَّةُ الْخَضْرَاءُ (= الْبُطْمُ) *the fruit of the terebinth* 709[1]

حَبَابٌ coll. *bubbles* 429[16] 438[15] 449[14] 456[16], أَصَا الْحَبَابِ *pools with a rippling surface* 1032[13]

حبر. حَبْرٌ *a Rabbi* 42[12], pl. أَحْبَارٌ 850[12], سُوءُ الْأَحْبَارِ mentioned by Jarīr 340[4] (see Ḳur'ān V 48, 68)

حُبَارَىٰ (pl. of حُبَارَى) *bustards*, metaph. *cowards* 1020⁹

حُبُرٌ *texture*, properly of a fabric, hence applied to poetry 914⁵ 985⁹

مَحْبُورٌ *well treated* 610⁸

حبس. حَبَسَ i. *to detain* people on a journey 697¹² ¹⁷: intrans. *to halt* 777¹

حَابِسٌ intrans. *cooped up* 324⁹

مَحْبَسٌ *a sheet for a bed* 937¹² (= 440⁸)

مُحَبَّسَةٌ *confined* (said of camels) 456¹⁴

حبس. أَحْبَسَ² see 176¹ (text doubtful)

حبص. حَبَصٌ — حَبَصٌ او بَبَصٌ *any scrap or vestige* 907¹² (see 53²)

حبف. حَبَفَ i. masd. حَبْفٌ (= ضَرْبٌ) 29² 41²

حبك. حَبَكٌ *closely woven*, hence coll. *helmets* 676¹⁷, حَبَكُ النَّبْصِ *id.* 677

مَحْبُوكٌ — مَحْبُوكُ الْقَعَا epith. of the penis 683⁷ 1002⁵

حبل. أُحْبِلَ *to be caught in a net* (حِبَالَةٌ) 681¹⁷

حَابِلٌ *one who lays nets* for wild animals 682¹³

حَبْلٌ metaph. *protection* 591⁸ 913⁶ 936¹¹ 1013³, pl. حِبَالٌ *id.* 198² (= 1058¹¹). du. *kindred* on the father's and mother's side (?) 543¹⁶. pl. حِبَالٌ *long stretches of sand* 687¹⁵

حُبْلَى — الْحُبْلَى applied to Jarir 622⁹ 623¹⁶ pl. حَبَالَى 705⁹

حَبَائِلُ (no singular?) *cords* 604⁴ 605¹⁶

حبلف. حَبَلَّفٌ *short of stature* 915¹²

حبو. حَبَا II. *to crawl* 35¹⁵ 523³ (?) 544⁵: *to be near, appear in view* 345¹¹ 632¹¹ 687⁹: *to bestow a gift* 456¹ (= 1076¹⁴), with ب of the gift and acc. of the pers. 197¹⁷ (= 1058¹⁰) 457⁹ (= 1077¹⁰) 987²

حَابَى *to benefit* a person (acc.) 455¹⁹ (= 1076¹²)

اِحْتَبَى *to sit with the skirt of one's garment rolled up against one's back*, hence *to sit at ease* 183[1] seq. 204[4] 778[3] 802[6 10], *to wait* for (with لِ) 574[12]: تَبْتُ الْمُحْتَبِى a name given by al-Farazdaḳ to a verse of his 774[7] (see 182[15]), مُحْتَبًى *a place where one sits at ease* 712[8] (var. مُحْتَبٍ)

حابٍ *close, near together* حابِى الصُّلُوعِ 978[14]: said of an arrow which nearly hits the target, pl. حَوَابٍ 795[5] seq.

حُبَاةٌ (pl. of حابٍ) *men who sit at ease* 778[2]

حُبْوَةٌ *a skirt rolled up* 204[1] seq. 222[6] 393[13], pl. حُبًى 564[4] 854[11], سُدُّوا الْحُبَى *sit at ease!* 708[8] 854[3] cf. 802[7]

حباء *bestowal* 456[1] (= 1076[14]): *gift* 198[16]

حَبِىٌّ *a spreading cloud*, du. 636[8]

مَحْبُوٌّ *loaded with gifts* 589[12] 1046[9]

حبت. حَتَّ u. *to shake down* fruit 291[6]

حبد. مَحْبِدٌ *lineage* 791[12]

حبر. حَبَارٌ see 249[13]

حبارٌ *the part round the anus* 249[13]

حبس حَابَسَ see 795[7]

حِبْسٌ see 795[8]

حبى. حَتَّى *even*, followed by nomin. 394[4] (= 699[7]): حَتَّى مَدَحْتَهُ *so that thou wast compelled to eulogise him* 497[19]

حبل. حُبَالَةٌ see 97[16]

حبو. حَبَا u. *to scatter money* (absol.) 417[17]

حتحت. حَتَحَتَةٌ du. see 37[8]

حاحِبٌ *the edge* of the sun's disk 929[14]

حاحابٌ — أُلُو الحِحاب epith. of princes 1030[10]

حجم. حَجَّ u. *to visit* a shrine, or any other sacred object (with acc.) 936[9]

مَحَجَّةٌ *route* 427[4]

ححجح. حَاْحَجَ *to retreat* 694 notes[5]

حجر. احْتَجَرَ see 183[6] (var.)

الحِجْرُ *the space* on the north-western side of the Ka'ba 486[11] seq.

حُجْرَةٌ *a compartment of a tent* 360[14]. pl. حُجُرَاتٌ or حُجَرَاتٌ *cattle-pens* 192[10] (= 236[6]), *abodes* in general 540[6] 696[7] (= 747[15])

حَاجِرِيَّةٌ *a bow made at Hajr* 313[5]

الأَحْجَارُ (pl. of حَجَرٌ) *the stones* of the Ka'ba 870[11]. see also Index III s. v.

مُحْجِرٌ or مُحْجَرٌ *the part round the eye* 444[1] (= 441[4]) 509[18], pl. مَحَاجِرُ 279[1] 330[3] (as var.) 441[3] (see 444[2])

حجر. احْتَجَرَ see 183[7] (var.)

احْتَاجَرَ *to occupy a safe position* (?) 581[13] — see also 183[7] (var.)

حاجِرٌ *a ridge of high ground* 780[3], pl. حُجْرَانٌ 780[4]. pl. حَوَاجِرُ *barriers* (in a moral sense) 948[1]

حاجَارٌ *fortress* (metaph.) 612[11]

مَحْجُورٌ *bound with a cord* (حِجَارٌ) 33[2]

حجل. حَجَّلَ *to be covered up* 520[11]

حِجْلٌ *fetter for the foot* 127[6] 166[13] 590[1], du. 894[1], pl. أَحْجَالٌ 277[8] *ankle-ring* (worn by a woman) 1031[10], du. 1044[9]: pl حُجُلٌ *white feet* of horses 507[8], ذو حُجُولٍ *conspicuous* (said of an action) 992[15]

حُجَّلٌ (pl. of حَاجِلٌ) *hopping* (epith. of ravens) 213[4]

حجال (pl. of حَجَلَة) *bed-curtains* 550[15] (construed as sing), 831[11]

مُحَجَّل a horse *with white feet* 1024[18], hence *conspicuous, illustrious* (said of a victory) 939[8]

محاجل (no singular?) *hoppings* of ravens 629[9]

حجم. أَحْجَمَ *to turn away* (intrans.) 19[20] 275[6]

حجن. محاجن (pl. of مِحْجَن) *crooked sticks* 135[2] — for the phrase نَزْكُضَ المَحاجِنَ see under رَكَضَ

حجى. حِجَى *sagacity* 544[2]

حدأ. حِدَأ coll *kites* 91[18]

حدب. حَدِبَ *to show favour* to a person (with على) 402[15] 404[1] 921[2]

حَدَّبَ *id.* 766[11] 901[11]

حَدَب — ذو حَدَب *billowy* (epith. of a sea) 758[13] 791[2]

حَدِب *desirous, eager* 855[11]

حِداب (pl. of حَدَبَة) *low hills* 1036[2]

حدث. حَدَّثَ — حَدَّثَ نَفْسَهُ *to be vain, conceited* 1090[11], *to intend to do* a thing (with ب) 366[18]

أَحْدَثَ *to do* a thing *afresh* (with acc.) 707[10]

حادث *recent* (opp. to قديم) 21[11]

حَدِث *skilled in speech and narration* 25[1]

حَدَثان *misfortune* 448[7] 451[9] 892[13]

حِدْثان prep. *soon after* 1046[5]

حَدَثًا adv. *recently* 370[12] 737[9] 773[6] 1079[10]

أَحْداث (pl. of حَدَث) — كانَ على أَحْداث البَصْرَة *he was appointed to suppress the disturbances at al-Baṣra* 684[6] (see Balādhurī, Gloss. s. v.)

مُحْدَث *new-fangled* (?), i. e. *badly made* (said of a sword) 413^{16} (= 385^{7})

حدج. حِدْج *a woman's litter* 76^{12} seq. 495^{7} (= 656^{17}), pl. أَحْداج 868^{10} 869^{5}

حدد. حَدَّدَ *to be incensed* against a pers. (with لـ) 116^{9}

حَدّاد *jailor* 983^{10}

حَديدَة *the scale* of a balance 497^{5}: pl. حَدائِد *chains, fetters* 982^{9} 990^{6}

مَحْدود *unfortunate* 306^{4} 314^{11} 583^{5}

حدر. حَدَرَ u. or i. *to cast forth, expel* 45^{15}: *to wash down* 177^{7}: *to drive down* 662^{9}

حادِر *stout* 697^{11}, حادِرَة المَناكِب epith. of a mare 675^{10}

حدرج. مُحَدْرَجَة coll. *twisted whip-cords* 618^{8}

حدس. حَدْس *conjecture* 220^{14}

حدل. حُدْل (pl. of أَحْدَل) *lop-sided* 370^{16}

حدم. اِحْدَمَّ *to become very hot* 1085^{9}

حدى. حَدَّى *to make for, attack* (with acc.) 643^{14}

حدد. أَحَدّ *having a scanty tail* (said of a camel) 661^{11}: metaph. *rapid, impossible to arrest* 105^{16}

حدف. حَدَف *a certain kind of sheep, or goat*, having a small body 801^{3} (as var.)

حدمر. حَدامِر (= بأَجْمَعِه) 215^{14}

حدم. حَدَمَ i. *to cut off* 927^{8}, مَحْدوم *mutilated* 927^{12}

أَحْدام 869^{1}, see Additions and Corrections

حذو. أُحْدِيَ *to be shod* (said of camels) 578^{13}

حرب. حَرَبَ u. *to plunder* a person 47^{7} (= 782^{1}) 1024^{17} (text doubtful), with ب of the thing 154^{3}

حَرَّبَ *to anger* 977^{6}

حَرْبٌ construed as masc. 15[15]

حَرَبٌ *ruin* 418[12] (var. هَرَب 1071[4])

حرمن. حُرْمُنٌ *a kind of plant* 208[13]

حرب. حَرَبَ i. *to devote oneself to* a thing (acc.) 947[6]

حِرْبٌ *parentage* 203 notes[3] (as var.)

حرج. حَرَّجَ *to forbid* (with على of the pers.) 417[8]

حَرَجَانُ — يَوْمُ الحَرَجَانِ see Index IV s. v. الحَرَجَان

حَرْحَحَةٌ *small thicket* 470[13]

أَحْرَاجٌ (pl. of حُرُجٌ?) *ostriches' eggs* 456[4] (as var.)

حَرَاحِيجُ (pl. of حُرْحُوجٌ) *tall camels* 559[3]

حرحف. حُرْحُفٌ *hurricane* 560[3] 596[12]

حرد. حَرَّدَ *to anger* 677[17]

حَارَدَ *to yield little, be niggardly* 610[17]

حَارِدٌ *furious* (epith of a lion) 22[17] 990[12], pl. حَوَارِدُ 987[6]

حِرْدٌ *anger* 570[3]

حَرِدٌ see 216[8] seq.

حُرُودٌ *the act of fleeing* 666[11]

حَرِيدٌ *solitary* 581[17] 649[5]

حَرْدَاءُ see Index III s. v.

أَحْرَدُ an animal *having an injured fore-foot* 216[13] 483[3] 800[7], pl. حُرْدٌ 593[10], or حُرْدَانٌ 216[8] (as var.)

حرر. أَحَرَّ *to thirst for vengeance* 526[16]

حَرٌّ *the middle* of a thing (=حَوْرٌ), حَرُّ بِلَادِهِم 393[3], حَرُّ السَّبْدَف 845[15],

حُرّ وَجْهِه 147[14] (cf. 574[3]), pl. حُرّاتُ الوُجُوهِ applied to the faces of women 89[12], to the faces of camels 559[8]: pl. الأَحْرارُ *the free*, i. e. the Persian nobles 645[7], بنو الأَحْرارِ *id.* 645[1 16]

حُرارٌ see 1007[14]

حَرّانُ *thirsty* metaph. 1046[18], pl. حَرارَى 233[12] 253[11]

حَرُورٌ (fem) *hot wind* 516[6] 529[14] 756[1]

حَرُورِىٌّ 983[11]

حَرُورِيَّةٌ abstract from حَرُورٌ 623[7]· see also Index III s. v. الحَرُورِيَّةُ

أَحْرارٌ see above, s v. حُرٌّ

مُسْتَحِرٌّ *violent* (said of a battle) 349[3]

حرر. حَرَّرَ *to insert* 641[16]

أَحْرَزَ *to seize, appropriate to oneself* (with acc.) 163[11] 191[17] 505[13] *to preserve* 313[2] 423[9] 725[6] 836[11] 877[3]

حِرْزٌ *refuge* 178[1] 658[10]

حَرِزٌ *one who seeks refuge* 649[5]

حرس. حَرَسٌ 1., حَرَّسَ see 946 notes[5]

أَحْرَسَ *to hunt* lizards (acc.) 447[3]

حرسف. حَرَسْفٌ *a troop of men on foot* 572[10]

حرص. حِرْصٌ *a kind of plant* (called also أُسْنانٌ) 318[5]

حرف. حَرَّفَ *to turn aside* (intrans) 561[1], with عن 49[1]

حَرْفٌ *a lean she-camel* 479[10] 618[9] 823[9] 891[13]. *phrase, formula* 796[4], pl. حُرُوفُ الصِّفاتِ *prepositions* 913[8] 916[9]

مُحَرَّفٌ *distorted in figure* (?) 978[14]

مُحارِفٌ (?) 893[11] (as var.)

حرمس. اِحْرَنْفَشَ *to raise the crest*, metaph. *to boast* (with ب) 5[1]

حرف. الحارِدِين *two sinews in the thigh* 978[12] 1017 notes[2] (as var.)

حرفص. حَرافِص (pl. of حُرْفُوص) *small beetles* 157[8]

حرفف. حَرافِف (pl. of حَرْفَفَة) *the hip-joints* (called also العُرْقُوبان) 71[17]

حرك. حَرَاك see 53[2] seq.

حرم. حَرَمَ i. *to withhold, deprive* (with 2 acc.'s) 585[4]

حُرْمَة — حُرْمات اللّٰه 1058[15] (see Ḳur'ān XXII 31)

مَحْرُوم *unsuccessful* (said of implements) 632[6]

مَحارِم (pl. of مَحْرَم) *bonds of kinship* 900[3]

حرمل. حَرْمَل coll. *rue* 544[5] 708[4]

حرحر. حَرْحَر see 440[10]

حرر. حَرَّ u *to become sour* (said of milk) 661[1]

حارّ *sour milk* 675[17]; adj *sour* 676[15]

حَرّ *sour milk* 929[11]

حَرُور *a full-grown youth* 864[1]

حرر. حَرّ *moment, occasion* 30[10]

حَرّ *rough ground* 271[16] 634[14] 1003[6] 1023[3], pl. أَحِرّ 61[16] 673[5]

حَرارات *pangs* 371[6] 776[7]

حرف. الحورمّد (?) see 709[4]

حرم. حُرْم *a stony hill* 998[7], pl. حُرُوم 175[8]

حُرْمَة *a bundle* of firewood 930[12]

حَرامَة — أُمّ حَرامَة *a heavy blow* (?) 409[18] (cf. 672[7], also أُمّ كَنْسان *kick*, Mubarrad 637[1])

حَرْوَم *breast* 41, du. *prominent parts* 618[10], pl. حَبارِم 502[3], or حسارِم 343[12] 754[7]

أَحْرَم *rough ground* 1081[2] (text doubtful)

مَحْرِم *girth* of a camel 479[14]

حرن. حُرُون (pl. of حَرُون) *rough places* 188[13]

حَرُونَة *id.* 162[4] 288[6] 301[13]

حرى. حارِنَة *a female soothsayer* 373[6]

حُرَاة (pl. of حارٍ) *soothsayers* 661[11]

حسب. حَسَبَ a. used parenthetically, أَحْسَبُ *as I think*, i e. *if I be not mistaken* 1095[8]

حَسَّبَ *to ascertain by inquiry* (?) 428[5]

احْتَسَبَ *to reckon* the death of a person *as a claim to reward* (with acc. of the pers.) 282[7]

أَحْسَاب (pl. of حَسَب) *celebrated persons* (= ذَوُو حَسَب) 147[16]

مُحاسِب — مُحاسِبُ الأَعْمال epith. of God 283[17]

حسر. اسْتَحْسَرَ *to become weary* 196[4]

حَسِير *weariness* (lit. *weary part*) 515[17]

حسس. حَسَّ u. *to shrivel* (said of fire) 74[12]. i. *to feel tenderness* for a person (with لـ) 83[4]

حِس *a feeling of tenderness* 83[3]: *a swift mare* (?) 673[12] — see Aghānī X 45[9]

حسك. حَسَكَة *rancour* 740[14]

حسل. حَسَلَ (u. or i.?) *to leave a remnant* 97[15]

حَسِيل *remnant, worthless fragments* (= حُسالَة) ibid.

حسم. حُسامٌ epith. of a sword 947[1] 1012[11] 1016[10]: du. *sword-edges* 625[1]

حسن. حَسْنَ or حُسْنَ, followed by ما 41[12] seq.

حَسَنٌ coll. a kind of shrub 190[11] 192[1] (= 235[17])

حسى. حَسَّى *to give to drink* (with acc. of the pers.) 52[9] (= 785[9])

تَحَسَّى *to drink* (with acc.) 406[16]

حسد. حَسَدَ I. *to come together* for battle 146[10] 656[4]. *to join* in supporting a person (with لـ) 458[15] (= 1077[15]) 1073[4]

حَسْدٌ see حَلَدٌ

حَواسِدُ (pl of حاسِدٌ) *massed together*, epith. of waves or streams 982[1]

حسر. حُسْرٌ (= حُسُرٌ?) *slender, tapering*, epith. of أَلَّةٌ 406[11]

حُسارَةٌ see 97[16]

حسس. حَسَّ II. *to fill, stuff*, used of feeding horses (with 2 acc.'s) 107[16], pass. كَأَنَّ الرَّحْلَ حُسَّ حَوْنَهُ *as if the saddle were filled with* (i. e. borne on the back of) *a sand-grouse* 56[2]: *to supply* a fire *with fuel* (with acc. of the fire and ب of the fuel), applied to war 481[7] 567[6] 1032[13], pass. 366[1], used also of a literal fire 900[2] — for تَحْسُسٌ 106[16], see "Additions and Corrections"

حَسّاسٌ (pl. of حاسٌ) *those who gather fodder* 108[5]

حَسَاسَةٌ *a last breath, gasp* 344[16] 518[17], see also 54[13]

حسو. حَسا II. *to wound in the intestines* 328[9]

حَسْوٌ *dregs* of a tribe 323[13] 377[6]

حَسايا (pl of حَسِيَّةٌ) *couches* 347[9]

حصب. حَصَبَ I *to scatter pebbles* 617[2]

حاصِبٌ *a violent wind* 810[12]

حصد. مُحْصَدٌ *firmly twisted*, said of a rope 801[14]

مُسْتَحْصِدٌ *firm*, said of the muscles 605[5]

حصر. حَصَرٌ *stinginess* 459[18]

حَصُورٌ *stingy* 324[16]

حصص. حَصَّ u. (?), maṣd. حِصَاصٌ, see 41[3]

أَحَصُّ *hairless* 681[14], fem. حَصَّاءُ 5[8]

حصل. مُحَصَّلٌ *summed up* 713[13]

مَحَاصِلُ (pl of مُحَصَّلٌ?) *results* 604[9] 714[14]

حصم. حَصَمَ I. see 41[3]

حصن. حِصَانٌ *a thorough-bred horse* 880[16], pl حُصُنٌ 354[15] 814 notes[1] (as var), or حُصُنٌ 937[9]

حَوَاصِنُ (pl. of حَاصِنٌ) *chaste women* 911[12] 939[7]

حصى. حَصًى (or حَصَا 913[2] 1099[2]) *number*, especially *the sum total* of a tribe 187[9] 568[2 17] 571[4] 572[3] 870[18] 1037[14]

حَصَاةٌ *intelligence* (?) 1086[9] [see Ḥamāsa 632[24]]

حصر. أَحْصَرَ *to run* 154[18]

حَاضِرٌ coll. *those who settle in a place*, hence *men slain in battle* 391[17] 392[5]

حَاضِرَةٌ coll *settled tribes*, or *families* (as opposed to بَادِيَةٌ) 984[16]

حِصَارٌ *the act of racing*, hence *rivalry* 43[15] 247[3] 253[3] 859[8] (text doubtful)

حُضُورٌ (pl of حَاضِرٌ) persons *present* 140[13] 305[14]

حَصِرٌ see 531[6]

مُحَاصَرَةٌ (=حِصَارٌ, see above) 900[15]

مُحْتَصِرٌ *lying* in a place (acc.) 478[2]

مُحْصِرٌ *swift* (epith. of a horse) 923[12]

حصص. حَصَصٌ *the foot of a hill* 213[16] 489[10]

حصن. حِصْنٌ metaph. *depth* of darkness, du. 618[18]

حطب. حَطْبٌ *the act of gathering fire-wood*, hence حَطْبِي فِي حَتْفِهِم *my aiding them* 428[9]

حَطَّابَةٌ *a place where fire-wood is gathered* (?) 214[15]

حطط. حَطَّ u. *to press down* (with ب) 800[7]: *to reduce* an amount (acc.) 193[14] seq.

أَحْطَطَ *to drag down* (with acc) 68[3] 309[10]

حَطَاطٌ coll. *pustules* 5[8]

حطم. حَطِيمٌ *crushed* 900[9]

حُطَمَةٌ *a kind of cuirass* 485[18] 623[15] (= 320[10] 650[13])

حُطَامٌ *broken in pieces* 1026 notes[5]

الحَطِيمُ i. e. the semicircular wall on the north-western side of the Ka'ba 118[5] 798[9]

مُحَطَّمٌ *crumbled* (said of hail-stones) 42[15]

حظر. حَظَارٌ *an enclosure* (for cattle, etc.) 361[8]

حظظ. حَظِيظٌ *endowed with, possessed of* (with ب) 1025[5]

حظو. حَظِيَ *to obtain favour* 798[6]. *to gain the victory* 419[11]

حُظْوَةٌ, حِظْوَةٌ — حُظْوَةُ جَدٍّ *good luck* 989[12]

حَظِيَّةٌ *favourite wife* (with ب of the husband) 874[15]

حفف. حُفَافٌ *a harmless species of snake* 5[2] seq. (read الحُفَافُ) 968[8]

حفر. حَفْرٌ *a well* 516[10] 593[1], pl. أَحْفَارٌ 343[9]

حُفْرَةٌ *a grave* 381[7]

حَفِيرٌ *earth dug out* to make a well 13[18]

حَفِيرَةٌ (= حَفِرَةٌ, see above) 910[9]

مِحْفَارٌ *spade* 847[8] (cf. 875[2])

حفر. حَفَرَ i. *to thrust* with a spear 47[13] 146[15] (= 328[12]) 327[12], pass. 710[9]. *to urge on* 313[5]

حفظ. حافَظَ *to display zeal* 708[4] 922[12], maṣd. حِفاظٌ 295[10] 777[3]

أَحْفَظَ *to provoke, anger* a person (acc.) 127[1] 488[6], مُحْفِظاتٌ *provocations* 83[3]

حَفِيظَةٌ *zeal, ardour* 10[5] 13[18] 461[10] 603[9], pl. حَفائِظُ *things that excite zeal* 22[10]

مُحَفَّظٌ *roused to anger* 1030[8]

حفف. حَفَّ i. *to rustle* 968[6], maṣd. حَفِيفٌ 242[17] 339[14] 968[6]: u. *to surround* (with acc) 1087[3]

اِسْتَحَفَّ *to seize* (with acc.) 302[16] 647[16], pass. 312[4]

مِحَفَّةٌ *a kind of litter* 657[20]

حفل. حَفَلَ i. *to care about* (with acc) 666[12] 825[6] 832[13] 920[10]

اِحْتَفَلَ *to rush*, see 15[11] seq.

حُفَّلٌ (pl of حافِلٌ) *ready to be milked* (said of sheep) 11[1], حُفَّلُ الضَّرْعِ *with full udders* 370[5]

حَفَلٌ *torrent* 15[10]

حُفالَةٌ see 97[16]

مُحافَلَةٌ *effort, struggle* (?) 257[3]

حقب. اِسْتَحْقَبَ *to convey* a message (acc.) 1083[7]

حِقابٌ *a woman's girdle* 166[13] 433[12] 1029[10]

حَفِيدَة *a cushion placed behind the saddle* 192⁴ (= 235²⁰), pl. حَفَائِد 317¹¹ 883 notes ³ (as var) 921⁵

أَحْفَاف (pl. of حَفَف) *hind-girths* of camels 347⁶: (pl. of حُفّ or حُفّ) *times, years* 411¹³

حَفَّفَ *made to ride behind another* on the same beast 147¹⁵

حفر. مَحْقَرَة *contempt* 1068⁹

حفف. أَحْفَف *slender in the girth* (epith of a gazelle) 598⁷

حفف. اِحْتَفَّ *to dispute, wrangle* 307¹¹

حُفّ *a round box* 1045⁷ [see Dīnawarī 45⁵ = Ṭabarī I 824³]

حِفَّة *a she-camel of mature age* 205¹⁵

حَافّ *centre* 235¹³

حَفِيظَة *that which one is bound to defend* 692¹⁵ 702¹⁶, pl. حَفَائِظ 781⁴

حفل. حَوَافِل (pl. of حَوْفَل) *old men* 3⁴

أَحْفَال (pl. of حَفَلَة) *a disease which attacks camels in the belly* 321⁹

مُحَوْفَل *decrepit* 1044¹⁸

حفن. حَفَن u. *to preserve* milk in a skin-bottle for churning 948⁴ seq.

حفو. حَفْو *waist*, du. حَفْوَا نَشْبِهَا 985³, pl. أَحْفَاء 752¹³

حكك. حَكَّ u — حَكَّتْ بَرْكَهَا *she knelt down with her full weight on her breast* (applied primarily to a she-camel) 311⁶ — cf. Ḥamāsa 145¹⁷, where we should read بَرَكَهَا

حَكْحَكَ *to rub oneself* against a thing, hence *to remain* in a place (with ب) 1037⁴

حكم. حَكَمَ u *to reach the utmost point*, i. e. *to attain to old age* 65⁹ [see Ibn Ḳutaiba Sh. 104¹⁹]

حَكَّمَ *to restrain* (absol.) 65[2]

أُحْكِمَ *to be tightened* (said of a rope) 588[8] (= 1081[7])

حَكَمٌ *judge*, du حَكَمَا قُرَيْشٍ i. e. ʿAbd-Manāf and Hāshim 224[9]

حَكَمٌ (pl. of حَكَمَةٌ) *curbs* for horses, hence *restraint, tyranny* 645[17]

حَكَمَاتٌ *curbs* 50[2] (see 65[7])

أَحْكَمُ *most resolute* 988[1]

اِحْكَامٌ *arbitration* 1019[4]

مُحْكَمَةٌ *a verse of the Ḳur'ān* 1029[14]

مُسْتَحْكِمٌ *firm, staunch* 986[3]

حلأ. حَلَأَ *to drive away, repel* 87[10] 174[9] 659[9], مُحَلَّأَةٌ camels *kept away* from the water 1008[3]

حلب. أَحْلَبَ *to help* (with acc.) 574[16], مُحْلِبٌ *helper* 39[4] 297[5] 646[1] — see also "Additions and Corrections" note on 894[9]

حَلَبٌ *fresh milk* 924[1], metaph *benefit* 982[12] (as var.) حَلَبِي وَحَسْبِي i. e. *all my powers* 145[13] (as var.)

حُلَّبٌ *a plant on which antelopes feed* 280[7]

حُلَّةٌ *a troop of race-horses* 43[12], pl. حُلَلٌ 488[13]

الحالبان *the two veins of the thigh* 36[2] 480[5]; for 673[17] see قَعَرَ

حَلَائِبُ (regarded by some as an irregular plural of حُلَّةٌ) *troops of cavalry who come to assist some one* 196[8] 197[12] 582[17] 609[1] [see Lisān I 322[8]]

حَلَبٌ *fresh milk* 929[11]

أَحَالِبُ (pl. of إِحْلَابَةٌ) *draughts of milk sent home from the pasture-grounds* 836[14] (= 299[12])

حلحل. تَحَلْحَلَ *to move away* (intrans.) 129[11] 188[4]

حلس. حِلْسٌ *a cloth placed under the saddle*, hence a she-ass is called أُمُّ حِلْسٍ 466[8], pl. أَحْلاسٌ 62[14]

مُحْلَسٌ furnished with a حِلْس — مُحْلَسات بالسُّرُوج said of mares 458[6]

حلف. حَلَفَ i. followed by عَلَى قَسَمٍ 922[15]

حالَفَ metaph. *to remain in* a place (acc.) 1000[11]

حَلْفٌ *the act of swearing* 52[7]

حَلْفَةَ as an exclamation (= حَلْفَةُ حِلْفَةَ) 21[12]

حلف حَلَّفَ *to soar in spirals* (said of an eagle) 946[4] 984[10], مُتَحَلِّف *revolving* (said of a star) 1046[13]

حَلَفَةٌ *a coat of mail* 639[8]

حالِفٌ *a bare mountain* 680[9], pl. حَوالِف 1015[13]

حُلافَةٌ *hairs shaven off* 705[11]

المُتَحَلَّف *that which is marked with a circle*, a name applied to the camels of the Banū Zurāra 228[12]

حلقم حَلاقِمُ (pl. of حُلْقُومٌ) *throats* 375[10]

حلل. حَلَّ i. *to be accomplished* (said of a vow) 540[7] u *to be situated* (said of an abode) 758[8]

حَلَّلَ *to become quit of an oath* (absol.) 1025[13], with ب 1086[2]

حالَّ *to alight together* 48[8] (= 782[13])

احْتَلَّ *to be situated* (said of an abode) 1064[3] *to dwell* 1082[8]

الحِلَّةُ coll. (as opposed to الخُمُس) 666[17]

حُلَّةٌ *a suit of clothes* 416[5] 464[3] seq., pl. حُلَلٌ 187[19] 223[9]

حَلِيلٌ *husband* 824[5], حَلِيلَةٌ *wife* 876[1]

إِحْلِلٌ *orifice* 855[9], pl أَحَالِلُ 527[1]

مِحْلَالٌ *a place suitable for dwelling in* 278[10] 780[3]

حلم. اِحْتَلَمَ *to become mature* (said of a youth) 926[8], maṣd. 536[8]

حَلَمٌ coll. *ticks* in a skin 935[13]

حَلِمٌ adj. *suffering from ticks* 294[7]

حَلَمَةٌ *a kind of shrub* 490[7]

أَحْلَامٌ (pl. of حِلْمٌ) *minds*, hence *persons* (used contemptuously) 804[11] 827[9]

حلو. حَلَا u *to be sweet* 421[20] (var اِحْلَوْلَى 422[1])

حَلَاةٌ *softness* 267[12]

حلى. حَلَى see 54[3]

حمم. حَمَّ *to grow lean, waste away* 858[1] (read حَمَّ?)

حمد. أَحْمَدَ *to find praiseworthy* 565[1]

حمر. حَمَّرَ *to speak the language of Ḥimyar* 814[16]

حُمَرَةٌ *erysipelas* 840[10] seq.

حُمُرَاتٌ (pl. of حِمَارٌ) 232[15] 280[17]

حِمِرٌ *violent* (epith. of rain) 520[5]

حَمْرَاءُ epith. of a hurricane (so called because the air is *red* with dust) 560[3]

حُمَيْرَاءُ applied to a woman 128[3] (as var.)

حمس. حَمِسَ *to become furious* (said of a battle) 585[7]

الْحُمْسُ see 665[18](?) 666[17](?)

أَحْمَسِيٌّ see 176[4] (as var.)

حمس. أَحْمَسَ *to anger* 927[12]. pass. *to be stirred up* (said of war) 224[11]

حمض. أَحْمَضَ *to feed* camels *with salt herbage*, applied metaph. to women (with 2 acc.'s) 925[18]: *to communicate a salt taste* (said of a skin-bottle) 921[14], hence مُحْمِضُ الوِطَابِ, said of camels, 921[10] (text doubtful)

حَمْضٌ *salt herbage* 674[2]

حَامِضَةٌ *a camel that eats salt herbage* 39[18]

حَمِضَةٌ *id.* 40[1]

حماط. حَمَاطٌ, coll. *certain desert shrubs* (explained by حُمَّاض *sorrel*) 490[7] — see also 855 notes[3] seq.

حمف. حَمِفٌ *stupid* 846[11]

مُنْحَمِفٌ *humbled, abased* 1025[15]

حمل. حَمَلَ i. *to attribute* a thing to some cause (with acc and على) 350[1]

اِحْتَمَلَ trans. *to mount* a person (acc.) *on a beast* 48[5] (= 782[10]): *to carry off* captives (acc.) 1088[5]: intrans *to be stirred up* against some one (with على) 927[11]

حَوَامِلُ (pl. of حَامِلَةٌ) *troops who attack* (?) 622[8]

حُمُولٌ (pl. of حِمْلٌ) *loads*, i. e. *women* borne on camels 271[6] 676[7] 869[5]

حُمْلَانٌ *a beast*, or *beasts, for riding* 610[6] — see Ṭabarī Gloss. s. v.

حَمَائِلُ (pl of حَمُولَةٌ) *beasts of burden* 630[5]

حُوَيْمِلٌ (dimin. of حَامِلٌ) 116[16] seq.

مَحْمِلٌ *burden*, hence *weight* 819[2]

مَحَامِلُ (pl. of مِحْمَلٌ) *sword-belts* 995[2]

حملج. حِمْلَاجٌ *goldsmiths' bellows* 214[6]

حملف. حَمَالِيفُ (pl. of حِمْلَافٌ) *the interior of the eye-lids* 131[1] 838[12]

حمم. حَمَّمَ *to blacken* 320[16]. مُحَمَّم *blackened* 83[1], hence, as a noun of place, *a smith's forge* 776[3]

حُمَّم *blackness* 818[7] (var. حُمَم)

حُمَم *charcoal* 339[12] 377[10] 801[10] 967[8]

أَحَمّ *black* (with soot, etc.) 853[8]: *sunburnt* 175[5]

حَمِيم *kinsman* 667[5]

حمن. حَمْنَان coll. *ticks* 902[13]

حمى. حَمَى I. *to be a defender* (absol.) 898[15]. *to render* a place *inaccessible to* some one (with 2 acc's) 255[13]

حامَى *to be a defender* (absol.) 194[14] 1016[17]

أَحْمَى *to defend, render inaccessible* (with acc.) 493[17] 997[5], with acc. and على 509[4] 903[9]

تَحامَى *to avoid, keep aloof from* an object (acc.) 803[14] 804 notes [4], pass 514[5]

حِمَا (in rhyme for حِمًى) 63[15]

حُمَّى *heat* 294[2]

حام *hot* 8[7] 502[9]: subst. *a hot day* 1008[3]

حامِيَة *defender* (masc.) 235[11] 1066[13]: *line of defence* 674[3]: pl. حَوَامٍ *painful effects* 121[10]: *slopes of a mountain* 274[16] 1015[18]

حنل. حُنْثُل *short of stature* 758[4]

حنث. حَوانِث see under حنو

حنم. حُنْثُم coll. *wine-jars* 904[9]

حندس. حَنادِس (pl. of حِنْدِس) *gloomy* 232[5]

حنط. أَحْنَط *to embalm* metaph. 1069[18]

حنف. تَحَنَّفَ *to perform religious exercises* 595[18]

حَنَفٌ *a twist in the foot* of a horse 95[11]

حُنُفٌ (pl. of أَحْنَفُ) 95[13]

حَنِفٌ *a heathen* (in the mouth of a Christian) 314[15]. metaph. (= فَرِيجٌ) 378[11]

حنف. أَحْنَفَ *to grow lean* 841[11] (as var.) 842[9]

حِنَافٌ (pl. of حَنِفٌ or حَنِفٌ?) *angry* 716[6]

مُحْنَفٌ *angered* 1046[18]

مَحَانِيفُ (pl of مِحْنَافٌ?) *lean* (?), said of camels 716[2]

حنكل. حَنْكَلٌ explained as *short of stature, swarthy*, or *old* 878[14], fem. حَنْكَلَةٌ 878[13], pl. حَنَاكِلُ 23[4]

حس. حِسٌّ coll. *a species of demons* 129[6]

حِسَّةٌ *wife* du 410[1] (= 672[8])

حَسَّانٌ *moaning* (adj.), حَسَّانَةُ الرِّيحِ epith. of a storm 596[12]

حنو. حنا II. intrans. *to turn* towards some one for protection (with إلى) 197[15] (= 1058[9]), said of a gazelle turning towards its fawn (with لـ) 631[14]

حِنْوٌ *a bend in a valley* 638[14] *the bone above the eye* 441[9]: pl أَحْنَاءٌ *the sides* of a well 1022[10]: *the coils* of a serpent 1039[7] metaph. *difficulties, complications* 216[15]

حَوَانِيُّ (pl. of حانُوتٌ) 684[10]

مَحْنِيَةٌ *a bend in a valley* 50[16] (= 784[6]) 447[10]

حوب. حَابَ II. *to transgress* against something (with بـ) 101[8]

حُوبٌ *wickedness* 57[17]

حَوْنَة *tenderness, affection* 381[6] (see Lisān I 326[25] seq.)

حوب. اَلْحَوْبُ *the name of a constellation* 520[8]

حوج. حَاجٌ (pl. of حَاجَةٌ) 427[11]

حود. حَادَ u. *to overcome* (with acc.) 1099[1] (text doubtful)

حور. حَارَ u. *to come back* 41 notes[4] (as var.)

أَحَارَ *to swallow* 9[2] 519[7] 522[4]

حَارَةُ — حَارَةُ الْمَوْتِ *battle-field* 116[1], حَارَةُ الْوَغَا *id.* 987[9] [see Ṭabarī Gloss s. r. حور]

حَوَارٌ or حِوَارٌ *answer* 257[5] 586[6]: *speech* in general 645[14]

حُوَارٌ *young camel* 816[7] (= 1093[6]) 846[3] 863[1]

حُوَّارَى *white flour* 867[10] (= 890[6])

اَلْحَوَارِيُّ *the Apostle*, a title applied to az-Zubair ibn al-ʿAwwām 591[8] seq. 695[1] seq. 751[17] 997[7], حَوَارِيُّ الرَّسُولِ *id.* 833[1]: pl اَلْحَوَارِيُّونَ see 867[11] (= 890[6])

حَوِيرٌ see 257[6]

مَحَارٌ *return* 89[17]

مِحْوَرٌ *the pin* of a pulley, metaph. 1002[4]

مَحْوَرٌ *answer* 435[5] seq.

مُحَاوَرَةٌ *utterance* 1034[12]

حور. حَارَ u *to be victorious* (absol.) 1023[9], metaph. applied to the darkness which *takes possession* of the sky 1009[1] *to bring together* (with acc.) 658[8] (text doubtful)

حَوَّزَ *to drive* camels *to the water* 91[15]

حوس. اَلْحَوْسَاءُ (var. اَلْحَوْسَاءُ) a name given by Jarīr to a poem 847[6]

حوس. حائِسٌ *a grove* of palm-trees 573[14]

حوص. تَحاوَصَ *to blink* 588[5]

حوص. حَوَّصَ *to provide* a place (acc.) *with cisterns* 514[1]

حَوْصٌ metaph. *power, resources* 77[15] 915[16] 958[12] 980[11]: for حَوْصُ الحِمارِ see Index III s. v. عالِبُ بنُ صَعْصَعَةَ

حوط حاطَ II. *to guard, defend* (with acc.) 64[13] (as var.) 598[14] 649[9]

حائِطٌ a moveable *screen* made of reeds 616[10] seq.

حُوّاطٌ (pl. of حائِطٌ) *guardians* 589[12]

حوف. حافَةٌ du. حافَتَيْهِ as prep. *by the side of it* 858[14]

حوف. حُوفٌ (= ما حَوْلَ الكَمَرَةِ) 592[10]: for حُوفُ الحِمارِ see Index III s. v. عالِبُ بنُ صَعْصَعَةَ

حوك. حَوْكٌ applied to the *weaving* of poetry 985[9]

حول. حالَ II. *to cease to shed rain* (said of clouds) 1033[6]. حالَ فِي مَتْنِ فَرَسِهِ *he leapt upon the back of his horse* 582[11]

حاوَلَ *to attack* (with acc.) 221[17] *to be on the point* of doing something (with أَنْ) 478[14]

أَحالَ *to attack* (with عَلَى) 957[3]. *to last for a year* 537[9], partic. مُحِيلٌ 537[4] 629[13] — see also below

تَحَوَّلَ *to move from one place to another*, said of a tribe 307[5] 408[1] 587[14], said of a rider who changes his mount 366[10]: *to be metamorphosed into* something (acc.) 260[14] 277[1] (= 294[6])

اِسْتَحالَ *to gaze at* a distant object (acc.) in order to see whether it be moving 805[4]

حائِلٌ *barren* (said of a she-camel) 1045[7 11], pl. حُوَّلٌ applied to she-asses 3[14] (= 6[4]) — see also 480[3]

حَوْلٌ *crafty* 59⁹

حَوْلٌ *year* 74¹⁵ 173⁸ 302⁴ 831⁴ ¹¹

حَوْلِيٌّ *that has lasted a year* 164⁵

حَوَالَيْ prep. *round* 348²

حِيَالٌ *barrenness* (in a she-camel), metaph 437¹²

حِيَالَ prep. *opposite* 235¹² 653⁴, حِيَالَ *id* 653⁵

مَحَالٌ coll. *vertebrae* 505³

مَحَالَةٌ *a pulley* for drawing water, metaph. 1002⁴: لَا الْمَحَالَةَ (= لَا مَحَالَةَ *inevitably*) 149¹⁵ cf the Kitāb-al-Muʿammarīn ed Goldziher p 12¹, where the MS likewise has الْمَحَالَة

مُحَوَّلٌ *refuge, means of escape* 202¹³ 707¹⁴, مُحَوَّلُ رَحْلٍ *id.* 694¹⁷

مُحِيلٌ *changing* (intrans) 61¹³

حوم. حَوْمٌ *a great mass* (of water, etc.) 758⁸ 763⁸

حَوْمَةٌ *id.* 264³ 407¹ 467⁵ 957¹¹ 987 notes ⁴ (as var), pl. حَوْمَاتٌ 375¹³ 467¹³ 743¹⁶ 752¹

حَوَائِمُ (pl of حَائِمَةٌ) *hovering*, applied primarily to birds 763⁴, hence to camels *pressing towards the water* 615¹⁶, to lances *thirsting for blood* 390⁵, to hearts *pining for love* 395² 962¹³ — in the phrase وَخَصَّ السَّوَافِيَاتِ الْحَوَائِمِ 371⁷ the first two words seem to refer to سُوف (verse 45) and the last to النُّفُوس (verse 46)

حَوْمَانٌ *stony ground* 890¹, nom unit حَوْمَانَةٌ 826², du. 394¹³

تَحَوُّمٌ *the act of wandering, hovering* round an object 39¹

حوو. أَحْوَى *dark-coloured* (applied to luxuriant herbage) 108¹⁴, pl حُوٌّ applied to horses 154⁸ 456¹⁵

حوى. حَوَى I. *to seize* 584²⁰ 611³ 809¹⁰ 835¹¹ (= 482⁷) 991⁴

حوا *a camp* of nomads 821[1]

خَوَايَا (pl. of خَوِيَّة) *cushions* on which women ride 658[4]

حنن حَيْثُ *when* 366[6]· حَيْثُ *where* 192[1] (= 235[17])

حدد حَادَ I. *to avoid* (with عن) 436[5]

حرر تَحَيَّرَ *to be whirled about* by the wind 516[6]. *to wander about* 1095[4]

اِسْتَحَارَ *to remain stationary* (said of a cloud) 849[3], مُسْتَحِيرٌ *still water* 3[11]

حَائِرٌ *a pool* 677[9], pl. حَوَائِرُ 292[5]: حَائِرَاتٌ *wandering* (?) epith of ostriches 456[3]

حِيرِيُّ الذَّكَرِ — حِيرِيٌّ (= أَلَدُّ) 31[1]

حمص حِمَاصٌ (= لَمُ الْخَمْصِ) 476[11]

حنف حَنَفٌ *injustice* 57[15]

حنف اَلْحَنَفُ *the circuit*, i. e the mountains of Ḳāf 468[1] (as var)

حين I. حَانَ *to perish* 35[13] 776[17] 940[10] — see حَائِنٌ below

تَحَيَّنَ *to watch for the time of* a thing (acc.) 187[15]

حَائِنٌ *a fool* (see Ṭabarī, Gloss.) 879 notes [2] seq (as var), pl حَائِنُونَ 29[3]

حَيْنٌ *folly* 170[17] 240[18] 323[8] 538[5] 914 notes [4] (as var) 949[3] 990[15]

حمو أَحْمَى *to have a fertile season* 462[11] 463[12 19]

اِسْتَحْمَى *to spare* a person some pain (with acc of the pers and عَنْ) 177[6]

حَمِيَ — وَالشَّمْسُ حَمِيَّةٌ *while the sun is in the sky* 595[7]

حَمِيٌّ *that which revives, refreshes* 345[9] 711[12] (as var.), حَمِيٌّ *id* 539[10]

مُحَيَّا *face* 622[12]

خ

حبأ. خَبَأَ a *to hide* (trans.) 709[15]

حبب. خَبَّ u. *to skip about* (said of the young of wild animals) 1082[11]

اِخْتَبَّ *to trot* (said of a wolf) 810[16]

خَبَبٌ *ambling gait* of a mare 585[17] (= 1069[11]), applied also to the gait of wild beasts 881[16]

خَبَبَةٌ *id.* 58[2]

حبث. خَبَثٌ *the dross* of iron 443[15]

حبر خَبَرَ u (= خَبَرَطَ) 41[3]

حبر. خَبَارٌ *soft, crumbling ground* 49[12] (= 783[11]) 247[5] 404[6] (= 766[1]) 497[15] (see Additions and Corrections)

خَبْرَاءُ *a grove of lote-trees* (سِدْر) 73[14 16] 159[1] 214[11] 482[1], pl. خَبَارَى 73[15]

خُبُورٌ (pl. of خَبِرٌ or خَبُرٌ) *camels of noble breed*, or *camels which yield much milk* 921[10]

خَبَرَةٌ *a fever of Khaibar* (which is noted for malaria, see Yāḳūt II 505[6] seq.) 620[6]

مَخْبَرٌ *character* (as opposed to مَنْظَرٌ external appearance) 1042[15]

حبس. خُبَاسَةٌ *booty* 51[7] (= 784[15]), pl خُبَاسَاتٌ 51[9]

حبط خَبَطَ I *to trample on* something (acc.) 61[16] 737[4], with acc. of the horse's hoof 206[14]: *to grope one's way, travel by night through* a place (acc.) 795[16]

حبل. خَبَلٌ *delirium* 138[11] (= 567[17]) 165[7]

خَابِلٌ subst. *a demon* 472[11], metaph. *the passion of love* 633[8]: as adj. خَبْلٌ خَابِلٌ *utter ruin* 3[8], الخَبَالُ الخَابِلُ *id.* 1044[18]

أَحابِلُ (pl of أُحْبُولٌ) *demons* (that cause madness) 633[2]

حمو. حَما u. see 627 notes [4], and Additions and Corrections

حمل. حامَلَ *to attack by stealth* 622[12]

حمم. خاتَمٌ — حَمُو الخَواتِيمِ epith of the Prophet 349[5]

حمس. حَوابِسُ (pl. of حابِسَةٌ) *women who circumcise others* 230[6]

أَحْماءٌ (pl. of حَمِيٌّ) *relatives by marriage* 793[11] 829[6]

مُحَمَّساتٌ applied to women 773[8]

حمر. حَمَرَ u. or حَمِرَ *to be, or become, thick* (said of liquids) 209[15], partic. 209[17]

حمل حَمَلَةٌ *the lower part of the belly* 799[6] seq.

حمم حَمَمٌ *flatness* of the nose 973[15]

أَحَمُّ *flat* 1051[3]

حاحو أَحْحَى *full of water* (?) 37[5] - read بِأَحْحَى?

حدب. حَدَبَ u see 147[18]

حَدِبٌ *strong* (?) 855[13] (as var.)

حَدَباتٌ (pl. of حَدَبَةٌ) *wounds* 130[5] (var حَدَبات *blows*)

مُحَدَّبٌ *sharp* (said of a sword) 147[17]

حدج. مُحَدَّجٌ *distorted, malformed* 437[2]

حدد. حَدَّ u *to dig* a pit, pass. 1085[8] [cf. Dinawarī 63[12]]

حَدَّدَ *to become lean* 485[18]

حُدُدٌ (pl. of حُدٌّ) *holes* in the ground 288[14] 951[12] 1087[11]

أُحْدُودٌ *pit* 1085[8]. pl. أَحادِيدُ *hoof-prints* 802[16]

حدر. حُدِرَ *to be concealed in a litter* (حُدْرٌ) 931[14], مُحَدَّرٌ *covered over* (epith. of a litter) 955[7] (cf. 957[11]), مُحَدَّرَةٌ *secluded* (epith. of a woman) 69[15]

حادِرٌ *crouching in a lair* (epith. of a lion) 255[14], metaph. 198[4] (= 1058[12])

حُدارِىٌّ *dark-coloured*, said of the night 175[12], حُدارِيَّةٌ epith. of an eagle 155[5]

حُدورٌ (pl. of حِدْرٌ) *women's litters* 931[14], أَحْدارٌ *id* 868[10]

مُحْدِرٌ (= حادِرٌ q. v.) 487[1] 1035[1], pl. مُحْدِراتٌ 255[13]

حدع. خَدْعٌ (= خِداعٌ) *treachery* 91[2]

خَدْعَةٌ (or خُدْعَةٌ) *the act of retreating into a hole* (applied to lizards) 1022[15]

أُخْدَعٌ *the artery of the neck* 975[5], pl. أَخادِعُ 692[5] 701[10] 844[13] 913[4]

مُخْدَعٌ, or مِخْدَعٌ, *closet, small chamber* 684[9] 981[1]

حدم. أَخْدَمَ *to present a slave to* a person (with 2 acc.'s) 190[13]

حِدَمٌ coll. *thongs* tied round the pastern of a camel for fastening the shoe 272[13] (var حِدَمٌ and حِدَمٌ)

حِدامٌ (pl. of حِدَمٌ) *id.* 62[3] 1012[8], *anklets* worn by women 102[17] 224[11] 285[2] (as var.) 598[5] 1008[6] 1020[6]

مُحَدَّمٌ *fastened* 61[16]

حدرف. حدارِفُ (pl of حُدْرُوفٌ) *fragments, splinters* 507[12]

حدف. حَدَفَ I (= عَدَلَ) 293[16]

مُتَحَدِّفٌ *driven away with stones* (?) 598[9]

حدل. حَدُولٌ *an animal that leaves the herd*, metaph. *a wife*, du. حَدولا صِوارٍ 821[16]

حدم. تَحَدَّمَ *to be cut to pieces* 45[2]

حَدْمٌ *liberality, bounty* 673[18]

مُحَدَّمٌ *cut out* 61 notes [4] (as var.)

حرأ. وَحْدٌ حارِئَةٌ a term of contempt applied to a man 242[11]

مَحْرُوة *a privy* 380[12]

حرب. حَرْب *a male bustard* (as an emblem of helplessness) 218[11], pl. خِرْبان 9[15] 528[2] 530[4] 767[16] 894[11]

حرب. أَحْرَاب (pl. of حِرْت) *the holes* in axe-heads 419[1] 767[10]

حرج. حَرَج *tribute* 648[15] (= 299[15])

حَرْج *saddle-bag* du 417[15] seq. 892[9]

حارِجِيّ *a fleet horse* 673[16] [see Hamāsa 188[17] seq.]

الْحَوارِج see Index III

حَرُوج *penetrating* i. e. *current* (said of a poem) 62[15] (= 430[7])

حَرِج *variegated in black and white* (epith. of a plain) 272[9]

حرحر. حَرْحَر see 832 notes[5] seq. (as var)

حرد. حِرْد (pl. of حَرِد or حَرِدَة) *modest women* 788[9]

حَرائِد *id.* ibid.

حرر. حَرّ i. *to make a rustling noise* (with the wings) 673[13]

حرر. حَرَر *a string of stones or shells* used as an amulet 360[9] 1013[6], pl. حَرَرات *shells* worn by kings in their crowns 237[7] 438[19] 712[2]

حرس. حِرْس (pl of أَحْرَس) *making no noise* 680[12]

حرس. حَرَّس i *to sting* (said of a scorpion) 946[5]

حرسم حَرَاسِم (pl. of حِرْسام) *rocks* 375[7]

حرص. حِرْص *spear* 154[16]

حرط. اِحْرَنْطَ *to be unsheathed* (said of swords) 184[11]

حَرْبَطَة *bag* 342 notes[17] 394[7], dimin. حُرَيْبِطَة 1006[5]

حرع. تَحَرَّع *to be weak* 967[15]

حُرَاعٌ, حَرَاعَةٌ, حَرِيعٌ see 968[1] and notes [1]

حِرُوعٌ coll *castor-oil plants* (as an emblem of weakness) 542[3] 596[11] 834[8] 968[6]

حرعد. حَرَاعِدُ (pl. of حَرْعَدَةٌ) *tender, delicate* (epith. of women) 788[10] (as var.)

حرف. حَارِفٌ *a fruit-gatherer*, hence a violent wind is called حَارِفُ ٱلْمَسَاكِينِ 291[5]

حرف. حَرَّفَ *to engulf, swallow up* (with ب) 846[9]

حَرْفٌ *a desert plain* 272[8] 633[13]

حِرَفٌ (pl. of حِرْفَةٌ) *strips of cloth*, hence حِرَفُ ٱلْمُلُوكِ *banners* 184[15] *swarms* of locusts 328[19]

حَرُوفٌ (fem. of أَحْرَفُ) *insensible, apathetic* (?), epith. of a mourning woman 53[14]

حَرِيفٌ *hurricane* 290[13]

مَحَارِفُ (pl. of مَحْرَفٌ) *deserts* 787[3]

مُحْرِفٌ — مُحْرِفُ ٱلْفِجَاجِ *having wide ravines* (epith of a valley) 915[9]

حرم. حَرَّمَ I *to omit* 68[7]

حُرِّمَ *to be cut to pieces* 45[6] (as var)

أَحْرُمٌ — ٱلْأَحْرُمَا 588[9] (= 932[10], var. ٱلْأَحْرَمَا 1081[2]) variously explained as *shoulder, precipice, rough ground*, and *dust* (1081[3]); according to Bakrī 79[7] it is the name of a place

مَحْرُمٌ *ravine* 53[13], pl مَحَارِمُ 346[8] 373[13] 375[16] 391[10] 403[1] 610[14] 618[13] 620[8] 755[7] 759[8] 798[3], metaph. *means of escape* from an oath 754[3]

مُحَرِّمٌ — مُحَرِّمُ ٱلسُّفَّارِ *one who rends travellers* (said of a wild beast) 617[10]

حرحر. حَرْحَرَ see 440[12] (as var.)

حرر. حُرّ (pl. of أَحْرَر) *small-eyed* 897[12] (= 496[7])

حَرِيرَة *a kind of porridge* (apparently such as was eaten by the lower classes) 82[6] 122[8] 223[14] 226[3] 318[15] 321[9] 439[5] 541[9] 542[6] 637[2] 692[3] 695[2] 845[7] 854[11] 858[14] 862[7] 865[9] 893[10] 968[14] seq. 976[12] seq., nom. unit. حَرِيرَة *a dish of porridge* 976[13] (as var.)

حرم. حِرَامَة *a nose-ring* for a camel, usually made of hair 777[1], pl. حَرَائِم 344[10] 393[16] 404[9] 720[6] (= 740[8]) 756[6], metaph. أَلْقَوْا لَهُ بِالْحَرَائِمِ *they submitted to him* 348[7], لَا نُعْطِيهِم بِالْحَرَائِم *we will not submit to them* 757[5] [cf Lisān XV 65[9] seq.]

حُرَامَى *lavender* 136[2] 707[1]

مَحْرُومَة *a she-camel having a nose-ring* 147[15]

حرن. حَرَن u. *to deposit* (for safe custody) 639[15]

حرو. حَرَا ū. *to overcome* (with acc.) 946[1]

حرى. حَرَان *disgraced* 918[7], pl. حَرَانَى 82[6]

مَحْرَة — سِلْم مَحْرَة *a humiliating peace* 535[11]

حسر حُسْرُوَانِيّ (or حُسْرَوَانِيّ) *royal* (epith of a kind of cloth) 551[13]

حسس. حَسّ a. or ı *to become scanty* 122[8] (var حَسّ *id.*)

أَحَسّ *to dishonour* (with ب) 608[14]

حَسِيس *cheap* 904[1]

حَسَاسَة *obscurity, ignoble origin* 1050[5] (text doubtful)

حسب مَحْسُوبَة coll. *polished* (?) *swords* 615[17] (var مَنْبُورَة in Boucher 115[3])

حسس حَسَاس coll *birds that are not birds of prey* 701[5]

أَحَسّ (pl. of حِسَاس, see 344[11]) *nose-rings* for camels, usually made of wood 1011 notes[6]

حَسَاء *the bone which projects behind the ear* 975[5] (read حَسَاوَة)

مَحْسُوسَة coll. *camels with rings in their noses* 344[10]

حسع. حَوَاسِع (pl. of حَاسِعَة) *low-lying* (said of plains) 687[14]

حسف. أَحْسَف *having a parched skin* (epith. of a mangy camel) 554[10]

مَحْسَف *a bold, active man* 1[10] 552[9]

حسم. حَسَّمَ *to break the nose of* a man (acc.) 620[7]

حَاسِم (pl. of حَسُوم) *the cartilage of the nose* 377[12], حاسم *id.* 829[8]

حسى. حَسِىَ *to know* (?) 370[11]

حصص. حَصَاص coll. *fissures, crevices* 952[2]

حَصُوصَة see 623[7]

حصل. حَصَل coll *pieces of flesh* 1099[15]

حَصَائِل *id.* 3[15]

حصم. يَوْم الخِصَام i. e. the Day of Judgment 343[17]

حصى. حَصَّى used in a frequentative sense 966[6]

حصب. حُصَّب (pl. of حَاصِب) *with red thighs* (epith of ostriches) 665[14]

مُحَصَّب *dyed* (with ḥinnā) 891[1]

حصحص. حَصْحَصَ *to shake up* a liquid 210[10]

تَحَصْحَصَ *to tremble* 226[8] 682[8]

حصر. أَحْصَر epith. of a tooth-stick 548[15]. fem. حَصْرَاء *dark, foul* 444[1], epith of an army 472[2] 675[5], يَدٌ حَصْرَاء *a benefit recently conferred* 462[14]

حصرم. حِصْرِم see 744[16] seq. 763[10], pl. حَصَارِم *vast* (applied to seas) 375[3] 377[8] 403[5] 744[12] 763[8], pl. حَصَارِمَة *chiefs, nobles* 257[9]

حصع. حَصَعَ a. *to bend down* (trans.) 443[1] 451[12] (read حَاصِعَة), حَاصِعَة *lowering the head* (said of a she-camel on the march) 1012[8], pl. حَوَاصِع 212[13] 271[6] cf. وَأَعْنَاق المَطِيِّ حَوَاصِع 686[1]

حصف. حَصَفَ i. see 41[3]

حَصَفٌ *a sort of snake* 287[12] (as var.)

حَصَافٌ (see Index III) explained as = ضَرُوطٌ 968[5]

حَصُوفٌ 321[10], and حَصْصَافٌ 597[8] *id.*

حصل حَصِلٌ *moist* 342[8]

حصم. حَصِمٌ properly *vast*, hence *generous, munificent* 959[9]

حنأ. حُنِّئَ used impersonally, حُنِّئَ عن صاحبِها i. e he escaped alive 1066[9]

حنر حَنَرَ i. *to quiver* (said of spears) 45[11] 902[7]: *to shake the tail* (as a stallion camel does, when angry) metaph applied to warriors 325[2] 494[16] 599[3] 758[1] 903[6] 999[5], mas. حَنْرٌ 618[11] or حَنَرَانٌ 364[2]

حاطَرَ *to risk, expose to danger* (with ب) حاطَرَ بِهِ على المَوْتِ 518[7], hence *to use as a means of defence* (with ب) 488[9] cf. 488[12]

أَحْنَرَ *to expose to danger* (with 2 acc's) 424[3]

تَحانَرَ *to threaten one another* 186[16] 872[4] 901[8]

حَنَرٌ *wager* 87[14], حَنَرُ النُّفوسِ i. e *the battle* 195[11], pl أَحْنارٌ *great reputations* 865[7] 871[15]

حِنارٌ *the act of threatening*, hence *contest* 899[9]

حَنّارٌ epith. of a stallion camel 872[4]

مُحانِرٌ *threatening* 480[5]

مُحانَرَةٌ (= حِنارٌ) 230[5] 912[7]. مُحانَرَةً *at the risk of one's life* 865[7]

حنرف. خَنْرَفَ *to stride, march quickly* 574[15] (as var)

حنط حَنَّطَ *to mark with streaks* 196[13]

حَنَطٌ *street* 727[17]

مَحَنَّطٌ — مَحَنَّطُ الحاجِبَيْنِ *the line of the eye-brows* 690[5]

حطف. حُطَافٌ see 856[11]

حَطْفٌ adj. *swift* 1[14] (var. حَطَفَا): pl. حَطَافِفُ subst. *abysses* 609[4]

حطم. حَطَمَ i. *to brand* the nose of a camel, metaph 146[8] (= 327[17]) 334[11]

حَطْمٌ *the nose* of a camel 610[13], of a man 690[5]

حِطَامٌ *a brand* on a camel's nose 933[13] pl. حُطُمٌ *halters* (i. e. cords fastened to the noses of camels) 69[1] (= 300[12])

حِطْمِيٌّ *marsh-mallow* 514[1]

مَحَاطِمُ (pl. of مِحْطَمٌ) *peaks* of a mountain 610[12]

حطو. حَطَى *to go beyond* (with acc.) 595[13]

حطى. حَاطٍ *compact, firm* (said of flesh) 656[13]

حعف. حُعَافٌ *starvation* 779[4]

حعفحف. حُعَفْحَفٌ *grunting* (epith of the swine) 905[1]

حفر. أَحْفَرَ *to deal treacherously with* a person (acc) 342 notes[10], mas̱d. إِحْفَارٌ 341[13], partic. pass مُحْفَرٌ 950[14]

حَفْرٌ *betrayal* 946[4]

حَفِرَاتٌ *modest women* 102[17]

حِفَارٌ (pl. of خَفِيرٌ) *id.* 867[13]

حَفَائِرُ (pl. of حَفِيرٌ) *id.* 521[10]

حَفَارٌ *property left in charge* with some one 639[18]

حفص. حَافِصٌ *dwelling, abiding* pl. 18[9] 1082[7]

حفع. حُفِعَ *to faint with hunger* 977[1]

خفف. حَفَّ i. *to be stirred up* to war 729[1]

اِسْتَحَفَّ *to stir up* (with acc.) 728[20]

حَفَّة *relief, alleviation* (of a malady) 1098[9]

مُسْتَحِف *swift* (?) 527[14]

حفف. أَحْفَفَ *to be unsuccessful* in a raid 653[4], or in hunting 1084[3]

الحافِفان i. e. the East and the West 436[6]

حافِفات *banners* 692[8] 700[6] (= 774[15]), hence this last verse is called الحافِفات by al-Farazdak 774[7]

حَوافِف *id.* 780[9] 786[15] — see طِلال

حَفْحَفَة *a quivering flame* 491[9]

حَفّاف *shimmering with mirage* (epith of a plain) 755[7]

حَفّاف *lean* (?), epith. of a mare 794[9], حَفّافَة الكَشا *lank-bellied* (said of a woman) 1044[6]

مُحَفْحِف *shimmering* (see حَفّاف) 176[10]

حفى. أَحْفَى *to dig out* wells (acc) 214[12], see 513[6] seq.

حَوافٍ see 400[6]

حِفاء *a woman's veil* 187[17]

حفف حَفّ i. see 705[5]

حُوف (= حَوافّ pl. of حافّة) applied to women 476[11] — cf. حانٍ for حالٍ Mubarrad 532[10]

حلل. حَلَّ u. *to beguile*, or *to drive mad* 962[8]

حِلّ *guile* 433[9]

حلم. حَلَمَ i *to drag* 1001[4], mașd. حَلْم ibid. 319[11]. *to cause trouble* (absol.) والحَوائِمُ يَحْلِمْنَ 406[4]

مُحْلِم (?) explained by مُحْدِث 856[1]

مَحْلُومَة *confusion, turmoil* 154[16]

حلاحم. حَلْحَمٌ *wide*, or *long* 846[1], pl. حَلاحِمُ 378[9]

حلد. أَحْلَدَ *to cause to incline* (?) 129[10]

حُلْدُ — حُلْدُ الدَّهْرِ *long life* 57[15]

حلس. حالَسَ *to take* something from one *by stealth* (with 2 acc's) 100[7]

اِحْلاسٌ *the act of escaping, slipping away* 70[11]

حَلَسٌ *of two colours* 13[8]

مُحْتَلَسٌ — مُحْتَلَسُ العَقْلِ *deprived of reason* 131[6]

حلص. حَلَّصَ *to intervene* between combatants (with بين) 927[9] [cf. Ibn Hishām 437[3]]

حلف حَلْفٌ coll. *companions* 295[7] 851[2] 961[1]

مُحْتَلَفٌ — مُحْتَلَفُ الظَّلامِ *at night-fall* 279[3]

حلع. حِلْعٌ *the choicest part* of a herd, etc 15[3]: *moveable property* i. e. camels 76[5]

حَوْلَعٌ *panic* 967[13]

مُحالِعٌ *a gambler, one who stakes his most valuable property* (حِلْعٌ) 686[5]

حلف. حُلِفَ *to have a successor* 663[15]

أَحْلَفَ *to compensate* a person for the loss of a thing (with acc. of the thing and على or ل of the pers.) 417[9] seq.. *to violate* an engagement (acc.) 890[10], أَحْلَفَتْ عِنْدَ السِّقابِ *she deceived the expectations of the young camels* 480[1]: *to fail to appear* 859[13]

اِحْتَلَفَ *to move to and fro* (intrans.) 483[5]

حَلْفٌ *posterity* 273[7]. *worn-out objects, rubbish* 216[13]

حُلْفٌ *perfidy* 985[12]

خِلافٌ coll. *willows* 833[1]

حِلَافَ prep. *after* (used of time) 1046[1]

حُلُوفٌ coll men *absent from their abodes* 84[14] 140[12] 145[2] (= 326[14]) 474[10] 882[10] seq

حَلِيفَةٌ *deputy* 832[12], *deputy-general* 355[19] 357[1]

مُسْتَحْلَفٌ lit. *place of holding back*, hence *refusal to help* 569[18]

مُحْتَلِفَانِ *canine teeth* of a camel 868[14]

حلف. أَحْلَفَ *to be worn out* 844[3]

حَلْفَانُ (= إِسْتَمَانٍ) 210[15]

حُلْفَانٌ (pl. of حَلَفٌ) *worn-out* 1071[10]

حلل حَلَّلَ lit. *to be confined to a particular place*, hence *to have a special application* (opp. to عَمَّ) 203[12] (as var)

اِحْتَلَّ *to feed upon sweet herbage* 925[18]

حَلٌّ *a path through the sand* 226[4]

حَلَّانٌ (pl. of حَلَّةٌ) *interstices* 406[6]

حُلَّةٌ *friendship* 38[17]: *sweet herbage* 57[11], see 40[2] 925[19]

حُلَّةٌ coll *camels that feed on sweet herbage* 40[2]

حِلَالٌ *friendship* 96[9]

أَحِلَّةٌ (pl. of حِلَالٌ) *wooden pins* 218[9] seq

حلم. حَالَمَ *to join oneself to* a person (acc.) 312[11], masd. حِلَامٌ ibid

حلنج. حَلَنْجٌ *a kind of wood* of which goblets were made 1051[2]

حلو. أَحْلَى *to leave* a thing *at the free disposal* of some one (with acc. of the thing and لِ of the pers.) 905[15]

تَحَلَّى *to withdraw* (intrans., with عن) 375[15]

حُلْوٌ *free, disengaged* 322[8] (as var.)

حَلْوَة — فِي الحَلَوَاتِ *in private* 926[8]

حَلَّة *a she-camel deprived of her young* 911[2] — see Index III s. v. جَنْدَل بن عَنَّة

حلى. حَلَى I. *to move*, hence *to lop off* limbs 65[10]

اِحْتَلَى *id.* 231[10]

مِحْلَاة *a sack for holding fodder* 375[1]

حمر. حَامَرَ *to hide oneself* 179[12]

تَحَمَّرَ *to put on a veil* 993[11]

حُمُر (pl. of حِمَار) 761[12]

حُمُر (pl of حُمْرَة) *ointments* for beautifying the complexion 350[12]

مُحَمَّر *covered, wrapped up* 996[8]

حمس. حُمْس see 56[6], وَارِدَة لِحُمْس *a she-camel that comes to the water after four days of thirst* 601[10]

حُمْس — أَذَلُّ حُمْس *the most contemptible set of men* 367[17]

حُمَاس coll. *camels that have not drunk for four days* 56[5]

حُمَاسِي *a child five spans high* 131[14]

حَمِيس *a large army* 184[15] 224[3] 311[8] 335[9] 340[14] 605[16] 777[8] 835[11] (= 482[7]) 882[3] 1082[9]

مَحْمُوس *made of five strips* of leather 1003[15]

خمس. حَمَسَ u. or I *to scratch* (with acc.) 89[12], *to scratch the face* in mourning (absol.) 410[1], maṣd حَمْس أَمَاقَ (= وَلْل أَمَاقَ) 448[3]

حُمَاسَة *a slight wound* 535[12]

حمط. أَحْمَطُ see 921[11]

تَخَمَّطَ *to be proud, fierce* 111[6] 185[8] 323[9] 748[4] 1002[10], metaph. to *become formidable* 17[11]

خَمْطٌ *sour* 921[13]: *fierce* 872[4] (here the comm. takes the word as a subst "fierceness")

حمل حَامِلٌ *obscure, despised* 55[5] 366[18]

حَمْلَةٌ *a kind of woollen cloak* 670[17]

حَمَلٌ *id.* 1002[8]

حَمَلَةٌ *sand-hill* 705[2]

حمم. حَمَّ I. *to become putrid* 561[12]

حَمَّانُ see 97[16]

حمس. حُمْسٌ see 170[9]

حنن. حَنَّ *bend, curve* 442[12]

حَنَانَى (pl. of حُنَّى) 834[3]

حندف حَنْدَفَ *to walk with a swinging gait* 178[10]. *to use the war-cry* يَا حَنْدَفُ 913[7], hence مُحَنْدِفٌ *a descendant of Khindif* 572[3]

تَحَنْدَفَ *id* 240[1]

حِنْدِفِيٌّ *descended from Khindif* 689[3] 994[5], metaph 759[8]

حند. حِنْدِدٌ *a stallion* (horse) 917[9], pl. حَنَادِدُ 947[13] or حَنَادِيدُ 118[14] 505[11], metaph *summits* of mountains 34[8]

حنر. حَنَارِرُ *swine*, as occupants of a *ḥimā* 506[12] (text doubtful)

حنس. حَنَسَ u. or I. *to shrink back* (with عن) 120[9]

أَحْنَسِيٌّ (?) see 176[3]

حنص. حَنَانِصُ (pl. of حُنُّوصٌ) *sucking-pigs* 510[2] (as var.)

حنفس. خَنَافِسُ (pl. of خُنْفُسَاءُ) *black-beetles* 37[10] 878[10]

خنف. حَنُوفٌ *strangling* (adj.) 573[15]

مُحَنَّفٌ *throat* 498[13] 887[1]

حنن. حَنَّانٌ *snorting* (epith of the swine) 905[1]

خوخ. خَوْخَةٌ *a small window* 397[6] 721[18]

حود. حَوَّدَ *to stride* 135[9]

حَوْدٌ *maiden* 69[15]

حور. حارَ u. *to howl, bellow* (said of hyaenas) 317[14]. *to be weak* 400[4] (= 365[13]) 539[15] 862[7] (?)

تَحاوَرَ *to bellow at one another* 341[10]

حَوَّارٌ *weak, soft* 859[9], حَوَّارُ النعال a horse *ridden with a slack rein* 735[15], pl. حُورٌ 530[4] 1005[6] (as var.) *cowardly* 73[17], pl. 17[12] 63[13] 72[9] 481[13] *stinking, foul* 849[12] pl. 230[7] (the following passages are ambiguous 340[9] 488[13] 597[5] 708[4] 830[6], pl. 82[16] 83[6] 340[9] 441[9] 538[5] 832[11] 834[4] 858[4 11] 976[12] 977[9]) pl حُورٌ *yielding much milk* (applied to camels) 515[10] 647[19] 894[3] 936[12]

حَوَرٌ *softness* 459[19]: *cowardice* 18[1] 488[13] (?)

حُوَّرٌ *id.* 861[11] (var. حُوَّرٌ)

حُوَارٌ *bellowing* (subst.) 854[14] 858[11] 865[3] (text doubtful)

حوص. حاصَ u. *to wade through, traverse* (with acc.) 507[8] 618[12], mașd. حَوْصٌ 559[15]: pass. *to be stirred up* (said of a liquid) 207[12]. ع نَحُوصُ دِمائَها *we will plunge* (*our hands*) *into their blood* 1071[7]

حِياصٌ *the act of plunging into battle* 487[2]

حَوَّاصٌ *one who adventures himself* 552[9]

مَحْياصٌ *a place of wading*, i. e. a country rich in herbage 514[5]

حوف. مَحاوِفُ (pl. of مَحافَةٌ) *dangerous places* 1012[12]

حول. تَحَوَّلَ *to claim as a relative on the mother's side* (with إلى) 189[13]

حَالٌ, حائِلٌ see 813[8], pl. حُوَّلٌ *herdsmen* 813[11]

مُحَوَّلٌ *nobly born on the mother's side* 188[7] 225[8]

حوى. حِوانٌ (Persian) *table* 357[17]

حوى. مُحَوِّياتٌ *bending down* (intrans., said of women) 773[10]

حيب. حابَ I. *to be disappointed* (said of persons) 220[10] 506[6]. *to be fruitless* (said of things) 804[16]

حَيَّبَ *to disappoint* 51[4], partic. pass 1086[14]

حَيْبَةٌ *fruitlessness* 829[14]

حير. اِحْتارَ pass. with acc. اُحْتِيرَ الرِّجالَ *he was chosen from among men* 696[5]

حَوْرَى (fem. of حَوْرٌ) 50[18] seq.: pl. حَوْرٌ (applied to women) 772[11]

حِيرٌ *one to whom the preference is given* 726[16]

مُتَحَيَّرٌ *power of choice, freedom* 943[1]

حيس مُحَيَّسٌ a camel *trained for being ridden* 868[14]

حيف. مُحِيفٌ *dwelling at the foot* (حِيفٌ) *of a mountain* 1078[8] (read مُحْيِفًا)

حيل. تَحايَلَ *to be pleasant, enjoyable* 632[5] (var. تَحَيَّلَ): mașd. حَيالٌ *pride* 55[6]

حَيالٌ *scare-crow* (to frighten away wolves from the sheep) 461[17]

أَحْيَلُ *prouder* 794[10]

أَحْيَلُ (or أَحْيَلُ) *a kind of bird*, regarded as ill-omened 691 notes [3], pl. أَحايِلُ 652[1] 1038 notes [5] (as var.)

مُحايِلٌ *a horse that races with another* 614[2]

مَحِيلَةٌ *sign, symptom* 859[13], pl. مَحايِلُ 629[6]

حيم. حِيمٌ (Persian) *character, disposition* 121[7] 603[8]

حَمٌ (pl. of حَمَةٌ) *tents* 173[2] 395[9]

حِمامٌ *id.* 333[13] seq. 1004[2]

د

دأب. دَأَبَ a. *to exert oneself* on behalf of person (with لـ) 57[9]

إِدْآبٌ *perseverance* in marching 134[10] 1012[9]

دأدأ. دِئْدَاءٌ (= دَأْدَأَةٌ) *a kind of quick pace* 184[6]

دأل. دَوْءَلٌ a mare *that marches with short quick steps* 192[4] (= 235[20])

دأم. تَدَاءَمَ *to cover* (in a literal sense, with على) 906[3], metaph. (with acc.) 906[3]

دأى. دَأًى coll. *vertebrae* 558[12], du. 682[11] (var. الدَّأْيَانِ)

دبب. مَدَبٌّ *a place marked by the tracks of insects* 1099[4]

دبج. دِبَاجٌ *brocade* 554[16]

دبح. دَبَّحَ *to bend down* (intrans.) 1043[7]

دبر. أَدْبَرَ *to begin to heal* (?), said of a wound 846[12]

دَبَّرَ *to consider, reflect upon* a thing (acc.) 743[8]. pass. *to be backbitten* (?) 944[13] (but cf. 1096[9]): maṣd. تَدْبِيرًا adv *at the last*, i. e. when it is too late 1000[14]

دِبْرٌ (= دَبَرٌ) 51[16]

دَبَرٌ coll. *sores* on a camel's back 447[18] (?) 1010[13]

دَوَابِرُ (pl. of دَابِرَةٌ) *the hinder part of the hoof* 290[4]

الدَّبَرَانُ name of a constellation 520[9]

أَدْبَارٌ (pl of دُبُرٌ) *the outer ranks of an army* (which are exposed to attack) 865[9] 872[10] — see Ṭabarī Gloss.

تَدَابُرٌ *mutual avoidance, hostility* 155[7]

دنس. دِنْسٌ (= كَسِرٌ) 51[16]

دنل. دُنَلَةٌ *an abdominal tumour* 222[5]

دنى. دَنًا *a swarm of ants* 1099[4] — that "ants", not "locusts", are here meant may be inferred from Ahlwardt Imr. N° 45 v. 8 فِي مَتْنِهِ كَمَدَبَّةِ النَّمْلِ

دهر. تَدَهَّرَ *to enrich oneself* (?) 1096[9] (but cf. 944[13])

دَهْرٌ *abundant* 51[15] (= 785[6])

دَهُورٌ *heavy, sluggish* (said of a man) 559[15]

دجج مُدَجَّجٌ *fully armed* 736[3]

دجر. دَجِرَ see 244[3]

دجل. الدَّجَّالُ *the Antichrist* 323[15]

دجن. دَجْنٌ *cloudy weather* 508[1]

دُجُنَّةٌ *id.* 464[14]

دجو. دَجَا II. *to envelop, include* 500[3]

دَاجٍ *dark* (said of the hair) 963[16]

دُجًى or دُجَى (said to be a pl. of دُجُنَّةٌ 500[1]) *darkness* 499[15] 538[10] 646[5] 707[1] 1009[1]

دحج. اِنْدَحَّ *to be swelled out* 11[8]

دحف. دَحَفَ a. see 318[11]

دحل. دَحْلٌ *a cavity in the ground* 130[12] 166[6], pl. دُحْلَانٌ 130[15]

دحى. أَدَاحِيُّ (pl. of أُدْحِيٌّ) *ostriches' nests* 26[3]

دخل. دُوخِلَ *to be sent to the drinking-place between two other camels* (said of a she-camel) 55[16] (read دُدَاخِلَ)

دَخْلٌ *defect, vice* 165[3] 1027[6]

دُخْلُلونَ or دُخْلَلونَ *intruders* 459[9]

مَداخِل (pl. of مَدْخَلٌ) *behaviour* 798[12]

دخ. دَخَنٌ *ill-feeling, resentment* 25 10

دُخْنَةٌ *incense* (used by women for fumigation) 220[1]

دواخِنُ (pl. of دُخانٌ) *traces left by smoke* 852[10]

دد. دَدانٌ *blunt* (said of a sword) 384[6]

دَدَنٌ *mode of acting* 584[12]

درأ. تَدَرَّأَ *to overcome* (with على) 758[14] seq.

دَرْءٌ *power of resistance* 570[9] 605[5] 758[16], hence *protection* 689[12], ذو دَرْءٍ *defender* 512[10] (= 285[16]) 684[11]. pl. دُروءٌ *barriers* 126[17], *defenders* 980[11]

دِرْءٌ *defence, protection* 758[8 13]

درب. دَرِبَ *to accustom oneself* to a thing (with ل) 227[14], see 227[20] (where we must supply لذلك or the like)

دُروبٌ (pl. of دَرْبٌ) *passages* (in a house) 552[4]

مُدَرَّبٌ *trained* (epith. of a falcon) 932[1]

دربخ دَرْبَخَ *to crouch on all fours* 99[10]

درج. اِسْتَدْرَجَ *to carry out* (?) a purpose (acc.) 408[10]

دُرْجٌ *casket* (for holding unguents, etc) 137[2], du. 162[16] 163[5]

دارِجٌ — دارِجاتُ الرِّياحِ *sweeping winds* 788[5]

دَرّاجونَ *men who walk* 493[12] (as var)

أَدْراجٌ (pl. of دَرَجٌ) *paths* of the stars 345[1]

إِدْراجٌ *the march* of a camel 347[6]

أَدْرَدُ . درد *toothless* 800[11]

دَرْدَقٌ . دردق coll. *children* 1046[17], pl. دَرادِقُ *the young of wild animals* 1082[11]

دَرٌّ . درر *milk*, i. e. property 906[13]

دُرُورٌ *flow* of tears 517[1] 530[1] 544[7] (?), of milk 522[16]

مِدْرارٌ epith. of a cloud 847[9], of rain 848[15] 866[7]

دارِسٌ . درس *decrepit* (said of a camel) 938[3]

دِرْسانٌ (pl of دَرِسٌ) *worn-out garments* 379[9]

دِرْواسٌ *thick-necked* (epith. of a lion) 736[16]

اِدَّرَعَ . درع metaph. ثُمَّ تَدَّرِعوا لَيْلَكُم لَيْلًا i. e. *march all night* 1072[1]

مَدارِعُ (pl. of مِدْرَعَةٌ) *tunics* 705[9]

دَرَقٌ . درق (pl. of دَرَقَةٌ) *shields* 552[6]

دارَكَ . درك *to continue uninterruptedly* (with acc.) 624[13]

أَدْرَكَ *to come to the rescue* 223[1]

تَدارَكَ *to overtake* (with acc.) 46[5] 148[14] 190[1] 194[20] 234[19] 241[16] 268[6] 286[15] 336[9] *to come to the help of* some one (acc.) 39[6] 153[6] 223[3] (as var) 338[17] 389[9] 610[16]. *to provide* some one with something (with acc. and ب) 1027[6]

دِراكٌ *the reparation of a mistake* 841[12]

دَرُوكَةٌ *caprice* (?) 670[5]

دَرَمَ . درم i. see 180[11]

دَرِمٌ (pl. of أَدْرَمُ) *smooth* (epith. of armour) 339[9]

دَرْدَمٌ *one who takes short steps in walking* 180[11] (as var), pl. دَرادِمونَ 493[11]

دَرُومٌ *id.* — دَرُومُ النِّعالِ said of a woman 1041[3]

دبر. مِدْبَارٌ *dirty* (said of a woman) 883[4]

دبى. دَبَّى *to deceive* (with acc.) 100[10]

دبج. دَبْدَجٌ (= Persian دبدبه) *blackish* 362[12]

دبر. مِدْبَرٌ *that which thrusts*, hence, as an epithet, *warlike* 993[14]

دبس. دَسَّ u. *to slip* an object into a person's hand, *to palm* it *off* on him (with acc. and لِ) 384[6] cf. 383 notes [10]

دَسِيسٌ *intrigue, plot* 350[17]

دبع. دَبَعَ a. *to vomit up* (with بِ) 180[14], see 298[9] seq.

دَبِيعَةٌ *gift, bounty* 298[9] (as var.) 330[6], pl. دَبَائِعُ 298[8] 700[4]

دبم. دُبَّمٌ (pl. of دِبَامٌ) *rags* used for stopping up wounds 472[3]

دبر. مُدَبَّرٌ *laid waste, ruined* 998 notes [3]

دبغ. دَبَغَ *to drive* sheep or goats (absol.) 276[8] 822[17], with بِ 276[14] 378[5]

دبر. دُبَرٌ (pl. of أَدْبَرُ) *diseased* 681[10] (text doubtful)

الدَّابِرَةُ coll. name of a breed of camels 559[15]

دبس. دَبَسٌ see 592[15]

مَدَابِسُ (pl. of مِدْبَسٌ) *piercing* (epith. of lances) 26[10]

دبف. دَبَفٌ a. masd. دَبْفٌ see 339[6]

اِدْبَافٌ *the act of urging on* 339[3]

دبم. دُبِمَ *to be propped up* (with بِ) 771[4]

مِدْبَمٌ *refuge* 311[2]

دبو. تَدَبَّى *to claim* (with acc.) 328[10]

اِدَّبَى *to call, invoke* (with acc.) 998[13]: *to shout to one another* 711[3] 759[3] 933[5] (= 386 notes [13]): *to claim affinity* with a tribe (with لِ) 766[4]

داعِ — داعِي اللَّبنِ *the remainder of milk in the udder* 1042[11] seq.

دَعْوَة *a false claim to affinity* 178[6]

دَعَاوَة *claim* 936[7]

دِعَاوَة *id.* said to be a less correct form 936[8]

أَدْعَى *more likely to attract guests* 954[1] (sic leg.)

مَدْعَى (= دُعْ) 585[16] (= 1069[10])

دعر. دَعْرَى (var. دَعَرًا 737[2]) adv. *in disorder, pêle-mêle* 115[16] (= 737[1])

دعل. أَدْعَالٌ (pl. of دَعَلٌ) *thickets* 611[13]

دعم. أَدْعَمُ *having dark lips* 362[12]

دفع دَافَعَ *to answer* a cry for help (with acc.) 791[17]

تَدَافَعَ *to struggle together* 246[14] 299[19] 872[8] *to disclaim* a thing (acc.), each one ascribing it to some one else 311[16]

دَافِعَة *torrent, cataract* 870[16]

دُفَاعٌ *id* 186[3]

دُفَعٌ (pl of دَفْعَة) *splashes* of blood 872[15]

مَدْفَعٌ masd 931[6]· *torrent-bed* 870[16], applied to the *sources* of tears 931[1]

مِدْفَعٌ *defender* 980[9]

دفف. دَفَّ 1. masd. دَفٌّ *to crawl along* 116[1]

دَفٌّ *the side* of a man's body 590[16], pl. دُفُوفٌ *the flanks* of camels 502[14] 891[9]

دُفٌّ *tambourine* 380[15] 606[9], pl. دُفُوفٌ 676[14]

دُفَفٌ (pl. of دَافٌّ) *skimming over the ground* (said of birds) 591[14] (as var.)

دفق. دَفْقَانُ adj. *full to overflowing* 209 notes[2] (as var.)

دفن. دَفِنٌ *concealed* (said of a malady) 129[5]

دفف. دَفَّ u. (= دَقَّ البابَ) *to knock at the door*, hence *to announce oneself* by mentioning a name (with ب) 699[8]

دَفُّ — دَفُّ مَنْسِمٍ see 267[8]

دِفَّةٌ *meanness* 34[10]

دُفٌّ coll *small pebbles* 479[6]

دَفِيفٌ *flour* 316[15]

دكدك. دَكادِكُ (pl. of دَكْدَكٌ or دِكْدِكٌ) *tracts of sand* 493[3]

دكن. أَدْكَنُ *dark-coloured* (said of water) 555[4] (as var.)

دلج. أَدْلَجَ *to travel all night*, masd. 346[4] 619[1] 1009[1], partic 435[18] 926[4]

اِدْلاجٌ see 346[6]

دلص. دِلاصٌ *polished* (epith. of a cuirass) 69[9] 143[12] 579[14]

دلف. دَلَفَ I *to walk slowly* (as one who carries a burden) 593[7], دالِفٌ 645[4] pl. دُلَّفٌ 569[17]. *to approach* (with ل) 91[5], with إلى 733[12]

دلف. دِلَفٌ epith. of a sword, see 566[16] seq.

مُدْلَفٌ see مُدْلَنْفٌ

مَدالِفُ (pl. of مِدْلافٌ) horses *that rush forth* 566[13]

دلك. مَدْلَكٌ or مِدْلَكٌ (= مَنْشَرٌ) 170[7]

دلل. مُدِلٌّ *swooping down* (said of a falcon) 443[10]: *bold, presumptuous* 662[8] 942[8] 986[10]

دلم. دَلْمَمِيٌّ epith. of a spear-head 638[5]

دلمص. دُلامِصٌ see 143[14]

دله. دَلَّهَ *to distract, render unconscious* (with acc. and عن) 553[3]

دلو. دَلَّى *to send down* 198[2] (= 1058[11]) 798[3]

دَلَّى *to use as a bucket* (with ب) 779[9]

الدَّلْوُ *the constellation Aquarius* 520[7] 950[11] (as var.)

دَلاَةٌ (=دَلْوٌ) 779[9]. du. الدَّلاَوَانِ *the testicles* 483[5]

دمث. دَمِثٌ (or دَمِثٌ) *smooth ground* 136[2], metaph. 707[3], pl. أَدْمَاثٌ 33[2]

دِمْثٌ *id.* 614[18] 707[1]

دمر. دَمَارٌ *destruction* 255[6]

دمس. دَمْسٌ — وارَى دَمْسٌ دَمْسا *it became dark* 725[4]

دمع. دَمُوعٌ *shedding tears* (epith. of a serpent, which is supposed to shed tears when angry) 942[8]

مَدَامِعُ (pl. of مَدْمَعٌ) *floods of tears* 1004[13]

دمع. دَمَعَ a or u. *to wound the brain* (with acc. of the pers.) 199[10], partic. 1046[14], pl. fem. دَوامِعُ applied to satires 524[16]

دَمَّاعَةٌ *that which wounds the brain* 377[2] (=746[15]), الدَّمَّاعَةُ a name given by Jarīr to one of his satires 430[16]

دمل. دُمَّلٌ *a boil, pustule* 203[1] 223[1]

دَمَلٌ *dung* (used as manure) 830[2]

دملص. دُمَالِصٌ see 143[14]

دملك. مُدَمْلَكٌ *round, circular*, 1043[6]

دمن. دِمَنٌ *scum* 55[12] 346[8]

دِمْنَةٌ *mud* in a dried-up well 324[9]

مُدَامِنٌ *continual, constant* 44[11]

دمى. دَمٌ — دَمُ الحَيَّاتِ i. e. *venom* 61[3] cf. 986 notes [4]: pl. دِمَاءٌ *lives* 59[2] (=785[2])

دنف. أَدْنَفُ *more grievous* (said of a malady) 567[14]

مُدْنَفٌ *grievously sick*, pl. 550[11]

دنن. دِنَانٌ (pl. of دَنٌّ) *wine-jars* 904[9]

أَدَنُّ *having a curvature of the back* 799[8]

دنى. دُنْيَا (undetermined) *worldly prosperity* 518[9] 726[6]

دهدى. دَهْدَى *to roll down* (trans.) 662[11]

تَدَهْدَى intrans. 190[18] (= 234[13])

دَهْدَاءُ see 134[1]

دُهْدُبَّةٌ *a ball of dung* 260[9]

دهر. دَهْرٌ *custom, habit* 784[8] (var. دَنِيٌّ 50[17])

دهس. دَهَسٌ *stupefaction* (from terror) 323[6] (= 1016[1])

دهفن. الدَّهْفَانَةُ a name given by Jarīr to one of his satires 430[17]

دهم. دَهَمَ a. or دَهِمَ see 649[1]

دَهْمٌ *crowd, army* 638[11] 648[19] 693[8] 956[10] 1021[9]

أَدْهَمُ *dark-coloured* (said of a camping-ground recently abandoned) 427[7]: fem. دَهْمَاءُ epith. of a mare 880[16]. du. أَدْهَمَانِ *a pair of fetters* 983[2] (as var.) pl. دُهْمٌ epith. of camels 456[14]: أَدَاهِمُ *fetters* 426[10] (= 229[18]) 618[8] 747[12] 748[3] seq. 766[9]

دهمس. دَهْمَسَ *to walk with small steps* (said of an ass) 794[13]

دهن. إِدْهَانٌ *deceit, treachery* 148[15]

دهى. دَهَى II *to outwit, beguile* (with acc.) 50[5]

دوح. دَوْحَةٌ coll. *tall trees*, hence *summit* 265[13]

دوخ. أَدَاخَ *to humble* 258[15]

دود. دُودَاةٌ *a swing* (used by children) 842[10]

دَاوُودِيَّةٌ coll. *cuirasses* named after David 1032[13]

دور. أَدارَ *to endeavour to induce* a person to do a thing (with acc. and على) 727⁴: *to discuss* فَأَداروا أَمْرَهم بينهم 1071¹⁹

اِسْتَدارَ *to become dizzy* 236⁹ 260¹¹, also with the place as the subject and with ب of the person تَسْتَدِرُ بِها البِلادُ 979³: *to be metamorphosed* 251⁴

دارَة see 1005¹³

دارِيّ *a native of Dārīn* (a place noted for its trade in perfumes) 132⁶, hence *perfume* 1007⁷

دَوارٌ or دُوارٌ *dizziness* 862¹⁰. *the act of marching round* an idol or a sacred place 950⁵, hence the *idol* or *sacred place* itself 342⁴ 874³

دَوائِرُ (pl. of دائِرَة) *changes of fortune* 831⁸

مُدَوَّرٌ *an idol, a sacred place* 950³

مُدَوَّرَة coll (= أَحْراج) 1007²

دوس. دَوائِسُ (pl. of دائِسَة) *following one another* (said of cavalry) 95⁴

دوف. مُدَوَّفٌ *mingled with water* 557⁹

مَدوفَة *medicine* 519⁷

دول. أُدِيلَ *to obtain the victory* over some one (with مِنْ) 497¹² *to be used by a number of persons in succession* 592⁷ (as var.)

دوم. أَدامَ *to quiet* a boiling cauldron by adding cold water 119⁴

اِسْتَدامَ *to do* a thing *slowly* (with acc.) 97⁴: *to await, expect* 121¹⁰

دائِمٌ see 119⁵

دُومٌ coll. *a kind of palm-tree* 664⁴ 868¹⁰

مِدْوامٌ see 119⁶

دون. دُوَيْنَ dimin of دُونَ 1597 (= 935⁹)

دِيوَانٌ — دِيوَانُ الْأَدَبِ a treatise by Isḥāk ibn Ibrāhīm al-Fārābī († A. H. 350), mentioned 509[17]

دوو. دَوٌ *desert* 676[17]

دوى دَوًا or دَوًى adj *sick* 169[4]

دبب. دُبَّ *to be treated as base, to be oppressed* 600[4]

دبص. دَأَصَ I. *to move up and down* (intrans.) 878[7]

دبس. دَأَسَ *to deal on credit with* a person (acc) 2[6]

دَأِسٌ *submissive, unresisting* 1082[9]

ذ

ذأب. ذُؤْبٌ *the upper parts of the curved pieces of wood* (أَحْنَاء) in a camel's saddle 170[10]: pl. ذُؤْبَانٌ *wolves* metaph. 227[20] 731[19]

ذُؤَابَةٌ metaph. *the noblest portion* of a tribe 947[6] 1090[10] pl ذَوَائِبُ *top-knots* 813[1] 1023[2]

ذاب ذَابٌ see under ذو

ذأر. ذَئِرَ *to be indignant* (with لـ) 245[9]

ذِئَارٌ see under ذءر

ذأف. ذَأَفَ a masd. ذَأْفٌ *to make an end* of a person (with على) 116[3]

ذِئْعَانٌ see under ذعف

ذأل ذَئِلٌ *brisk, nimble* 293[11] 294[8] notes[3] (in both cases as var.)

ذأن. ذُؤُونٌ (pl. of ذُؤُونٌ) *a kind of fungus* 162[8] seq 710[12]

ذبب. ذَبَّ *to defend* (with عن) 1080[14]

ذُبَابٌ *edge*, or *point*, of a sword 112[2] 652[1], metaph. *violence, fierceness* 165[7]

أَذَبُّ *more capable of defending* 69[16]

مِدَبٌّ *a defender* 758[13]

دبدب. تَدَبْدَبَ *to dangle* (intrans.) 375[1]

دبح. دَبَحَ a. *to stifle* with sobs 501[14] seq

دِبْحٌ coll. *victims* (applied to human beings) 652[12]

دبل. دَبْلٌ *tortoise-shell* 164[5]

دَوابِلُ (pl. of دابِلَةٌ) *tapering* lances 662[15] 902[7]

دخر. مَداخِرُ (pl. of مِدْخَرٌ) *intestines* 726[11]

درب دُرِّبَ *to be sharpened* (said of arrows) 947[3]

درج. دَرارِجُ (pl. of دُرَّاجٌ) *poisonous flies* 839[8]

درر. دَرَّ u *to rise* (said of the sun) 662[7]

درع. دَرَعَ a. *to traverse* a country (acc.) 559[11]

دِراعٌ — pl. in the phrase صِعامٌ أَدْرُعًا 829[3]

دُرَيْعَةٌ (= دُرَيْعَةٌ) *a small cubit*, du. 869[9]

مَدارِعُ (= مسارِفُ q. v.) 12[11]

درف. أَسْدَرَفَ *to be caused to shed tears* 517[2] (as var.)

دُرَّفٌ (pl. of دارِفٌ) *streaming* (said of the eyes) 1[12] 558[8] 579[3]

دَرْدَرافٌ *the shedding of tears* 515[13]

درف. دَرَفَ i. or u. *to void* excrement (acc.) 888[4] (read لِدَرْفٍ)

درو. دَرَا u. *to be broken* (said of the point of a tooth) 17[1]

دُرًا or دُرًى (pl. of دُرْوَةٌ) *tops* of palm-trees 869[9], of heads of hair 1005[3], *points* of the teeth 1005[9], *humps* of camels 418[7] (= 1071[1]) 522[16] 558[3]

دعر. دَعَرَ a. *to frighten* 1062[1]

ذُعْر *fright* 323⁶ (= 1016¹)

دعف. ذُعَاف *poison* 457² (= 1077²)

دعلف. دَعَالِيف see 162⁷

دفر. دَفِر *stinking*, metaph. *disastrous* 196⁵

دِفَرَى *the bone behind the ear* (in a camel) 687³, pl. دَفَر or دَفَارَى 502¹⁴

دِفِرَّة *a she-camel having a large* دِفَرَى 560¹⁰ (as var.)

دكر. تَدَاكَرَ *to converse about* a person (acc.) 547⁶

دَكَر *hard* (said of metal) 248¹¹, pl. دُكُر 12¹⁵ 528¹ 704¹⁵ 924⁵. دُكُور *heavy showers of rain* 520⁸, metaph. *floods of tears* 515¹⁴

دَكَرَة *remembrance* 501⁹

مُدَكَّر *calamitous* (said of a day) 953³ (= 418¹⁸) 955¹⁰ 957¹⁰ (as var.) 999² fem مُدَكَّرَة *a she-camel shaped like a male* 55⁹

مِدْكَار epith. of an ancestress 871⁸, of war 854⁷

دكى. دَكَى *to become full-grown* 260¹⁴, مُدْكٍ *a full-grown man* 2¹⁶, مُدَكِّيَات *full-grown mares* 87⁴

أَدْكَى — أَدْكَتِ الْعُيُون the tribe *sent forth their scouts* 927¹⁶

دَكَا see 260¹⁵ seq.

دَكَاء *maturity* 171¹, see 260¹⁵

دَاك *strong-scented*, دَاكِي الْمِسْك 786¹¹

دَكِيّ epith. of musk 554², of wine 1007⁷ دَكَّة *a portion of musk* 879³

دلدل. دَلَادِل (pl of دُلْدُل or دِلْدِل) *skirts* 983³, لَرَفَعْتُ دَلَادِلَهُ *I would have humbled him* 1048⁴

دلف. مُدْلَف *driven out* (said of a lizard which is forced to leave its hole) 845⁴ (= 218⁵), var. مُدْلَف 845 notes ³

دلل. دَلُولٌ *an easy, gentle pace* (in a camel) 804[15]: *a camel easy to ride* 1022[7] (= 704[12])

دمر. دَمَرَ u. *to incite, urge on* 642[4] 810[7]

دَمَّرَ *to feel the neck of* an unborn camel in order to ascertain its sex (with acc. of the camel) 329[6], see 352[9] seq

تَدامَرَ *to incite one another* 644[6]

مُدَمَّرٌ *the neck* of a camel 352[14]

دمل. دَمْلٌ *a kind of pace* 134[10], see 1010[5] seq.

دَمولٌ *marching at the pace called* دَمْلٌ 192[3] (= 235[19]) 1010[4]

دَمِلٌ (= دَمْلٌ) 1010[5]

دمى. دَمًا see 54[13]

دنب. دَنَبَ *to retreat, walking backwards* 797[12] (as var)

دِنابٌ (pl. of دَنُوبٌ) *buckets* 465[16], hence *portions, shares* 451[1] 477[8] (as var)

دُنا or دُنًى *the hinder part of the wing* 400[5] (= 765[4]), *the rump* of a man 826[13]

أَدْنابٌ (pl of دَنَبٌ) *consequences, results* 743[8]

دهف. دِهافٌ (pl of دَهْفٌ) *showers of rain* 22[5]

دو. دو (= الّذى) 1082[13]. دو بَطْنِه *the contents of his belly* 888[4] دانَ أُمَّ الرَّأْسِ *a blow on the head* 933[16]

دود. دادَ u. *to drive off* an enemy 65[2]

دَوْدٌ *a small herd of camels* 52[2], pl أَدْوادٌ 715[17] 1081[13]

دُوَّدٌ (pl. of دائِدٌ) 802[14]

دِيادٌ — دِيادُ اللَّيْلِ *the driving of camels by night* 827[15]

مِذْوَدٌ *manger* 84[17] 788 notes[2] (as var.) — the meaning "saccus pabulatorius", given by Freytag, is not supported by Lisān IV 147[15] cf. XI 162[1]

دوى. دَاقَ u. *to taste* (with ب) 900[17]

دوى. دَاوٍ *withered herbage* 516[6] 894[8]

ديح دِيَحٌ *a male hyaena* 317[14] 863[8]

دير. دَثَّرَ *to smear* the teats of a she-camel *with fresh dung* (دِثَارٌ or دِئَارٌ) 707[15]

ديف. دِيفَانٌ or دَيْفَانٌ *poison* 543[12] 827[9]

ديل. أَدْيَلَ *to be treated with contempt* 592[7] (as var.), مُدَالٌ *used for mean work* (said of a horse) 304[6]

دُيُولٌ (pl. of دَيْلٌ) applied to winds 537[7]

مُدَيَّلٌ *clad in a flowing robe* 891[2]

ر

رأب رَأْبٌ *the act of mending, repairing* 564[8], وَمَسَدُّهَا رَأْبٌ *when it needed mending* 1026[2]

مَرَائِبُ (pl. of مِرْآبٌ) *menders, repairers* 953[3] (= 418[18])

رأل. رِئَالٌ see رِيَالٌ under ريل

رأد. أَرْآدٌ (pl of رَأْدٌ or رُؤْدٌ) *the extremities* of the jaw-bone 753[9]

رأس. رَأَسَ a. *to seize by the head* 1040[6]

رَأْسٌ — عَلَى رُءُوسِ النَّاسِ *in the presence of the people* 487[13], see Ṭabarī Gloss. s v.

رَائِسٌ (= رَئِيسٌ) *chieftain* 972[10]: *the entrance* of a valley 513[8], pl رَائِسَاتٌ 513[11]

رِئَاسٌ *sword-hilt* 677⁶

رَئِيسٌ — الرَّئِيسُ الأَوَّلُ see 188¹⁵ 445¹⁴

رأم. رَئِمَ *to treat affectionately* (with ب) 910³, رَائِمٌ epith of a she-camel which has given birth 343⁵ 380⁵ 393⁶, pl رَوَائِمُ 867³ cf. وَرَوَائِمِ وَلَدَا 909⁹, applied also to women 765²

أَرْآمٌ (pl. of رِئْمٌ) *antelopes* 271¹¹

رأى. رَاءَى *to make a public display* (with ب of the object displayed) 831¹⁸ 1098⁸

أَرْتَأَى *to consult together* 1038¹⁵

رُوَاءٌ *appearance* 164¹ (as var.)

رِبَاءٌ *places that are within sight of one another* 286⁷

رَئِيٌّ *a familiar spirit* 67¹² 316¹⁷ 790¹³

مَرْأًى — مَرْأًى وَمَسْمَعٌ *sight and hearing*, i e *daily intercourse* 825¹, hence *familiar objects* 834¹⁵

ربب. رَبَّ u. *to treasure up, set store by* a thing (acc.) 611⁶. *to restore to health, to refresh* (said of a place) 824¹⁰ *to season* a skin-bottle *with fruit-juice* (رُبٌّ) 1022¹⁰

رَبَّبَ *to rear* children 776⁴, مُرَبَّبٌ *reared with care* (epith. of a mare) 192⁴ (= 235²⁰)

أَرَبَّ *to stick closely* to a person or thing (with ب) 683², partic. 976² — see also مُرِبٌّ below

تَرَبَّبَ *to be brought together* 912⁷, properly of arrows placed in a case (رِبَابَةٌ)

رِبَّةٌ *close contact* (see أَرَبَّ above) 1002⁴: see also 946⁸

رِبَابٌ coll. *clouds suspended beneath other clouds* 159⁵ seq. 636⁸ 935⁵ seq.

رَبِيبٌ *nursling* 687[15], pl. fem. رَبَائِبُ *women delicately reared* (?) 147[16]

أَرِبَّةٌ (pl. of رِبٌّ) *confederacies* 156[5] (text doubtful)

رُبٌّ *a she-camel that has been covered by the male* 1045[7]

ربب. رَبَّبَ *to delude, outwit* 739[20]

ربد. تَرَبَّدَ *to become dark* (said of the face) 351[8], *to scowl* 492[16]

رُبَدٌ (pl. of أَرْبَدُ) epith. of ostriches 514[5]

مِرْبَدٌ *a place where camels are tied* 688[11] — for الْمِرْبَد see Index IV

ربد. رَبِدٌ *nimble, active* 498[8]

ربص. تَرَبَّصَ *to wait for an opportunity* (absol.) 360[19] 715[12]

ربص. رَبَضَ *to crouch* (said of dogs about to spring) 325[2] (var رَبَّضَ) — for this use of the active form cf. تَرَكَ

أَرْبَضَ *to act as steward* to a king (with لِ) 809[4] cf. 781[3]

رَبَضٌ *a lodging, home* (?) 512[3]

ربط. أَرْبَطَ metaph. *to reduce to subjection* (with acc.) 534[18]

مَرَابِطُ *troops stationed on a frontier* 354[2]

ربع. رَبَعَ a. *to halt, remain* in a place 21[15] (عَلَى نَحْرٍ = عَلَيْهِ). *to restrain oneself, refrain* (absol.) 930[18] 964[3]. *to take the fourth part of the spoil* 835[11] (= 482[7]) 836[14] (= 299[12]): pass. *to be watered with rain during the season called* رَبِيع (said of a place) 964[9]

رَبَعَةٌ *a kind of quick pace* 184[6]

رَبَاعٌ *an animal which has shed the tooth called* رَبَاعِيَةٌ 1082[2], pl. رِبَاعٌ 382[7]

رِبْعِيٌّ *early, primeval* 947[5]: fem. رِبْعِيَّةٌ a she-camel *that brings forth young early in the season* 36[16]

رَوَابِعُ (pl. of رَابِعَةٌ) showers *that fall in the* رَبِيع 687[12]

رُوبَع *a disease which attacks young camels* 976[2]

أَرْبَع — أَرْبَعُك *thy four feet* 1010[1]

مِرْبَع (= رَبِيع) *rainy season* 328[5] 386 notes[16]

مِرْبَعَة *a square court* (?) 732[3]

مَرَابِيعَان *clouds that bring rain in the* رَبِيع 1033[6]

مُرَبَّع (= رَبِيع) 835[3]

مَرْبُوع — مَرْبُوعُ مَتْنٍ a bow-string *twisted of four strands* 947[2]

مِرْبَاع *the fourth part of the spoil* 92[9] (?) 192[6] (= 236[2]) 299[11] 470[7] 638[11]. *land which produces herbage in the* رَبِيع 956[1]

ربق. رَبَقَ u. or ı *to tie, fasten* (with acc.) 797[4], *to fasten lambs, kids* etc., *with a cord* 657[2] (obj. understood)

رَبَّقَ *id.* 330[9], cf. 171[13] 284[9] 842[1]

رِبْق *cord* 171[14] seq. 572[15] 712[11] 792[9] 868 notes[1] (as var.), du. 268[18] 604[4] seq., pl. أَرْبَاق 269[2] 293[15] 325[7] 605[16] 773[17] 786[5] 797[4]: metaph. *task, enterprise* 917[7] (Aghānī XVI 29[5] explains الربق ما يعقلك)

ربل. تَرَبَّلَ, تَرَبْرَبَلَ see 283[2] 622[17]

رِبَال *searching for prey* (epith. of a lion) 283[1] 622[13], pl. رَوَابِل (as if from a sing. رِبْأَل) 451[4] (as var.)

ربو. أَرْبَى *to surpass* (with على) 499[1]

رَبْو *the panting* of a horse 206[14]

رَابٍ *projecting* (epith. of the عَرْف) 573[11]

رَابِيَة *hill*, metaph. *a subdivision of a tribe* رَابِيَتَا بَلَاد 1027[11] 1037[11] pl. رَوَابٍ *hills* 982[1], metaph. *chieftains* 37[2] 1035[10]

ربت. رَبَّة (pl. of رَبَّة) *steps, foot-holds* on a mountain 450[3] (= 429[7])

رفف. رافٌ *one who mends a rent* 1046[9], النَّفْقُ قد اتَّسَعَ على الرّافِ *the mischief was irreparable* 723[19]

رلك. رَلَكٌ *a kind of pace,* رَلَكًا adv. *at a trot* 259[9]

رلم. رَلَمَ i. *to crush* 292[16]

رَلَمٌ coll. *a kind of shrub* 106[2]

رِلَمٌ see رَلَمٌ

رمأ. أَرْمَأَ *to drink* رِمْءٌ (with ب) 209[17] 210[6]

رَمْءٌ *a mixture of fresh and sour milk* 206[6] seq. 207[18]

رمث. أَرْمَثَ *to pick up* a wounded man (acc.) 126[5] 678[6], pass. 665[5]

رَثٌّ adj. *tattered, ragged* 76[12]

رَثَاثَةٌ *tattered condition* 315[5]

رمم. رِمَمٌ (pl. of أَرْمَمُ) *broken so as to bleed* (said of horse-hoofs) 292[14, 17] (as var., with var. رُمٌّ)

رمام (pl. of رَمِمٌ?) *id* applied to the hoofs of camels 1011[3]

رحأ. المُرْحِئَةُ see Index III

رحب. رَحَّبَ *to respect, venerate* 820[5]

رَحْبٌ see 1063[8] seq

رحخ. أَرْحَخَ *to fall heavily* (said of the snow) 1091[12]. مُرْحِخٌ *trembling, quivering,* مُرْحِخُ الرَّوادِفِ 822[15], مُرْحِخُ الأَرْدافِ 515[3]

رحح. رَحَّ a. *to outweigh* (absol.) 506[4], with على 904[10]: *to contend* against some one (with ب) 569[10]

رُحَّحٌ (pl. of رَحاحٌ) *heavily laden* 229[11], metaph. *sedate, imperturbable* 415[6] 868[6]

أُرْحُوحَةٌ *a seesaw* 842[9]

مَرَاحِضُ (pl. of مِرْحَاضٌ?) *sedate* 143[6]

رحر. رَحَّارٌ *a thunder-cloud* 787 notes[7] seq. (as var.)

مُرَحِّرٌ *thundering* (epith. of a cloud) 1009[15] 1014[12], مُرَحِّرُ الرِّبَاب said of a storm 935[5], so also مُرَحِّرُ الغَمَامِ 1018[7]

رحس. رِحْسٌ *defilement* 396[12]

رَحَّاسَةٌ *a thunder-cloud* 787[12]

مَرْحُوسٌ *confusion, disorder* (?) 737[7]

رحع. رَحَعَ i. *to do a thing repeatedly* (with acc.) 967[15]: رَحَعَ سَلَامًا *to return a salutation* 38[9]

رَحَّعَ *to repeat* (with ب) 914[3]

رُوحِعَ *to have a paroxysm* (after being bitten by a serpent) 695[2]

ارْتَحَعَ *to retract a promise* (?) 681[12]

اسْتَرْحَعَ *to utter the formula* إِنَّا لِلّٰهِ الخ 965[1]

رَحْعٌ *a sheet of water* 133[10]

رَحِعٌ *weary* (epith. of a she-camel) 176[9]: pl. رُحَّعٌ *returning* from an expedition, رُحَّعُ العَرِيِّ 289[17]

مَرْحُوعٌ *answer* 353[17]

رحف. رَحَفَ u. *to tremble* 578[9] (?) 963[12]

رُحَّفٌ (pl of رَاحِفٌ) *trembling* 1[12]

رَحَّافُ — رَحَّافُ العَسِيِّ *one who wanders about in the evening* 36[9] (text doubtful)

رَحُوفٌ *swift*, رَحُوفُ اللَّيْلِ epith. of a she-camel 1012[9]

رحل. أَرْحَلَ *to oblige some one to go on foot* (absol.) 586[6]

رَحْلٌ, رَحَّالَةٌ etc., see 143[11]

رِحْلٌ — على رِحْلٍ *in a state of alarm* (?) 160⁴

رَحِلَةٌ *strong of foot* (epith. of a she-camel) 55⁶, of a mare 154⁸, pl رَحَائِلُ metaph. *distresses* (?) 627³ (text doubtful)

تَرَحُّلٌ — قَبْلَ تَرَحُّلِ الشَّمْسِ *before the sun was high in the heavens* 665³

مِرْحَلٌ *cauldron* (usually of iron, see 708²) 230¹³ 547¹³ 708¹ 767¹⁰ 852⁶ 1033⁴, du. 542⁶, pl. مَرَاحِلُ 684⁹ metaph. *impetuosity, anger* ذو المِرْحَلِ 594³, pl. *bursts of anger* نَعْلَى عَلَى مَرَاحِلِهِ 606¹⁷ (= 684⁸)

رحم. رُحَمٌ (pl of رُحْمَةٌ) *piles of stones* 296⁹ (as var.)

رِحَامٌ *a cairn* placed over a grave 23¹³ 1006⁹ 1008⁴

رَوَاحِمُ (pl of رَاحِمَةٌ) camels *that scatter stones* as they run 374 notes⁵ (as var.)

رَحُومٌ *pelting*, i. e *hurling invectives towards* an object (acc), epith of a قَصِيدَةٌ 620⁵

رُحُومٌ (pl of رَحُومٌ) *reproaches* 110¹³

مِرْحَمٌ a horse *that smites the ground violently as it runs* 43¹⁵ 63¹⁰ 589⁷ (= 1080⁵), hence applied to a poet 29⁶

مُرَحَّمٌ *conjectured*, i. e. *doubtful* 53⁴ (= 785¹²)

مُرَاحِمٌ *combatant* 379⁶ 403³, hence *satirist* 718¹² 746¹⁴ 757¹² 1046⁴

رحس. أَرْحَسَ *to become bad* (said of food) 244¹

رحو رَحَا II *to expect help from* a person (acc.) 610¹, *to found one's hopes on* something (acc.) 645¹⁹ *to hope for victory over* an enemy (acc) 171¹ 709⁶ 746² 777²

رَحًا *the side* of a pit or well 482¹⁶ seq. [see Index IV s. v. الرَّحَا], du. رَحَوَانِ ibid. 904¹¹ (the metaphor is here taken from a bucket which is being lowered into a well), pl. أَرْحَاءٌ 1012¹, applied to the *sides* of a cauldron 505⁶

أُرْجُوَان *purple cloth* 522[1] 670[17]

رجب. رُجَاب epith. of a woman 476[5]

رِجْس (= رَجِس) 875[5]

أُرْجُب a cry addressed to horses 664[8]

أُرْجِيَّة *a she-camel of a certain breed* 610[3 9]

رجح. أَرَجّ *wide* (said of a hoof) 793[9]

رحل. رِحَالَة *a camel's saddle* 617[7] 923[11], pl. رَحَائِل 662[14]

مُرْحَل *a man employed in saddling beasts* 204[14]

مُرَحَّل *embroidered* (after the fashion of a saddle) 706[5]

رحم أُرْحُوم (pl. of رَحِم) used for the singular 525[7] 841[16]

رحى. رَحَى *the middle* of a cloud 270[10]

رحض. رَحِيض *soft, tender* 891[1]

رُحْضَة *indulgence, gentle treatment* 171[1]

رحم. رُحَامَى coll *a kind of shrub* 634[10]

رحو. رَاحَى *to slacken* a rein (acc) 586[14]. *to remove, carry away* (with acc) 923[12]

رَحَى (= رَحَا) *ease, tranquillity* 586[3]

رَحِي *tranquil* 53[15]

إِرْحَا *smooth pace* of a horse 241[16] seq

مُرْحِيَة — مُرْحِيَة النَّقْرِيب epith. of a mare 585[17] (= 1069[11])

مَرَاحِ (pl. of مُرْحَا) *horses that move at a smooth pace* 292[5]

ردح. رُدُح (pl of رَدَاح) *heavily laden* 229 notes[3] (as var.)

ردد. تَرَدَّدَ *to go backwards and forwards* 492[5], تَرَدَّدَ مُحَارَ *id.* 260[4]

أَرْدَفَ *to recover* stolen property (acc.) 679[10] cf. 841[16]

رادِع . رَدِعَ *sprinkled with perfume* (said of garments) 1083[5]

ردف . رَدِفَ *to act as chamberlain* (absol.) 298[11], see 809[5] seq

رَدَّفَ *to follow* (with acc.) 442[6] see also مُرَدَّف below

أَرْدَفَ *to act as chamberlain to* a king (acc.) 836[14] (= 299[12]), var وارادَفَها

تَرادَفَ *to be amassed on* a thing (acc) 39[15] (= 41[14]), var. تَرَدَّفَ

رِدْف *chamberlain, steward* (at the court of the kings of al-Ḥīra) 298[8] seq 339[15] 781[2] 809[4], du. 808[14] 897[14], pl. أَرْداف 299[17] 300[1] 589[12]: pl أَرْداف *buttocks* (of a woman) 515[3]

رَدَف (= رِدْف) *chamberlain* 1039[11]

رِداف *the office of chamberlain* 66[7] seq. 298[13] seq.

رادِف *the hinder part* of a saddle 455[10] (= 1076[2]) pl. رَوادِف *buttocks* 822[15]

رُداف coll *persons following one another* 593[5] (cf 1001 notes [5]) 1037[7]: as adv. *sitting one behind another* (on a beast) 792[3]

مُرَدَّف camels *ridden* by two or more persons *alternately* (with acc. of the riders?) 1012[11]

مردف *id* pl fem. 1012[4] (applied to camels): metaph applied to a man *overtaken by a series of misfortunes* 568[5] (var المُتَرَدِّف), to an obligation *incurred by several persons in succession* 593[5]

ردم . رَدَمَ i or u (= ضَرَبَ) 29[1] 41[2], masd. رُدام 29[2] 40[17]

رَدوم adj (= ضَروبٌ) 1041[4] (as var.)

الرَّدْم *the Barrier* 575[16], see Ḳur'ān XVIII 94

ردس. رُدَيْنِيّ *a kind of lance* said to derive its name from a woman called رُدَيْنَة 810[16], coll. رُدَيْنِيّة 390[13] 924[18]

ردى. رَدَى I. *to pelt* 719[2], hence *to use as a means of defence* (with ب) 403[2]

رادى *to combat* 901[11] (var. راماى), see 719[3]

بردّى *to put on* a garment (with ب) 997[11], mas̱d. with acc. بَرْدَيَّ الْهَواجِر 1008[14]

مِرْدًى *a block of stone* used as a missile, مِرْدَى حُروب said of a man 719[1]: pl. مَرَاد *punt-poles* 354[17]

مِرْداة *a block of stone* 564[15], see 719[4]

ردد. رَدَاد *drizzling rain* 965[1]

ردى رُوذَيّ (Persian رودك) *lamb* 845[10] — the interpretation «skin stript off» does not suit the context

ردى. رَدِيّ adj *wasting away* from sickness 668[14], pl. fem. رَدَايا 549[4] (as var.)

رزح. رازِح *exhausted* (said of a camel) 944[12], pl. رُزَّح 504[5]

مِرْزَح lit *vine-prop*, hence *a firm support* (applied to a man) 512[9] (= 285[16])

رزم. أَرْزَمَ *to moan* 334[11] 839[4]

رَزْمَة *growl* of a wild beast 406[10]

رزن. رُزُن *low-lying ground* 823[12] (as var.)

رسب راسِبات *penetrating* (epith. of swords) 390[14]

رَواسِب *solid* (epith. of mountains) 1044[10]

رسف. رُسْاف *district* 299[2]

رسخ. راسِخ *dry, hard* (said of pitch) 909[16] (as var.)

رسس. رَسَّ u *to discuss, negotiate about* a thing (acc.) 750[14]

أَرَسّ *id.* 738[15]

فَرَاسّ *id.* 729[7] 738[15] (as var.)

رسف. رَسَفَ u. *to walk with short steps* 590[1], mașd. رَسَفَانٌ 277[3]

رُسَّفٌ (pl. of رَاسِفٌ) 558[16]

رسل. رَاسَلَ *to send messages to* a person (acc.), said of a woman seeking a husband 650[16]

رَسَلٌ see 263[9]

رِسْلٌ *supply of milk* 51[9] 504[13]: عَلَى رِسْلِهَا *easily, without effort* 738[8] (see 160 notes [2])

مَرَاسِلُ *joints* (?), see 629 notes [1]

مَرَاسِلُ (pl of مِرْسَالٌ) *swift camels* 34[1] (as var.)

رسم. رَسَمٌ see 333[11]

رَوَاسِمُ (pl. of رَاسِمَةٌ) *swift camels* 33[15] 345[5] 374[14] 427[11] 1046[6]

رَسَمٌ *a quick pace* 1[14], see 34[1]

تَرْسَامٌ *the act of driving camels at a quick pace* 806[14]

مَرَاسِمُ (pl of مِرْسَامٌ) *swift camels* 34[3] (as var.)

مَرْسَمٌ *a place which deserves notice* (?) 906[16]

رسن أَرْسَانٌ (pl of رَسَنٌ) *bridles* of horses 881[16]

رسو. أَرْسَى *to tether* a horse (acc.) 673[12] (text doubtful)

رسد. أَرْسَدَ *to fit* the arrow to the bow-string (with 2 acc.'s) 570[3]

رسرش. رَسْرَاشٌ adj. *tender* (said of meat) 1048[13]

رسس. رَسَاسٌ *outflow* of tears 931[1]

إِرْسَاسٌ *id.* 395[7]

رسف رَسَفَ u. or رَسِفَ *to suck* 553[16]

رسف. مُرْسَفَاتٌ *long-necked* (epith of gazelles and women) 423[15] 838[10]

رسم أَرْسَمُ *having a blotchy complexion* or, according to others, *gluttonous* 44[3]

رسن. راسِنٌ see 66[1]

رسو. أَرْسَى *to receive as a bribe* (with acc.) 377[15]

رِسَاءٌ *cord* 418[10] (= 1070[14]) 752[1] 763[12] 916[3], pl. أَرْسَنٌ 117[1]

رصف. رَصَفَ I see 755[4]

رصب. رُصَابٌ *saliva*, metaph. *hail-stones* 42[15]

رصح. رَصَحَ a. *to break, crush* (stones etc) 618[14]

رصح رَصْحٌ *a crushing weight* (?) 1037[1]

رصرص. رَصْرَاصَةٌ *pebbly ground* 618[14] 709[11] 1011[3]

رضع. رَضَعَ metaph *to beg of* a person (acc.) 682[6]

رَوَاضِعُ (pl. of رَاضِعٌ?) women *giving suck* 704[16] (var الْمَرَاضِعُ)

مُسْتَرْضَعٌ a child *put out to nurse* 977[1]

رضف. رَضْفٌ *the bones near the knee* 593[1] 709[11]

رعل رِعْلٌ (pl. of رِعْلَةٌ) *tatters* 635[5]

رعب. رَعَابٌ (pl of رَعْبَةٌ) properly *ear-rings*, hence *appendages* 231[1]

رعد أَرْعَدَ *to tremble* 412[9] 674[16] (read تُرْعَدُ)

رِعْدِدَةٌ *a coward* 388[16]

رعرع. تَرَعْرَعَ *to grow up* (said of a boy) 653[1] 826[6] (as var.)

رعر. مُرْعَزَّى *soft fur* 11[13] (from the Aramaic עִעֲרָא, see Dozy «Supplément" s. v)

رعس. أَرْعَسَ *to tremble* 786[6]

رَعِسٌ adj. *trembling* 195[10]

رعع. رَعْعٌ see 97[16]

رعف. رَعَفَ a or u. *to drip* 566[1] 580[13]

رُعَّفٌ (pl of رَاعِفٌ) *bleeding* 558[3] 578[12]

مُسَرْعِفَاتٌ *rushing forward in advance of others* (said of cavalry) 647[15]

رعل رِعْلٌ (pl. of رَعْلَةٌ) *troops of cavalry* 292[2] (as var.) 301[3]

رَعَلَةٌ *looseness*, hence *stupidity* 184[13] (see Maidānī I 217[14] seq.)

رَعَلٌ *a troop* of ostriches 272[5]

أَرْعَلُ *swinging* (epith of a blow) 184[11], *hanging loosely* 231[1]

رعن. رَعْنٌ *mountain-crag* 605[7], pl رِعَانٌ 559[11] 632[11] 1083[9]

رُعُونَةٌ *imbecility* 491[2]

أَرْعَنُ *numerous* (epith. of an army) 148[6] 192[5] (= 236[1]) 406[5] 605[6] 1021[9]

رعى. رَعَى a *to give heed to* a thing (acc.) 306[3] 780[16], with لِ 380[12] (text doubtful)

رَاعٍ *shepherd* 221[15]

رَاعِنَةٌ, رَعِنَةٌ or رُعُنَةٌ (sic leg.) *id.* 2[14] seq.

رعب. رَعْبٌ *vast, ample* (said of wealth) 57[15], pl. رِعَابٌ applied to tribes 1097[5], to chieftains 465[6], to heads 1047[16] (var. عِظَامًا), to minds 1039[2], to gifts 1033[9] 1036[12]

رعث رَعُوثٌ *a suckling* (i e the foal of a camel?) 675[17] — the meaning "a female that gives suck" does not suit the context

رعد. رَعِدٌ adj. *living at ease* 977[1] (sing. form used for the pl.)

رعل. أَرْعَلُ (= أَعْرَلُ) *uncircumcised* 231[3] (as var.)

رعم. رَعْمٌ *coarse sand* 259[12] 260[4] 281[13] 1014[4]

رُعَمٌ *abasement, humiliation* 1041[8]

رعو. رَعَا u. *to bellow* (said of a camel) 32[15] 796[18] 863[1], nom. vic. رُعْوٌ 796[18]

أَرْعَى *to present a camel to* a person (with acc. or لـ of the pers.) 32[16] seq

تَرَاعَى *to bellow at one another* 179[9] (see 544[13] 997[10])

رَاعِيَةٌ *bellow* 924[17] (الذَّكَرِ is here = بَكْرِ ثَمُود, see 796[17] seq.)

رفأ أَرْفَأَ *to approach* (with إلى) 1088[13]

رفت. رَفَتَ u. *to break, crush* 467[1], mașd. رَفْتٌ ibid.

رُفَاتٌ see 467[2]

رفد. رِفْدٌ *drinking-bowl* 222[2], metaph. *gift, bounty* 596[12]

رَوَافِدُ (pl. of رَافِدَةٌ) *benefits* 981[12]

مِرْفَدٌ *drinking-bowl* 493[6] 791[14]

رفرف. رَفْرَفٌ *the flap* of a cuirass 579[14]

رفض. رَفَضَ I. or u. *to abandon* 354[17]

اِرْفَضَّ *to be poured forth* (said of tears) 433[1] 685[12]: *to be dispelled, to vanish* 83[3]

رفع. رَفَعَ a. *to extol* a person (acc.) 331[10]· *to make haste* 296[3] (as var.) 426[8] (= 229[17]) 961[2]: *to uncover* (with عن) 1020[6]: pass. *to appear, become visible* to a person (with لـ) 73[13] 697[7] *to be urged on at full speed* (said of camels) 295[13]

رَفَّعَ *to urge on* a beast (acc.) 891[9]

اِرْتَفَعَ *to appeal* to a legal authority (with إلى) 214[13]

مُرْتَفَعٌ *removal* of a burden etc. 1006[9]

رفغ. رُفُغٌ (pl. of رَفَغٌ) *creases* in the skin, especially on the inner side of the thigh, 279[6] (var. الرِّفَاغ) 378[9]

رفف. رَفَّفَ *to handle* a thing *skilfully* (with ب) 590[3]

رِفْقَةٌ *a company of travellers* 805[4] 925[9], pl. رِفَاقٌ 371[13]

رَفِيفٌ *deft, skilful* 419[1]: *gentle* 455[12] (= 1076[5])

أَرْفَفُ *more skilful* 842[14]

رفل. رَفَلَ u. *to trail one's garment*, i. e. *to behave arrogantly* 355[2]

رفأ. رَفَأَ a. *to cease to shed tears* (said of the eyes) 694[6], *to cease to flow* (said of tears) 837[2] cf 1004[9]

رفب. رَفُوبٌ *childless* 57[18]

رَفْبٌ *place, position* (?) 587

رفرف. رَفْرَفَ *to let* tears *rise to the eyes* (with acc. of the tears) 7[11]

تَرَفْرَفَ *to glimmer* 694 notes [3] (as var): *to rise to the eyes* (said of tears) 837[3]: *to trickle* 841[16]

رفض. رَفَضٌ *dance*, i. e. *trouble, commotion* 71[17]

مِرْفَضٌ *a cause of dancing* 1008[6]

رفع. رَفَّعَ *to patch up, mend* (with acc.) 853[1] 864[15], metaph. *to concoct, invent* 57[17]

مَرْفَعٌ *a place of patching*, i. e. *an opportunity for satire* 181[11]

رفف. أَرَفَّ *to take captives* (absol.) 584[19]

رَفٌّ *soft soil with stones under it* 30.3[14]

مُرَفَّفٌ *a thin cake* 840[4]

رقم. رَقْمٌ *a kind of variegated cloth* 823[11]

رَقْمَةٌ — du. *two marks* which were branded on the rump of asses, دو الرَّقْمَتَيْنِ 280[9], دَاتُ الرَّقْمَتَيْنِ 823[3]: pl. رَقَمَاتٌ *pools in a valley* 1036[2]

أَرْقَمُ fem. رَقْمَاءُ *a kind of snake* 373[7] seq., pl. أَرَاقِمُ 620[6] 1010[15]

رقى. رُقْيَة *magic* 800[11]

رَاقٍ *magician* 841[5]

رَقَّاء *id.* 843[2]

ركب. رَكِبَتْ — رَكِبَتْ نَوَاصِيَهَا *they* (i. e. the horses) *follow their fore-locks*, i. e. they march they know not whither 461[15]

رَكَّبَ *to ride a borrowed horse* (with acc. of the horse) 50[9]

رَكَبٌ see 1029[10] 1044[12] 1097[6]

رُكَبٌ (pl of رُكْبَة) — رُكَبُ الجِدَاءِ *knees of kids*, as a term of reproach 283[17]

رَكُوبٌ *easy to traverse* (said of a place) 929[12]

رُكُوبٌ (pl. of رَكُوبٌ or of رَاكِبٌ) 23[8] 328[19]

أَرْكُبٌ *id.* 681[6]

رُكَابَةٌ see 56[17]

مَرْكَبٌ *birth, origin* 384[3] 806[17]

ركد. رَكَدَ u. *to remain quiet* 795[7], رَاكِدُ الصِّئَامِ *standing motionless* 1014[7]

رَكُودٌ *full* (said of a cauldron) 505[3]

ركض رَكَضَ u trans *to make to run* 184[6] أَضْحَكَ نَرْكُضُ المَنَاحِيَ *they* (i. e the camels) *continued to kick the crooked sticks*, i. e. to march quickly 1099[7], see Lisān XVI 262[14] seq

أَرْكَضَتْ applied to a pregnant woman, with ب of the child 790[12]

ركك. رَكِيكٌ *insignificant*, رَكِيكَ الأَثْمَارِ 904 notes[1] (as var.)

ركل. رَكْلٌ *the act of kicking* 162[1]

مَرَاكِلُ (pl of مَرْكَلٌ) *the flanks* of a horse 674[17]

رلم رُكَامٌ adj. *piled up* (epith. of a cloud) 1009[15] 1014[12]

مُرْتَكَم *the central part* of a sand-hill 934⁶

ركس. رُكْن *the main stock* of a tribe 636¹¹: pl. أَرْكَان *the sides* of a mountain 570¹² 900⁴, *the wings* of an army 882⁸

ركى. رَكِيّ *a well*, construed as masc. 1022¹⁰, as fem. 75¹⁸ 535⁶

رَكِيَّة *id* 490¹ seq.

رمد. رِمْدِد or رِمْدِدْ apparently used as a synonym of رَمَاد *ashes* 796¹⁸ — see Tabarī 1 234¹⁵ 238¹³

رمر رَمَّرَ *to move* the eye-brows (acc.) 863⁹

تَرَمَّرَ *to make signs* 319¹, تَرَمُّر *movement* 161¹⁴

رمس. رَوَامِس (pl. of رَامِسَة) *winds carrying dust* 269¹² 479⁶ 850⁷

مَرْمُوس *buried* 822⁸, metaph. *concealed* (said of tidings) 665⁷ (= 940³)

رمص. رَمْصَا *stony ground* 370⁹

رمل. أَرْمَلَ *to compose verses in the ramal metre* 1048¹⁰ مُرْمِل *bereaved, destitute* pl. masc. 1002¹³

مُرَمَّل *stained with blood* 308¹ ,

رمم. أَرَمَّ *to become silent* (followed by سُكُوتًا) 356⁷

رِمَّة coll. *decaying bones* 422¹⁵ seq., pl رِمَم 1013¹⁰

رُمَّة *a worn-out cord* 270¹⁴ 558¹⁶, pl رِمَم 270¹¹

رِمَام *decay, rottenness* 1015⁶

رِمَم coll. *mouldering remnants* 110⁷ 910¹⁵

أَرْمَام (pl of رِمّ) *id* 38¹⁷ 133¹¹

رمى. رَمَى I. with 2 acc.'s 331¹⁰, with ب and إلى 556³. pass. *to be turned away* تُرْمَى وُجُوهُكُم عَن النَّحْرِ 781⁵ cf. 786¹³

تَرَمَّى (= رَمَى) 100¹⁰

تَرَامَى *to cast away* (with ب) 983[2] *to drive backwards and forwards* (with ب) 1009[8]

أَرْمَى (= رَمَى) with acc. and ب 1031[10]· *to throw* a thing *about* (with ب) 378[8], said of a river rolling its waves 982[1]

رَمِيَّة *victim* 166[9]

مَرَامٍ (pl of مِرْمَاة) *missiles* 6[16]

رنج. رَنَّجَ *to stun* 690[6], مُرَنَّج 505[10], applied to intoxication 690[8]

تَرَنَّجَ see 690[9]

رنم. تَرَنَّمَ *to hum, chant* 62[8] (= 63[7]) 342[1]

رنو. رَنَا, رَنَّا see 60 notes[3] seq.

رهب. رَهَّبَ *fear* 54[5]

رهج. رَهَج *cloud* of dust 247[11] 268[3] 335[9] 87.3[10] 1018[5] 1033[12]

رهدن. رَهَادِن (pl. of رَهَّدَن) *sparrows* 100[10]

رهر. رَهَرَ a. *to move about* (intrans.) 3[15], mas̱d رَهْر ibid.

رهط. أَرَاهِط (pl. of رَهْط) 46[4]

رهف. أَرْهَفَ *to sharpen* a sword 56[11], مُرْهَف epith. of a sword 590[9], مُرْهَفَة coll 691[14]

رهق. أَرْهَقَ *to overtake* (with acc.) 1019[7], partic. pass. 693[5] (as var.) 843 notes[9] (as var.)

رهل رَهَل *plumpness* 967[15]

مُرَهَّل *plump* 19[2]

رهن. رَهَنَ a *to give* a hostage or pledge to some one (with 2 acc.'s) 93[9] 462[4]

أَرْهَنَ *to make* a thing *permanent* (with acc.) 253[3]

راعِش *permanent, continual* 253⁴ seq.

روأ. رأْ coll. *a kind of shrub* 107¹⁶

روب. راَبَ ū. *to be churned* (said of milk) 542²

روح. راحَ ā. *to betake oneself eagerly* to a thing (with إلى) 1031⁷

رَوَّحَ trans *to bring in the evening* 947¹³ (see 291¹⁴) intrans *to blow in the evening* (said of a wind) 596¹²

راوَحَ *to do* a thing *alternately* with something else (with acc. and ب) 1036⁴: *to place* an object *alternately* on two others (with 2 acc.'s) تُراوِحُ عِبْئَيْها عَلَيْهِ *carrying a milk-pail first on one shoulder and then on the other* 333⁶

أَراحَ *to bring home in the evening* 536⁷, مُراحٌ *camels brought home* (opp to عُرُبٌ) 815¹⁶

تَرَوَّحَ *to be relieved from care* (absol.) 631⁷. *to blow in the evening* 866¹¹

تَراوَحَ *to visit alternately* (with acc) 992¹ 1060¹ seq.

اِسْتَرْوَحَ *to smell* a thing (acc.) 761⁹ 807⁷, pass. 460¹

رائِحٌ *an evening cloud* 290¹³

رَوْحَةٌ *a free, open space* 147⁷ 1023¹⁶

رَواحٌ *ease, relief* 715⁵ 871¹³

أَرْوَحُ *more agreeable* 500¹⁵ *having a wide space between the feet* (said of a camel) 500¹¹, pl. رُوحٌ *turning the toes outwards* (said of men) 5⁹

أَرْيَحِيّاتٌ *feelings of delight* 633¹¹

تَرْويحٌ — يَوْمُ التَّرْويحِ a battle in which the Ghassānid prince Ibn Ṭaiba was defeated and slain by the Banū Nahshal 701¹⁵, called عَسَلَةُ التَّرْويحِ 702⁵

مَراوِحُ (pl. of مِرْوَحٌ or مِرْوَحَةٌ) *fans* 807²

رود. رائِدٌ *one who is sent in search of forage* 990[8], pl. رُوَّدٌ 492[1], or رُوَّادٌ 614[16]

رَوَادٌ (said to be for رُوَّادٌ 963[3]) *a woman who gads about* 963[1], رَوَادُ اللَّيْلِ 1026[11]

رُوَيْدَ as an exclam 87[7] (see Ḥamāsa 56[16]). as an adj. حِلْسًا رُوَيْدَا 319[11]

مَرَادٌ *open pasture-land* 207[3]

مِرْوَدٌ *a piece of iron to which a beast is tethered* 788[2] 799[4]

رور رَارَ u *to poise, weigh* in the hand 41[4]

روض. مُرَاوَضَةٌ *negotiation* 738[12]

روع أُرِيعَ *to be scared*, i e *shocked* 1089[11]

مُرَوَّعٌ *disturbed* (applied to sleep) 825[6]

روع رَاعَ u *to get out of the way* 598[9] 614[6]

أَرَاعَ *to seek to grasp* an object (acc.) 669[17]

رَوَّاعٌ *one who turns aside* 614[6]

روف. رَافَ u *to strike with wonder* 1098[13]

رُوَّفٌ *the prime* of youth 43[3] as an adj *flourishing, in its prime* 899[7] (= 497[11]) du *the curtains* of a tent 806[19]

رِوَافٌ *a tent* occupied by a chieftain 356[12]

رِئَفٌ *vigour* (in fighting) 584[18], see also 43[4]

روى أُرْوِيَّةٌ *disastrous* (said of a battle) 404[15]

روى. رَاوِيَةٌ *rhapsodist*, see 10[13] 63[4] seq, pl. رَاوٍ 62[15] 771[5]. *a camel laden with water* 191[11], pl. رَوَايَا 10[10] رَوَايَا *water-skins* 1024[7]

رِيَّةٌ or رِيٌّ *a place abounding in water* 61[6]

رَيَّانُ *plump, covered with flesh* 7[16], fem. رَيَّا 433[12]. *intoxicated* 814[6]

رَوِيّ *copious* (said of a skin-bottle) 154⁶

أَرْوِيَة (pl. of رِوَاء) *cords* 117¹

ر ث ي. رَاثَ I. *to be delayed* 22¹³ 473¹⁸ (= 475⁴), mașd. رَيْث 220¹⁰

أَرَاثَ *to delay* (trans.) 411¹

ر ج ح. رَاحَ I., رَائِح see 317¹⁵

ر ر رَأْر *thin* (said of marrow) 862¹ 877⁵

رَرّ *id.* 36⁶

ر س س. رَاسَ I. *to strut* 741¹⁰

ر ط ط. رَطّ *a kind of textile fabric* 554¹⁶ 1083⁵

ر ع ع. رَعَاع *the foremost part* of a swarm of locusts 572¹⁰

ر ف ف رِيف *the cultivated land* 646⁹

ر ف ف. رَفّ *to spit out* 811⁴

ر م م. رَامَ I *to leave* (with acc.) 889⁴

رَمّ *stair-case* (said to be a Yemenite word) 182⁹

ز

ز أ د. مَزْؤُودَة *frightened* (epith. of a she-camel) 106⁵

ز ب ب. زُبّ (= ذَكَر) 1061¹⁵

زَبَب *luxuriance* of the hair 39¹⁶

زَبَّاء *a species of mouse* 1027¹, coll. زَبَاب 443⁵

زَبِيب applied to *fresh grapes*, كَرْم الزَّبِيب 457¹⁰ (= 1077¹¹)

أَزَبّ *hairy* 321⁵ 856¹⁶ 938⁷, fem. زَبَّاء 781⁶, pl زُبّ 878⁴

ز ب د. زَبَد *froth*, زَبَد السَّيْف as a term of abuse 940¹⁵ 955¹⁰ 968¹² 997¹³

ز ب ر. زَبَر u or i *to rebuke* 1093⁵, pass 2¹⁶

بِرُوتَرَ *altogether, entirely* 215[12], also بِرُوتَرِهِ 215[14]

ر ر ف . اَلرِّتْرِتَارُ *a name of the moon* 264[16]

ر ب ل . رَبْلٌ *a basket*, hence *an object handled lightly* 846[13]

ر ب ن . رَبَنَ I *to thrust, to kick* (with acc.), properly said of a she-camel, hence of war 614[6], masd. رَبْنٌ 1041[10]

ر ب ى . رَبَى I. *to drag, bring* 761[17]

أَرَابِيُّ (pl. of أَرْبِيٌّ or أَرْبِيَّةٌ) *liveliness, high spirits* (in a camel) 578[16]

ر ج ر . رَجَرَ u. رَجَرَ اَلطَّيْرَ *to draw omens from birds* 190[16]

اِرْتَجَرَ *id.* 718[10]

ر ج ل . رَجِلٌ *loud* (epith of a thunder-cloud) 849[4]

ر ج م . بِرَاجِمِهِ see 215[14]

ر ج و . أَرْجَى *to strain* the sight (acc) 515[17]

ر ج ر . رَجَرَ a. or i. *to groan*, hence *to emit with a noise* (with ب of the object emitted) 210[7], masd. رَجْرٌ 624[13] 917[6], حَارِبَةٌ عَقْلاَءُ كَانَ رَجْرُهَا (= وَلَدَتْ حَارِبَةٌ عَقْلاَءَ) 524[5]

ر ج ر ج . مَرْجَرَجٌ *refuge* 509[4]

ر ح ف . أَرْحَفَ intrans *to remain still* 599[8], مُرْحِفَاتٌ *camels that stop short* (from exhaustion) 821[8] (= 818[4])

رُحَّفٌ (pl of رَاحِفٌ) *crawling, marching slowly* (said of horses) 566[3]

رَحَّافُ اَلْعَشَاءِ — رَحَّافُ اَلْعَشَاءِ *a man who crawls to the evening meal* 36[10] (as var.)

مَرْحَفٌ *trace, mark* 592[16]

ر ح ل . رَحَلَ a *to retire, turn aside* (intrans.) 187[11] 223[10] (text doubtful)

مَرْحَلٌ *a place of withdrawal*, i e. an opportunity of seceding 401[19]

رحلف. زَحْلَفَ *to roll, push*, hence *to hand over* a thing to a person (with acc. and الى) 352⁵

تَزَحْلَفَ *to be driven off* 569⁸

رحم. رَحَمَ a *to thrust, push* (with acc.) 431¹⁰. *to press in* (absol.) 215⁵

راحَمَ *to press against* a person (acc.) 164³, metaph 215⁵

اِزْدَحَمَ *to press in* 215⁶ (as var.)

رِحام *throng* 595⁷ 1017⁴, hence *contest, battle* 187¹⁵ 263⁷ 586¹, metaph. *distress* 1006¹⁰ (as var.)

درب. دَرْب *an enclosure for small cattle* 183⁶ 493⁷ 628¹³, pl. دُرُوب 262⁸, دِرْبان 468¹⁴, or أَدْرُبان 493⁹

مُتَدَرِّب *one who hides himself* 288¹¹

ورد. وَرْد adj. applied to a horse 369⁶ = Persian وَرْد *yellow*, unless it be a mistake for وَرْدان

درر. أَدْرار (pl of دِرّ) *buttons* of a cuirass 235⁸ 336¹² 935³

مُدَرَّر epith of a cuirass 995⁶

درع. دِرْعان *corn-lands* 523⁹ (= 908¹⁶) 541¹

درف. دَرَفَ u. *to hurl* a spear *at* a person (with acc. of the pers. and ب of the spear) 145¹⁵

دربن. دُرْبُن see 483ᵇ 779¹⁴ (these explanations are contradictory)

دزى. أَدْزى *to discredit, disgrace* (with ب) 163¹⁵ 203² 226¹ 459¹⁸

زعب. زاعِبَة coll. epith. of lances 472³

رعرع. تَرَعْرَعَ *to quiver* (said of lances) 834³ 958⁷ 970¹¹

زَعارِع (pl. of رَعْرَع) *violent* (epith of winds) 696⁵

مُرَعْرَع *shaken*, said of lances 386 notes ¹⁵, of a banner 835¹⁴

رعف . مَرْعُوف *mortally wounded* 565[13]

رعم . رُعْم *reproach* 1061[1]

رَعَم *power to command, authority* 1025[7]

رعف رَعِيف (pl of رِعْيِفَة) *appendages*, hence, applied to persons, *riff-raff* 31[11] 291[14], رَعِيفَة *id* 1042[7]

رعد . رُعْد *butter pressed out of a skin-bottle*, hence رَعْدُ أَسْبِنا as a term of abuse 830[10]

رعف . رَعَّاف *a coat of mail woven of small rings* 133[10] 143[12]

رغو رَغَا 1. *to groan, gasp* 976[8]

رِغْو *a burden* 692[5], pl أَرْغَاء *baggage* 1041[9]

رُغْوَة *groan* 595[7], pl رُغَاوَات 231[15]

رَغِير *id.* 327[10]

رَاغِوَة *a band of helpers* 112[6]

رُغَار *growl, murmur of rage* 989[13]

رغرف . رَغْرُوف *violent* (said of a wind) 563[1] *small feathers*, or, according to others, *the flapping of wings* 579[9]

رفف رَفَّ 1 *to run* (said of camels and ostriches) 560[13] 1010[17], masd. رَفِيف 426[5] (= 229[17]) 521[1] 560[14] (as var) 1010[17]

رِف *small feathers* (of the ostrich) 636[5]

رُفَّف (pl. of رَافّ) *running* 560[13]

رفل . تَرْفِلَا *altogether, entirely* 352[7], أَرْفَلَ *id.* 663[2] seq

ركب . رُكْبَة see 157[7]

ركر . رُكْرُوك see 794[15]

ركم . رُكْمَة see 157[7]

ركو . رَاكٍ (= رَكِيٌّ) *pure* 1049[17]

رُكْوَةٌ *offspring* 157[8]

رلج . مُرَلَّجٌ *scanty, insignificant* 406[1]

رلحف . تَرَلْحَفَ see 569[9]

رلز . رَلَزٌ *baggage* 234[15]

زلزل . رَلَازِلُ *hardships, troubles* 612[11] 636[12]

رلف . اِرْدَلَفَ *to approach* 810[5]

رُلْفَةٌ *proximity* 798[2], pl. رُلَفٌ in the phrase أَعْلَى الرُّلَفِ *principal personages* (?) 14[2]

مرالف (= مَسَارِفُ q. v.) 12[11]

رلف . رَلَفٌ *smooth horse-hoofs* 929[13]

رلل . اِسْتَرَلَّ *to unseat* a rider (acc.) 887[14]

رَلَلٌ *a flaw* in a pedigree 449[17]

أَرَلُّ *lank, lean in the thighs* 656[13]

مَرَلٌ *a slippery place* 137[12], مَرِلَّةٌ *id.* 234[4]

رمج . مراميح see 215[14]

رمر . مِرْمَارٌ *reed-pipe* (?) 1041[7]

رمرم . رَمْرَمَةٌ *a noise made by camels* when they are grazing 355[8] pl. اَلرَّمَارِمُ *the Magians* (?) 376[7]

رمع . أَرْمَعَ *to resolve upon* a thing (acc.) 370[10]

رَمَعٌ *the basest part* of anything, رَمَعُ الكِلَابِ *the meanest of dogs* 1097[4]

رمل . تَرَمَّلَ *to wrap oneself up* 730[10]

رَوَامِلُ (pl. of رَامِلَةٌ) *camels used for bearing loads* 117[1]

زوملة coll. *id.* 663[3] seq.

زمم. زمّ u. (?) *to discuss, talk about* a thing (acc.) 737[10]

زمّامة a woman of the clan Zimmān ibn Taimallāh (a subdivision of the Bakr ibn Wa'il) 921[3]

زمهر. زمهرير (fem.) *a cold wind* 521[1]

زمر. زمزمى *a large ship* 295[13]

زند. زند metaph *a trifle, an object of no value* 120[19] 763[4] (cf. Ḥassān p. 38[3]) pl أزند *fire-sticks* 800[1]

زنم. زنمان *two fleshy appendages* on the neck of a goat, hence applied to two clans 467[14]

زنى. مزنيات (= زوانٍ) 380[15]

زهر. ازدهر *to be on one's guard* 690[10]

أزهر *dazzling* (said of a woman's complexion) 992[8], metaph. *illustrious*, of a person 994[4], of a day 992[10]

زهف زاهف *fat* (epith. of a horse) 781[7]

زهم. زهم *grease* 510[1]

زها u. *to render light-hearted* 633[2]

ازدهى *to carry along* (with acc.) 810[12]

زها — ذو زهاء *numerous* 458[12]

زود. مزاد coll *water-skins* 10[10] 235[3] 1025[3]

مزود *a bag for carrying food* 794[13], pl. مزاود 969[16]

زور. زور *a visitor, visitors* 38[9] seq. 505[6]: see also 823[12] (?)

زونر *a camel used as a rallying-point in battle* 258[19], du. 259[3] — see Ibn-al-Athīr I 452[22], where زونران is explained as الهجان

أَزْوَرُ *a wide plain* (?) 633[18], fem. زَوْرَاءُ *id.* 618[13]: pl. زُوْرٌ applied to lances, *striking obliquely* (?) 236[9]

. رول رَاوَلَ *to move about* (trans.) 683[7] (= 1002[5])

اِنْزَالَ *to separate oneself, secede* 239[18]

. زود زَوُّ — زَوُّ الْمِيتَةِ *the doom of death* 59[9]

. زيت مَزِيتٌ *flavoured with olive-oil* 526[4]

. زيد زَادَ I. زِدْهُ فِي الْيُسْرِ *receive him with more than usual cordiality* 908[7] *to surpass in number* (with عَلَى) 912[8]

زَوَائِدُ (pl. of زَائِدَةٌ) *appendages*, i. e. *camp-followers* 710[14]

. زيف زَافَ I. *to strut, walk proudly* 480[5]

زَيْفٌ *counterfeit coin* 990[9], pl. زُيُوفٌ 378[6]

. زيل زَالَ II. لَمْ يَزَلْ بِهِ *he did not cease to urge him* 1081[13] cf. 805[18]

زَايَلَ *to separate* (with نَفْسَ) 575[4]

تَزَيَّلَ *to fly asunder* 198[8] 210[10], *to be dispelled* (said of a dust-cloud) 712[1]

. زين زَيَّنَ *to encourage* a person (with لِ) 428[2], with لِ and أَنْ 31[17]

س

سأب سُؤْبَانٌ *shepherd* 813[1]

. سأد إِسْآدٌ *the act of journeying uninterruptedly* 503[1]

. سأر سَآرٌ *one who leaves something at the bottom of his cup* 324[16]

سُؤْرَةٌ *remains of strength* 813[7]

. سأسأ سَأْسَأَ see 276[10]

سَأْسَأَةٌ *a cry addressed to sheep or asses* 276[11]

سأل. سَأَّلَ a. construed with ب 284[11] 884[8]

سُؤْلٌ *that which one demands* 1090[7]

سُؤَّالٌ *the condition of a beggar* 1071[4]

سب سَبَّ u. *to cut* the tendon of a camel 418[6] (= 1070[16])

سَبٌ *head-covering* 227[1]

سَبَّةٌ (= أَسْبَتُ) 681[11]

سَبَتٌ *fore-lock* of a horse 304[8]

سبائبُ (pl of سَبِيبَةٌ) *streaks of blood* 702[7]

سب. سُبَاتٌ *drowsiness* 775[6]

سَبَنْتَاةٌ *bold* (epith. of a she-camel) 7[14]

سبح سَبَّحَ *to make to swim*, hence *to publish* poetry (acc.) 1048[9]

سابِحٌ *swift* (epith. of a horse) 486[7] 621[11] 674[17] 929[11]

سبح. سَبَّحَ *to rest on a journey* 635[2] (as var)

سَبَاخَةٌ *a land containing salt springs* 367[13], pl. سِبَاخٌ ibid

سد. سَدٌ coll *cattle* 155 notes [4] (as var.)

سر. سَارِيَةٌ *closely woven* (said of garments) 356[13]

مِسْبَارٌ *a probe for wounds* 856[13]

سرب. سَرْبٌ (= سُرُوبٌ) 434[12]

سبع سَبْعَانِ (undeterm) i. e. *the seven heavens and the seven earths* 374[1]

مُسْبَعٌ *a child abandoned by his parents, an outcast* 828[14], 975[8], pl. 31[8]

سبف. سَبَفٌ *money, or other property, deposited as a wager* 86[9] seq.

سَوَابِقُ (pl of سَابِقَةٌ) *horses that win a race* 590[14], hence *exploits, achievements* 942[4]

مُسَتَّف *defeated in a race*, pl. masc. 324[8]

سنك. سُنَّك — سُنَّة سُنَّك *an obligatory practice* 227[14]

سدل. سَدَل *edge, border* (?) 635[13]

سَدَلَة *the upper part of the breast* (in a camel) 414[18], in a falcon 775[14]. *moustache* 1062[10], pl. سِبَال 444[8] 905[1]

سابلة coll. *travellers* 1038[15]

إِسْبَال *downflow* of tears 286[17]

مُسْبِلات *bows raining arrows* 98[11] (= 422[3] 1072[13] — text uncertain)

مُسْبَل properly *overflowed*, مُسْبَلُ الظَّلام *covered with darkness* 1014[1]

سبسب. سَبْسَاد see under سبس

سمى. اِسْتَمَى (= اِسْتَمَأَ) *to buy* wine (acc.) 761[14]

سامِيا *the membrane of the foetus* 541[9] 996[8]

أَسَامِيّ (pl. of أُسْمِيَّة or إِسْمِيَّة) *streaks* of blood 364[2]

سبر. إِسْبَار (Persian چهار) *a set of four objects, a party of four persons* 334[14] 863[5]

سبب. اِسْبَ — تَبًّا لَكَ exclam. *shame upon....!* 411[17] (see Mubarrad 223[4])

سبم. سَبِيم see 719[13]

ساجد المَسْجِد i. e Medina 798[18] (= 397[9]), مَسْجِدا اللّٰه i. e. Mecca and Medina 529[1], يَوْم المَسْجِد the day of the murder of Mas'ud ibn 'Amr in the mosque at al Baṣra 737[4]

ساجر. سَاجُور *moan* 22[1] (var. سَجُورها, see foot-note)

سَاجُورِيّ (fem of أَسْجَر) *reddish* 132[4] 210[10]

سجف. سِجْف or سَجَف *curtain* 502[1]

مَسْجُوفَة *concealed by a curtain* (epith of a woman) 952[3] (as var.)

مُسْتَحِفّ *drawn closely* (said of curtains) 550[15]

سحم. سِحَامٌ subst. *downflow* (of tears) 1004[9], of rain 1010[2]. adj. *abundant* (epith. of فَوَاضِلُ *benefits*) 1012[10]

سحو. سَاحِي — سَاحِي الطَّرْفِ *having fixed eyes* (epith of the swine) 904[4]

سحب. سَحُوبٌ see 278[16]

سحب. مُسْتَحَبٌ *destroyed, consumed* (said of wealth) 556[10]

سحج. سُحُوجٌ (pl. of سَحْجٌ) *scars, abrasions of the skin* 823[15]

مَسَاحِجُ (pl of مَسْحَجٌ) *id.* 592[16] 709[11]

سحح. سَحٌّ *downpour* (of rain) 965[1]. adj. *continuous* 52[7]

مِسَحٌّ *a swift horse* 677[11]

سحر. سَحْرٌ *lung*, regarded as a seat of the emotions 582[1], see 22 notes[1] seq

سَحُورٌ *a meal taken at dawn* 924[1]

مُسْحِرٌ — رَجَعُوهَا مُسْحِرِينَ *they sent her back at dawn* 592[4]

مُتَسَحَّرٌ *the time of the early meal* (ironically) 1001[3]

سحف. سَحَفَ a *to carry away* 290[14] (as var)

سحفر. اِسْحَنْفَرَ *to speak at great length* 324[2]

سحف. سَاحَفَ a *to dispel* (a cloud) 290[13]

سُحُفٌ (pl. of سَحُوفٌ) *tall* (said of palm-trees) 291[1] seq.

سُحُفٌ (pl of سَحْفٌ) *worn-out, threadbare* 377[15]

سَحِيفٌ *pounded, pulverised* 788[7]

سَوْحَفٌ *tall* (epith of a mare) 943[4]

سحل. مِسْحَلٌ *whisker* (of a man) 16[15]. *the end of a horse's bit* 218[17] 708[10], pl. مَسَاحِلُ 336[6] *a braying ass*, pl. مَسَاحِلُ 3[6] 635[13]

سحم. سُحْمٌ (pl. of أَسْحَمُ) *black* (epith. of spear-points) 105[15]

سخط. سَخِطَ *to be angry at* a thing (acc.) 804[16]

سخل. سَخْلٌ coll. *lambs* or *kids* 317[18], *foals* of horses 603[3]

سِخَالٌ (pl. of سَخْلَةٌ) *lambs* or *kids* 293[15]

سخم. سَخِيمَةٌ *spite, malice* 1083[6]

سخن. مِسْخَنَةٌ *a means of warming oneself* 382[6]

سخو. سَخْوَاءُ *a plain with a soft soil* 411[6]

سدح. مَسْدُوحٌ *thrown down* 394[8] (as var.)

سدد. أَسَدَّ *to act justly*, hence *to contend on equal terms* against some one (with على) 74[12]

سدف أَسْدَفَ *to grow dark* 1[10]

سَدَفٌ see 1[11]

سَدِيفٌ, pl. سَدَائِفُ see 567[13]

مُسَدَّفٌ *cut into pieces* (said of a camel's hump) 567[11]

سدك. سَدِكَ see 29[4] 30[5]

سدم. أَسْدَامٌ (pl. of سَدَمٌ or سَدِمٌ) *springs of water smothered in sand* 602[13]

سدى سَدَّى *to stretch out* threads for weaving, hence *to undertake* affairs 15[3]

تسدّى *to mount upon* an object, hence *to overpower* an opponent (acc.) 339[18]

سدى *the web* of a fabric 522[1]

سرأ. سَرْأً a see 179[14] seq.

سرب تَسَرَّبَ *to go about in* a place (acc.) 44[14] (as var.)

سَرْبٌ or سِرْبٌ — حَلَّى سَرْبَهُ (= حلّى سَبَلَه) 307[12] 317[5]

سَرَبٌ *trickling water* 433[1]

سِرِبٌ adj. *trickling* 282[6] 1032[1]

مَسارِبُ (pl. of مَسْرَبٌ) *paths, tracks* (of serpents) 44[11]

سربل تَسَرْبَلَ *to put on* a garment (acc.) 187[19]

سِرْبالٌ *a coat of mail* 458[7], construed as fem. 92[5], pl. سَرابِيلُ 988[5] 995[8]

سرج. أَسْرَجَ *to saddle* a horse (acc.) 235[7], with 2 acc.'s 673[16]

سِرْجِيَّةٌ coll *swords which are said to be called after a man named Surāj* 56[11] 65[10]

سرح. سَرَحَ a *to send* (with بِ and إِلَى) 153[3]

سَرَّحَ *to comb* the head (acc.) 905[11] *to leave, abandon* (ب) 1085[5]

تَسَرَّحَ *to be removed* (said of a want) 500[9] (var. تَسَرَّحَ)

سَرْحٌ *ease, relief* (?) 624[13]

سِرْحانٌ *a wolf* 677[11], pl. سِراحٌ 338[6]

سَرَبٌ coll properly *the straps whereby camels' shoes are fastened to the hoof*, hence used for *the shoes* themselves 61[16] 272[13]

مَسْرُوحَةٌ *a shower of arrows* 565[10]

سرحف. سِراحِفُ see 260[8] (as var)

سردق. سُرادِقُ *a royal tent* 451[11] 781[5] (cf 786[12]) 885[12] seq 898[9], used also of the abode of Mālik ibn Misma' 1090[3], pl سُرادِداتٌ *awnings* 486[11]

سرر. أَسَرَّ *to communicate* a thing *in secret* (with acc of the thing) 1021[16]

اِسْتَسَرَّ *to hide oneself* 523[13] (= 908[17]), maṣd. 859 notes[3] (as var.)

سِرٌّ *conjugal relationship* 765[5], pl. أَسْرارٌ *id.* 550[3] 851[6]

سُرَّةٌ *the midst* of a country 1021[15] see also 915[3]

سِرار (= مُسارّة) *secret conversation* 868[4]

سَرارة *the bottom* of a valley 228[8]

أَسَرّ a camel *suffering from sores* (سَرَر) *on the breast* 456[18] (= 1076[17])

مَسْرور an infant *whose umbilical cord* (سَرَر) *has been severed* 915[1]

سرسر سَرْسور see 813[3]

سرط. أَسْرَطَ *to cause to swallow*, hence *to urge* a person *to commit* an act (with 2 acc's) 1059[1]

اِسْتَرْطَ *to swallow* metaph *ibid.*

سُراط *sharp* (said of a sword) 63[1]

سرطم سُراطِميّ *voracious* 441[6] (as var)

سرع. مُسْرِعات *sudden, impetuous acts* (of generosity etc.) 942[7]

سرعف. سَراعِف (pl. of سَرْعوف) *weak, puny* 260[6]

سرف. سَرَفا adv. *stealthily* 311[13]

مُسْرَف *short* (?) 437[1]

سرم. أَسْرام (= أَسْماء) 936 notes[7] (as var.)

سرهف. سَرْهَف, اِسْرَهَّف, سَراهِف see 260[7] seq

سرو. سَرَوات (pl of سَراة) *the backs* of camels 561[11]

سرى. سَرَى I. *to creep*, said of bodily sensations 209[1] 620[6], said of cares 269[9] 479[10]

سَرا *a kind of wood* used for making bows 565[10]

سَرِيّة *a troop of riders* 324[1] (as var), pl. سَرايا 9[19] (= 542[6]) 680[8]

سطر. سُطُور (pl. of سَطْر or سِطْر) *lines* i. e. *traces* of an encampment 516[14], *rows* of men 563[15]

أَسْطَارٌ (another pl. of the same) *lines* of writing 866[2]

سطع. سَطَعَ a. *to rise into the air* (said of dust) 97[17], partic. 692[15] 701[14] 704[3] 765[1], سَاطِعَةُ الْعَجَاجِ epith of a dust-cloud 291[4]

سطو. سَطَا II. *to rush* (with عَلَى) 84[3]

سعد أَسْعَدَ *to help* (absol.) 1078[15] *to take part with* others (acc.) in mourning the dead 53[14]

سُعُودٌ (pl. of سَعْدٌ) *lucky omens* 980[6] (with a play on the name سَعْد, cf. سَعْدُ السُّعُودِ 911[5])

أَسْعُدٌ *id.* 482[10] 486[8] 492[8] 789[17] 989[17]

سَوَاعِدُ (pl. of سَاعِدٌ) — اَلطِّوَالُ السَّوَاعِدِ *long-armed* (epith. of nobles) 988[14]

سَعْدَانٌ *a plant which is eaten by camels and causes their milk to become thick* 208[13]

سعر. سَعَّرَ a. *to kindle fire*, hence *to stir up* war (acc.) 119[4]

أَسْعَرَ *id.* 69[14]

سُعَارٌ *scorching heat* 335[2]

سَعِيرٌ subst. *a blaze* of fire 735[6] 743[1]. adj. *fiery* نَسِيمٌ سَعِيرٌ 1048[13]

مَسَاعِرُ (pl. of مَسْعَرٌ?) *the groins* of camels 554[10] 829[6]

مَسَاعِرُ (pl. of مِسْعَرٌ) *pokers*, i e *warriors* who stir up the flames of war 89[16] 676[12]

مَسَاعِيرُ (pl of مِسْعَارٌ) *id.* 561[13]

سعسع. سَعْسَعَ see 276[10]

تَسَعْسَعَ *to waste away, perish* 878[1]

سعف. سَاعَفَ *to approach* (with acc.) 685[9] 829[9] (as var.)

أَسْعَفَ intrans. *to be near* 577[1]: pass *to obtain help* (from God) 553[3] 577[3] (as var.)

سعل. سَعَالٍ (pl of سِعْلَاةٌ) *demons* 287[15]

سعى. سَعَى ā. *to meddle* with a thing (with ب) 14[18]

ساعَى *to seduce* a female slave 219[5]

مَسْعَاةٌ *effort* 903[13] *achievement* 626[14], pl. مَسَاعٍ 404[5] (= 765[8]) 745[17] 836[15] 935[12]

سعب. سِعَابٌ (pl. of سَعْبَانٌ) *famished* 442[4] 476[9] (as var) 477[2]

سعد. تَسَعَّدَ *to mount* a horse (acc.) 582[3]

سعر. سَعَرَ i. *to uncover* one's face (with عن) 50[7], absol 765[11]. see also 9[9] seq 542[10] seq 691 notes[6] seq.

أَسْعَرَ intrans *to uncover one's face* 691[13] (var. سَعَرَتْ) *to be radiant* with pleasure 992[14], partic. 404[5] (= 765[8])

سَعْرٌ, سِعَارٌ, مِسْعَرٌ see 9[9] seq. 542[12]

سَعِيرٌ *a mediator, one who negotiates between tribes* 9[7] (= 542[8]) 743[14], pl. سُعَرَاءُ 929[8]

سعع. سعع a. *to scorch* (absol.) 74[12] 966[14], masd سَعْعٌ 74[9]

أَسْعَعُ *scorched* 827[11]: *dark brown* (epith of a falcon) 970[6]

سعل. سَوَاعِلُ (pl of سَاعِلَةٌ) *the butt-ends* of lances (opp. to عَوَالٍ) 290[5]

سعى. سُعَّى اَلنَّقَلَاءِ i. e. camels 1012[11]

سعه. سَعَاةٌ *folly* 1097[14]

سعى. سَعَا coll *the prickles of barley-grass* (نَيْعَمَى), which are blown away by the wind 1[9] 516[6]

ساف intrans *scattered, blown about* (said of dust) 381[7]

سعب. سَعْبٌ *foal* of a camel 1025[16], pl. سِعَابٌ 480[1]

سعط. سَاعَطَ *to fall upon* an object (acc.) 1012[1]: *to engage in* conversation (acc.) 549[11]

سَعَطٌ *a mistake, a fault* (in a contest) 922[9]

سعاطٌ see 63[1]

سعاطٌ (= سَعَطٌ) 17[4]

سعف. مُسَعَّفٌ *put into splinters* (سَعَائِفُ), said of a broken limb 553[7]

سعم سَعِمٌ *sick*, metaph. *engaged in a feud* 72[2]

سعى اِسْتَسْعَى *to draw a supply of water* (before a battle) 641[11]

سَوَاعٍ (pl of سَاعِدَةٌ) *streams* 449[5]: *the roots* of a mountain 759[8], hence *ancient practice* 759[11]

مَسْعًى masd. of سَعَى I. 702[4]

مَسْعَاةٌ or مِسْعَاةٌ *a place for watering cattle* 958[13]

سكب. سَاكِبَةُ الْمَاءِ epith. of a cloud 787[12]

سكت. سُكَّتٌ *the last horse in a race* 505[11] 590[14]

سكر. تَسَاكَرَ *to pretend to be drunk* 359[5], with عَلَى of the beholders 359[12]

مَسْكَرٌ *a place where men are drunk* 674[1]

مِسْكِرٌ *a drunkard* 65[16]

سكك. سِكَّةُ الْبَرِيدِ *post-station* 367[14]

سكن. سَكَنَ u. *to cease to fear* a person (with بِ) 838[10]

سَكِينَةٌ *calmness of demeanour* 849[11]

مَسْكِنُ الدِّمَاغِ — مَسْكِنُ الدِّمَاغِ *the base of the skull* 155[15] (cf مَعْمَلُ الدِّمَاغِ 645[1])

مَسْكَنَ see under مسكن

سلأ. سِلَاءٌ *clarified butter* 712[6]

سلب. نَوْحٌ مُسَلَّبٌ *a company of mourning women stripped of their ornaments* 680[10] 928[15]

سلح. مُسَلَّحَة *a commander of armed police* 640[15], see Ṭabarī Gloss. s. v.

سلس. أَسْلَس *more likely to afford relief* 739[9]

سلسل. ذاتُ السَّلاسِل *flashing* (epith. of a thunder-cloud) 686[17]

مُسَلْسَل *marked with streaks* (epith. of a sword) 1098[11]

سلط. سَلِيط *sharp*, i e. *foul-mouthed* (?) 29[10]

سلع. سَلَع *a kind of wood which has a bitter taste* 256[3]

سلف. سَلَف *ancestry* 654[7] 981', du *ancestry on the father's and mother's side* 183[14] 901[14] coll *those who march in the front of a caravan* 48[4] (= 782[9]) 280[17], pl. أَسْلاف 600[1] (var سُلّاف)

سالِغَة *the side of the neck* 191[13] (see 769[3]), pl سَوالِف 271[11] 768[16]

سُلافَة *the first outflow of juice* from the grape 554[2], hence *the choicest kind* of wine 277[16] 555[3]

سلفع. سَلْفَع *ill-tempered* (said of a she-camel) 829[6], of a woman 963[1]

سلف. سُلِف *to be struck* 778[4]

سلل. سَلّ *an unexpected attack* 648[2]

سُلال (said to be a pl of سِلّ 1008[1]) *phthisis* 549[8] 1007[16]

سَلِيل *offspring* (?) 352[18]

سلم. سُلَّم metaph *a means whereby a person's favour is gained* 1045[2]

سَلَمَة *a kind of thorny shrub* 355[4], see under عَضَت

سِلام (pl. of سَلَمَة) *grave-stones* 1008[5] (as var.)

مُسَلَّم *entire, flawless* 807[16]

سلهب. سَلْهَبَة *tall* (epith. of a mare) 585[17] (= 1069[11])

سلو. سَلِيَ *to forget* cares etc (with acc) 823[9], masd سُلُوّ 889[7]

سمأ. أَسْمَأَ *to be swollen* 527[3] (as var.)

سمح. سَمَحَ *to run* (said of a mare) 943 notes[2] (as var)

سَمْح *generous* (said of a man) 686[5], سَمْحَة *willing, submissive* (said of a woman) 839[4]

سمحج سَمْحَج *tall* (epith. of a mare) 943 notes[3] (as var.)

سمر سَمُر *the wood of a species of acacia* 52[5]

سمسر. سِمْسَار *a dealer in horses or asses* 856[16]

سمسم. سِمْسِم *oil of sesame* 44[11] (var سَمْسَم *poison* 44[15])

سمط. سِمْط *necklace*, du 433[12]

سمع. سَمَّعَ *to defame* a person (with ب) 222[16], coupled with راءى 831[15] 1098[1]

أَسْمَعَ *to sing* or *recite poetry to* a person (acc) 57[16] 619[7]: *to call to battle* 584[17] seq.

تَسَمَّعَ *to listen* to a reciter (with ل) 788[13] (var. اِسْتَمَعَ الى notes[4])

اِسْتَمَعَ *id.* 718[12] 923[1]

سَمْع *a hyaena-wolf* 656[13] (for the phrase cf. Ḥamāsa 383[24])

سَمَاع *report, story* 978[4]

مَسْمَع see مَرْأًى under رأى

مِسْمَع *ear* 2[8] 815[9] 980[4], du. 812[4], pl. مَسَامِع 695[1] 879[10] 980[4]

سمعد. أَسْمَعَدَّ *to be swollen* 527[1] (as var), مُسْمَعِدّ 209[1]

سمك. سَمَكَ u. *to raise* a building etc (acc) 182[1]. intrans. *to ascend* (with ع) 182[3]

سِمَاك — اَلسِّمَاكُ الأَعْزَل *the star Spica Virginis* 185[9], اَلسِّمَاكَان *Spica Virginis and Arcturus* 711[14] 791[11]

سِمَادِيّ *rain that falls when as-Simāk appears* 636[1]

مِسْمَاكٌ *pillar* 182[4], du 182[6]

سملف. سَمَلَّفٌ *unmixed*, hence *fierce* (?) 1046[14]

سمم. سِمٌّ or سُمٌّ du. *nostrils* 169[10]

سَمَامٌ coll. *a kind of bird*, metaph *swift camels* 1012[4]. as adj *swift, active* (?) 488[9]

سَمَامٌ *poison* 620[6] 966[1] 982[8] 986[11]

سَمُومٌ *hot wind* 502[14], pl. سَمَائِمُ 377[17] 754[9] 755[10]

سمبر. سَمْبَرِيٌّ *a kind of lance* 101[16], as coll. *lances* 696[2], pl سَمْبَرِيَّاتٌ 540[14]

سمو. سَمَا u. *to attack* (with acc) 956[10], with لِ 144[16] (= 326[11]) 507[15] 600[4] 940[11]: *to aspire* after a thing (with لِ) 988[13], with إِلَى 758[4] 801[16]. *to prepare to do* a thing (with عَلَى) 831[18]: *to raise into the air* (with بِ of the object raised) 869[5], metaph. *to urge on* 1010[4] 1023[9]: *to rise to honour* 873[11]

سَوَامٍ (pl of سَامِيَةٌ) *raising their heads* (said of camels) 271[16] 1012[15] (see the gloss) 1017[1]

سَمَا (fem.) *a period of rain* 197[6] 386 notes[4] 905[17]. on the use of سَمَاءٌ as masc, see 1030[9] and foot-note

سَمَاوَةٌ *rush, onset* 521[6]

سنبك. سَنَابِكُ (pl. of سُنْبُكٌ) *the front of the hoof* (in horses) 45[7] 292[12] 701[14] 751[15] 893[14] 998[15]

سنح. سُنُحٌ (pl. of سَانِحٌ) *lucky omens* 502[3]

سند سَنَدَ u *to ascend a hill* 587[16], with فِي 227[3] seq (var نَسَدَ) 662[6]

أَسْنَدَ *to assign* a task to a person (with acc. and إِلَى) 653[18]. مُسَنَّدٌ *a hanger-on, one who attaches himself to a tribe* 801[6]

تَسَانَدَ *to support one another, to act in union*, حَرَحَا مُتَسَانِدَتَيْنِ (said of two military leaders) 144[14], cf. 47[9] (= 782[3]) 240[10 16]

سِنْدان see 55[7]

سندس. سُنْدُسِيّ *made of fine silk brocade* 831[11]

سور. سَوْر *armour* 995[2] 1003[2] — see Schwarzlose "Die Waffen der alten Araber" p. 327

سمم. تَسَمَّم with acc 1043[3]

سس أَسَّ *to pass* (said of dust-clouds) 537[4] *to prance, to leap about* الأُسّ الْمُسَنَّة 4[8] مُسَسّ (pass) *a place where something flows* 390[16] 520[3], *a place where a wind passes* 756[1]

سَسِيّ *sharpened, furbished* 115[10] (= 735[16])

أَسَنّة (pl of سِنان = مَسَنّ) *whetstones*, to which the cheeks of horses are compared 290[8]

مِسانّ (pl of مُسِنّ) *full-grown* (said of horses) 88[12]

سنه. سَنَة *a year of famine* 197[3] (= 1058[1]) 414[5] (= 625[6]) 462[3], pl. سِنُون 462[7]

سهب. سَهْب *a desert plain* 436[12], pl. سُهُبان 557[7]

سهد سُهاد *sleeplessness* 1095[8]

سهك. سُهُك (?) *violent* (said of a wind) 521[13]

سهل. أَسْهَل trans *to cause to flow freely* 501[17]: intrans. *to reach level ground* 87[7] 234[13] seq., عَنَز مُسْهِل *marching over uneven ground* 1099[4]

تسهّل *to walk in the plain* 188[13] 450[14]

سُهَيْل *the star Canopus* 799[14] (= 78[2] 398[17])

سهم. أَسْهَم *to distribute by lot* 421[1] (read وَنَسْهِم). مُسْهَم *half-bred, of mixed race* (said of a horse) 807[15] — see Lisān XV 201[23]

مُسَهَّم *striped* (said of a garment) 906[10]

سوء. وا سَوْءاه exclam. 415[2]

سوح. سَاحٌ (= طَيْلَسَانٌ) *muffler* 723[2]: *teak-wood* 845[13]

سود. سَوَادٌ *a black object, a dark mass* 48[14]: *a drove of camels* 116[11]

سِيدٌ *wolf*, see under سد

أَسَاوِدُ (pl of أَسْوَدُ) *black serpents* 982[8] 986[11] 1040[6]

أُسَيْوِدُ (dimin of أَسْوَدُ) applied to a man 116[12], أُسَيِّدُ *id.* 1006[5]

سور. سَارَ II. *to leap* 255[16] *to attack* (absol.) 622[13], نَسُورُهَا (= نَسُورُ سَوْرَةٍ) 528[8]

سَاوَرَ *to attack* (with acc.) 316[10]

سُورٌ *city-wall* 365[7], construed as fem. 969[8] *wall* of a building 989[10]

سُوَرٌ (pl of سِوَارٌ) *bracelets* 7[16]

سَوْرَةٌ *attack, assault* 528[8] 569[4]

سُوُورٌ *id.* 518[12]

سَوَّارٌ *one who rushes* 727[11]

إِسْوَارٌ *a Persian horseman* 646[14], pl. أَسَاوِرَةٌ 113[16] (= 731[20]) 737[18] 750[3]

مُسَوَّرٌ *wearing a bracelet* (epith. of a Persian grandee) 995[4], see 643 notes [4]

مُتَسَوِّرٌ *assailant* (?) 942[7]

سوس. سَوَاسِمُ see under سوم

سوع سَوَّعَ *to allow* a person *to retain possession of* an object (with 2 acc.'s) 330 notes [10]

سوف. سَافَ II. *to sniff* (absol.) 22[1], with acc. 26[3] 317[14] 692[2] (as var.) 792[15] 793[16] 1002[4] 1020[5]

سَوَّفَ *id* (with acc.) 1078[8] — see مُسَوَّفٌ below

سَاوَفَ *id.* 166[14]

مُسَوَّف *sniffed*, i. e. *used as a perfume* 554[3]

سوف. سافِد (pl. of سائِف) *drivers* of animals 296[9] 526[9]

سُوف metaph. — سُوف الصِّرَاب i. e *battle* 74[18], cf سُوف صِرَاب 895[16]

سُوف (pl of ساف) *stems* of shrubs 100[9] (= 419[5] 767[12])

سُوف *nuptial gift* 845 notes[6] (as var.)

سياف *id.* 996[12], or سافِد 812[7]

سَوَّاف (= سائف) followed by the acc , ولم تَرَ سَوَّافِينَ عِمرًا 526[9]

سُوفِد *a subject* (as opposed to a king) 240[16] 455[9] (= 1076[2]) 873[9] 895[15] 1047[1]

سَوُوف — سَوُوفُ الدِّمَاء *conveying death* 147[10]

مُسَوَّف (= سائف) 329[5]

سوم سَامَ II *to offer, present* (with 2 acc 's) 118[1] 854[11] *to demand* a thing from a person (with 2 acc 's) 207[6] *to precede* (?), absol and with acc 686[5] (see notes [1])

سَوَّمَ *to wear a badge* in battle 70[2] (see notes [2]) 649[5], partic. 289[9]: *to mark* horses *with badges*, مُسَوَّمٌ أَفْرَاسَهُ 286[10] (= 325[14]), مُسَوَّمَة coll *horses marked with badges* 475[6] 585[9] (see Additions and Corrections) 761[1], pl مُسَوَّمَات 458[6]

سَاوَمَ *to bargain with* a person about a thing (with acc and ب) 90[7]

أَسْوَم *to mark with a badge* 117[15]

سَام *death* 982 notes[7] (as var)

سَوَّام coll *animals that are grazing* 25[15] (read السَّوام) 51[9] 506[3] 584[20] 586[1] 1009[3] 1020[3] (= 588[15])

سَوْمَة *price* 520[1]

مَسَام or مُسَام *pasture-ground* 102[15]

سوى أَسْتَوَى *to cover, bury* (with على) 576[4]

سَوَاء *the middle, interior* (of a tomb) 737[5]

سواسية (used as the pl. of سِيّ or سَوَاء) *equal, all alike* 157[1]

سنأ سَنًى *milk that flows forth of itself* 207[17] (used ironically) 613[4] (text doubtful), pl سَنَآت 595[14]

سمح سَوَائِح (pl. of سَائِحَة) *travelling about* (said of poems) 342[1]

مُسَمَّح *striped* (said of a garment) 508[18]

سمد سِمْد *wolf* 486[5] 810[16], pl سِمْدَان 194[18]

سمر I. سَارَ - pass. قد سُمِرَ بك *thou hast been deceived, overreached* 415[8]

سَمَّرَ intrans *to travel about* 1030[8]: مُسَمَّر *driven from place to place* 998[1]

سَمْر *a strip of skin* (from a human body) 207[6] seq., pl سُمُور *leathern thongs* (attached to spears) 72[15] (text doubtful), metaph. 935[18]

سمف سِمْف *coast* 343[9] 400[7], *the border* of a tract of sand 557[15]

مُسَمَّف *carrying a sword* 580[3] (var الْمُسَمَّف *slain with the sword*)

سمل سَالَ I. *to be full* of people (said of a place, with ب) 1082[7]

سَائِل *a torrent* 21[14]

مُسَمَّل *watered by torrents* 707[1]

مُسَالَان see 870[1]

ش

سنأ شُؤُون *a torrent* of rain 586[13], pl سَآنِين 626[15] 810[12] 984[7]

سنف سَأْف see under سرى

سنم سَآم — الْمَلِكُ السَّآمِي *the Syrian king* i. e. *the Caliph* 1009[7]: شَآمَة (sic leg.) *north wind* 521[10]

أَسْأَم *unlucky* 585[2], pl أَسائِم 375[11] 718[10], as subst. *unlucky omens* 373[12] 398[4]

سأمل. سَأْمَل see 133[6]

سأن. سُؤُون (pl. of سَأْن) *the sutures* of the skull 12[15] 185[18] 193[3] 198[8] 385[10]

سأو سَأْو *a course, a run* (primarily of a horse) 16[15] 106[5](?) 787[4]

سبب. سَبَّ u *to kindle* fire 735[6], pass. 480[13]. مَسْبُوب *keen, eager* (applied to men) 638[5], مَسْبُوبَة *a blazing fire* 35[16]

سَبَاب *youthful folly* 1031[7] coll *young men* 359[8] 731[11]

سَبَبَة *youth* 171[1] 899[7] (= 497[11])

سبح. سَبَحَ a *to stretch out the hands* in prayer 850[2] (as var)

سَبَح *an object seen from a distance* 881[4] (as var)

سبر سَبَرَ u. or i. *to measure by the span* 1041[6]

سَبْر *width, extent* (of an army) 676[16]

سبك. سَبَكَ i *to cross one another* (said of the teeth of a fish) 181[1]

اِسْتَبَكَ *to become interlaced* (said of relationships between families) 534[11]

سَبَكَة *a district abounding in springs* 490[1], pl سِباك 490[2,7] — see also اَلسَّبَكَة and اَلسِّباك in Index IV

سبل مُسْبِلات *lionesses with whelps*, metaph warriors 422[2] (text doubtful)

سبه. سَبَّهَ *to resemble* (with acc) 486[5]

مُسَبِّه *one who mistakes a thing for something else that resembles it* 1035[14]

سبو. سَبَا coll. *the sharp edges* of the teeth 709[6] 712[2], hence *the teeth* themselves 531[3]

سبب. أَسَبَّ intrans *to become separated* 685[6]

تَسَبَّبَ *id.* 453[1] (= 1073[17])

سمم. سَمِيمٌ *fierce-looking* 622[12]

سنو. سَنَّى *to suffice for the winter* (with acc of the person) 1090[1]

تَسَنَّى *to spend the winter in* a place (acc.) 581[4]

سَنَوٌ *winter* (as the time of dearth) 138[9]

سنن. سَنُونٌ *hard, strong,* سَنُونُ الْمَرَانِي epith. of a lion 17[9] 617[7]

سحر سَحْرٌ *the joint of the jaw-bone* 185[13], pl. سُحُورٌ *the space between the jaws* 531[3]

أَسْحَارٌ see 325[9] seq.

سحع سُحَاعٌ or سِحَاعٌ *a kind of snake* 662[3] 687[15]

أَسْحَعُ *id.* 968[8], pl. أَسَاحِعُ 687[15] (according to the gloss a pl. of أَسْحَعَةٌ which is a pl. of سُحَاعٌ) pl أَسَاعِعُ *the back of the hand* 18[14] 198[4] 273[1] 692[11] 698[13]

سَحْعَاءُ — سَحْعَاءُ الْقَوَائِمِ epith of a she-camel 634[1]

مُسَحَّعٌ *accounted brave* 831[14]

سحى سَحِيَ *to be stifled,* i e *buried* 7[16]

سَحْوٌ *grief* 53[15] 931[2]

سَحٍ *obstructed, encumbered* 371[14]

سحم. سَاحِجَانِ *croaking* ravens 213[4], *braying* mules 374[14]

سَوَاحِمُ *id.* (applied to ravens) 961[5]

سحد. سَحَدَ a *to incite, egg on* 19[21] 927[12]

سحن سُحْمَانٌ *feud* 90[7] 351[4] 731[5]

سحو. سَحَا a *to open* one's mouth 969[1] *to force open* the mouth of another 228[5]

سُحَا (?) *open* 371[15] (as var)

ساحب. اِنْسَاحَبَ *to flow* (said of veins) 591[12]

سحب. سَحْبٌ *lean, slender* (said of a man) 546[3]

سحص ساحِصانٌ applied to arrows, see 795[4] seq.

سخاصٌ (pl. of سَخْصٌ) *objects seen through a mirage* 176[12] 686[12]

سدح سَدَحَ a. *to crush* 287[13] 490[13] 860[7] 918[3] 1017[5], partic pass. 394[7] 490[18]

سوادِحُ (pl. of سادِحَةٌ) *extended* (said of the white marks on the foreheads of horses) 142[9]

مُسَدِّحاتٌ *things that crush* 287[13]

سدد تَسَدَّدَ *to exert oneself* 457[5]

سدم سَدامٌ (pl. of سَدْمٌ) *wide-mouthed* (epith. of camels?) 719[9]

سَدْمِيٌّ (= سَدَمٌ) 578[16]

سدب. سَدَبٌ coll *scattered fragments* 333[13]

سَدِبُ العُرُوقِ — سَدِبُ *having prominent veins* 319[12]

مُسَدَّبٌ *lean, fleshless* ibid.. مُسَدَّبُ النَّخْلِ *having their stems pruned* (said of palm-trees) 291[1]

سدد. سُدّادُ النّاسِ *outlaws* 452[17] (var سُدّارُ النّاسِ 1073[16])

سدو. السَّدادُ *fierceness* 776[13]

سرب. تَسَرَّبَ *to absorb* (with acc) 44[11] (text doubtful)

سَرْبٌ *a share of drink* 58[16]

سُرُوبٌ (pl of سارِبٌ) *drinkers* 57[16] 884[2] 1068[14] (var. سَرَاوٍ 761[13])

مَسارِبُ (pl. of مِسْرَبٌ) *beverages* 920[16]

سربد. سَرَبْسَدٌ *hideous* (epith. of a wound) 131[14]

سرج. أَسْرَجَ *to close* the interstice of a tunic 406[6]

سرح — سَرَحٌ coll. *teeth* 1008[10], pl. سُرُوحٌ ibid.: see also 1577

سرد. — سَرُودٌ *spread abroad, current* (said of a poem) 63[7] 125[4] 688[4]

سَرِيدٌ coll. *survivors* (after a battle) 391[16] 565[13]

أَسْرَدُ *more prone to flee* 1020[9]

مُسَرَّدٌ *dispersed* (said of fugitives) 481[10]

سرر. — سَارَّ *to quarrel with* a person (acc.) 805[18]

أَسَرَّ *to publish abroad* 702[14] (as var.)

سِرَارٌ coll. *sparks* 852[10]

سُرُورٌ (pl of سِرٌّ) *mischiefs* 1043[16]

سرر. — سُرُورٌ (pl. of سَرْرٌ) *rough ground* 33[2] 1076[19]

سرسف. — سَرَاسِفُ (pl of سُرْسُوفٌ) *the ends of the ribs* 384[14] 618[10] 981[6]

سرسر — سَرْسَرَ *to cut, wound* 321[5]

سرط. — سَرَطٌ *rubbish, the worst part* of a flock etc. 34[15] (as var.), see 97[16]

السَّرَطَانُ or السَّرَطَانِ name of a constellation 520[8] seq., pl السَّرَاطِينُ 520[7]

سرع — أُسْرِعَ *to be caused to enter, to penetrate* (said of a blow) 929[17]

سِرَاعٌ *the neck* of a camel (?) 610[13]

سَوَارِعُ (pl. of سَارِعَةٌ) *wallowing* (said of wild beasts that have slain a victim) 876[14]

سَرِيعَةٌ *a path* by which animals go down to the water 80[9] (= 768[8])

سرف. — أَسْرَفَ *to ascend* (with acc) 581[6] 699[4] مُسْرِفٌ *standing on a height*, hence *a fortress* 538[14] 900[4] (= 496[9])

سَارِفٌ *an old she-camel* 804[15]

مُسَرَّفٌ epith. of a fortress 552[4]

مُسَرَّفِيٌّ *a kind of sword* 590[7] 645[1], coll. مَسَرَّفَةٌ 12[9] 507[11] 590[3] 711[5] 767[14]

مُشْرِفٌ a horse *that raises his neck* 303[14]

مَشَارِفُ *districts which lie between the cultivated land and the desert* 12[10]

سرف سَرَفَ *to travel eastwards* 841[5]

أَسْرَفَ *to be lighted up by the dawn* (said of a mountain) 796[5] seq.

سَرَفٌ — بِالسَّرَفِ *in the early morning* 665[3]

سَرِفٌ *red* (applied to blood) 267[16] (= 237[6])

سَرْفَةٌ *a place open to the sun* 382[7]

مَسْرَفَةٌ *id* 382[9]

سرك. سَرَكٌ *the main track* in a road 1011[6]

سِرْكٌ *joint ownership* of a place 907[2], for سِرْكُ الْعُمَانِ see under عُمَانٌ

سِرْكَةٌ *association, companionship* 821[7]

مُسْتَرِكٌ — مُسْتَرِكُ الْغِنَى *one whose wealth is shared by others* 177[5], cf. 71[15]

سرمح. سَرْمَحٌ *strong* (said of a man) 148[17] 511[14]

سرو. سَرْوَى *equivalent* 1065[18]

سرى. سَرِيَ *to become serious* (said of a quarrel) 207[4]

اِسْتَرَى — اِسْتَرَتْ سَأْفَتُكُمْ *your ulcer is inflamed*, i. e. your feelings are hurt 740[13]

سرب. سَوَارِبُ (pl. of سَارِبَةٌ) *lean* (said of horses) 152[2] 288[2] 458[6] 810[8] (= 771[4]) 873[3]

سسب. سَاسِبٌ see 288[4]

سسف. سَسَّفَ, سَاسِفٌ see ibid

سُسَّفٌ (pl. of سَاسِفٌ) *lean* (said of camels) 559[3] 596[15]

سحص. سَحَّ I. *to become dry*, i. e. *to yield no milk* (said of camels) 221[15]

سحوص see 221^{16}

شطر. ساطَرَ with 2 acc.'s 1067^{8}, يَوْمُ المُساطَرَة 1066^{16}

سطط. أَسَطَّ *to exceed the bounds of justice* (absol.) 101^{9}, *to treat unjustly* (with على) 81^{16}

سطى. ساطِنٌ *absent* 100^{3}

سُطْنٌ (= سَطُونٌ *distant*) — سُطْنُ الدِّلاءِ *deep* (epith. of a well) 846^{9}

أَسْطَانٌ (pl. of سَطَنٌ) *bucket-ropes* 311^{7} 704^{13} 881^{3} 902^{7} 924^{7}, metaph *means of attaining* an object 986^{12}

سَطْوَانٌ *pride, fierceness* 1046^{14} (text doubtful): pl سَواطِنُ *devils* (classed with serpents) 451^{3}

سطط. سَطاطٌ *a wooden peg* 228^{5}

سطم. سَطْمٌ *tall, active* (said of a man) 485^{15}

سطى. سَطَّى *to break to pieces* 637^{2}

سَطًى coll. *splinters of wood* etc., hence *a rabble, a mixed multitude* (ر) 767^{3}

سَطْيٌ coll. *splinters* of reeds 504^{5}

سَطَايا (pl. of سَطِيَّةٌ) *masses of rock* 659^{3}

سعت. سَعَتَ a trans. *to remove* (said of Death) 735^{13}: intrans. *to perish* 59^{5}

سَعْتٌ *separation*, سَعْتُ مَوْتٍ *removal by death* 735^{13}, جَمَعَ سَعْتًا *to unite those who have been severed* 174^{3} cf مُتَجَمِّعُ سَعْتَى بُلَّدٍ 685^{9} (in these two passages the commentary explains سَعْتٌ as = حَيٌّ "tribe")

ساعِتٌ *a repairer of utensils* 811^{13}: pl. fem. سَواعِتُ things *that cause trouble, disorder* 920^{10}

سَعْتَةٌ *branch* of a shrub 8^{11}. *portion, fragment* 173^{11}. du. *the sides* of a valley 1069^{5}. pl. سُعَتٌ *streamlets* 251^{2}

سِعَاتٌ (pl. of سِعْتٌ or سِعْتَةٌ) *entrances* 433[14]: *water-channels* 449[6] 465[10] (as var.)

سَعُوتُ (diptote) *Death* 58[1], سَعُوتُ الْمَوْتِ *id.* 237[11]

سَعْتٌ *a water-bottle made of two skins* 1032[1]

سِعْتَةٌ *streamlet* 280[17]

مَسَاعِتُ (pl. of مِسْعَتٌ) *drills* i. e. instruments for piercing 800[5]

سعت. سَعَّتَ *to demolish* 683[14]

سعر. أَسْعَرَ *to be covered, plastered over with* something (acc.) 508[6]: *to be seized with* a malady (acc.) partic. 620[6]

سِعْرٌ (= سَعْرُ الْكَلْبِ) 856[16]: for ابْنُ سِعْرَةَ see Index III

سِعَارٌ *shirt*, metaph. 79[9] (cf the Dīwān of Muslim ed. De Goeje p. 151[10])

سِعَارَاتٌ *war-cries* 1063[9]

السِّعْرَانِ *the two stars* called السِّعْرَى الْعَمِيصَاءُ and السِّعْرَى الْعَبُورُ 168[14]

أَسْعَرُ *hairy* (epith. of a skin-bottle) 1001[8]: pl. سُعْرٌ 313[5], سُعْرُ السَّوَاعِدِ epith of warriors 1040[10], السُّعْرُ الرِّدَا 1061[5] is a mixture of two constructions, viz. السُّعْرُ الرِّدَا and السُّعْرُ رِدًا

مَسْعَرٌ *that part of the body where the hair grows* 1097[6], pl. مَسَاعِرُ 1017[6] (var. اساعرها) pl. مَسَاعِرُ *shirts* (?) 551[13]

مُسَعَّرٌ (= مَسْعَرٌ) *a place where victims are marked for sacrifice* 953[15]

سعع. سَعَّ 1, أَسَعَّ see 117[13] seq

سَعَاعٌ coll. *scattered fragments* 117[12] 194[15]

سعف. سَعَّفَ a. (= سَعَّفَ) *to inspire with passion* 577[6] 890[1], مَسْعُوفٌ *love-sick* 992[5]

سعل. أَسْعَلَ *to kindle* fire (acc.) 930[13], أَسْعَلَهَا (= أَسْعَلَ الْحَرْبَ) 359[16]: إِسْعَالٌ *the burning of the skin* by smearing tar over it (as a cure for

mange) 124[3], مُسْعَلّ *smeared* (said of tar) 183[17] (var. الأَسْعَل): مُسْعَلّة or مُشْعَلّة *dispersed* (said of horsemen) 292[1]

سغب. ساغَب *to strive with* a person (acc.) 464[7], mașd. سِعاب (used as equivalent to the partic.) ibid.

سُعْب *strife* 64[16]

ساعِب *contentious* 815[6]

سعر. سَعّارة *a woman who kicks* 332[17]

سَعور *distant*, i. e. *deep* (epith of a well) 846[9]: see also 841[10]

سعرب. السَّعْرَبَّة adv. *with one leg raised* 709[3]

سعف. سَعَف a. (= سَعَّف q. v) 550[11] (var. وَسَعَف)

سعر. سُعْر *the edge of the eye-lid*, du 511[5]

سَعْر *sword-edge*, du 1014[2]

سعسف. مُسَعْسَف *consumed with passion* 550[3] (var. المُسَعْسَف)

شفع. سَفَّع *to accept the intercession of* a person in favour of some one else (with acc. and ب) 1083[15], pass. 805[12]

سَوافِع (pl. of سافِعَة) *double, in pairs* 686[12] 694[12]

سعف. سَفّ u. *to wear away, consume* (with acc.) 111[1] 629[9] 756[4] 848[14] (as var.) 889[1] 931[12]: i. *to exceed, go beyond* (with على) 807[13], pass. impers. سُفّ عليهم *a profit was made against them*, i. e *they were worsted in their bargain* 966[9]

سُفّ *inferiority* 807[11 16], see 966[10]: *superiority* 807[13] 808[5]

أَسَفّ see 807[13]

مُسَفّ 550 notes [1] (as var.)

سفى. سَفَى I. *to satisfy the desire of vengeance*, سَفَتْ نَفْسى 337[11] cf. 388[15]

680^{9} 887^{16}, *to execute vengeance for* one person upon another (with acc and من) 899^{6}, *to expiate* bloodshed (acc.) 793^{11}

سافِيات (epith. of swords) 371^{7}

سُعُد (pl of ساف) 1070^{13}

سعاء applied to vengeance 46^{3} (= 654^{2} 1087^{20}) 338^{3}, سعاء النَّفْس *id* 154^{14}

سعر. أَسْعَر *ruddy* (applied to men) du. 668^{3}: pl سُعْر *reddish* (said of horses) 456^{15}

سعسف. سعاسيف (pl of سِعْسَعَة) *the faucial bags* of the stallion camel 449^{6} 769^{7} 959^{1}, metaph *eloquence* 777^{2} 785^{17}

سعف. سَعَفَ u *to appear* (said of a tooth) 649^{14} سَعَفَ العصا *to sever oneself* from a community 7^{8}

سَعَّفَ *to interlard* (with acc and ب) 350^{6}

سَعَفَة or سَعْفَة *a strip of cloth* 125^{8} 335^{14} *distance, length* of a journey 195^{12} 219^{16} 653^{19}

سَعَّاء *having a wide space between the hind legs* (epith. of a mare) 58^{2} 241^{1} 458^{10} (= 887^{14})

سَعَفَة *firm ground between belts of sand* 49^{7} 127^{17}: سَعَفَة *id.* 128^{1} 970^{7} (see Index IV s v. السَّعَفَة), pl. سعافف 236^{5} 970^{6} 1082^{8}

سعو. سعى *to be miserable* 531^{5} 892^{6}

سَعًا *misery* 524^{1} (= 908^{18}) 528^{3} 531^{5}

سَعْوَة *id* 394^{1} 529^{12} 922^{1}

أَسْعَى ثمود — أَسْعَى 529^{12} 799^{1}

سكر سَكْرَة (= حِمَاغ) 980^{1}

سَكَرٌ *down, short hairs* 444[8]: *young shoots that grow round a tree* 1037[11] (text doubtful)

سكك. سَكَّ u. *to pierce* with a lance 236[9] 646[20], pass. 977[11]

سِكَّةٌ *weapons* 194[11] 675[10]

سكل. شاكِلَةٌ *side, border* 286[7], pl شَواكِلُ 634[19], in a metaph. sense 622[2] 630[16] 986[4]

سِكالٌ *a cord with which a camel's legs are bound* 293[13]

أَسْكَلُ *red* (epith of blood) 328[12] (= 146[15]), used of other liquids 209[15]

سكم. سَكَمٌ *fierceness, ardour* 123[18] 831[14], عَلى سَكَمِهِ *possessed of ardour like his* 643[4]

سَكَمَةٌ *a horse's bit* 1035[4] (see 708[12]), pl. سَكائِمُ 371[14] 404[7] 864[13] 998[10]: *fierceness* 165[7], pl. 748[4]

سكو. سَكّى *to suffer from* a thing (acc) 942[7], with مِن 248[10]

أَسْكى *id.* (with acc.) 708[14] 709[11]: *to prepare skin-bottles* 306[4], maṣd. 307[2]

سُكا (pl of سَكْوٌ) *skin-bottles* 307[2]

سلح. سَلْحٌ see 157[7]

سلسل. سَلسَلَ *to cause to trickle* 321[7] (as var.)

سَلْسالٌ *drippings* 604[16], pl. سَلاسِلُ ibid.

سُلاسِلُ adj *moist* 3[8]

سلل. سَلَّ u *to drive away* camels etc (acc) 191[7] 242[9] 521[1], without obj. 495[7] (but see the parallel passage 656[17]), pass. 190[1] 477[2] 506[8] 540[12] (as var.) 554[6], سُلَّ بِهِ *he is carried off* 57[8], maṣd. سَلٌّ 191[7] 245[2] 339[17], or سَلَلٌ 339[8]. سَلَّ *to become dry, stiff* (said of the arm) 384[19] — in this sense سَلَّ a. is more usual

سُلَّ *to be driven away* 196[15]

سَلَلٌ *a small coat of mail* 77⁶

سَلَالٌ *the act of driving away camels* 291¹⁴

سلو. سِلْوٌ *a mangled body* 877³, pl. أَسْلَاءٌ *pieces of flesh, bones* etc. 555⁹ seq. 1013¹⁰

سلى. أَسْلَى *to call* sheep etc. 259⁷ seq, camels 934¹⁰

سمأ. سَمْأَلٌ see 133⁶

سَمَائِلُ (pl. of سَمْأَلَةٌ, Lisān XIII 394⁴ seq.) *huts, booths* 1061⁴

سمح. سَمَحٌ a. see 772¹, سَامِحَاتٌ *lofty* (epith. of mountains) 777⁹, سَوَامِحُ *id.* 771¹⁵

سمر. سَمَّرَ *to urge on, cause to hasten* (with ب of the pers.) 618¹³

سمس. سَمَسَ u. or i. *to be restive* (said of horses) 245¹⁴ (var. تَسَمَّسَ)

تَسَمَّسَ *to wax fierce* (said of persons) 688¹⁵ (= 757¹²) 689⁴, said of war 854⁷, مُتَسَمِّسٌ *a miser* 683²

سَمُوسٌ *restive* (said of a horse) 505³ (see also 245¹⁵ 688¹⁶ seq.), pl. سُمُسٌ *modest* (said of women) 867¹⁶

سمط. سَمِطَ *to have grey hair* 773⁸, *to turn grey* (said of the hair) 878¹ ¹¹

أَسْمَطُ *grey-haired* 310¹⁶

سَمَاطِيطُ (pl. of سِمْطَاطٌ, سُمْطُوطٌ or سِمْطِيطٌ) *scattered bands* of horsemen 71². *tatters* of a garment 635⁵

سمل. سَمْلٌ *north wind* 133⁴

سَمَلٌ *the North* 133⁸

سِمَالٌ (sing. or pl.?) *character, natural qualities* of a man 153¹⁶

سَمَائِلُ (perhaps a pl. of the foregoing) *id.* 222³ 459¹⁸ 630⁴ — see also s. r. سمأ

سَمُومٌ *north wind* 133[10]

سَمْلَى see 286[8]

سَمَّلَ see 133[7]

سَمَلَّةٌ *a swift she-camel* 62[4] 273[1] 480[11] 754[15]

سِمْلَالٌ *id.* 293[6], applied to a woman 1031[7]

سَمَالِيلُ (pl. of سُمْلُولٌ) properly *fruit-stalks* of the date-palm, hence *scattered bands* of travellers 478[14]

سمم. شَمَّ a. or u. *to smell*, hence *to endure* a thing (acc.) 107[9]

سَمَمٌ — عن سَمَمٍ *from a short distance* 472[2]

سِمَامٌ *mutual caresses* 1005[1]

أَسَمُّ *lofty* (epith. of fame) 971[9], pl. سُمٌّ (said of persons) 988[14]

سنأ. سَنَى *to concede* a right (with acc. and ل) 609[2] 728[10]

سَنَادٌ *enmity*, أَحْنَانُ السَّنَادِ 829[6], أَمِرُ سَنَادٍ 964[3]

سنح. سَنَّحَ *to contract, draw together* (with acc.) 692[5]

سَنِحٌ *contracted* (said of a limb) 649[17]

انْسِلَاحٌ *contraction* 844[13]

سنر. سَنَارٌ *disgrace* 256[11] 1028[3] 1039[1]

سنع. تَسَنَّعَ *to prepare to do evil* (absol.) 688[8] (as var.) 828[5], with ب or ل 823[3]: *to go fast* (said of horses) 781[7], see 823[6]

سَنَاعٌ (fem.) *swift* (epith. of an antelope) 823[9]

سَنْعَاءُ *a severe blow* 887[16]

مُسَانِعٌ see 688 notes [1]

سنف. سَنَفٌ *long* 319[13] (as var.)

سمن سَنَّ u. *to pour* 780[8]

سِنَانٌ (pl. of سَنَّةٌ) *skin-bottles* 345[15] 437[2]

سَمِينٌ *rather fat* (said of a horse) 781[7]

سنب. سِنَابٌ see 294[14]

سَنَاءٌ (= تَسَنَّةٌ سَنْيًا) *an army gleaming* with weapons 243[15] 301[3] 736[7]: *brightness* of the sun 393[5]

سند سَنِدَ with personal object 23[1] 457[4] (= 1077[4])

سُنُودٌ (pl. of سَاعِدٌ) 299[17]

مَسْنَدٌ *a place of concourse* 802[5]. *demeanour, manners* 798[12]

سنر مَسْنُورَةٌ *a conspicuous object*, i. e an iron collar worn by a captive 148[18]

سنل. أَسْنَلُ *greenish* 209[16] (as var.)

سنم. سَنِمَ *keen* (epith. of a warrior) 668[18]

سوب. سَابَ u *to mingle*, pass. 42[15]

سور. سَارَ ū maṣd. سُورٌ see 861[4]

سَوَّرَ *to raise aloft* (with ب) 491[9] *to display, exhibit* (with acc.) 900[13]

سُوَارٌ *beauty* 409[16] *the trappings* of a beast 730[10]

مِسْوَارٌ *a horse-show* 861[5]

مَسَارَةٌ *id.* 861[6]

سوس. أَسْوَسُ *one who raises his head* 716[6], fem. سَوْسَاءُ 837[3]

مُتَسَاوِسٌ *disdainful* 26[7] 27[13]

سوف. سَيْفَةٌ *a scout* (syn. طَلِيعَةٌ) 1024[1]

سوك. سَاكَ ā. *to become long and pointed* (said of the teeth of a camel) 868[14]

سُوكَةٌ *a kind of eruption* 360[8] seq.

شول. سأل II. *to raise the tail* (said of a camel) 719[14] (= 740[7], see also 78 notes[6] 521[1] seq.), hence the proverb تَسولُ بِلسانِكَ سَولانَ الثَروبِ 78[10] seq : *to rise* in the balance, *to be outweighed* 495[1] 497[5] 904[10], see also 521[7]: *to mount*, i. e. *to get into the saddle* 461[12]. شالَتْ تَعامُتُهم *they were thrown into confusion* 457[14], سالَتْ تَعامُتُهُ 494[10] — a phrase of obscure origin

سَوّل said of she-camels 560[14]

أَسالَ *to raise* the legs (said of beetles) 256[17]

شائِل *a she-camel that raises her tail*, in order to indicate that she is pregnant 521[1] 560[16] 597[3], pl. شُوَّل 560[16] 597[1] — see also سُوَّل below

سائِلَة *a she-camel that yields little milk* 560[15] 597[3], coll. سَوْل 1[10] 321[1] 521[1] 560[13] 596[15] 921[13], pl سَوائِل 221[15], or أَسْوال 192[10] (= 236[6])

سُوَّل (pl. of سائِل?) *raised* (said of the tails of camels) 164[9] (= 597[5])

مُسبِل *a camel that raises the tail* 297[1]

سوم سُوِّم (= سُئِّم) *to be considered unlucky* 585[6]

سوه. سِماه (pl of سَاه) *sheep* 463[5]

سَوِي *id* 244[14] seq

سوى. أَسْوى *to wound slightly* (with acc. of the pers.) 768[5], see 900[11]

سَوِي coll. *the extremities of the limbs*, especially *the feet* 24[6] 900[9], see 178[15] 768[6]

سِوِي see above s. r. سوه

أَسْوَى *less dangerous* (said of a weapon) 178[13]

مُسْتَوى *a place of roasting*, i. e. *the hottest part* of a fire 1087[12]

سيح. أَساحَ *to be clever, capable* 69[13], partic 802[14]

سِيح *a kind of wormwood* 354[18], used as fuel 480[13]

مُشايِح *cautious* (?) 838[5] (read المُساوِح)

شمح. شَمْح for the pl. forms, see 172[9] seq.

شبد. شَبَّدَ *to raise on high*, so 772[6] according to the better reading مُحْدَهِشّ مُشَبَّدٌ: مُشَبَّدٌ (= مُشَبَّدٌ مُحْدَهِشّ): مُشَبَّدٌ *cemented with gypsum* (سِيدٌ) 479[14]

سمر. سَمَرِىّ coll. *bowls made of* سَمَر (walnut-wood?) 563[9]

سمط. أَسْاطَ *to destroy* 45[7]

شيع. شَيَّعَ *to call, summon* (with ب) 170[2]. *to encourage* (with acc. and على) 216[3], مُشَيَّعٌ *courageous* 895[11]

تَشَيَّعَ *to behave boldly* 688[2] (var. تَشَيَّعْتُ)

شِيعَةٌ *a partisan* of ʿAlī 125[15]: as coll. applied to the partisans of ʿAbd-al-Malik in Babylonia 1090[17] 1091[4]: pl. أَشْياعٌ *adherents* 906[12]

مُشايِعٌ *courageous* 688[2]

شعف. شَعْفَةٌ see under سوف

سمم. سامَ I. *to watch the lightning over* a place (with acc. of the place) 168[1]

أَسْامَ *to enter* into the midst of a crowd (with ع) 414[16]

سامانٌ *streaks on the ground* 127[17]

مسمّةٌ *the womb* (?) 441[3]

سمس. سانَ I. *to disgrace* 47[7] (but see the parallel passage 782[1])

ص

صأب. صِئْبانٌ (pl. of صُؤابَةٌ) *the eggs of lice* 35[3]

صأى. صَأَى II. *to squeak* 914[12]

صبب. صَبَّ *to swoop down* 311[13] (read صَبَّتْ) 446[4]

تَصَبَّبَ *to stream* with blood 147[8] cf. 393[2]

أَصَتَّ (= صَتَّ) 218[10], maṣd. 443[10]

أَصْطَتَّ *to pour out, empty out* (with acc.) 660[18]

صُئَادَة *the remainder of a liquid* in a vessel 135[9], pl. صُئَادَات 510[6]

صبح. صَبَّحَ a. *to present the morning-draught to* a person, metaph. in a hostile sense (with 2 acc.'s) 115[10] (= 735[16]) 603[17] 637[13] 676[16] 678[3] 761[1] 810[12], with acc. and ب 1021[12] 1023[2]

صَبَّحَ *to arrive at* a place *in the morning* (with acc.) 49[2] (= 783[3]): *to attack in the morning* 1095[2]

أَصْطَبَحَ *to drink the morning-draught* (صَبُوح) 490[8]

صَبَاح *a morning raid*, صَبَاحُ الصَّبَاحِ 258[17], كَرِيمُ الصَّبَاحِ 388[16], يَا صَبَاحَاهْ as a cry of warning 234[18] 470[16], similarly يَا سُوءَ صَبَاحَاهْ 582[14] [cf. وَا صَبَاحَاهْ Ibn Hishām 720[1]]

صبر. صَبَرَ I. *to constrain* some one *to endure* something (with acc. and على) 646[20]. II. *to guarantee* (with ب) 533[9] (read أَصْبَرَ)

أَصْطَبَرَ *to endure patiently* (with لـ) 688[1]

صِبْر *bitter aloes* 52[4], pl. صُبُور 916[13]

صُبَارَة *stone*, i. e. that which has no feeling 655[9] (= 1084[9]): coll. *agents, representatives* (?) 92[3]

مَصْبُور *bound* for execution 913[4]

صبع. صَبَّعَ *to plunge* (trans.) 643[8]

صبهد. صَبَهْدَد (more correctly صِبَهْدَد) *leader of an army* 995[9]

صبو. صِبًا *love-making* 631[8] 685[2] 754[6] 775[3] 844[3], also spelt صِبًى 43[3] 633[11] 869[14]

أُصَيْبَة dimin. of أَصِيبَة (pl. of صَبِيّ) 357[8]

صحب. صِحَاب (pl. of صَاحِب) 754[7] 1032[6]

صحر صَحْرَةَ بَحْرَةَ adv. *unexpectedly* 52[13]

مُصْحِرٌ *coming out into the open plain* 942[8]

صحصح. صَحْصَحَانٌ *a desert plain* 436[12] 480[11] 622[12] 989[17]

صحن صَحْنٌ *low-lying country* 1022[1]

صحو. مَصْحًا *a place where men are sober* 674[1]

صاحب. أَصْحَبَ see 1063[3] and foot-note

صَحَّابٌ *one who shouts* ibid.

صدد. صَدَّ u *to turn aside* (intrans.) 436[13] seq 716[6]

صدر صَدَرَ u. *to emerge* from a valley 610[10]

أَصْدَرَ *to go forward* 996[13] (var. صَدَّرَ)

صُدَّارٌ pl. of صَادِرٌ — صُدَّارُ السَّنَبِ *those who are returning from the sanctuary*, i. e *pilgrims* 49[1] (= 783[2])

صادِرَةٌ 1012 notes [4], see s. v. أَوَامٌ

مُصَدَّرٌ *large-breasted* (epith. of a horse) 673[16]. *eminent, distinguished* 994[16]

مُصْدِرٌ *affording water to drink* (said of a lake, etc) 263[13]

صدع. صَوَادِعُ (pl. of صَادِعَةٌ) *cleaving a way* 688[7]

مِصْدَعٌ epith of a sword 973[4]

صدف. تَصَدَّفَ *to place oneself sideways* 559[8]

صدق صَدَقَ u. *to fight well* 67[10] 589[2], maṣd. صِدْقٌ 147[3] (= 328[14])

صَدَّقَ *to believe* in a person (with ب) 904[8]

أَصْدَقَ *to present the nuptial gift to* a woman (with 2 acc.'s) 1089[6]

صَدَاقَةٌ *nuptial gift* 821[6]

صادِقٌ *genuine* (said of things) 560[9], صادِقَةُ النَّصْلِ *that fails not to kill* 144[1]

مَصْدَق *battle-field* 402[12] 844[5]. *vigour in fighting* 584[18] 763[5] 955[13]

صدم. صادَمَ *to exchange blows* 615[14], see also 419[13] (as var.)

صَدِيم *struck, smitten* 121 notes [5] (as var.)

صدى. صادَى *to cajole* a person (with عن) 712[12]

تَصَدَّى *to go to meet* (with acc) 52[2], with ل 487[4]

صادِيَة *thirsty* 253[11] 1007[13] 1011[13], pl. صادِيَات 395[2] 962[13] or صَوادٍ 174[9]

صَدًى *thirst* 808[8]· *ghost, wraith* 80[10] 82[6] 828[7] 847[9] 848[15] (see the gloss) 852[6] 873[13] 1017[9], pl. أَصْدَاء 828[7]. see also 813[3]

صرح. صُرَاح *unmixed* (said of beverages) 637[13]

صُرَاحِيّ *id* (in a metaph. sense) 956[5]

صَرِيح coll *genuine offspring*, hence *the main stock* of a tribe 154[7] 1098[2]

صرخ. أَصْرَخَ *to come to the help of* some one (acc.) 240[1]

اِسْتَصْرَخَ *to summon help* 19[11]

صُرَاخ *a cry for help* 584[17]

صَرِيخ *one who calls for help* 19[12] seq. 145[3] 235[7] 239[19] 835[14]

صرد. صُرَد *a kind of bird* (regarded as ill-omened) 961[11]

صُرَّاد coll *cold clouds which shed no rain* 610[17]

مُصَرَّد *scanty* (said of drink) 58[16]

صرر. صَرَّ 1. *to shriek* (said of falcons) 9[15]

أَصَرَّ *to raise* the ears, partic. 293[6]

صِر *cold wind* 207[2], pl. أَصْرَار 864[4]

أَصِرَّة (pl. of صِرَار) *strings* which are tied over a she-camel's udder 321[1] 447[8]

مُصْطَرّ — مُصْطَرّهٌ لِلحافِرَتَيْنِ a she-ass *with narrow hoofs* 793⁷

صَرارِيّ *boatman, sailor* 1001⁴ (read الصَّرارِيّ)

صرصر صَرْصَرَ *to howl* (said of the wind) 673⁴

صرع. مُصَرَّع *knocked down* (said of branches) 833¹, *laid low* مُصَرَّعة قَتْلَى 893¹⁴

صرف. صَرَّفَ 1. *to make a grating sound* (said of the teeth) 570³ 604¹⁷, *to grind the teeth* (absol.) 599³

صرم. صَرَمَ 1. *to sever one's connection with* a person (acc.) 503¹¹, absol. 60⁴

صَرِمَ or صَرَّمَ *to cease* (said of bloodshed) 337¹⁵: مُصَرَّم *cut off* i.e. *branded* (said primarily of the teats of a she-camel) 81¹³

صِرْم *a solitary encampment* 697¹¹, pl. أَصارِم 395¹³ or أَصارِيم 517⁴

صِرْمَة *a small herd of camels* 504⁵ 706¹

صَرِيم adj. *interrupted* 22¹, see foot-note: subst. *night* (?) 983 notes 7 (cf. Ḳur'ān LXVIII 20) — see also the following

صَرِيمَة *an isolated patch of sand* 618³ 621⁶ 890¹, coll. صَرِيم 602⁴, pl. صَرائِم 394¹³ 890² (as var.)

مُصْرِم *one who possesses a small herd of camels*, hence *poor* 51¹⁵ (= 785⁶) 1079¹³

صرى. صَرِيّ *milk left in the udder* 393⁶

صَراة *stagnant water* 37¹⁰ 230⁷ 705⁵

نَصْرِيَة see 11²

مُصْرَاة see 37¹¹

صعد. مُصْعَد *a stallion camel*, metaph. 872⁴, pl. مُصْعَدات 769⁷ مَصاعِد 769⁸ or مَصاعيد 711⁴

مُسْتَصْعَدات *camels that have never been used for work* 719⁹

صعد. صَعَّدَ — صَعَّدَ وصَوَّبَ *to scrutinise, examine* a thing (with عَ) 547[10], the object being بَصَرَهُ or نَظَرَهُ understood (cf. Aghānī I 131[12]); see also s. v. مُصاعِدٌ

أَصْعَدَ intrans. *to escape* 58[11]

تَصَعَّدَ *to rise* (said of the day) 551[3]

صَعْدَةٌ *a straight stem* 77[9], hence *a spear* 77[7]

صَعُودٌ *a steep ascent*, metaph. *obstacle* 770[13]: see also 911 notes [1] seq.

صُعُدٌ *the swell* of the sea 467[7]: *the prominent part* of a camel's breast, or *the panting* of a camel 479[14]

مُصاعِدٌ — مُصاعِدُ القَفّالِ *travellers that journey to and fro* 282[1] (var. لِمُتَصَعِّدٍ, لِمُصَعِّدٍ and لِمُتَصَعِّدٍ)

صعر. صَعَّرَ خَدَّهُ *he twisted his cheek*, i. e. *he behaved arrogantly* 701[10] cf. 693[1]

صعصع. صَعْصَعَ *to scatter, disperse* (trans.) 970[6]

تَصَعْصَعَ *to call oneself after Ṣaʿṣaʿa* 975[15]

صعف. مُصْعَفٌ *stunned* (?) 1047[5]

صعى. صَعَى (= صَأَى q. v.) 914[13]

صعو. صَعًا *the tossing back* of the head 231[10]

صعح. صَعْحَةٌ du. *the sides* of a man 907[5] pl. صِعاحٌ in أَحْرَزُ بالصِّعاحِ *one who presents a wider surface*, i. e. *more vulnerable* 980[3]

صَعِيحٌ coll. *slabs of stone* 493[7]

صَعائِحُ (pl of صَعِيحَةٌ) *grave stones* 837[12]

مُصْعَحٌ *applied flat* (i. e. not edgewise, said of a sword) 507[4]

صعد. صَعَدَ i. *to bind* a captive 192[12]

صَعَّدَ *id.* 253[15], partic. pass. 887[8]

صِعَادٌ *an iron fetter* 192[12] 228[11] 241[16]

صعر. صِعْرٌ *empty* 6[16], pl أَصْعَارٌ applied to minds 878[4]

صَعَرٌ or صِعْرٌ *a fit of madness* (which recurs at regular intervals) 235[5]

صَعْرَاءُ *gold* 141[3]. *wine* 879[4]

صَعَرٌ *whistling* (subst.) 926[4]

أَصْعَارٌ (pl. of صَعَرٌ) *jaundice* 879[5]. see also under صِعْرٌ

صعصع. صَعْصَعٌ *a plain* 176[5] 559[11]

صعف صُعْفٌ (pl. of صُعْفَةٌ) *cushions* placed on saddles 894[1]

صَعَفٌ coll. *slices of meat* 510 notes[2] (as var.)

صعف. صَعَّفَ *to open* (?) the eyes 841[12]

صَعْفَةٌ *the act of closing*, يَوْمُ الصَّعْفَةِ the day when a number of the Banū Tamīm were shut up in the castle called al-Mushakkar and massacred by the Persian governor 149[6] (see Ibn al-Athīr 1 464 seq.)

صِعَانٌ *the conclusion, ratification* of a sale or bargain, hence *traffic* 56[11]

صعن. أَصْعَانٌ (pl. of صَعَنٌ *scrotum*) 3[15] (= 6[4])

صعو. صَعَّى *to reserve, set apart* 424[20]

أَصْعَى *to bestow* a favour *on* a person (with acc. of the pers. and ب of the favour) 1079[2]

صَعَادٌ *rock*, metaph. *power* 615[14] 770[9] 778[14] 860[10], coll. صَعَفٌ *id.* 965[16]

صُعَاةٌ (pl. of صُعْفَةٌ) *portions of spoil*, chosen by a chieftain for himself 192[6] (= 236[2])

صعب. صَعْبٌ *a tent-pole*, hence as adj. *tall* du. 182[6]. pl. صُعُوبٌ *tent-poles* 206[15]

صعع. صَعَّعَ a. *to strike* (especially on the head) 887[16], masd. صَعْعَةٌ 457[13]

صَوَافِعُ (= صَوَاعِفُ) *flashes of lightning* 690⁶

صَفْعَاءُ *having a white spot on the head* (epith. of an eagle) 155⁷

صَفِيعٌ *hoar-frost* 561¹⁸

صَوْمَعَةٌ see صَوْمَعَةٌ

مِصْقَعٌ *one who strikes on the head* 835⁴, metaph *eloquent* 959⁹

صكك. صَكَّ u. *to strike* 967⁵, mașd. صَكٌّ 9¹⁵ 990¹⁰ or صَكَّةٌ 505¹⁰ 967⁵: *to carry headlong* (with ب) 1070¹⁵ *to close* the eyes (acc.) 841¹²

اِصْطَكَّ *to dash one against the other* 996¹³

صَكَكٌ *a tottering motion* 71¹⁷

أَصَكُّ *knock-kneed* (said of a horse) 923²

صلب. صُلْبٌ subst *offspring* 362¹⁸: *hard soil* 3⁸ 635¹³, pl. صِلَبَةٌ 635¹⁶: adj. *hard* pl صِلَابٌ 1037¹

صُلَّبٌ *a hard stone* (of which whetstones were made) 290⁸

صَلَابَةٌ *strength, hardness* 914¹²

صَلَبٌ *back-bone*, hence *prop, support* 859⁹: اَلصَّلَبُ *the Cross* 402⁹ 510¹ seq 900¹⁷ 903¹⁶ 904¹¹ ¹³, ذُو الصَّلَبِ i. e. al-Akhṭal 801¹⁴, دَارُ الصَّلَبِ i. e. Ḥadrā 808¹⁴

صلت. صَلْتٌ adj. *smooth* 836¹⁰

مُصْلِتٌ *drawing the sword* 886² 887¹, pl 646⁵

مَصَالِتُ (pl. of مُصْلِتٌ) *keen, eager* (said of persons) 65¹⁰ 806¹⁶

صلد. صَلَدَ I. *to be hard, dry* 108⁵: *to refuse to ignite* (said of a fire-stick) 800³

صُلَّدٌ (pl. of صَالِدٌ) *hard, dry* 493²

صلدم. صِلْدِمٌ *hard-hoofed* (epith. of a horse) 409⁷ (var. صَامِرٌ 671⁸) 458¹⁰ (= 887¹⁴) 675¹⁰, pl. صَلَادِمُ 419⁹ 511¹¹ (= 285¹⁵) 748¹⁰ 762⁷

صُلادِمٌ *hard* (said of a head) 419[12]

صلصل. صَلْصَلَ *to jingle, rattle* (intrans) 1024[19], partic. 712[9], masd. صَلْصَلَةٌ 1020[8]

تَصَلْصَلَ *id* 894[1]

صلع. أَصْلَعُ *bald*, الفَرَزْدَقُ الأَصْلَعُ i. e. al-Farazdak 967[5]

صلف. صَلِفَ see 271[1] (= 594[9])

أُصْلِفَ *to be disliked* 594[8]

صَلَفٌ *dislike* 848[10], see 270[16] seq. (= 594[9])

صَلِفٌ *useless* 270[15]

أَصْلَفُ, صَلْفاءُ see 594[10] seq.

صلف. صَلائِفُ (pl. of صَلِيفَةٌ) *thin cakes* 839[14]

صلل. صَلَّ 1. *to rattle* (intrans.) 8[7]

أَصَلَّ *to stink* (properly applied to raw flesh) 541[6] 544[13]

صِلِّيانٌ *a plant on which camels feed* 355[3] 490[6] 928[2]

صلم. اصْطُلِمَ see 376[5] 829[9]

مَصْلُومٌ *cut off* (said of the nose) 829[8]

مَصالِمُ (pl. of مَصْلِمٌ?) *the roots* of the nose, ears etc. 376[3]

صلو. صَلا *haunch* (of a human being or a quadruped) 406[11] 1037[7], du. صَلَوانِ 58[7], pl. أَصْلاءٌ 226[8]

مُصَلٍّ (= مُؤْمِنٌ) 574[10]. *the second horse in a race* 87[7] seq.

صلى. صَلَّى *to heat* a stick over a fire 97[3]

صَلًى *the heat* of a fire 561[1] 909[15], صَلًا *id* 561[17]

صَلايَةٌ *a stone used for bruising perfumes* 841[7]

صمت. صَمُوتٌ *silent*, صَمُوتُ الخَلْخالِ *a woman whose ankle-rings make no noise* (on account of her fatness) 1031[10]

مُصْمَتٌ (= صَمُوتٌ) pl fem. 7[16]

صمح. صَمَحَ a. *to scorch* (said of the sun) 502[9]

صمحمح. صَمَحْمَحٌ *strong, short of stature, bald* (?) 1050[17]

صمح. صِمَاحٌ (= صِمْلَاحٌ) *the hollow of the ear* du. 236[9]

صمد. صَمَدَ u. *to make for* an object (with نَحْوَ) 1075[12] (var. قَصَدَ 454[16])

صَمْدٌ *a low hill covered with stones* 49[6] (= 783[7]), see also Index IV s. v. الصَّمْدُ

صمصم. صَمْصَامَةٌ *sword* 385[4]

صمع. صَوْمَعَةٌ *the top* of a tent 362[8] (var. صَوْمَعَةٌ)

صملح. صَمَالِحُ (pl. of صِمْلَاحٌ) 235[13] — see صِمَاحٌ

صمم. صَمَّمَ *to cut through* (absol) 62[15] (see also 385[12] seq.), مُصَمِّمٌ *keen* (epith. of a sword) 926[12], epith. of a horse 194[11], مُصَمِّمَةٌ coll. *sharp swords* 385[10] 1030[6]

تَصَامَمَ *to behave as though one were deaf* 361[17]

صَمِيمٌ *the main stock* of a tribe 323[11] 599[1]

الْأَصَمُّ *the Deaf* i e the month of Rajab 1063[8]. fem. صَمَّاءُ *a calamity* 121[9]. pl صُمٌّ said of serpents, صُمُّ الْأَسَاوِدِ 1040[6]

صمب. صِمَابٌ *a dish made of raisins and mustard* 839[14]

صمخ. صَمْخٌ (Persian خَمَک) *harp* 380[15] 684[10]

صَمَّاخَةٌ *a female harper* 684[12]

صندل. صَنْدَلٌ *sandal-wood* (used for medicinal purposes) 360[6]

صنع. الصَّنَائِعُ *the Dependents* of the Kindite kings 452[16] (= 1073[15]) 453[7] (= 1074[4]) 469[3] 587[10] 588[6] 884[11] seq.

مَصْنَعٌ *an opportunity of displaying skill* 828[6] 981[2] (see Lisān X 79[11])

صس. صِسٌّ *the urine of the hyrax* 375[7] 444[7]

صُنَانٌ *stench* 1002[4] (see 4[7])

مُصِنَّةٌ *a woman with a fetid odour* 4[6]

صسى صُسَانَةٌ — بِصُسَانَتِهِ see 215[14]

صهب. صُهْبٌ (pl. of أَصْهَبُ) *blond* (said of the beards of the Greeks) 552[6], *yellow* (said of camels) 557[9]

صهر. أَصْهَرَ *to have sons-in-law or daughters-in-law* 211[8], إِصْهَارٌ *relationship by marriage* 874[11]

صُهَارٌ ? 557[7]

صَهِيرٌ *melted fat* 510[6]

صهصلف. صَهْصَلِقٌ (masc. and fem.) *loud* 52[4]

صهل. صَوَاهِلُ (pl. of صَاهِلَةٌ) *neighings* 239[5], *buzzings* of flies 636[9]

صهو. صَهْوَةٌ *the crest of a hill* 1082[8]

صوب. صَوَّبَ see under صَعَّدَ

أَصَابَ *to attain one's object* (absol.) 586[5]

تَصَوَّبَ *to descend* (said of birds) 530[15], مُتَصَوَّبٌ *steep* 680[9]

صَابٌ coll. *colocynths* 595[14]

مُصَابَةٌ *misfortune* 868[7]

صوب أَصَابَ *to become famous* 77[2] (= 315[14])

صَابٌ *famous* 243[6] (= 1067[2])

صَبَّتْ see 243[7]

صور. صَارَ II. *to bend* (with acc.) 161[5] (read تَصُورُهَا, and see Additions and Corrections) 514[15]

صُورٌ (pl. of أَصْوَرُ) *bending the neck* 161[1]

صَوْرَة *desire of vengeance* 887[16]

صِوَار or صُوَار *a herd of antelopes* 821[16] 848[3] 867[8]

المُصَوِّر as an epith. of God 853[6]

صول. صاوَلَ *to attack* 651[4]

تَصاوَلَ *to attack one another* 711[4]

صَوْلَة *power of attacking* 1047[5], ذو صَوْلَةٍ epith. of a lion 827[1]

صَوُول epith. of a warrior 712[2]

صِيَال *onslaught* 1017[1]

صوم. صامَ II. *to reach the hour of noon*, اذا صامَ النَّهارُ 618[11]

صائِم *standing still* (said of a horse) 756[1]

صِيام *the act of standing* 1014[7]

صوّ. صَوّان coll. *tracts of flinty ground* 883[7], صَوّانُ الحَصَى 929[12]

صوو. صُوَّة *hillock, land-mark* (?) du. 147[7]

صيح. صاحَ I *to invade, encroach* upon a thing (with ب) 870[8]

صُيِّحَ *to be split* 155[15]

تَصَيَّحَ *id* 502[6]

صيد. صَيَد masd. صَيْد or صَيْد, see 769[12] 902[1]

أَصْيَد *one who holds his head proudly* 266[2] (as var) 332[3] 451[10] 483[10] 712[1] 791[6] 803[2], pl. صِيد 498[20] 613[12] 757[9] 764[4] 769[7] 794[5] 806[16] 901[14] 1040[4]

صير. مَصِير *a halting-place near the water* 33[12]

صيص. صِيصِيَة see 502[7] 813[4], pl. صَيَاصٍ *the horns of antelopes* 502[6]

صيف. صافَ I. *to turn aside* (intrans) 530[2] (as var) *to spend the summer* 1078[8]: pass. صِيفَ *to be watered with* summer rain (acc.) 964[9]

صَيِّفٌ *summer rain* 578[3] 776[11]

مَصِيفٌ *a place in which to spend the summer* 654[18]

صيف. صِيفٌ *a dust-cloud* 148[5] (see Additions and Corrections)

ض

صأل. صاءَلَ *to make to appear small* (with acc.) 627[4]

ضَئِيلٌ see 627[6], ضَئِيلاتُ العَرائِكِ camels *whose humps have wasted away* (from hunger and fatigue) 596[15]

مُتَضائِلٌ *appearing small, insignificant* 883[12]

صأن. ضَئِنٌ (pl. of ضَأْنٌ) 317[18], see 244[14]

صبب. ضَبَّ u. or i. *to press with the fingers* (with على of the object pressed) 332[9] seq · i *to be moist* (said of the gums) 423[15]

ضَبابٌ *mist, vapour* 224[2]. *dust-cloud* 1033[12], ضَبابَةٌ *id.* 708[6]

صبن. ضَبَنَ i. *to lay hold* of a person (with ب) 369[6]

صبر. ضَبَرَ i. *to jump* (said of a horse) 84[16], mașd. ضَبْرٌ ibid. 312[4] 899[9]

ضَبُورٌ *jumping* 247[5] 498[7] 922[12]

إِضْبارَةٌ *a bundle* of books etc. 914[11]

مَضْبُورٌ *firmly built, muscular* 8[4], 914[7]

صبرك. ضُبارِكٌ *strong* (said of an army) 882[8]

صبرم. ضُبارِمٌ *strong* (epith of a lion) 736[16] 766[14], see 882[18]

صبع. تَضَبَّعَ *to behave like a hyaena* 1042[16] (this reading appears also in the Aghānī loc. cit.)

ضَبْعٌ *the upper part of the arm*, du 361[12]

صبحح. أَضْبَحَ *to make to groan* 10[10]

صَحَلٌ *wrong-doing, misconduct* 207[15] 411[12]

صاحر. صَحُورٌ *wretched* 72[17]

صاحم. أَصْحَمُ *having a crooked nose or mouth* 92[7] (var. الأَحْدَمُ)

صحصح. صَحْصَحٌ *shallow water* 508[1]

صحل. صاحِلٌ see 848[18] seq.

صحو. صاحٍ *manifest, apparent* 137[12]

صَحْمَى construed as fem. 632[5]

صَحْمٌ (= صَحْمَى) 584[20]

الصَّحْصَانُ see Index III s. v. عَمْرِو بن سَعْد

لَيْلَةٌ إِصْحِيَانٌ — أُصْحِيَانٌ or إِصْحِيَانٌ *a moonlight night* 582[9]

صرب. ضَرَبَ 1. *to put* a covering over an object (with ب and على) 183[11]. *to attack suddenly* (with على) 340[14], see Ṭabarī Gloss. p. CCCXXXII line 14 seq.: pass. *to be related* to a family etc. (with ب) 905[1]

ضَرْبٌ *coinage* 990[9], metaph. *resemblance* 597[15]

ضَرْبَةٌ — ضَرْبَةُ رَحِمٍ *relationship* 38[4]

ضِرْبَانٌ see 70[13] 1068[3]

ضَرِيبٌ *the milk of several camels mixed together* 921[13]

ضَرِيبَةٌ *that which is exacted* from a slave, *the produce of labour* 64[4]· *an object that is struck* with a sword etc. 947[1]

مَضَارِبُ (pl. of مَضْرِبٌ) *relationships by marriage* 1035[8]

صرح. صَرَّحَ *to bespatter* with blood 72[16] 589[5] (= 1080[7]), pass. 906[9]

صرح. ضَرَّحَ a. *to thrust away* 505[3]: *to scatter* stones with the feet 579[3]

صرر. أَضَرَّ *to approach* (with ب) 192[1] (= 235[17]) 245[1] (= 240[7]) 1015[12] (?) *to injure, impair* (with ب) 618[9] 891[13]

صَرَّة du. *two wives* 242[11], pl. صَرَائِر 677[17]: pl. صَرَّات *udders* (of sheep or goats) 370[8]

صِرَار *marriage with two or more wives* 252[12], *marriage with a husband who has another wife or other wives* 853[13]

صَرِر adj *diseased* 36[2]: subst *constancy, fortitude* 906[5] (text doubtful)

صرس. صَرُوس *prone to bite* (said of a she-camel after parturition) 243[15] (cf. 658[15])

صرط صَرُوط adj. 64[11]

مُصَرِّط الحجارة i. e. one who inspires even inanimate objects with fear 45[18] 267[11] 1081[8] (see Index III s v. عَمْرو بن المُنْذِر)

صرطم. صُرَاطِمِيّ 441[8] (as var.)

صرع. صَرَع *an infant* 2[16], fem. صَرَعَة 205[14]

صَرِع *abased, abject* 681[11]

صارِع *id* 691[1]

أَصْرَع *more abased* 826[16] 1099[14]

أَصْرُع (pl. of صُرْع) *breasts*, i. e *swellings* 833[9]

صرعم. صِرْعَام *a lion* 17[9], pl. صَرَاعِم 376[16] 718[7], metaph. 371[17]

صرم. تَصَرَّم *to burn*, i. e *to be tormented by hunger* 357[16]

صَرُم see 294[16]

صَرِم *flaming*, hence *swift*, صَرِم الرَّدْف epith. of a horse 303[14]

صِرَام *blazing heat* 1008[15]: *small pieces of fire-wood* 139[4]

صرو. صَارِ *accustomed to the chase* (epith. of a lion) 195[13], صَارِية coll. *trained dogs* 552[9], pl. صَوَارٍ 329[4]

صِرَاء (pl. of صَرْو) *id.* 988[5]

صَرَاء *a thicket* 243[4] (= 1067[1]) 243[15]

صطر. صَوْطَرٌ 892[14] 997[7], صَوْطَرَى 833[14] 892[18], صَسْطَرٌ 892[14], صَسْطَرَى 892[14], or صَسْطَارٌ ibid., a term of abuse explained to mean *a man with distended sides* 892[5 14], pl. صَاطِرٌ 892[2], or صَاطِرَةٌ 892[6] — see also Index III s. v.

صعصع. صَعْصَعَ — مُصَعْصِعٌ *overthrowing, levelling with the ground* 293[1], var. مُصَعْصَعٌ *shaken* i e shimmering in the mirage

تَصَعْصَعَ *to tremble* 226[8] 836[11]. *to sink down* (said of earth) 822[8]

صعف. أَصْعَفَ *to double one's numbers* 575[11]. مُضْعِفٌ see 32[10]

أَضْعَافٌ (pl. of ضِعْفٌ) *the folds* (i. e. *the interior*) of the belly 624[16]

مَضْعُوفٌ *feeble* (epith. of a young camel born prematurely) 634[10]

صعب. صُعَابٌ *the squeak* of a hare, metaph. 476[15]

صعبس. صَعَابِيسُ (pl. of صُعْبُوسٌ) *weaklings* 528[8] 531[3]

صعط. صَوَاعِطُ (pl. of صَاعِطٌ) *masses of fat* on the loins 833[9]

صعم. صَعَمَ a. *to bite* 185[13]

صَعُمٌ *biter* (epith of a lion) 17[9] 622[9]

صَعْمِيٌّ *id* 255[7]

صعو. صَعَا ū. *to scream* 213[14] 218[14] 624[9] 708[14] 766[14] 826[16] 951[8] 990[12] 1015[11], maṣd صُعُوٌّ 624[9]

تَصَاعَى *to scream to one another* 531[3]

صعدع. صَعْدَعَ (= سَلَحَ or ضَرَطَ) 976[12]

صعر. صَعَرٌ *a strap made of plaited goats' hair* to put round a camel's girth 618[10], pl. صُعُورٌ 544[11]

صَعْرَةٌ *a ridge of sand* 18[7] 73[12]

صعع. صَعَّ a. (= سَلَحَ) 832[10]

صَعَّعَ *id.* 976[14] (as var.)

صعف. صَعَفَة *a troop* of horsemen 835 notes[1] (as var.)

صعف. صِعِف, or صَعِف[2], *a fat man* 892[17], fem. صَعِفَة 274[9] 807[2] 895[1]

مَصْعُون *kicked from behind*, pl. masc. 709[13]

صعو. صاف *ample, abundant* (applied to hair) 304[6]

صلع. صَلَعَ a. *to turn aside, act wrongfully* 980[13], mas̱d. صَلْع *partiality* in favour of somebody (with مع) 846[8], صالِع *inclining* towards somebody (with على) 689[12]

تَصَلَّعَ *to be filled with drink* (so that the ribs are forced outwards) 834[12] 931[10]

أَصْلَع *more prone to turn aside* (i. e. to inflict injury) 980[13]

مَصْلَعان *calamities* 346 notes[2] (as var)

مُصَلَّع (= مُصَطَلِع) — مُصَلَّع الحِراء *capable of contending in a race* 899[7] (= 497[11])

صلل. صَلَّ 1. *to miss, lose sight of* a person (acc) 330[11], see 331 notes[2]

أَصَلَّ *to bury, conceal* (with ب) 311[2]

صمحل. اِصْمَحَلَّ *to disappear* 375[16]

صمر. صَمَّرَ *to train* horses, metaph. 1014[9], pass. 192[5] (= 236[1])

صُمَر (pl. of صامِر) *lean* (epith. of horses) 998[10]

صِمار *uncertainty*, hence صِمارُ يَحُوم *a matter dependent on the weather* 742[5]

صَمْران *a kind of shrub* on which camels feed 635[13] 903[15]

مِصْمار *the time of training* for a horse 86[9], hence *rivalry, competition* 334[16] 870[15]

صمر. صَمَرَ 1. *to keep* the cud *in the mouth* (with ب of the cud) 522[8], hence *to be silent* 905[11], see 522[6]

صُمُورٌ (pl. of صامِرٌ) said of camels, صُمُوراً على حِرّانِها 522⁴

صمم. صَمَّ u. *to afford hospitality to* a person (acc.) 1073⁶, صَمَّهُ الى نَسَبِه 1098⁸

صَمَّةٌ *a troop* of horsemen 835⁴: pl صَمَّاتٌ *embraces*, i. e. cohabitation 811¹⁵ (see 840²)

صِمامٌ *a horse-race* 1014⁹ — see Hell loc. cit., where للصِّمام is explained as = للسَّبْق

أَصامِمُ (pl. of إِصْمامَةٌ) *troops* of horses etc. 163¹¹ cf. 996¹³

صمن. صَمِنَ *to become responsible* (for the death of a person) absol. 192⁷ (- 236³) *to be accountable for* a thing (acc) to a person (with ل) 694¹² 910¹⁴: *to protect* a person (acc.) against something (with على) 275⁸, الصّامِنُ absol. *the protector* 128¹³

ضُمِّنَ *to be made responsible for* a thing (acc.) 998³

أَصْمَنَ *to find* a person *to be weak* 128¹⁷

تَصَمَّنَ *to pledge oneself to do* a thing (acc.) 779⁴, with ب 758¹

ضَمِنٌ *weak, crippled* 129⁴

صنأ. صَنِئَ *to be prolific* 52²

صِنْوٌ *offspring* 52⁴

صنك صِنَاكٌ *fleshy* (epith. of a woman) 807²

صنن. أَصِنَّاءُ (pl. of صَنِنٌ) 208¹⁹

مَصَنَّةٌ — عِلْقٌ مَصَنَّةٌ *a precious thing* 848⁷, دو مَصَنَّةٍ *precious* 1025¹⁶

صهب. صَهَّبَ see 877¹⁰

صهل. صَهَلَ a. *to collect* (intrans., said of a liquid) 203⁷ 683⁵, metaph. applied to tidings *to become known* 8¹⁶

صَواهِلُ see 683⁵

صُهُولٌ *the revolving* (?) of a shadow 813 (see the Lisān loc. cit.)

صوأ. اِسْتَصاءَ *to seek light* 97913, اَلْمُسْتَصاءُ بِهِم *those from whom guidance is sought* 80616

صور. تَصَوَّرَ *to writhe* 19515

صوف. صُوفِيّ see under صسف

صوى. أَصْوَى see 3038

صيح. صَيَاحٌ *milk mixed with water* 2082

صيع. أَصاعَ *to fail to perform one's duty* (absol.) 49814 9884, مَا أَصَعْتَ *that which thou hast failed to do* 7794

صَيْعَةٌ *occupation, means of subsistence* 7466: *a cause of ruin* 6317 83010 (the gloss explains otherwise)

صَيَاعًا adv. *unminded, uncared-for* 7443

صسف. صَافَ I *to be the guest of* some one (acc.) 9987

أُصِفَ *to be received as a guest* 108417

مُتَصَيِّفٌ *one who seeks hospitality* 5623

صسف. صُوفَى (fem. of أَصْوَفُ) 5018

مُتَصايَفٌ *the narrowest part* of a ravine 6718

ط

طبب. طَبٌّ *skilled, versed* in a thing (with ب) 1427

طِبٌّ *custom, habit* 5017 (var ذِكْرَى in the parallel passage 7848)

طُبَاةٌ *the piece of leather at the base of a water-skin* 4331 10321. اَلطِّبَاةُ *the Milky Way* 4687

أَطَبُّ *more skilled* 84214

طبع. طُبِعَ *to be stained*, i. e. *dishonoured* 7165

طَبَعٌ *foul* 681[11]

طبق. طَبَّقَ said of a sword 62[16] 385[13]

أَطْبَقَ *to place* a thing *as a covering* over something else (with acc and على) 490[3]: *to agree together* about something (with على) 727[1]

طَبَقٌ *the tightening* of a rein 16[2]

طبل. طُبْلٌ *a kind of cloth* 133[11]· see also 133[15] seq.

طبس. طَبْسٌ see 134[1]

طَبِسٌ *a kind of game* that is played by children 129[6] (var. الطَّبَسَ in the Lisān loc. cit, but perhaps we should read الطُّبَسَ, pl of طُبْسَةٌ)

طَبِسٌ *intelligent* 100[4]

طبى. أَطْبَاءٌ (pl. of طُبًى) *the teats* of a bitch 356[3]

طحطح. تَطَحْطَحَ *to be crushed* 391[7]

طحن. طَحُونٌ *crushing* (epith of an army) 646[4]

طرمل. طُرْمَالٌ *a pile of stones or masonry* 319[12]

طرب. طُرْدُومٌ pl. طَرَادِمُ see 162[10] (sic leg)

طرح. طَرَحَ a *to leave behind, outstrip* 87[9]

إِطْرَحَّةٌ see 278[16]

طرحم الطَّرَاحِمُ مُطْرَحِمٌ 348[16] (the reading is confirmed by Ibn Hishām loc. cit.) explained as meaning *angry*, or *arrogant*, in which case الطَّرَاحِم would be the plural of an abstract noun طَرْحَمَةٌ: see, however, the remarks of M. Clément Huart in the *Journal Asiatique* for Jan.-Febr. 1908 p. 158, "Je soupçonne que ce mot est le pluriel d'un singulier طُرْحُم formé par métathèse de طُرْمُوح = grec médiéval τουρμάρχαι (de *turma*) qui, dans l'organisation militaire byzantine, désigne le général de brigade (De Goeje, *Bibl Geogr. Ar.* IV 290, et VI 213, Cl. Huart, *Livre de la Création* IV 64 note 1)"

طرد. طَارَدَ *to quiver* (said of lances) 810[16]

طَوَارِدُ (pl. of طَارِدٌ) epith. of dogs 988[5]

طَرَائِدُ (pl of طَرِيدَةٌ) *animals that are being hunted* 984[2]

طرر. طَرَّ u. *to sprout* (said of the hair) 609[13]

طُرًّا adv. *all of them* 455[17] (= 1076[10])

طُرُورٌ *a fresh growth of hair* 524[14]

مَطْرُورٌ *sharpened* 115[10] (= 735[16]) 940[11]

طرطب. طَرْطَبَ *to call* sheep etc. 259[7]

طرعس. اِطْرَعَسَّ see 112[1]

طرف. طَرَّفَ *to thrust back, repel* 98[11] (= 422[3] 1072[13]) 419[12]: *to attack the flank* of an army 644[5] (obj. understood)· see also مُطَرَّفٌ below

تَطَرَّفَ *to turn away* (intrans.) 422[7]

طَرَفٌ — الطَّرَفَانِ *the father's and mother's side* 960[3]

طَرِفٌ *one who goes from pasture to pasture* 630[8], hence *changeable, inconstant* 935[11]; see also 271[4]

طُرَفٌ (pl. of طُرْفَةٌ) *dessert, sweetmeats* 885[14] seq

طَارِفٌ *newly acquired property* 499[1]

طَرْفَاءُ coll. *tamarisk trees* 1024[6]

طَرِيفٌ *newly acquired property* 91[16] (= 408[15]) 611[5] 931[6] 982[13], applied to love 986[4]. pl. طُرُفٌ *new, fresh* 271[3] — see also 960[8] (?)

أَطْرَافٌ (pl. of طِرْفٌ) *nobles, chieftains* 960[1]

مِطْرَفٌ, or مُطْرَفٌ, *robe* 401[10] 548[14] 608[1]

مُطَرَّفٌ *stained at the tips* (said of the fingers) 552[14]

مَطْرُوفٌ — مَطْرُوفَةُ الهَوَى *a woman who darts passionate glances* 27², مَطْرُوفَةُ العَيْنَيْنِ *a woman with languishing eyes* 837³

طرف. طَرُفَتْ *she gave birth easily* 541⁹ (but see notes ⁵ seq.), with ب of the offspring 832⁸, مُطَرِّفٌ said of a woman 541¹³

أَطْرَفَ *to cast the eyes down*, hence *to endure* an injury *in silence* (with على) 30³

تَطَرَّفَ *to pass by* (with على) 1038¹⁵ — see Dozy "Supplément" s. v.

طُرْفَةٌ *imbecility* 235⁴

طَارِفٌ, pl. fem. in the phrase طَوَارِفُ اللَّيْلِ *bands of nightly visitors* 725¹⁴

طُرُوفًا adv. *by night* 830⁹

طِرْبَقَةٌ see 846⁵

أَطْرَفُ *feeble* (said of a young camel) 846³

مَطْرُوفٌ *helpless* (said of a man) 55⁵

طعم. طَعْمٌ *sense* 52¹⁵ (= 785¹¹)

طُعُومٌ (pl. of طَعَامٌ or طُعْمٌ) *articles of food* 820¹⁸

أَطْعَمُ *more generous in providing food* 51¹⁸ (= 785⁷)

مِطْعَامٌ *one who provides food* 192¹⁰ (= 236⁶), pl مَطَاعِيمُ 460¹

طعن طَعَنَ u. said of a horse, masd. طَعْنٌ and طَعَانٌ 16² seq : *to raise an objection* against something (with ع) 79³. for the phrases طُعِنَ ع فِي حِمَارِهِ and طُعِنَ ع فِي سِنِّهِ, see under حِمَار and سِنّ

طَاعُونَةٌ *plague-boil* 620¹⁴

طعى. طَعَى ā. or ū. *to lead* a person *into excesses* (with ب of the pers.) 348¹⁰

طعطف. طَعَاطِفُ (pl. of طَعْطَعَةٌ or طِعْطِعَةٌ) *loins* 967¹⁵

طفل. مَطَافِلُ (pl of مُطْفِلٌ) *female antelopes accompanied by their young* 636⁹

طفو. طَفَا II. *to float* 390[17] 429[15], طَفَافٍ *having* some object *floating on the surface* (said of water, with ب of the object) 176[12]

طلب. طَلَبَ u *to take vengeance on* some one (acc.) for something (with ب) 845[6]

طَلَبٌ coll. *pursuers* 679[7] 735[7]

طِلَابٌ *an attempt to reach* a thing 448[3]

طَوَالِبُ عِقْبَانٍ *eagles pursuing their prey* 56[9]

طلح. طِلَاحَةٌ coll. *camels that feed on acacias* 40[2]

أَطْلَاحٌ (pl. of طَلِيحٌ) *weary* (said of camels) 346[16]

طلع طَالِعٌ, pl fem. طَالِعَاتٌ applied to arrows 795[4]. طَوَالِعُ *making their appearance everywhere* (epith. of poems) 477[10]

مُتَطَلَّعٌ *vanquished* 834[9]

مُطَّلَعٌ see under صلع

طلف. طَلْفٌ *cheerful in face* 459[18]

طُلُفٌ (used as fem) *free, disengaged* 322[7]

طَلَاقٌ — أَحَدَ مِنهم الطَّلَاقَ والعِتْقَ i e *he made them swear that if they did not fulfil their promise they would divorce their wives and set their slaves free* 359[6]

طَلِيفٌ *released from prison* 991[9] seq, pl. طُلَفَاءُ 647[6]

مُتَطَلِّفَةٌ *a woman enjoying a respite from pain* after being bitten by a serpent 695[2]

طلل طَلَّ a. *to be unavenged* (said of blood) 741[16]

طَلَلٌ see 333[11]

مُطِلٌّ *watching from a height* (with على of the object) 775[7] (var. المُدِلُّ 443[10])

طمث. طَمِثَ (= نَكِحَ) 1006[14]

طمح. طامِحٌ *lofty* 483[10]: *wanton* (said of a woman) 837[3], طامِحَةُ العَيْنَيْنِ *id.* 27[2]

طِماحٌ *haughtiness* 803[2]

طَموحٌ *high-spirited* (epith. of a mare) 677[13]

طمر. طِمِرٌ *a tall and swift mare* 677[4] (text doubtful), طِمِرَّةٌ *id.* 880[16]

مِنْ طَمارٍ, or مِنْ طُمارٍ, *from on high* 246[14] seq.

طمم. طَمَّ I. or U. *to go away* 113[8]: *to hasten* (intrans.) 126[1]: *to overwhelm* (with acc.) 117[7], with على 391[7], with ب 467[13]

طَمٌّ *a mass of water* 744[12]

طِمٌّ see 744[15]

طمى. طَمَى U or I. *to rise* 390 notes [4] (as var.) cf. 176 notes [8]: طامٍ *vast* (said of a mass of water) 518[17], pl. fem. طَوامٍ *full* (said of wells) 1011[13]

طنأ. طِنْءٌ *suspicion*, ذو الطِّنْءِ *an accused person* 215[9]: *a suspicious act* i. e. a crime 552[9]

طنب. طانَبَ *to be a near neighbour to* some one (acc.) 908[13]

إِطْنابٌ *care, effort* 430[3]

طنس. أَطَنَّ *to cut off* a limb 455[5] (= 1075[16])

طُنٌّ *a bundle* of reeds 644[5]

طهر. طُهْرٌ *a state of purity* (in women) 332[12], pl. أَطْهارٌ 89[13]

طَهورٌ *water for washing* 527[6]: *purification* 396[13] 914[2] 936[4]

طوح. طُوِّحَ *to be thrown* 246[14] 506[7]

تَطَوَّحَ *to wander round* 505[6]: *to be thrown down* 506[7] 990[10]

تَطَاوَحَ *to wander aimlessly* (said of the eyes) 868[18] (as var.)

طوع. طُووعَ *to be obeyed* 258[15]

اِسْتَطَاعَ, اسْطَاعَ — لستَ بمُسْطِعِ السَّماءِ *thou canst not reach to the sky* 147[2] (= 328[16]), pass. لا يُسْتَطَاعُ *it is not within reach* (i. e. open to attack) 619[17], كَرِيمُ المُسْتَطَاعِ *powerful* 219[20]

طوف. طَوَّفَ *to cause a deluge* 575[16]

أَطَافَ *to frequent* a person (with ب) 93[16]

طُوفَانٌ *deluge* 495[10], metaph. *rush, impetus* 586[13]

طول. طَالَ u. *to surpass in length* (with acc.) 445[16], masd. طَوْلٌ *merit, superiority* over some one else (with على) 906[15]

طَائِلَةٌ *compensation for murder* 742[12]

طُوَالٌ *tall* 286[15], *long* طُوَالُ السَّفَاسِفِ 769[7]

مُطَوَّلٌ *bound with a rope* (طِوَلٌ) 706[15]

طوى. طَوَى I. *to get past* a person (acc.) 350[8]. *to wind* something *round* something else (with acc. and ب) 891[13]. *to conceal* (?) 920[12] (the subj. of the verb is apparently Iyās ibn ʿAbla)

طَيٌّ *masonry* 347[1]: pl. أَطْوَاءٌ *hollows* (?) 674[2]

طَيَّةٌ *departure* 685[9]

طَيِّقٌ *a well with a coating of masonry* 881[10]

ظلح ظَلَحَ I. *to perish* 17[7] 1015[13] *to be defeated* in a race 334[16] 466[6] 690[15]: *to be left unavenged* 921[8]

ظمخ. ظَمِخَ *to become infamous* 106[12]

ظمر. ظَارَ I. *to lose one's senses* 351[6]: *to indicate* a thing *by flying* (said of the raven, with ب of the thing) 930[18] seq.

تَطَيَّرَ *to regard a thing as a good omen* (with الى) 361[20], see Ṭabarī Gloss. s. v.

اِسْتَطَارَ trans. *to cause to fly asunder* 12[9]: intrans. *to fly asunder* 250[2] (= 1048[16]), *to spread itself* (said of a cloud) 261[11]

طَائِرٌ *an omen* 191[2]

طَيْرٌ coll. *omens* 486[8]

مُطَارٌ *put to flight* 309[11]

طمس. طَاسَ I. *to be disturbed, perplexed* 123[16], partic. 195[10]

ظ

ظأر. ظَؤُورٌ *a she camel that fosters the young of another* 146[8]

ظُؤَارٌ (pl. of ظِئْرٌ) *foster-mothers* 858[4]. أَظْؤَرُ *id* (said of she-camels) 867[3]

ظبو. ظُبَاتٌ (pl. of ظُبَةٌ) *sword-edges* 507[12] cf ظُبًا 391[13]

ظرب. ظَرِبٌ *a rock* (?) 487[17], pl. ظِرَابٌ *sharp stones* 456[18] (= 1076[17])

ظَرِبَانٌ *a polecat* (Fr. *putois*), see the proverb cited 744[15], pl ظَرَبَى 259[11] 465[1] 493[7] 744[12], ظِرَابٌ 493[8] (as var.), or ظَرَابَى 157[1] 512[1]

ظعن. ظَعَّانٌ *one who is always travelling* 630[8]

ظَعِينَةٌ see 808[16] seq., pl. ظُعُنٌ 657[20], or ظَعَائِنُ 891[3]. pl. أَظْعَانٌ *camels on which women are riding* 159[13] (perhaps also 891[6])

ظفر طَفَارِيَةُ الْحَرْعِ *onyxes from Ḥafar* 814[14]

أَظَافِرُ (pl. of ظُفُرٌ) *finger-nails* 677[10]

ظلع. ظَلَعَ a. *to be crowded* (said of a place) 1021[8], see Lisān X 116[7]

ظَالِعٌ *lame, halting* 690[15], pl. ظُلَّعٌ 821[8] (= 818[4]) 829[14]

ظلف. ظِلْفٌ du. *a cloven hoof* 904[4]

ظَلَفًا adv. *gratis* i. e. *unavenged* 728[7]

ظلل. ظَلَّلَ *to place* something *under the shade of* something else (with two acc's) 836[14] (= 299[13])

أَظَلَّ *to impend, be imminent* 121[10]

ظِلَالٌ (pl. of ظُلَّةٌ) *things that cast a shadow* i. e. *banners* 780[9] (here the gloss explains ظلال as "swords", which does not suit the context): ظِلَال 786[15] must be taken as a pl. of ظِلٌّ

أَظَلٌّ *the inside of the hoof* 8[7] 272[13] 578[12], du 634[14]

أَظْلَالٌ (pl. of ظِلٌّ) *shadows* 8[7]. *tents* 284[2]

مِظَلَّةٌ *a tent* 806[19]

ظلم. ظَلَمَ i. with 2 acc's لَا تَظْلِمُونَنَا حَقًّا 534[5]

ظُلَامَةٌ *a thing of which one has been defrauded* 425[9] (= 670[15]): *an act of injustice* 987[5] 1090[6], ظُلَامَةً adv. *wrongfully* 494[3]

مُتَظَلِّمٌ *one who acts wrongfully* 887[16] 906[11]

ظمأ. ظَمِئَ *to contain little water* (said of a bucket) 614[12]

ظَمَّأَ *to cause to thirst* 460[10], pass. 661[9]

ظنن. ظِنَّةٌ coll. *suspected persons* 722[9]

ظَنُونٌ see 163[10]

مَظْنُونٌ *a suspected person* 722[18]

ظهر. ظَاهَرَ *to put on double fetters* 984[1], مُظَاهَرٌ *doubled* i. e. *consisting of two layers* 384[19]

ظَهْرٌ — كان بِظَهْرٍ *to be rejected, ignored* 381[5]. عَلَى الظَّهْرِ *on the backs of beasts* i. e. *by land* (opp. to فِي النَّعْفِ) 1092[9]. pl. ظُهُورٌ *helpers* (?) 22[17]

ظَهِيرَةٌ see 73[4]

إِظْهَارٌ *noonday march* 869[5]

ع

عبأ. عِبْء *burden* 623[16], pl. أَعْبَاء 343[17] 428[14] 448[7] 566[10]

عَبَاء *cloak* 346[8], عَبَاءَة *id.* 657[14]: for ذو العَبَاءِ see Index III

عبب. عُبَاب *the swell* of water etc. 449[15] (as var.) 467[14] notes[1] 1037[14]

عَبُوب *swift* (said of a horse) 929[11]

عبب. تَعَبَّبَ *to treat wantonly* (with ب) 1058[7]

عبد. عَبْد — العَبْد familiarly *the fellow, the rascal* 30[16] 122[1] 429[2] pl. أَعْبُد 279[2]: عُبَيْد dimin. 804[7]

عَبْدِيّ *a member of the clan ʿAbdallāh ibn Ghatafān* 86[2]: *a member of the tribe ʿAbd-al-Kais* 634[5]

مُعَبَّد coll. *camels smeared with resin* (as a cure for mange) 143[2] 1029[4]

مُتَعَبِّد *angry* pl. 253[8]

عبر. عَبَرَ u. *to cross the sea* 350[11]

عَبُور — عَبُور السُّرَى *fit to journey by night* (epith. of a she-camel) 621[11]

عَبِر *weeping*, أُمُّكَ عَبِرَة as an exclam *woe to thee!* 155[6] 586[16] (as var.)

عُبْرِيّ *a kind of tree* 514[13]

العَبُور (fem.) *the star Sirius* 522[1], السَّعْرَى العَبُور *id.* 561[12]

اسْعِبَار *weeping* (subst.) 847[7]

عبس. عَبِس *dried urine* of camels 164[5 9] (= 597[5])

عَبَسَّة *formidable in appearance* (epith. of horses) 144[2] 646[14] 872[15], pl. عَوَابِس 291[11] 998[10]

عبط. عَبِيط *fresh meat* 567[2], hence of a man *slain in his prime* 519[4]

مَعْبُوط *freshly flowing* (said of sweat) 379[4]. *the flesh of an animal slain in good condition* 563[3]

مِعْنَطٌ *fresh meat* 567[11]

عنقر. عَنْقَرِيٌّ *a kind of embroidery* 60[5]

عنل. عَنْلٌ *huge, massive* 138[15]

أَعْنَلُ *a hill covered with light-coloured stones* 103[9], fem. عَنْلَاءُ *id* 1097[18]

مِعْنَلَةٌ *a broad-headed arrow* 663[9]

عنهل. عَنَاهِلُ (no singular) *camels feeding at large* 741[13] (read عَنَاهِلَ)

عنى. عَنَاءٌ see عَنَاءٌ

عنت. أَعْنَتَ *to give satisfaction, make amends for a wrong* partic. 990[5], pass *to receive satisfaction* 245[11] (see Lisān II 67[5])

تَعَنَّتَ *to crawl* (said of a captive loaded with chains) or, according to others, *to remain near the threshold* 474[5] (= 703[14])

عَنَتٌ *lameness of one leg* (in a camel) 953[4]. عَنَتُ الطَّرِيقِ *roughness in the path* 187[11]

عنف. أَعْنَفَ metaph. *to be freed from sickness* 842[6]

عِنِّفٌ, for the phrase الضَّلَالُ وَالْعِنِّفُ see under ضَلَالٌ

عَوَانِفُ (pl. of عِنِّفٌ) birds *that are not fully fledged* 894[11]

عَنَسٌ — النَّسُّ الْعَنَسُ i. e. the Ka'ba 375[9], فَرَسٌ عَنَسٌ 650[10], pl. عِنَاسٌ appl. to horses 756[4], to camels 756[15], النَّسْرُ الْعِنَاسُ 443[13], السَّنَحْلُ الْعِنَاسُ 603[3]

عنل. عَنَلَ I. or u. *to drive, urge on* 1078[11] (read يَعْنِلُونَ), pass. 202[11] 865[10] (= 308[3])

عنم. عَنَمَ I. or u., أَعْنَمَ appl. to camels 36[15]

عُنُمٌ *a she-camel that is milked late in the evening* 36[13]: coll. *stars that appear late* 610[10], pl. عَوَانِمُ 345[1] 391 notes [4] (cf. Additions and Corrections): see also عُنٌ below

عنو. عَنا II. *to become insolent* 348[10]

عانٍ (explained as = عانِمٌ) *very dark* (said of the night) 778[5]

عنر. عَنَرَهُ — لا نَعْلَ عَنَرَهُ ناعِسٍ i. e. *may he fall irretrievably!* 25[13], pl. عَنَراتٌ *mischances* (of war) 453[9] (= 1074[5])

عَنّارٌ *unlucky* 877[12]

عَنورٌ *prone to stumble* 923[1]

عَنَرٌ *a dust-cloud* 648[19] 765 notes[2] (as var.) 998[15]

عنم. عَنَمٌ *the condition of a limb that has been broken and badly set* 418[19] (var. عَنَبٌ 953[4])

عنس. عَنَّسَ *to make to smoke* 220[3]

عُنانٌ (= دُخانٌ) 220[4]

عَنانِسُ (pl. of عُنْنُورٌ) *beards*, i. e. *trails of flying dust* 291[5]

عنو. عَنْوَاءُ *hairy* (epith of the hyaena) 668[14], pl. عُنْسٌ (appl. to human beings) 951[8]

عجب. عَجِبَ construed with الى 629[3] 916[8]

عَجَبٌ — العَجَبُ العُجابُ 441[14], يا عَجَبا or يا عَجَبي 394[4] (= 699[7]) 447[3]

عُجُوبٌ (pl of عَجُبٌ) *buttocks* 245[3]

أَعْجَبُ *more pleasing* (with الى) 642[3]

عجج. عَجَّ I. masd عَجِيجٌ *to groan* 515[10]

عَجاجٌ *flying dust* 866[7] 949[6], عَجاجَةٌ *a dust-cloud* 291[5] 720[14], du. *two lines* (of battle) *where the dust rises* 189[15]

عجر. اِعْتَجَرَ *to wear* a thing *as a turban* (with ب of the thing) partic. 191[16] 335[14]

عَجِرٌ or عَجُرٌ *thick, strong* (said of a hoof) 206[14]

أَعْكَرُ see 1001 notes [5]

مِعْكَرٌ *turban* 114[11] (= 732[16])

عكرف. عَكْرَفٌ (= عَكْرَمَةٌ) *unsteady motion, friskiness* (in a camel) 557[15]

عكرم. عُكْرِمٌ (= دَكَرٌ عَلِطٌ) 378[11] 398[11]

عكر. عِكْرَةٌ or عُكْرَةٌ *the last offspring* 653[11] cf. ابن عِكْرَةِ أُمِّهِ 1084[11]

أَعْكَارٌ (pl. of عَكْرٌ) *the butt-ends* of spears 387[10] 391[13]

عجعج عَكْعَاكٌ *a screamer* i. e *a coward* 481[13]

عكف. عَكَفَ u. see 566[8] seq

عَكِفَ *to be lean* (said of horses) 566[7]

أَعْكَفُ *lean, fleshless* 551[8] 573[3], fem عَكْفَاءُ 877[12]

عكل. عَكَلَ *to anticipate* (with acc. or قَبْلَ) 204[13]

عَكَّلَ *to cause* a person *to anticipate* a thing (with 2 acc.'s) 372[5]. *to bring milk early from the pastures* partic. 321[5]

أَعْكَلَ *to take* some one *by surprise* (with acc) 1007[2], with acc. and ب 1098[13], أَعْكَلَتْنَا شُهُورُهَا i. e. *she miscarried* 524[11], *to take by surprise so as to prevent* an act (with 2 acc.'s) 1022[15]

أَسْتَعْكَلَ *to be taken by surprise* 993[11]

عِكَلٌ (pl. of عِكْلَةٌ) *skin-bottles* 307[2]

عَكَالَى (pl. of عَكْلَانُ) 339[1]

عَكُولٌ *a she-camel bereft of her young* 343[5]

إِعْكَالَةٌ *milk brought early from the pastures* 2[16]

عكلر. عِكْلِرَةٌ *strong* (epith. of a mare) 667[7]

عكم. اسْتَعْكَمَ *to be mute* 60[8]

أَعْكَمُ *unintelligible* 43[3]

عجن. عِجْحَانٌ (see 163[8] seq.) 773[1] 845[10] 856[1] 857[5] 863[7] 904[13], حَمْرَاءُ الْعِجْحَانِ a term of abuse applied to the mother of the poet al-Ba'ith 118[19] 121[4] 123[12] 125[4] 161[14] 162[1] 163[7] 167[8] 169[8] seq. 718[10]

عدد. عَدَّ u. *to outnumber* (?) 392[4]

عَادَّ *to rival in number* 326[9]

عِدٌّ *multitude, abundance* 656[16]: see also عِدَادٌ and أَعْدَادٌ

عِدَادٌ *enumeration* 702[12]: *a number* of objects 731[3]: pl. of عِدٌّ *old wells* 615[7]

عَدَّادٌ *one who enumerates* 628[18] (var. عُدَّاد pl. of عِدٌّ)

عَدِيدٌ *host, multitude* 994[7 9]

عِدَّانٌ *time, period* 2[17] 621[5]

أَعْدَادٌ (pl. of عِدٌّ) *old wells* 166[6]

عدس. عَدُوسٌ *continual* 24[6]

عدف. عَدُوفَةٌ see عَدُوفٌ

عدل. عَدَلَ I. *to ride with* a person or thing (acc.) *on opposite sides of a beast* 530[1] cf. عَادَلَ وَطْبَهُ 604[13], hence *to maintain in a state of equilibrium* 576[4], *to equal in value* 808[14] 834[3] (?). *to compare* one object with another (with acc. and ب) 465[9] 467[5] 570[9] 692[14] 893[5] (= 856[8]), pass 871[16], with acc. and إلى 1037[11], with ب only (شَيْئًا being understood) 249[7]. *to turn to one side* (trans.) 449[6] 497[7], *to remove* 605[1] 843[5]: *to hesitate* 612 notes [5] (= 635[12] 1034[10]). *to desist* (absol.) 198[1]: *to assign, apportion*, pass. with ل 293[15] 294[8]

عَدَّلَ *to balance* objects (acc.) *on each side of a beast* 215[14]

عَادَلَ *to ride with* a person or thing (acc.) *on opposite sides of a beast* 604[13], partic. 126[9], *to balance* 623[16], *to equal* 628[15] 871[15]

اِنْعَدَلَ *to withdraw, desist* (said of a stallion) 843[6]

اِعْتَدَلَ *to sit up* 345⁵: *to become even* 808⁵

عِدْلٌ *half a load* (on a beast) 801¹⁰, *one who rides as counterpoise to another* 145¹⁹ 146¹, du. 923¹¹, pl. أَعْدَالٌ 526¹⁰

عَدِيلَةٌ *a woman who rides as counterpoise* 217⁶

أَعْدَالٌ (pl. of عَدْلٌ?) *things assigned* to a person 294⁷ 318¹⁸ (?)

عدن. مَعْدِنٌ *a place where a thing is kept* 287⁹. pl. مَعَادِنُ *origins*, i. e. *illustrious genealogies* 146¹³ (see Additions and Corrections) cf. 328¹

عدو. عَدَا u. لَمْ يَعْدُ أَنْ أُفْرِسَ عنها الْمَفْعَلَةُ i. e *they have only just been sharpened* 663³ ⁷

عَدَّى *to let pass, ignore* a fault 220¹⁵

عادَى *to attack* 824⁵

أَعْدَى *to infect with a malady* 524¹⁶ 1026³, metaph. 135¹⁵ *to aid* (with acc) 920⁹

تَعَدَّى *to act unjustly* (with على) 534⁵

تَعادَى *to race with one another* (said of horses) 312⁴ 579¹³

اِعْتَدَى *to go beyond the mark* (in shooting arrows) 795¹

عادٍ *immoderate, excessive* 91⁴. عادِيَةٌ as subst. *damage, harm* 362⁶, pl. عَوادٍ in the phrase كَمُرِ عَوادٍ *birds of prey* 228¹⁷ عادِيَةٌ as coll., see عُدْوِيَّةٌ below

عُدْوِيٌّ see 281²

عَدْوَى *contagion* 14¹⁰

عُدْوِيَّةٌ coll. *camels that feed on sweet herbage* 40² (syn. عادِيَةٌ and حَلِّيَّةٌ)

أَعْدَاءٌ (pl. of عِدًى) *the sides* of a valley 280¹⁷ 415¹⁰

عذب. عُذَابٌ adj. *sweet*, used as sing. 548¹⁵, as pl. 1087⁵

عذر. تَعَذَّرَ *to resist*, اَلتَّعَذُّرِ بَطِيءٌ *resisting long, hard to overcome* 952[1]

عَذَرٌ *state, condition* 11[1] 39[4] seq. [cf. Wellhausen "Lieder der Hudhailiten" p. 81 line 20 فلم نرل ذلك عَذَرَه وعَذَرَهم حتّى الخ — the passages cited by Wellhausen "Muhammed in Medina" p. 211 note 1 admit of the same interpretation]

مَعْذُورٌ *one who suffers from inflammation* (عُذْرَةٌ) *of the throat* 937[6] (= 779[13])

عدط. عِدَنْوَطٌ see 279[12] seq.

عذف. عَذُوفَةٌ *a morsel of food* 89[15]

عذر. عُذَافِرَةٌ *a strong she-camel* 192[3] (= 235[19])

عذق. عَذَقٌ, عِذْقٌ see 478[15] seq

عذل. مُعَذَّلٌ *blamed* i. e. *amorous* 271[6]

عذم. عَذَمَ i *to bite with the side of the mouth* 293[6], *to snap at* a person (acc.) 1062[8], maṣd. عَذْمٌ ibid.

عَوَادِم (pl. of عَادِمَةٌ) epith. of ladies 765[5]

عِذَامٌ (= عِضَاضٌ) 1015 notes [4] (as var.)

عَذُومٌ *prone to bite* 93[10]

عرب. أَعْرَبَ *to speak plainly*, metaph. 147[5]: مُعْرِبٌ *one who keeps Arabian horses* (عِرَابٌ) 881[10]

عَرَبٌ *a mass of water* 6[7] seq.

أَعَارِبُ (pl. of أَعْرَابٌ) 557[8] 807[6]

عربد. عِرِنْدٌ (or عِرْنِدٌ) *a kind of snake*, said to be identical with the حُفَّاف 5[4]

عرج. عَرَجَ u., عَرِجَ see 474[8]

عُرْجٌ (pl. of أَعْرَجُ) *limping* (said of hyaenas) 180[1] 378[8]

عُرُوج (pl. of عَرْج) *flocks* of sheep 103[3]

أَعْرَاج (pl. of عَرَج) *valleys* (?) 106[4]

مَعْرَج *a bend, a corner* of a valley 678[6]

عرد. عَرَّدَ *to flee* 23[4] 481[13] 487[2] 509[9] 540[9]: *to become strong* 169[13]

عُرْد see 169[14]. pl. عُرُود (= أُعْوُر) 527 notes [2] (as var.)

عَرِد *thick, stout* (epith. of a bow-string) 642[12], see also 916[12]

عَارِد *id.* (epith. of the نَبْل) 542[16]

عَرُود see 916[12]

عرر. أَعَرّ see 423[6]

عَرّ *mange* 124[3] 524[16] 543[8] 554[10]

عِرّ see 124[4] 525[1] 554[11]

عَرَد *mange* 39[4]: *harm* 274[13]: see also 525[3]

عَرَارَة *supremacy, lordship* 496[18]

مَعَرَّة *harm* 360[3]

عزم. مُعَرِّم *stout, strong* pl. fem. 402[6] (= 900[1])

عرس. عَرِس *to become difficult* (syn. عَسِرَ) 358[19]

عَرَّسَ *to make a halt, to lodge* 32[15] 122[15], see 558[10] (read آخَرَ) 756[13]

أَعْرَسَ *to cohabit* (with ب) partic. 197[9]

عَرَائِس (pl. of عَرُوس) *brides*, metaph. applied to hyaenas over a corpse 180[1]

عرش. عُرُوش (pl. of عَرْش) *booths, huts* 123[2] (as var.)

عَرَنِس *a kind of litter for women* 955[7] (cf. 957[11]) 1026 notes [5]

عرض. عَرَض, عَرَّاض see 133[12] seq.

عَرَصَات (pl. of عَرْصَة) *open spaces* in an encampment 133[11] 909[5] 1004[2]

مُعَرَّض see 133[13] seq.

عرض. عَرَضَ i. *to review, inspect* 221[3]: *to come to* العَرُوض (i. e. the region in which Mecca and Medina are situated, see Lisān IX 35[7] seq.) 153[17] 219[19]

عَرَّضَ *to make indistinct* (applied to writing) 42 notes[4] seq. (as var.)

عارَضَ *to walk by the side of* some one (acc.) 64[7] 235[12] 294[7] 1070[15], metaph. 43[3]

أعرَضَ *to attack*, أعرَضَها بالسَّيف 1070[10]

اِستَعرَضَ *to enter* a place *at random* (with acc.) 634[14], maṣd. 618[9]: *to attack indiscriminately* 930[5], maṣd. 731[5]

عَرَضًا adv. *in kind* (said of a payment, as opposed to عَيْنًا or عِيانًا "in ready money", see Aghānī VII 187[22]) 633[7]

عَرَض *the odour of the body* 849[12] (see 137[8] seq.)

عَرَضَة *an object of attack* 757[12], hence *capable of enduring* a thing (gen.) 757[14]

عَرَضِيّ *a kind of cloth* 635[5], see Lisān IX 47[16]

عَرَضِيّ *restive* (said of a camel) 184[6]

عارِض *cloud*, metaph. *army* 481[7] 646[7] 971[5] 1021[9]: pl. عوارِض *the surface of a cloud* 499[6]

عارِضَة *a rafter*, i. e. a piece of wood which forms part of the roof of a litter (قُبَّة) 235[10]

عِراضًا adv. *obliquely*, i. e. *without marriage* 996[12]

مِعْراض *a kind of featherless arrow* 933[8]

عرعر. عَرْعَر coll. *cypresses* 674[2]

عَرْعَرَة *the summit* of a mountain 213[17], pl. عَراعِر metaph. *distinguished persons* 300[1]

عرف. عَرَفَ *to smell of* something (acc.) 6[13], cf. 17[15] and Lisān XI 145[16] seq.

عَرَّفَ *to cause* some one *to experience* something (with acc. and ب) 274[7], pass. 542[7]: *to go to ʿArafāt* 551[6] 572[7]

تَعَرَّفَ *to recognise* (with acc.) 923[11]

أَعْرَفَ *to submit patiently* (?) 361[5]

عُرْف *fair treatment* (as opposed to نُكْر) 409[17], قائِل بالعُرْف *one who utters what is just* 564[4]

عارِف *enduring patiently* (with ل) 752[13]

عَروف *id.* (with acc.) 613[3]

أَعْرَف *crested* (epith. of a camel's hump) 560[9]: fem. عَرْفاء (epith. of the hyaena) 331[3]

أَعْراف (pl. of عُرْف or عُرْف) *crests, manes*, applied to dust-clouds 537[4], to the streaks of the dawn 634[19], to the ridges of hills 687[9]

مَعْروف *friendship, intimacy* 1058[2]

مَعْرِفَة *a trace* of an encampment 866[7 12], pl. مَعارِف 269[12]

المَعْرَف see Index IV

عرفج. عَرْفَج *a kind of shrub* used for fuel 435[19] 996 notes [5], nom. unit. عَرْفَجَة 435[18]

عرف. عَرَف coll *birds sitting in a line* 1011[11]. عَرْف النَّخْلال *a gift bestowed in friendship* 96[9]

عِرْف *descent, lineage* 589[15] 767[3] 800[1] 1027[1], pl. عُروف 800[1] 806[9], or أَعْراف 611[1], أَعْراف التُّراب i. e. Adam 628[15]

عَرَق (pl. of عَرْقَوة) *the pieces of wood which connect the fore-parts of a camel's saddle* 170[7]: *the cross-pieces* of a bucket, عَراقِي الوَدَم *the cross-pieces to which the cords are fastened* 1094[8]

مَعْرِف coll. *inhabitants of the ʿIrāḳ* 645[3]

عرقب. عُرْقُوب *craft, cunning* 97[7]

عرك. اِعْتَرَك *to meet one another* 1043[4]

عَرْك *struggle, contest* 586[1]

عِرَاك *the pressing, jostling* of a crowd 263[7]

عَرَائِك (pl. of عَرِيكَة) *the bases* of a camel's hump 596[15]

مَعْرَكَة *halting-place* 49[14]

مُعْتَرَك *battle-field* 45[7] 142[18] 242[8] 507[12] 589[2 8] 777[12] 1033[5] 1070[3]

عرم. عَارِم see 688[14], pl. fem. عَوَارِم *harmful* 276[6] 393[13]

عُرْم *harm* 274[13] 688[13]

عَرَامَة *id.* 688[13]

عرمرم. عَرَمْرَم *numerous* 458[12]

عرمس. عَرْمَس *a rock*, metaph. *a strong she-camel* 578[12]

عرن. عِرْنِين *a nose*, metaph. *a chieftain* 143[6], pl. عَرَانِين 111[6]

عِرْوِن see 170[9]

عرو. عرا ii. *to come upon* some one (acc.) 354[2], or something 423[4]

أَعْرَى *id.* 823[9]

عُرًى (pl. of عُرْوَة) *loops of bridles* 344[10] 1010[17], *loops for binding captives* 601[13] 835[2]

عرى. أَعْرَى *to leave bare, abandon* a place (acc.) 513[14]

اِعْرَوْرَى *to ride* a beast (acc.) *without a saddle* 184[6]

عَارٍ *bare* i. e. *fleshless* 18[14], pl. fem. عَوَارٍ *naked* (said of swords) 237[14]

عُرًى *a beast ridden bare-backed* 57[8], pl. أَعْرَاء *naked* (said of women) 477[2] (see 476[9])

مَعْرًى *the exposed parts of the body* 444⁷

عرب. عَرَبٌ *a man who drives camels to pasture* 221¹⁵: *an unmarried man* 1097⁷

عارِبٌ coll *camels that spend the night on the pasture-grounds* (opposed to مُراحٌ) 815¹⁶ *camels that have been pasturing* (?) 813¹¹

مُعْرِبٌ *driving camels to pasture*, pl. with acc. 154⁴

عرر. عَرَّ u. *to overcome* (with acc.) 54⁵ 450⁸ ¹⁴, without obj. 450¹⁵ (= 623³) *to render victorious* (?) 622¹³

أَعَرَّ عَلَيَّ *how painful it was to me!* 585¹⁶ (var. عَرَّ عَلَيَّ 1069¹⁰)

عرف. عَرَفَ i. *to detach oneself, to perform an act of renunciation* 548⁶: *to whistle, howl* (said of desolate places) 599¹⁰ (= 575¹³)

عرل. عُرْلٌ (pl. of أَعْرَلُ or of عُرَّلٌ) *unarmed* 709¹³, عُرْلانٌ *id.* 892²

مَعارِيلُ (pl. of مِعْرالٌ) *cowards, helpless men* 956¹⁶, مَعارِلُ *id.* 56¹⁴

عرم. أَعْرَمَ *to act deliberately* (absol.) 922⁹, maṣd. 1015¹¹, مُعْرِمُ الحِمارِ *one who marches steadily over unsafe ground* 247⁵

عَرْمٌ *determination, resolve* 38¹ 719⁶

عرو. عَرا u. *to trace* a man's *descent* from some one (with acc and إلى) 379⁷

أَعْرَى *to claim descent* from some one (with ل) 328¹⁰, *to claim kinship* with a tribe 766 notes² (as var.), مِنْ أَنْتَ مُعْتَرٍ (= لِمَنْ أَنْتَ مُعْتَرٍ?) 379⁶ (text doubtful)

عرى. عَراءٌ *patience, fortitude* 962⁵ 965⁴

عسب. عَسَبٌ *the stalk of the papyrus* 61⁶

عسج. عَوْسَجٌ *a kind of plant* 306³ 307¹

عسر. أَعْسَرَ *to reduce to straits* (with acc. of the person) 324⁷ اِعْسارًا adv. *by force* 253¹⁵

أَعْسَرُ *left-handed* 661¹⁵ seq.

أُعَيْسِر (dimin. of أَعْسَر) 116[12]

عسس. عُسّ *goblet* 207[12] 209[3] 1060[1] seq.

عسف. تَعَسَّفَ *to wander about* a place (acc.) 832[1]: مُتَعَسَّف *trackless* (said of a desert) 556[3]

عَسِيف *a menial servant* 223[16], fem. عَسِيفَة 495[4]

مَعْسَف *a trackless desert* 134[5]

عسف. عَسَفَ see 29[5]

عسفل. عَسافِل (pl. of عَسْفَل) *a sort of truffles* 162[12] seq.

عسك. عَسَكَ *to cling* to an object (with ب) 29[4] 30[4] 1011[6]

عسكر. عَسْكَرَ *to throw* the arm (acc.) round a person 493[13] (text doubtful)

العَسْكَران see 284[2]

عسل. عُسَّل see 813[4]

عسم. عَواسِم (pl. of عاسِمَة) *hard* (said of spears) 387[11] 748 notes[3] (in both cases as var.)

عسو. عَسا u. *to become hard* (said of a bone) 604[17]: عاسٍ *thick, coarse* (epith. of the نَفْر) 1707, عاسِي العُرُوض *id* (?) 544[7]

عسر. عُسْر *an interval of ten* (i. e. *nine*) *days* 458[5], pl. أَعْسار *periods of ten days* (?) 102[5]: *a broken fragment*, أَعْسار رَمْدَة *a shattered cooking-pot* 852[6]

عُسُر (pl. of عُسْرَة) *a kind of tree* 542[3]

عُسُور (pl. of عُسْر) *tenth parts*, i. e. *a small proportion* 539[17]

عُشَراء *a she-camel that is pregnant during ten months* 88[7], du. عُشَراوانِ 697[7], pl. عِشار 25 notes[3] (as var.) 332[7], or عُشَراواتٌ (sic leg.) 227[8]

عَشِير *companion* (applied to a husband) 847[9] 849[7]: *the howl* of the hyaena, hence *lamentation* 926[8]: explained by وَشْم (?) 932[5]

عَسِرٌ see 73⁴

عَسَرٌ *the howl* of the hyaena 932⁶ (as var.), see 926⁹

مُعْسِرٌ *a man whose camels have had young and yield milk* 1022¹²

مِعْسَارٌ see 540¹

عشف. عَشَّفَ (= عَسَفَ) with acc 1093⁴

عسو. عَشَّى *to provide with a supper, to feed* (with acc.) 72¹⁵

أَعْشَى *to blind* (with acc.) 606⁸ (cf. 650⁵)

تَعَشَّى *to sup on* a thing (acc.) 695², *to graze in* a place (acc.) 57¹¹

عَوَاشٍ (pl. of عَاشِيَةٌ) *camels that graze in the evening* 864⁴

عَشِيَّةٌ adv. *in the evening* 189⁷

عصب. عَصَبَ 1. لَأُعْصِبَنَّكُمْ عَصْبَ السَّلَمَةِ 355³ seq, see Lisān II 93⁸ seq — a synonymous phrase is لَأَحْرِمَنَّكُمْ حَرْمَ السَّلَمَةِ Mubarrad 49¹⁸ 216⁹ seq.

عَصَبٌ *a haze in the sky* 522 notes¹ (as var.): *a kind of cloth* 995⁸

عِصَابٌ *a bandage* put on the nose of a she-camel 434¹

عِصَابَةٌ *a bandage* worn on a helmet 583², or round the forehead 657¹⁵, pl. عَصَائِبُ *turbans* 814³ *a crowd, an army* 585¹⁹ (— 1069¹⁴), pl. *troops of pilgrims* 954⁸, *flocks* of birds 680⁸

عَصُوبٌ see 437¹⁴

اِعْصِمَامًا adv. *perforce* 437¹² (var. اِعْصِمَامًا)

مُعَصَّبٌ *bound* with a diadem 184¹⁵

عصصب. عَصَصَبٌ *disastrous* 245⁸

عصد. عَاصِدَانِ see 795³

عصر. عَصَرَ i. *to close* the eyes 93¹³

تَعَصَّرَتْ said of a woman 1001¹⁵

أَعْصَرَ — اذا العِيدانُ يُعْتَصَرُ *when the pieces of wood are pressed*, i. e. *when the qualities of men are tested* 260[3], see the foot-note and cf. 931[15], Ibn Hishām 799[16], Mubarrad 534[1]: الأَحْمَرُ المُعْتَصَرُ i. e. *wine* 141[8] seq.

عُصارَةٌ *character, inherited qualities* 944[16] 996[10]

مَعاصِرُ (pl. of مِعْصَرٌ?) *garments of striped cloth* 1078[9]

مِعْصارٌ *a wine-press* 342[3]

عصعر. العَصافِرُ *a certain breed of camels* (so called on account of their swiftness 388[5] 661[13]

عصل. أَعْصَلُ *hardest* 855[11]: *crooked* 661[11] 904[4], pl. عُصْلٌ 135[2] 914 notes[2] seq. (as var)

عصم. اعْتَصَمَ *to be bound with a cord* (عِصامٌ), said of a skin-bottle 531[8], partic. 194[11]

عَواصِمُ (pl. of عاصِمَةٌ) *fortresses* 394[9]

عِصامٌ *a cord* (for fastening a skin-bottle) 627[10], pl. عُصُمٌ 117[1]

عَصَمٌ *scar* 124[3], *mark, trace* 893[3]

أَعْصَمُ *a mountain-goat* 81[10]

مَعاصِمُ (pl. of مِعْصَمٌ) *wrists* 507[12] 720[13] 755[15]

عصو. عَصا u *to strike* with a sword (with ب) 711[5]

عَصَى *id.* (absol.) 196[9], with ب 226[6] (= 684[15]) 762[13] 957[9]

اعْتَصَى *to use* a thing (acc.) *for striking* 111[14]

عَصًا metaph. *power* 923[1] seq.: سَقَّ العَصا *he caused a separation* 7[8]: أَلْقَتْ عَصاها *she settled down* 676[9] pl. عِصِيٌّ applied to swords 65[10]

عُصَيَّةٌ (dimin. of عَصًا) 355[3]

عصب. عِصابٌ (pl. of عَضْبٌ) *sharp* (epith. of swords) 1030[6]

أَعْصَبُ *broken* (said of a horn) 147⁹

عصد. عَضُدٌ du *two portions* (?) 681⁸ — in the foot-note بكس is = بِكَسْبٍ

أَعْضَادٌ (pl. of عَضُدٌ) *the fore-legs* of camels 557⁹: for the phrase فَتَّ فِي أَعْضَادِهِم see under فَتَّ

مِعْضَدٌ *a bracelet worn on the upper arm* (syn. دُمْلُجٌ) 800¹⁵, pl. مَعَاضِدُ 986¹

عصرط. عَضْرَطٌ (= عَجَانٌ) 1017⁷

عُصَارِطِيٌّ *id.* 441⁵

عُضْرُوطٌ *a camp-follower* 476⁵ 704⁴, pl. عَصَارِطُ 9¹⁹ 245³ (text doubtful) 605¹⁶ 704², hence *cowards, weaklings* 833¹ 1042⁷. pl fem. عُصَارِطَاتٌ 442⁶

عصص. عَضَّ a. metaph. *to wear away, consume* 74¹⁵, mas̱d. عَضٌّ 556¹⁰ construed with بِ of the object 316⁵ (= 583¹⁵) 507¹¹

أَعَضَّ causat. with 2 acc.'s 835⁶, with acc. and بِ 803²

عُصُوصٌ coll. *a kind of date* 611¹⁷ 612²

عصل. عَضَّلَ *to become too narrow, to become unendurable* to some one (said of a place, with مِن of the pers.) 1024¹⁷, مُعَضَّلٌ *narrow* i. e. *crowded* 602¹³ *to give birth with difficulty* 303¹, مُعَضِّلٌ said of a woman 541¹¹ seq

أَعْضَلَ *to cause difficulty* to a person (with بِ of the pers.) 303¹, مُعْضِلَةٌ said of a she-camel 339⁶, hence مُعْضِلَةٌ *misfortune* 302¹⁶ 646¹⁶, pl. مُعْضِلَاتٌ 346⁷

تَعَضَّلَ *to become sinewy* (said of the limbs) 11¹⁷

أَعْضَلُ *most sinewy* 855¹² (as var.)

عطب. عَطَبٌ *fatigue, exhaustion* (in a camel) 953⁵ (as var.)

عطف. عَطَفَ i. *to begin afresh, renew* a contest (acc.) 575[10] 598[8] 871[4]: *to attack afresh* (with ل of the pers.) 871[13]

عُطُفٌ (pl. of عَطُوفٌ) *generous, munificent* 664[16]

عاطِفٌ *bending the neck* (epith. of a gazelle) 618[3], pl عَواطِفُ 8[13]: *recurring, beginning afresh* إنَّ النُحُوسَ عَواطِفُ 871[4]

عَطْفَةٌ see 565[12]

مُعْطِفٌ *one who returns to the attack* 575[10]

مُعَطَّفٌ *bent, curved* 565[10]

عطل. عُطُلٌ *lofty* 186[10] 224[13]

مَعاطِلُ (no singular) *those parts of the body which are uncovered* 630[18]

عطى. أُعْطِيَ *to be allowed to remain at the watering-place or to return to it* (said of camels) 55[16]

عطو. عَطا ii. *to stretch out* the neck (with ب) 136[15], partic pl. fem. عَواطٍ *stretching the neck* 423[15]

أَعْطى with ب of the object 839[4], with acc. of the person and ب of the thing 757[5] (see s v. حِرامَهُ) 809[7], حتّى يُعْطوكم بأيديهم *till they surrender to you* 1088[13]. applied to a wife (with acc. of the husband) 650[16], cf 691[3]

عَطاءٌ (= إعْطاءٌ) 618[6]: du. *double pay* (given to soldiers) 1090[15]

عطل. تَعاطَلَ *to cling to one another* (said of dogs) 797[1], partic pl. fem. 773[15]: metaph. *to compete with one another* 581[1]

عِطالٌ (= مُعاطَلَةٌ) 279[3]: for حَرادٌ عِطالٌ see 179[12]

عُطالى (pl. of عاطِلٌ) — يَوْمُ العُطالى the name of a well-known battle 580[17] seq., also 74[1] 585[1] 586[8]

عظم. تَعاظَمَ *to compete with one another* 11[5] 997[10]: *to appear dangerous* 498[20]

عُظْم *the greater part* 405[8]

مُعْظَم *a difficult enterprise* 54[5] 765[4]

ععى. مُعاع see under عوعو

ععج. أَعْعاج (pl. of عُعْج) *intestines* 692[3] 734[8]

عفر. عَفَرَ 1. *to stain with dust* 241[2] 242[20] 795[11] 1037[5]

عَفَّرَ intrans. *to roll oneself in the dust* 1000[7]

اِعْتَفَرَ *to seize, appropriate* (with acc.) 515[8]

عَفَر see 795[14] 1000[9]

عَفَار *a kind of wood* of which fire-sticks were made 64[14]

أَعْفَر *reddish-brown* (epith. of an antelope) 621[6], pl. عُفْر 755[10]

يَعْفُور *a kind of antelope* 923[2]

عفف. عَفَّ 1. *to keep aloof* from a person (with عن) 986[12]

أَعَفَّ — ما أَعَفَّ *his unselfish conduct* 58[19] (= 785[1]), cf. Lisān V 111[20]

عفل. عَفَلٌ (= عاقِلٌ) 221[18]

عَفَلَة 261[3] (as var.), see foot-note

عَفَلاء a woman *suffering from hernia* (عَفَلَة) 524[8]

عفلف. عَفَلَّف (= قَرَّ واسِعٌ) see 261 notes [2]

عفن. عَفِنَ *to become rotten* 672[17]

عفو. عَفَّى *to efface the memory* of a thing (with على) 1042[16]

أَعْفَى *to spare, deal gently with* a beast (acc) 306[9]

اِعْتَفَى *to seek food* (said of wild animals) 196[10], *to devour* (with acc.) 1018[16], partic. applied to men 563[14]

عَفْو *the first run* of a horse 43[15] 418[15]

عافٍ *seeking food*, عافي الثَّمرِ 195[15], pl عافِياتٌ 603[3] 763[4]

عَفَوَاتٌ (pl. of عَفْوَةٌ) *choicest portions* of water 496[20]

أَعْفَاءٌ (pl. of عَفٌّ or عَفْوٌ) *young asses* 627[16] 712[6]

عفف. عَفَّفَ *to do something a second time* 20[18] *to bind* a lance *with sinews* (عَفَفٌ) 235[5]

أَعْفَفَ *to allow* a person *to take his turn* in doing something (with acc. of the pers.) 66[13]: *to give* something to a person *as a compensation* for something else (with 2 acc.'s and بِ) 411[8]

عَفَفٌ *the second run* of a horse 43[15] 247[3]

عُفَافٌ *a banner* 437[8] 666[12](?) 972[10] 1024[19](?) 1037[9], pl. عِفَافَانٌ 148[9]

مُتَعَفِّفٌ *one who searches carefully* (?) 947[2]

تَعَافِيفُ (?) 691 notes[3] — var. العَرَافِيب in Hell loc. cit.

عقل. عَقَائِلُ (= عَقَاقِلُ, said to be a pl. of عُقْوَلٌ or عُقْوَلَةٌ) *the after-effects* of a malady 632[4]

عقد. عَقَدَ I *to fix one's mind on* a thing (?), with acc. 544[2]

أَعْتَقَدَ *to obtain an assurance* from some one (with عَلَى) 727[5]

عَقْدٌ *the use of the fingers to express numbers* 199[6]

عَقَدٌ *a twist* (in the veins) 844[13]

عَقَدٌ (= صَعَرٌ q. v.) 73[13]

عَاقِدٌ — عَاقِدَاتُ العَزَائِمِ *fixed resolutions* 344[7]. عَوَاقِدُ (= عَوَانِفُ q. v.) epith. of gazelles 8[14]

عَقِيدٌ *an ally* 410[14]

أَعْقَدُ a dog *that walks with his tail over his back* 801[2]

مَعْقِدٌ *that part of the neck where a necklace is fastened* 630[18] (see 433[12]), pl. مَعَاقِدُ 986[2] (as var.)

عقر. عَقَرَ i. *to stop, arrest the progress* of some one (with ب) 216⁵

عاقَرَ *to compete with* some one (acc.) *in slaughtering camels* 626³ 941⁹ 999¹⁴, maṣd. مُعاقَرَة 413¹⁸ seq. (= 1070⁷) 941¹² 999¹⁵, كِتابُ المُعاقَرات mentioned by Sa'dān ibn al-Mubārak 414²

عُقْر *rape* 341¹³ 593² 596² 708¹⁵ 778² 845⁶ 936¹¹. *a compensation paid for a rape* 251⁹ 398⁸ 593⁸ 1001²

عَقار — دارُ العَقارِ see Index IV

عَقور *one who is wounded* 15²

عَقيرة *victim* 93⁴ 196¹² 596³. *the voice* of a singer 308¹⁶ 884² (?)

مُعَقَّر *mangled, grievously wounded* 997⁵ (var. المُعَقَّرا)

مَعاقِر (pl. of مِعْقار) *men who slaughter camels* 953³ (= 418¹⁸)

عقل. عَقَلَ i. trans. *to tie up the leg of* a camel (acc.) 88² 661¹⁰: intrans. *to shrink* (said of the shade at noon) 8¹¹, *to seek refuge* (with الى) 92¹, pass. used impersonally 188¹¹

أَعْقَلَ *to tie up* an animal 1047¹², partic. used metaphorically 296¹⁸

عِقال *a cord* for tying an animal 88⁴, worn by a man round his waist 1043², du. 661¹⁰, pl. عُقُل 662⁹

عَقيلة *the noblest woman* of a tribe 473¹¹ (= 703⁴) 598⁵ 806¹⁵, pl. عَقائِل 605¹²

مَعْقِل *refuge, means of escape* (applied both to persons and to things) 10⁵ 224⁶ 603¹⁴ 636¹⁷ 1024¹⁶, pl مَعاقِل 196⁹ 274¹⁶ 278¹⁰ 603¹⁴ 622⁶ 636¹⁷ 649⁵ 970¹⁶

مَعاقِل (pl. of مُعْقَلَة) *camels given as a compensation for murder* 613⁸

عكنس. عُكانِس see 51¹⁷

عكر. أَعْكَرَ *to be filled with tumult* (said of a battle-field) 666⁶

عَكْرٌ *retreat, withdrawal* 1043[10]

عَكِرٌ *numerous* (said of camels) 1079[9]

عكس. عِكَاسٌ *a certain mode of tying camels*, see 756[9] seq.

مَعْكُوسَةٌ camels *tied up* 756[6]

عكط. عُكَاطِيٌّ عَرَبِيٌّ 316[12]

عكك. عُكَّةٌ see 712 notes[3]

عَكَوَّكٌ *hard* (said of the ground) 840[6]

عكل. عُكِلَ *to be tied up* (said of camels) 190[1]

عكم. اِعْتَكَمَ *to load camels* (absol.) 1059[9]

عِكْمٌ *load*, du. عِكْمَيْ عَنْزٍ *like two bundles borne by an ass* 20[2]

عكمس. عُكَمِسٌ see 51[17] (read وعُكَمِسٌ وعُكَامِسٌ وعُكَابِسٌ)

عكى. عَكَيَانٌ ibid.

علب. عَلَّبَ *to scar* 122[3]

عَلْبٌ *a scar* 122[4] (as var.) 933[13], pl. عُلُوبٌ 826[8]

عُلْبَةٌ *a milk-pail* 333[6] 447[9], pl. عِلَابٌ 10[16] 447[3] 1020[8]

عِلَابٌ *a mark* branded on an animal 451[6]

مَعْلُوبٌ a sword *bound with a tendon* (عِلْبَاء) 80[7] (=768[9])

علت. عَلَتَ i. see عَلَتَ

مُعْتَلِتٌ see مُعْتَلِتٌ

علج. عالَجَ *to expose oneself to* a thing (acc.) 950[15]

عِلَجٌ (pl. of عِلْجَةٌ) *foreign women* 322[4] 1068[7]

مُعْتَلِجٌ *thick, strong* 682[11]

مُعْتَلَجٌ *an accumulation* of sand-hills 166[1]

علد. عِلْوِدٌ *huge* (epith. of a mountain) 609[3], see also 916 notes [2]

عِلَّوْدٌ see 916[11] seq.

عَلَنْدَى *a kind of shrub* (which when burnt produces much smoke) 102[1]

علد. عِلَّوْدٌ (= عِلْوِدٌ) 916[10]

علط. عُلُطٌ (= عُطُلٌ) *bare* (said of a beast without a saddle) 184[6]

علف. عَلَفَ u. *to allow one's camels to eat the leaves of* trees (with acc. of the trees) 48[18] (= 783[1])

عَلِفَ *to be encumbered with* a thing (acc.) 838[12]: *to be suspended from* a thing (acc.) 1010[15]

عالَفَ *to be responsible for* a thing, أَنْتَ مُعالِفُهُ 1082[5] (text doubtful)

أَعْلَفَ *to effect a capture* (said of one who lays a trap) 682[13]

عِلْفٌ مَشَدٌّ — عِلْفٌ see under صس

عَلَفٌ *fastened* to something (with ب) 304[1]

عَلائِفُ (pl of عَلاقَةٌ) *bonds* of affection 61[10]

مَعالِفُ (pl of مِعْلَفٌ) *small milk-pails* 786[6]

مَعالِيفُ (pl of مِعْلافٌ) *things that hang* upon a beast of burden 217[4]

علك. عَلَكَ u. *to gnaw, chew* 998[10]

علل. عَلَّ (= لَعَلَّ) 322[11] 334[10]

عَلَّلَ *to offer* a thing *repeatedly* to a person (with acc. of the pers. and ب of the thing) 775[2], pass. (with ب) 619[14]

عُلالَةٌ *the remainder* of a thing 25[17]: *the second run* of a horse 163[7] 387[1] 936[2] 942[8], pl. عُلالاتٌ 943[5]

عِلَّةٌ *talk, conversation* 667[8]

علم. أَعْلَمَ *to wear a badge* (especially in battle) 647[12] seq., partic. 43[12] 601[4] 747[3] 938[14] 993[5]

عَلَمٌ *mountain country* (opp. to سَهْلٌ) 471[20], pl. أَعْلَامٌ *mountains* 262[8]

مَعْلَمٌ *a place where there are way-marks* 55[9], *a well-known place* 63[8] 64[12] pl. مَعَالِمُ *traces of encampments* 866[11]

مُتَعَالَمٌ *well-known, familiar* to a number of persons مُتَعَالَمُ النَّفَرِ 879[7] (sic leg.)

علن. اِسْتَعْلَنَ *to become manifest* 70[2]

علة. عَلْبَانُ *frantic* 896[9]

علو. عَلَا II. with acc. and ب 710[2], with 2 acc.'s 193[3] 274[16] 700[16]

عَلِيَ — لَا عَلِيتَ as an imprecation 544[5]

عُوِيَ *to be raised, lifted* (said of a saddle) 756[15]

أَعْلَى intrans *to ascend* (?) 657[20]

تَعَلَّى *to recover from sickness* 1046[8], see also 338 notes[5]

تَعَالَى *to rise* (said of the dawn) 49[11] (= 783[10]) 551[4] (as var.): *to mount* a horse (with على) 50[11]: *to come* 197[6] 700[3] 763[16]

اِعْتَلَى *to ascend* (with acc) 699[6]

عُلًى *eminence, nobility* 692[11] 757[1] 806[15]

عَالِيَةٌ, pl. عَالِيَاتٌ *high ground* 1043[4]. pl. عَوَالٍ *lance-heads* 45[11] 944[10] 1019[7], *tops of trees* 902[8] (as var.)

عَلَاةٌ *anvil* 708[1] 767[10] 801[12] 1033[8], metaph *a strong she-camel* 55[6]

عَلَائَةٌ *eminence* 699[4] (var. الْعَلَاءَةُ)

مَعْلَاةٌ *id.* 758[4], pl. مَعَالٍ 758[1] (see 758[5])

علود. see under علد

على. عَلَى *to the exclusion of*.... 466[15] 700[13] 871[16]

عمد. عَمَدَ i. *to cause pain to* a person, partic. 985[6]

عَمَدَ, maṣd. عَمْدٌ, see 985[7]

عِمَادٌ *pillar*, construed as fem. 352[1]

اَلْعَمُودُ *the dawn* 1007[2]

عَمِيدٌ metaph. *the chief* of a tribe 572[3]: coll. *supporters* (?) 836[10]

عمر. عَمَرَ u. *to frequent* a place (acc.) 995[14], metaph. *to devote oneself to* a thing 988[13]

عُمَّارٌ (pl. of عَامِرٌ) *pilgrims* 855[9]

عِمَارَةٌ *a large clan* 326[9] 615[12]

عُمُورٌ (pl. of عُمْرٌ) *duration* 539[8]

أَعْمَارٌ (pl. of the same) *vital powers* 878[1]

عمرد. عَمَرْدٌ *far-stretching* (said of a plain) 480[11]: *swift* (said of a wolf) 486[5]

عمس. عَمَاسٌ *dark, gloomy* (epith. of a day of battle) 955[10]

عمق. عَمِيقٌ *deep* 226[5] (as var.)

عَمِيقٌ *id.* 228[17]

مُعْمِقٌ *id.* 1046[12]

مُتَعَمِّقٌ *id.* 915 notes[3] (as var.)

عمل. عُمَالَةٌ *wages* 434[13]

مُعْمَلٌ *trodden, frequented* (said of a path) 205[8] 222[18]

مُسْتَعْمَلَاتٌ *hard-worked camels* 427[11]

عَمَلَاتٌ *id.* 345[5]

عمم. عَمَّمَ *to invest with a turban*, metaph. *to strike on the head with* a sword (with 2 acc.'s) 364[18]

تَعَمَّمَ *to behave as a kinsman* (?) 595[15]

أَعْمَمَ *to put* a thing *on as a turban*, maṣd. used metaphorically 1008[14]

عَامَّةٌ (= كُلٌّ) 428[19]

عَمِيمٌ *full-grown* (said of herbage) 514[5]

مُعَمٌّ *nobly born on the father's side* 188[7] 225[8]

عمى. عَمِيَ *to become unrecognisable* (with على) 697[14], hence *to become doubtful* 660[9]

عَمًى *blindness, ignorance* 18[9] 913[13]

عَمٍ *blind*, i e. *regardless* (with عن) 906[12]

عَمَاءٌ *a thin cloud* 629[6]

عَمَاءَةٌ *folly* 127[15]

عَمْهَةٌ *id.* 980[13]

عن. عَنْ — مِنْ عَنْ شِمَالِي *on my left side* 178[16], عَنْ كَلْكَلٍ *so as to avoid* (*descent from*) *Kulaib* 383[4] (= 753[4] 774[9]): حَلَلْتُ عَنْهَا *I halted at a little distance from her* 436[17]

عبب. عُبَابٌ see 170[9]

عنبل. عُنْبُلٌ (= نَطْرٌ) 231[1] 261[1], see also 170[9]

عبث. عَبَثٌ *injury* 953[5] (as var.)

عبد. عَبَدَ u. see 987[12]: عَابِدٌ *flowing* (said of a vein cut open), دَانٍ عَابِدٌ *causing a vein to flow* (epith. of a lance-thrust) 987[9], pl. عُبَّدٌ *flowing veins* 493[3] (? as var.) 494[1], عَوَابِدُ *id.* 591[9]

عِبَادٌ *opposition, contest* 492[16]

عندم. عُنْدُمٌ *a red dye* (to which blood is compared) 585[12]

عبر. مُعَبِّرٌ *going aside, marching apart from others* 227[7]

عنس. عَنُوس *a strong she-camel* 134 notes[2] (as var.) 503[1] 754[15]

عانِس *an elderly unmarried woman* 27[2]

عنصر. عُنْصُر coll *kinsmen* 998[4]

عنف. عَنُفَ *to be rude* 577[13]

عُنِّفَ *to be treated rudely* 564[4]

عَسِف *unskilful, clumsy* 419[1], pl. عُنُف 16[7]

أَعْنَف *id.* 590[3]

عنعنة. عَنْعَنَة *the hair of the lower lip* 440[14] (= 1053[11]

عنف. عَنَف *a kind of quick pace* (in speaking of camels and horses) 1[14] 49[16] (= 783[15])

أَعْنَاق (pl. of عُنُق) *necks*, metaph. *verses carried from place to place* (as the necks of camels are turned by the riders) 795[16] 880[5]

عنس. عَنَّة — عَنَّ عَنَّة see 52[13]

عِنَان — شَرِكُ العِنَانِ *limited partnership* 1018[1]: pl. أَعِنَّة *rudders* of ships 354[16]

عنو. عَنِيَ *to be troubled* about a thing (with ب) 499[3], masd. عَنَاء 666[4]

عانَى *to make much of* a person (?) 515[8]

تَعَنَّى *to exert oneself* 745[15] 774[5] (= 62[11]), *to toil along* (said of a traveller) 746[2], *to strive after* a thing (acc.) 827[5], with إلى 1014[4]

عانٍ *a slave* (?) 170[11], *a prisoner* 652[8] 843[9] 943[6], pl. عُنَاة 18[14] 771[5]

عَنَّة *a kind of paste* for smearing mangy camels 330[2] 406[7]

عُنْوَان *the address* of a letter 976[1]

مَعْنِيّ *preoccupied, anxious* 501[4]

مُعَنًّى *id.* 572[14] (= 774[11])

المُعَنّى *a name given by al-Farazdaḳ to one of his couplets* 774[7]

عوهج. عَوْهَجِيّ *a long-necked camel* 804[7]

عهد. تَعَهَّدَ *to inspect* (with acc.) 471[9]

تَعاهَدَ *to pay attention to* a thing (acc.), maṣd 498[4]

اِسْتَعْهَدَ *to make* a person *responsible* for something (with acc. of the pers. and من of the thing) 350[16]. *to impose a condition* in the case of a person (with من of the pers.) 817[4]

عَهْدٌ *bond* of marriage 804[9]

عهم. عَماهِم (pl. of عَيْهَم) *strong camels* 756[15]

عوج. عاجٌ *ivory* 164[5]: coll. *bracelets of ivory or tortoise-shell* 62[4] 755[15]

عُوجٌ (pl. of أَعْوَج) *bending*, العُوج أَعْطافًا 822[3]. *variable, inconstant* 921[3]

أَعْوَجِيّة coll. *horses descended from the stallion Aʿwaj* 30[12] 329[4], pl. أَعْوَجِيّات 16[5]

عود. عادَ u. *to recur* (said of maladies, etc.) 632[4] (cf. عائد 981[6]), with acc. of the patient 847[7]: *to confer* a favour (with ب) 220[16] (as var.)

تَعَوَّدَ *to adopt* a thing (acc.) *as a custom* 310[15] 485[13]

تَعاوَدَ — تَعاوَدوا السِّلاحَ *each party seized their arms afresh* 739[4]

اِعْتادَ *to visit* a place (acc.) *frequently* 981[1], مُعْتادٌ *ever recurring* 981[6]

عَوْدٌ subst. *return*, رَجَعَ عَوْدَهُ على بَدْئِه *he returned as he came* 85[2], *the conferring of a favour* (?) 96[3]. adj. *old*, حَمَلٌ عَوْدٌ 661[11] (also without حَمَل 217[13]), حَسَبٌ عَوْدٌ 622[5]

عُودٌ *wood*, metaph. *character, inherited qualities* 931[15], pl عِيدان 260[3] (see under أَعْصُر): pl. أَعْوادٌ *pulpits* 1013[16]

عادِيّ *ancient* 64[12], *of ancient race* 376[16] (text doubtful), *an ancient building* 402[16] 498[17] 757[9]

عادَة *ancient renown* 185[8] 745[15] 1036[12], *an ancient building* 289[3] 689[12]

عَوائِد (pl. of عائِدَة) *women who visit the sick* 444[14], used ironically 196[10]

عود. عُوِّدَ used impersonally 725[14]

عائِد *a female that has recently given birth* (said of an animal) 706[15], pl. عُود (said of women) 275[2] 765[2] 872[12]

عور. عارَ ا. *to become blind* (said of an eye) 769[16]: II. *to render blind of one eye* 769[17]

عُوِّرَ *to be driven away, repulsed* 940[10] (read عُوِّرَ and الـمُعَوِّرِ), مُعَوَّر 1002[18]: مُعَوَّر *stopped up* (said of a well) 957[6] 1022[10]

تَعاوَرَ *to strike alternately* (with acc.) 362[10] 457[3] (= 1077[3])

عائِرَة — عائِرَة الْعَيْنِ *a large number* of camels 315[1]

عُوَّار subst. *dust* in the eyes (syn. قَذَى) 869[2]. adj. *cowardly* 195[10]

عَوْراء *injury* 944[8], *disgrace, scandal* 963[5]

مُعْوِر *suffering injury* 950[8]

عوس. عائِس see 813[4]

عوعو. مُعاعٍ *one who utters the cry* عا *or* عَوْ (in driving sheep) 786[13], mașd. مُعاعاة 786[14]

عوف. عَوْف *state, condition* 39[10]

عائِف see under عيف

عوق. عاقَ II. *to hinder* 1082[6]

عَوائِق (pl. of عائِقَة) *accidents, mischances* 779[16]

عول. عَوَّلَ *to ask* a person for something (with على of the pers. and ب of the thing) 415[20], مُعَوَّل *a cry for help* 401[18] (cf. 508[13] seq.)

عائِل عَوْل *a loud cry* 1045[8]

عائلٌ see 813⁴

مُعْوِلٌ *a mourning woman* 53¹⁴

عوم. عَوائِمُ (pl of عائِمَةٌ) *swimming* (said of the stars) 391¹⁴, see "Additions and Corrections"

عون. أَعانَ *to enable* a person *to acquire* something (with acc. of the pers. and على of the thing) 466¹⁷

اِسْتَعانَ *to seek to acquire* (with على) 645⁸ i. e. "may they never seek to acquire hearing and sight!"

عَوانٌ applied to a woman 483⁷ 925¹⁰ (opp. to بِكْرٌ), to a want (حاجَةٌ) 618⁷, pl. عُونٌ (opp. to أَبْكارٌ) 856⁹

عانَةٌ *a herd of asses* 465⁶ 627¹⁶ 712⁶ (on the meaning of this word, see Nöldeke in the Z. D. M. G. XL 168)

عوى. عَوَى 1. *to howl* 35¹⁰ (= 1016⁶) 62⁶ 279³ 523⁹ (= 908¹⁶) 524¹ (= 908¹⁸), masd. عُواء 523¹⁶ 524¹³, partic. عاوٍ 62⁶ 1015¹⁰ du. 922³

تَعاوَى *to howl to one another* (said of dogs) 1071¹⁷ 1072²

اِسْتَعْوَى *to summon* (with acc.) 240²

عند. تَعَنَّدَ *to act unjustly*, المُتَعَنِّدون 253⁹ (as var.)

عَنْدانٌ coll. *tall palm-trees* 890⁴

عمر. عَيْرٌ *an ass* (as the bearer of a burden) 20², metaph. 842⁹, pl. أَعْمارٌ 325¹³ 874² 1042³

عنس. عَنْساءُ *a light-coloured she-camel* 306², pl. عِنْسٌ 134⁵ 272⁵ 1012¹⁵ 1042⁵ 1083⁷

عنص. عِنْصٌ *a thicket*, metaph. *a race, a tribe* 64¹⁶ 115¹⁸, 898¹⁰, pl. عِنْصانٌ 898¹⁰: *distress, adversity* (?) 672⁵

عنط. اِعْناطٌ see 29¹³

أَعْنَطُ *high* (said of a mountain) 278[10], of a camel 705[3], fem. عَنْطاءُ ibid., pl. عِنْطٌ *lordly, majestic* (said of men) 29[10], بِعِنْطٍ *with outstretched necks* (= بِأَعْناقٍ عِنْطٍ) 705[2]

عيف. عافَ I. *to augur* 502[2], عائِفٌ *an augur* 190[15] 502[2]

عيل. عَيَّلَ intrans. *to become poor* 586[5]

عائِلٌ see under عول

عِيالٌ (pl. of عِيَّلٌ) *women and children* 420[4]

مُعْيِلٌ *one who has a large family to support* 314[17]

عيم. عامَ ā. or I. — آمَ وعامَ as an imprecation 925[5]

أَعْيَمَ *to deprive of milk* (object understood) 586[6]

عين. عَيَّنَ *to discover the apertures in* a skin-bottle (with acc.) 433[1]: مُعَيَّنٌ *speckled* (said of a garment) 731[18]

أَعْيَنَ *to act as a spy* (عَيْنٌ) 405[7], *to spy out* a place (acc.) 148[6]

عَيْنٌ — اَلْعَيْنُ *the evil eye* 190[6] (cf. 234[11]): بِعَيْنِي مِنْ *I would give my eyes for...* 825[9] (variants بِأَعْلَى and بِنَفْسِي): pl أَعْيانٌ in the phrase بِأَعْيانِها *themselves* i. e. *the very same camels* 92[19] (= بِعَيْنِها 93[1])

عِيانًا adv. *in ready money* (said of a payment) 742[5], cf. عَيْنًا Aghānī VII 187[22]

مَعِينٌ *fresh* (said of water) 646[7]

مَعْيُونٌ *unlucky* 907[7]

عيى. عَيَّ imperf. يَعْيا *to be ambiguous* (with على of the person) 381[5] — the gloss in Hell loc. cit. explains اى لا يُحْسِنُ جَوابَ لا أَدْرِي ما هو اى لا يَعْيَلُّ عَلَيَّ

أَعْيَى *to be more than a match* for a person (with على) 471[1]. *to be out of reach* (with على) 824[5]

غ

عبب. عَبَّ i. *to come to an end* 1034[11]

عِبٌّ *end, result* 16[13] 541[15] 743[5]: عَدَاةَ الغِبِّ *on the morning of the second day* (?) 765[3]: pl. أَعْبَابٌ in the phrase سَارَ أَعْبَابًا *to perform journeys of two days* 149[9]

مَعَبَّةٌ *result* 453[9] (= 1074[5])

عبر. أَعْبَرَ *to be covered with dust* 138[9] 810[7], *to be darkened by dust-clouds* 560[3] 693[7]

عَابِرٌ *left childless* (said of a woman) 586[14] (var. عَابِرٍ): coll. *survivors, the last remnant* of a tribe 587[8]

عَبْرَةٌ see 45[9]

أَعْبَرُ see 42[11]

أَعْبَارٌ (pl. of عَبْرٌ) *remainder of milk* left in the udder of a she-camel 1042[8]

نَعْبَرٌ *a dust-cloud* 498[8]

مَعْبُرَاتٌ *years of drought* 347[10]

عبط. عَبَطَ i. *to think* a person *fortunate* (with acc.) 65[9]

عُبُطٌ (pl. of عَبَطٌ) *water-courses* 314[9]

عبس. عَبْسٌ *deception, disappointment* 818[8], عَبَثًا adv. *vainly* 1026[2]

مَعَابِسُ (pl. of مَعْبَسٌ) *groins*, of human beings 35[3] 444[1], of camels 246[4]

عبو. عَبِيٌّ *stupid* 305[16]

عبى. عَبْأَةٌ *a shower of rain* 290[13], pl. عَبَآتٌ 866[7]

غبو. غُبَاءٌ *scum carried by a torrent* 170[14] 513[11] 626[11], metaph. *camp-followers, vagabonds* 657[5]

عدد. مُغِدٌّ *a camel seized with pestilence* (عُدَّة) 416[17] 863[10]

عدر. تَعَذَّرَ *to lag behind* 994[14]

غَدَرٌ *a stretch of land abounding in holes* (?) 338[6]

عُدُرٌ (pl. of عادِرٌ) *treacherous* 463[12]

عَدِيرَةٌ *a plaited tress of hair*, du. 547[7], pl. عَدائِرُ 1062[15]

عدف. عَدَفَ u. see 293[16]

مُعْدِفٌ *one who covers himself with a veil* (?) 593[14]

عدفل. عِدَفَّلٌ adj. *hanging loosely* 231[1]

عدى. عَوادِفُ (pl of عادِفَةٌ) *streaming rain-clouds* 780[3]

غدو. عادَى *to attack in the morning*, with 2 acc. s تُعادُونَهم القِتالَ 470[9] cf. 412 notes[9]

عادِيَةٌ coll. *birds that fly forth in the morning* 618[17]

عَدَوِيٌّ see غَدَوِيٌّ

عدد. مُعِدٌّ *marching quickly* 1092[9]

عدو. عَدَوانٌ (= الذى تُعْرَفُ تَوْلِدُه) epith. of a he-ass or a male antelope 280[4] seq.

عَدَوِيٌّ *foetus* (of an animal) 280[12] (var. عَدَوِيٌّ)

عرب. عَرْبٌ — سارَ عَرْبًا *to travel westward* 841[5]. pl. عُرُوبٌ *the sharp edges* of the teeth 499[6] 551[8]. *buckets* i. e. *showers* of rain 636[1], *floods* of tears 979[12]

عَرَبٌ *the mud round a cistern* 234[1]: *a leathern bucket* (?), ضَعفِ العَرَبِ 1070[14] (var ضَعفِ النَّرَبِ 418[10])

عَرَبَةٌ *a distant journey* 134[10]. *distance* 825[9]

عَوارِبُ (pl. of غارِبٌ) *crests of waves* 467[6] (as var.) 777[16]: *the part*

between the hump and the neck (in a camel) 814[11]. *travellers*, i. e. poems carried from place to place 477[17]

عُرَانٌ du. *the two lower extremities of the haunches* (in a camel) 325[6], see 37[8] 71[18]: pl. أَعْرِنَة *ravens*, أَعْرِنَةُ العَرَبِ *Arabs with negro blood in their veins* 372[8] seq.

عُرَنَة *an original poem* (i. e. a poem composed for the occasion) 62[8] 63[7], pl. غَرَائِنُ 63[8] 651[14] (as var.)

عرنل. مُعَرَّنَلٌ *vile, contemptible* 715[5]

عرب عَرِبَى (fem. of عَرِبَانُ) *famished* (epith of a lioness) 822[4]

عِرَابٌ (pl. of عَرِبَانُ) said of camels 228[9]

عرد. تَعَرَّدَ *to coo* 479[1]

تَعْرِيدٌ *the humming* of flies 636[9]

مِعْرَادٌ, pl. مَعَارِيدُ, see 162[7] seq.

عرر. عَرَّ u. *to induce* some one *to attack* something (with acc. and ب) 261[11] 827[1]

عَرَّ 333[2] — read عَرَّرَهَا q. v.

أَعَرَّ *to take by surprise* (with acc.) 227[8], *to circumvent* 1091[13]

عِرٌّ *lack of milk* 252[16]

عَرِرٌ *simple-minded, guileless* 538[3], يَوْمٌ عَرِرَةٌ (= يَوْمٌ وهِيَ عَرِرَةٌ) i. e *there are some days when she seems guileless* 822[4]

أَعَرُّ *bright*, epith. of the teeth 270[8], of an illustrious person 696[10] 798[13] (= 397[9]) 991[9] 995[6], of a victory 939[8], pl. عُرٌّ of poems 477[10], and عُرَّانٌ of faces 1078[16]

أَعْرَارٌ (pl of عِرٌّ) *simple-minded* 867[16]

غرر. عَرَّ *to abstain from milking* a she-camel (acc.) 333[2] — read عَرَّرَهَا and see "Additions and Corrections": pass. *to be stitched, fastened* 634[1]

اِعْتَرَرَ *to put the foot* into the stirrup 735[1]

عرض. عَرِضَ *to be weary, disgusted* 103[4]

عُرِّضَ see 6[6]

عُرُوضٌ (pl. of عَرْضٌ) *the fore-girths* of camels 272[5] 347[6]

عرصف. عُرْصُوفٌ *the cartilage of the nose* 917[14]

عرف. أَعْرَفَ *to draw water* 465[16]

عَرَقَةٌ *a kind of skin-bottle* 531[8]

عرف. اِسْتَعْرَفَ *to overwhelm* 643[15]

اِعْرَوْرَفَ *to brim with tears* (said of the eyes) 168[14], مُعْرَوْرِفٌ *tearful eyes* 345[15]

عَرَفٌ — فَلَقِيَ عَرَفٍ *rubbish that has fallen into the water* 176[12] (text doubtful)

عرفد. عَرْفَدٌ *a plant which was used as fuel* 480[13] 787[9]

غرل. غُرْلَةٌ see 100[12]

أَعْوَلُ *uncircumcised* 231[3] (as var.) 669[10] 828[14], pl. عُوْلَانٌ 892[3] (as var.)

عرم. عَرَامٌ *disaster* 417 933[14], *grief, passion* 1005[11]

عَارِمٌ *a debtor* 345[8] 382[14] 390[11] 426[13] 789[17]

مُعْرِمٌ *id.* 1046[14]

عرمل. عُرْمُولٌ used in speaking of a woman 917[6]

عرن. عِرِنٌّ see 100[11]

عرنف. عَرَانِفُ epith. of heroes 818[14]

عرو. عَرِيَ see 29[4]

عرر. أَعْرَرَ *to produce much* (said of a poet) 1048[10]

غِرارٌ (pl. of غَرِرٌ) *animals that produce much milk* 816⁷ 876⁸

غرل. مُعْرِلٌ *a female antelope accompanied by her fawn* 212⁸ 617¹⁶ 631¹⁴

غرو. اِعْتَرَى *to raid* (with acc.) 53⁴ (= 785¹²)

عَرِيٌّ (pl. of عارٍ) *raiders*, رُجَّعَ العَرِيِّ 289¹⁷

عسل. عَسَلٌ *washing-mixture* 132⁶ 137² 162¹⁶ 163⁵ 397⁴

غَسولٌ *water for washing* 132⁶

عسس. عَسٌّ *guile* 622²

عَسَاسٌ subst *haste, a thing done hastily* 160¹⁵: adj. *scanty* (said of sleep) 825⁶

أَعَسُّ *most guileful* 946¹⁴

عسم. عَوَاسِمُ (pl. of غَاسِمَةٌ) *doing violence* (epith. of spears) 748¹² — variants العَسائِم and العَواسِم

عَسُومٌ *violent, high-handed* 97⁶ 742⁶ 748¹⁵ 1046¹⁴: *disastrous* 1067⁷

عسمر. تَعَسْمَرَ *to act unjustly* 744⁶

عسمسم. عَسْمَسٌ *harsh, violent* 355⁴

عسى. عَسَى *to cast oneself upon* an object (acc.) 355⁴ 823¹⁵, *to attack* 1075¹⁸ 1094¹⁷, *to mount* hills (acc) 868¹⁴

عَوَاسٍ (pl. of عَاسَةٌ) epith. of bows or spears 98¹¹ (= 422³ 1072¹³): *misfortunes* 122⁶

عصب. عَصْبًا adv. *perforce* 425² 652¹¹ 1017³ 1033¹²

اِعْصَابًا *id.* 437 notes² (as var.)

عصر عَصارَةٌ *luxury* 724¹³

عَصُورَةٌ *a kind of coarse grass* 1062¹⁸

عضض. عَضٌّ *moist* (said of herbage) 514¹

غُضَّة *abasement, humiliation* 1083[3]

غصعص. تَغَصْعَصَ see 6[6]

غصف. تَغَصَّفَ *to show favour* (absol.) 568[17]: *to bulge out* (said of the coating of a ruined well) 857[5]

عصفر. عَصَنْفَرٌ *massive* (epith. of a lion) 736[16]

عصى. عَصًا coll. *a kind of shrub*, حِمارُ العصا a term applied to al-Ablaḳ son-in-law of Jarīr 841[3], عَمْرُ العَصا *id.* 842[9]

مُعْصٍ *cowering* under an object (with ب) 1028[13]

عطرف. تَعَطْرَفَ *to seek the preeminence* 574[12]

عَطارِف (pl. of عِطْرِفٌ 574[15]) *chieftains* 859[4]

عطط. عَطَّ u. *to plunge into the water* (trans.) 408[7]

تَعاطَّ *to plunge all together* ibid

عِطاطٌ *the act of plunging* ibid.

عطل. عَطاطِلُ (pl. of عَيْطَلَةٌ) *darkness* 210[3] 634[7], *thickets* 602[4] 618[12]

عطمط. تَعَطْمَطَ *to surge up* (said of the sea) 626[9]

عَطامِطٌ or عُطامِطٌ *a mass of water* 390[17]

عفر. تَعَفَّرَ *to become crusted over* (said of wounds) 948[9]

عقل. عَقَّلَ — عَقَّلَ نَفْسَهُ لَها *he concealed his identity from her* 222[13] cf. 1024[4]

تَعَقَّلَ *to attack unawares* (absol.) 211[6], with acc. 411[7]

أَعْقالٌ (pl. of عُقْلٌ) *unbranded camels* 323[13]

غفى. أَعْفَى *to doze* (on horseback) 81[4]

عَفًى see 97[16]

علب. عَلَبَ I. *to give one's name* to some one else (with على) 75[8] 132[1] 183[16]

186[13] (cf. عَلَّتَ دلك على اسمها Ibn Hishām 103[14]): pass. *to be hindered* from doing a thing (with على of the thing) 862[12]

أَعْلَثُ *thick-necked* 186[16], epith. of a lion 255[7] 990[12], fem. عَلْثاء used metaphorically 571[4], pl. عُلْثٌ *thick* 959[1]

علث. عَلَثَ i *to mix* 917[13] (var. عَلِثوا, see the Mu'allaḳa of Labīd v 32)

مُعْلَثٌ *unsuccessful* in striking fire 91[8] (var. مُعْتَلِث)

علصم. عَلاصِمُ (pl. of عَلْصَمَةٌ) *throats* 375 notes[5] (as var.), metaph. *the most distinguished families in a tribe* 377[14] (as var.) 751[19] 766[11]

مُعَلْصَمانِ (explained as مُسَدَّدَةُ الاعصابِ) apparently an epith. of war-horses 50[16] (cf. the parallel passage 784[6], which has مُقَلْصانِ)

علف. أَعْلَفَ *to deposit* a wager (acc.) 86[6]

أَعْلافٌ (pl. of عَلَفٌ) *fastenings* 1007[1]

علل. عَلَلٌ *a pool of water under trees* 890[15]

عَلائِلُ (pl. of عِلالَةٌ) *pins* for fastening coats of mail 508[6]

علم. أُعَيْلِمَةٌ an irregular dimin. of عُلَيْمَةٌ (pl. of عُلامٌ) 93[12]

مُعْلِمٌ applied to a woman 692[7], pl. مَعالِيمُ 4[8]

علو. عَلا u. *to surpass* some one (acc.) *in shooting arrows* 295[10]

عالَى *to compete with* some one, hence *to endeavour to traverse* (?) a country (acc) 480[11]: partic. مُعالٍ *a competitor in a shooting-match* 295[10] 1080[14]

أَعْلَى *to ask a high price* 164[10]

تَعَلَّى see 338[14] and foot-note

تَعالَى *to bid against one another for* a thing (acc.) 520[1]

عَلْوٌ *the act of shooting arrows* 295[10] 1080[14]: *a horse-race* 589[16] (as var.)

عَلاءٌ *high price* 352[2] 533[11] 747[13] (sic leg.)

أَعْلاء (pl. of عالٍ) *costly* 555[11]

علي. أَعْلَى *to boil* (trans.) 857[11]

عمر. عَمْر *a mass of water*, hence *a generous man* (?) 79[15], عَمْرُ الْمَدِيَّة *prompt* 218[17] 334[16]: pl. عِمَار *masses of water* 237[16] 872[8]

غُمْر *inexperienced* 645[4], pl. أَعْمَار 647[15] 878[11]

عُمْر (= عُمُر) used in a plural sense 879[7]

عَمْرة *a mass of water*, hence *care, sorrow* 174[13], pl. غَمَرَات *death-pangs* (?) 918[1]

عَمَّار *vast* 872[9] (as var.)

عَمِر *grass which after withering is refreshed with rain* 13[7]

تَعْمِير *the process of rubbing the skin with a cosmetic called* عُمْرة 917 notes [2] (as var.)

مُعْمَر *inexperienced* 943[5]

عمس. تَعَامَس *to rush together* (said of floods, etc.) 872[9] (as var.

عَمُوس *one who rushes* 719[6]

عمص. عَمَص *to shut the eyes* 89[8]

أَعْمَص *to overlook* an offence (with على) 905[14]

عمعم. عَمَاعِم (pl. of عَمْعَمة) *confused, inarticulate noises* 345[3] 377[6] 413[17]

عمف. عَمِف *moist* 226[4] (var. عَمِف)

عمم. عَمّ u. *to cover, overwhelm* 170[14] 301[7] 651[6] 870[18] (see the gloss 871[3]) 872[8], pass. impers. عُمّ بها 736[13]

عَمّ *suffocation* 490[5]

عَمْء *distress* 736[14] (as var.)

غَمّاء *id.* 81[7]

عِمامٌ see 318[13]

عَمامَةٌ *a thunder-cloud* 127[16] (as var.)

غَمائِمُ (pl. of عِمامَةٌ) *pieces of cloth* which are stuffed into the nostrils of a she-camel to prevent her from smelling 318[5] (see 871[2]), *rags* for stopping up wounds 387[9], أُمُّ الغَمائِمِ (= الهامَةُ *the skull*) 387 notes [3]

عنى. عَنَّى *to sing to* a person, applied to the rattling of chains (with acc. of the pers.) 76[18] (= 316[1]) 637[6]

أَعْنَى *to avert* an evil (acc.) 319[17], *to spare* a person *the sight of* a thing (with عن of the pers. and acc. of the thing) 1004[9], *to rid* a person of some one else 373 notes [6] 410[13] لا أَعْناكُمُ اللهُ as a curse 373 notes [6]

تَعَنَّى *to sing* about a person, hence *to satirise* (with ب) 13[7] 628[14] (?)

عَوانٍ (pl. of غانِيَةٌ) see 136[12] seq.

غوث. أَغاثَ see under غيث

اِسْتَغاثَ *to seek refuge* (with ب) 95[14] 1010[14] (?), with الى 621[15]

عَوْ — عَوْدُ يا as an exclam. 669[16]

غوح. عَوْحٌ *broad-breasted* (epith. of a camel) 1011 notes [6]

عور. غارَ II. *to descend into the low-lying country* (absol.) 795[16], with acc. 528[10] 544[9]

عَوَّرَ *to rest at noon* (said of camels) 558[9] (as var. — read وعَرَّسَ), masd. تَعْوِيرٌ 756[12]: on 940[10] see "Additions and Corrections"

أَعارَ *to hasten homewards* (?) 796[5] seq.: see مُعِرٌّ and مُعارٌ below

تَعَوَّرَ *to set* (said of the stars) 926[4]

غارٌ *an army* (?), du. غارا مَعَدٍّ i. e. the tribes of Tamīm and Bakr 720[9] (= 740[4])

عائِر *low-lying country* 1078[7]: pl. عُوَّر *setting* (said of the stars) 992[11]

عائِرة *low-lying country* 450[13]

عَوْرِيّ *setting*, مَصَبّ غَوْرِيّة said of the stars 848[3]

عِوار *invasion* 330[9] 873[3]

مَعار *West* 232[10]

مَعارة *the hole* of a hyaena 918[3]

مُعِرّ *one who descends into the low-lying country* (opp. to مُنْحَدِر) 913[1]. مُعِرّة coll. *invaders* 511[15]

مُغار *twisted* (said of a cord) 236[10] 255[1]. *a place where an invasion is made* 864[11]

مَعاوِر (pl of مِعْوار) *invaders* 485[11]

عوط. غاطَ u. *to sink* into a thing (with في) 146[8] (= 327[17])

عول. عالَ u. *to let* the water (acc.) *escape* (said of a cistern) 915[15]

عاوَلَ *to hasten towards* an object (acc.) 175[8]

عَوَّلَ *to cause* a person *to wander* (with ب of the pers.) 175[8] (var تعاوَلَتْ)

عَوْل *the extent* of a march 881[16]

عُول *violence, ill temper* 804[13] عُولٌ مُعَوِّلَة *a very fiend* (said of a woman) 807[5]. أُمّ العُول (= القَسْوَرة) 1001[9] (var. امّ العِيل)

غائِلة *injury* 535[12], pl. غَوائِل *things that injure* a person 57[1] 613[15], *attacks* 607[2] (= 683[16]) 849[7], *crevices* in a cistern 916[3]

غوى. غَوِيَ *infatuated* (said of a lover) 60[5]

عبب. عابّ coll. *thickets*, metaph. *multitudes of men* 465[3], *forests of spears* 748[12]

عَوائِب (pl. of عائِبة) *past generations* 77[5] (= 315[15])

مُعْمِدٌ *a woman whose husband is absent from home* 340[16]

عنن. أَعَانَ *to procure refreshment for* some one (acc.) 1009[10]

عَنَنٌ *pasture produced by rain* 1065[7]. عَنَنُ اللهِ 1010[14] (Hell. loc. cit. has نَمَلُ الأَرْضِ, a change probably due to religious scruple)

غمد. أَغْمَدُ *one who bends the head* (in dozing) 618[18], pl. عِمْدٌ *having supple joints* (epith. of young men) 346[16]

غمر. غَارَ ا. *to become jealous* 865[8] 1099[9]

تَغَمَّرَ *id* 501[10] 1017[4]

غَمْرٌ *change of fortune, i. e. ill luck* 758[16]

غَمَارَى (pl. of غَمْرَانُ) *jealous* 711[5]

مِغْمَارٌ *one who is jealous* 501[10]

غمض. تَغَمَّضَ *to pour forth* (with ب) 687[3]

غمف. غَافٌ coll. *a kind of tree* (= تَمُوتٌ) 354[18]

غمل. غَمَلٌ (= لَمَسُ الْحُمْلَى) 511[5]

غِمْلٌ *a thicket* 997[2] 1038[1]: for أُمُّ الغِمْلِ see under عُولٌ

غمم. تَغَمْغُمٌ *cloudy weather* 287[18]

غمس. غِمْسٌ (pl. of أَغْمَسُ) *luxuriant shrubs* 997[5] 1052[14] (?)

ف

فأد. فُئِدَ *to be roasted* 108[8]

فَئِيدٌ see 108[9]

فأس. فَأْسٌ *the tongue of iron* which forms part of a horse's bit 310[5] 708[10], see 219[2]

فأو. فَاءٌ *a valley* 513[8]

فأى. فَأَى ا. *to split open* (trans.) 385[10]

فَأَّى *id.* 493[5] (as var.)

تَفَأَّى intrans 493[2] (var. تَفَاءَى)

فتّ. فَتَّ u. *to crush*, فَتَّ ذلك فى أعضادهم *this was a cause of weakness to them* 1092[11]

فتح. فَتْحَاءُ (fem. of أَفْتَحُ) *wide*, epith. of an eagle 586[12] 677[13], فَتْحَاءُ التجليح *id.* 984[10] pl. فُتْحٌ 597[10] (as var.)

فتر. فَتْرَةٌ *a period which elapses between two divine revelations* 347[14]

أَفْتَارٌ (pl. of فَاتِرٌ) *sluggish* 879[7]

فتل. فُتْلٌ (pl. of أَفْتَلُ) *having the legs far apart* 134[14]

فتن. أَفْتَنُ (= فَتَنَ) 986[3] (var. وَفَتَنَ) 987 notes[5] (as var.)

فتو. أَفْتَاءُ (pl. of فَتًى?) 707 notes[1] (as var.)

فتأ. فَتَأَ a. *to quiet, allay* 206[8] 567[6]

فتح. فُتِحَ see 6[6]

فجأ. فُجِئَ in the phrase لَمْ تُفْجَأْ النَّاسُ إِلَّا بالابل i. e *the camels came upon them suddenly* 662[10]

فجر. فَجَّرَ *to scatter* dust 336[10]

مَفْجُورٌ *cracked, burst* (said of a cistern) 915[15]

فجع. فَجَعَانٌ (pl. of فَجْعَةٌ) *misfortunes* 694[8] — see Dozy "Supplément aux dict. arabes" s v.

فجج. أَفْجَجُ *one who turns his toes in* 1047[12], pl. فُجْجَانٌ 5[9]

أُفَيْجِجٌ dimin. of أَفْجَجُ 116[12]

فجل. أَفْجَلَتْ *she received* the male (said of a she-camel, with acc. of the male) 203[2]

أَفْتَجَلَ *to choose* a man (acc.) *as a son-in-law* 843[4]

فحالة (pl. of فَحْل) *stallion horses* 712[5] 914[4]

فُحولة *the quality of a stallion* 872[4]

فحم. أفحَمَ *to find* a person *mute*, i. e. incapable of composing poetry 129[12], مُفحَم 547[10] 908[11], pl. 2[12]

فُحام *embarrassment, distress* 1017[7] — the gloss in O seems to be erroneous

فحح. فَحَّ i *to snore, snort* 411[16]

فَحّ *a pit, a well* (so acc to the gloss, but acc. to Lisān IV 11[5] *dirty*) 597[8]. فَحّة *stout, broad* (said of a woman) 832[4] (text doubtful)

فخر. فَخّارة *an earthen vessel* 845[9]

مُفاخَرة see 137[11]

فدح. فودح (= فَوْدَح) 315[5] 317[5]

فدع. فَدْعاء *a woman who has a distortion in her hands and feet* 332[7]

فدم. فَدّام (Persian *pandām*) *the sacred muffler* used by the Zoroastrians, who are called نمو الفدّام 645[2], metaph. 1069[15]

فدى. فدّى with impersonal obj. 943[5] 1026[15]

فادى *to negotiate about a ransom* 315[7], partic. 747[13], with acc. of the prisoner 308[5] 314[17] cf. 473[14] (= 703[7])

تفادى *to seek mutual protection* 420[6] 421[13] 422[18]: *to keep aloof* from a thing (with من) 619[18]

فرأ. فِرْأ (pl. of فَرَأ) *wild asses*, applied contemptuously to camels 52[9] (= 785[9])

فرن. فَرْنَسا a term of abuse applied to a female slave 40[17] 63[16] seq. 689[15], ابن فَرْنَسا of a man 121[9] 122[12] 690[15] — see also Index III s. v.

فرج. فَرِجَ *to flee* (?) 858[1]

فَرَّحَ *to drive away, put to flight* 716[10]: *to force open* 682[13], pass. 844[6]

فُرَّحٌ (pl. of فَارِحٌ) *fleeing* 857[14] (as var.)

فُرُوجٌ (pl. of فَرْجٌ) *paths* 232[7] 755[7]

فرح. فَرْجٌ du. *the lobes of the brain* 955[3] (as var.), pl. فِرَاجٌ *id.* 12[9] 131[11] 615[17], أُمُّ الفِرَاجِ *the skull*, or *the brain* 933[16] cf 387[14], pl also فُرُوجٌ in the same sense 767[14]. فُرُوجٌ *offspring* (said of human beings) 81[8]

فرد. مُفْرَدٌ *bare*, i e *unadorned* (?), epith of a camel's saddle 479[10]

فرر. فَرَّ u. *to examine* a beast 856[16]

فُرَارٌ (pl. of فَرَرٌ) *lambs* 657[3] 842[1]

فَرُورٌ *a fugitive* 918[8]

فرس. فَارِسِيٌّ *a Persian coat of mail* 995[6]

فَرِيسٌ *prey* of a wild beast 997[5]. فَرِيسَةٌ *id.* 619[18]

فرسس. فَرَاسِسُ (pl. of فِرْسِسٌ) *the hoofs of camels* 9[19] 279[9] 1017[5]

فرس. أَفْرَسَ *to polish, sharpen* (with عن) 663[3]

فَرَسٌ, مَفْرُوسٌ applied to the formation of a horse's foot 745[9] seq.

فَرَاسٌ coll. *moths* (as an emblem of stupidity) 130[2] seq 226[1] 354[11] 640[2] seq.: *the thin portions of the skull* 198[8], see 131[13]

فرص. فَرَائِصُ (pl. of فَرِيصَةٌ) *the veins of the neck* 674[16]

فرض. فَرَضَ 1. *to assign* a pension (with ع of the pension) 897[2], see 897[4]

فَرْضٌ coll. *mercenary troops* 358[16]

فَرِيضَةٌ *a camel forming part of the tithe* 820[1]: الفَرِيضَةُ *equity* 764[12]

فرط. فَرَّطَ *to avert* an evil omen 234[7]

تَفَارَطَ *to seek to outrun one another* 972[13]

فَرَطٌ see 972[15]: see also the following

فارِطٌ *one who is sent on before a caravan* 614[12] 1070[14]. فارِطُ الأَحْسابِ *antecedents* 121[5] (var. فَرَطُ الخ)

فرع. فَرَعَ a. *to overtop* (with acc.) 465[4] 621[10], partic. 689[3], pl. fem. فَوارِعُ 700[12]

فارَعَ *to strive to surpass* (absol.) 690[14] (as var.)

تَفَرَّعَ *to ascend* (with acc.) 59[1]. *to be eminent* 461[16]

فَرْعٌ *the hair of the head* 514[16] (as var.), metaph. *the noblest portion* of a tribe 954[3], pl. فُرُوعٌ *mountain-tops* 763[5]

فُرُوعٌ — الفُرُوعُ المُؤَخَّرُ name of a constellation 520[8]

أَفْرَعُ *long-haired* 822[15] 963[16]

مَفْرَعٌ *an eminent position* 689[11] (as var.)

فرع. فَرَعَ u. or فَرِعَ *to be free, to be able to devote one's attention* to an object (with إلى) 165[10]

فُرُوعٌ (pl. of فَرْعٌ) *the spaces between the cross-bars of a bucket* 916[3]

فرف. فَرَفَ u. *to part the hair of* a person (acc.) with a comb 1080[15] (var. بِعْلِمِهِ 589[3])

فِرْفٌ *a flock* of kids 718[1]

فُرْقَةٌ *a state of dissension, anarchy* (opp. to جَماعَةٌ) 355[16] 722[17]

فارِفٌ *a she-camel that leaves the herd* 781[6] du. 697[14], applied to a woman 950[15]

فرقد. الفَرْقَدُ the name of two stars in Ursa Minor 791[11] 799[14] (= 78[2] 398[17]), called also الفَرْقَدانِ 667[6], and الفَرَاقِدُ 185[8] 989[10]

فرك. فَرَكَتْ *she hated* her husband (acc.) 837[1] 840[4], فارِكٌ said of a woman 27[4], مَفْرُوكٌ of the husband 838[5] (text doubtful), مَفْرُوكَةٌ (?) 279[6]

مُفَرَّكٌ (= مَفْرُوكٌ) 840[7], مُفَرَّكَةٌ أَعْكارُهُنَّ 704[8]

فرم. أَفْرَمَ *to treat* a woman *with the medicine called* فَرْم, partic. act. 204[14]

فَرْم, فِرَام see 204[15]

فرند. فِرِنْد *a kind of cloth* 551[13]

فرو. فِرَاء (pl. of فَرْو) *furs* 437[2], metaph. 465[1], *the season when furs are worn, cold weather* 355[7]

فرى. فَرَى I. *to cut* 736[8], pass. 77[6]

فَرِيَ *to be amazed, perplexed* 196[8] (text doubtful)

فزز. اِسْتَفَزَّ *to frighten* 755[15]

فزع. فَزِعَ *to be disturbed, alarmed* 974[11], *to have recourse* to a thing (with إلى) 1098[11], *to repel an attack* 6[12] 118[1], 603[8] 974[8]

أَفْزَعَ *to rouse, stir up* 15[15]

مَفْزَع *a place of refuge* 689[8]

فسأ. أَفْسَأ *malformed* 799[6] (the explanation in the Lexicons "having a protuberant chest" does not agree with this passage)

مَفْسُوء *id.* 799[8]

فسح. فَسَحَ a. *to stretch* (trans.) 474[4] (= 703[13])

فسطط. فُسْطُاط *a small tent* 126[11]

فسس. فَسَّ u. *to emit, belch up* 637[2] 695[8]

فَسّ *puffing* (subst.), i. e. the noise produced by bellows 1037[12] (as var.)

فسل. فَسْلَة (= طَرَف الذَّنَب) 1052[14], coll. فَسَل 223[14] 855 notes [1] (as var.) 1001[11], pl. فَسَائِل 926[7]

فصح. فِصْح *Easter* 904[1]

فصد. فَصْد *the bleeding* of a camel (for food) 1083[11]

قصص. قُصُوصٌ (pl. of قَصٌّ) *joints* 875⁴

وصل. فُصِّلَ *to be placed alternately* with something else (with ب), said of strung gems 265¹⁰

فَصِلَةٌ see 73⁴

فَصْلٌ *sentence, decision* 199¹⁰, *decisive* 225⁹: اَلْفَصْلُ a name given to a poem of al-Farazdaḳ 200³

قصص. اِنْفَصَّ *to be routed* 241⁶

قصعص. فَصْعَاصٌ *ample*, خَدٌّ فَصْعَاصَةٌ 154¹²

وصل. فَصَلَ u. *to be too much for* some one (acc.), said of a portion of food, 912⁴

فَصْلٌ *that which is of ample size*, du. 638⁸, فَصْلُ مُعَاصَةٍ ibid.

فَصْلَةٌ *a portion* of wine 90³ seq., du. 555⁸, pl. فَصَلَاتٌ 884³: فَصَلَاتٌ *appendages* 542¹⁶

فِصَالٌ (= مُعَاحَرَةٌ) 298⁸

مُنْفَصِلٌ *clad in a single garment*, i. e. without a cloak (?) 728⁷

مِفْصَالٌ *a generous man* 277⁷

قصو. قَصًا see 261¹³

قَصَاءٌ *an open plain* 261¹² 611¹³, اَلْأَرْضُ اَلْقَصَاءُ *id.* 602¹³

فطح. فَطْحٌ *the act of flattening out metal* 766⁹

أَفْطَحُ *broad* (said of the back) 506⁸

فطر. فَطُرٌ see 333⁸

فَطَارَةٌ *a woman who milks with three fingers only* 332¹⁷

فُطُورٌ *the blossoming* of a tree 540¹⁴

فطم. فَطَمَ i. metaph. 25⁵

دعل. أَفْعَلَ *to forge* documents 401[11]

أَفْعُل *exploits* 927[5] 930[17]

دعم. دَعْم *stout* (said of the arm) 24[1] — read دَعِم

دعى. أَدْعٍ (pl. of أَدْعًى) *certain veins in the thigh* 36[2]

دفأ. دَفِيء *a valley* 799[9]

مُدَعْدَعَة *a name given by al-Farazdak to one of his couplets* 774[7]: مَدَاعِدُ coll. *satires which put out the eyes* (of their victims), or, acc. to another view, *winding valleys* 465[9]

دفج. دِفَاج (pl. of دَفْجَة = أَسَكّ) 443[15] 797[1] 1029[16](?), metaph. 171[17]

دفد. تَدَافَدْتُم as an imprecation 412[3]

دفر. دَفَّرَ *to divide into clans, enumerate by clans*, or, acc. to another view, *to cut the nose* i. e. *to satirise* 459[6] (= 1078[3])

أَدْفَرَ *to lend* a riding-beast *to* some one (with 2 acc.'s) 612[2]

دُفُر (pl. of دَفُور?) *camels lent for riding* 227[13]

دِفْرَة (= قَتْلَة) 459[7]

دَفُورَة *a blow that cuts the spine* 331[10]

دَفَارِ — ذُو الدَّفَارِ epith. of a sword 79[9]

دُفُور (pl. of دَفْر) *wants* 503[16]

دفع. دَفَع *a white truffle* (as an emblem of baseness) 13[6] 162[4] 224[3] 300[15] (but see the parallel passage 69[3]) 333[7] 947[14] (as var.) 1000[11]

دَفَعَة *id.* see 162[5]

دَافِع *bright yellow* 691[11]

دقم. دَقِمَ *to become proud* 758[7]· *to become serious, alarming* 1024[14]

تَدَاقَمَ *id.* 453[2] (= 1073[18]), partic 388[11] 400[4] (= 365[13]) 720[1] (= 740[6]) 758[1]

فُعْمانِ *the two sides of the lower jaw* 228[4]

فكل أَفاكِلُ (pl. of أُفْكَلٌ) *trembling motions* 4[1]

فلت. أَفْلَتَ *to escape* (absol.) 896[3], *to escape from* a person (acc.) 46[3], followed by فَوْتَ with gen. 165[7]

تَفَلَّتَ *to assail* (with الى) 2[16]

فلج. فالِجٌ *a two-humped camel* 483[3] 800[7], pl. فَوالِجُ 632[11]

فلح. فَلّاحٌ, فَلّوحٌ see 108[3] seq.

فَلْحاءُ *having a split lip* (applied to a man) 108[2]

فلذ. أَفْلاذٌ (pl. of فِلْذَةٌ?) *livers* 523[3] (as var.)

فلس. فَلْسٌ du. *a small sum of money* 904[12]

فلط. فِلاطًا adv. see 52[13]

فلفل. فُلْفُلٌ *pepper-plant* 706[3]

فلف. فِلْفٌ *an object of terror* (said of an army) 646[4]

فَلَفَةٌ see 184[9]

فَلْفَلٌ (= فِلْفٌ q. v.) 736[7]

مَفالِفُ (no singular?) *slices* 1007[5]

فلك. مُسْتَفْلَكٌ *rounded* 352[14]

فلل. فُلَّ see 709[10]

فَلَلَ *to be broken* (said of teeth) 709[6]

فلو. فَلُوٌّ *a colt* 84[7] 788[2], فَلُوُّ الْمَخارِى (said of a man) 826[5], pl. فِلاءٌ 712[5] 799[16]

فلى. فَلَى 1. *to clean the head of* a person (acc.) 302[8] (= 589[3], var. تَفَرَّهُ 1080[15]), فَوّالٌ *women who clean the heads of others* ibid. 161[5] (see Additions and Corrections) 424[17]

فنجك. فنجكان see 733[10] and cf. 114[2]

فند. فِنْدٌ *a fragment* of a mountain 108[2]

فنف. فَنَفٌ *a stallion camel* 618[11] 995[6]

فنن. فَنَانٌ *long-haired* 889[15]

أَفْنُونٌ *the prime* of youth 886[16]

فنو. أَفْنَاءٌ (said to be a pl. of فِنْوٌ) *the subdivisions of a tribal group* 147[6] 404[1] 615[13] 707[5] 1022[7] (= 704[12] cf. 1025[1])

فنى. أَفْنٍ coll. *a kind of shrub* 894[3]

فهر. أَفْهَارٌ (pl. of فِهْرٌ) *stones for bruising perfumes* 864[7]

فوت. فَاتَ ū. *to deprive* a person of something (with acc. and ب) 192[9] (= 236[5])

فَوْتٌ *things that are out of reach* 1082[3] — of the various interpretations of this passage the most plausible is "he who thinks that he has escaped from his (i. e. the king's) power is not really beyond his reach"

فوج. أَفْوَجُ said of human beings 317[8] 624[2] (= 320[11]), of hyaenas 926[12]

فور. فَارَ ū *to swell* (said of veins) 446[4], فَائِرَةُ النَّسَا 321[1]: *to flame up* 743[1]

فور. فَوَّرَ *to travel through a desert* 108[10] 829[11]: *to carry off, make away* with a person (with ب) 387[10]

فَائِرٌ *an arrow used in playing the game called* مَيْسِرٌ 504[17]

مَفَاوِرُ (pl. of مَفَازَةٌ) *deserts* 773[11]

فوف. أَفْوَافٌ (pl. of فُوفٌ) *a kind of variegated cloth* 547[7]

مُفَوَّفٌ *a garment of variegated cloth* 551[13]

فوق. فَاقَ ū. *to have a rattling in the throat* (said of a dying man) 567[18] 736[11]

فَاقَ ā. *to have the notch* (فُوقٌ or فُوقَةٌ) *broken* (said of an arrow) 58[11]

انْعاقَ *id.* 58[13]

فُوقَةٌ *notch* 80[8] (= 768[10])

أَفْوافٌ (pl. of فُوفٌ) 570[3]

فوه. فَوْهاءُ (fem. of أَفْوَهُ) *gaping* (said of a wound) 193[3]

فى. فى *in the person of...* 548[2] 725[1 18] — cf. Aghānī XIX 13[8] seq. اقْصُوا حَقَّ ساعِرِكم والنّدائد عنكم فى انْفُسِه (sic leg.)

فىأ. أَفاءَ *to bring back as booty* 647[19]

اسْتَفاءَ *to obtain* booty (with مِنْ) 356[2]: *to confiscate* 948[5]

فَيْءٌ *shadow* 521[6] 666[12]

فيح. أَفْيَحُ *spacious* (said of territory) 506[12]

فيح. أَفاحَ see under فوح

فيس. فاسَ I. *to boast* (absol.) 167[8]

فاسَ *id.* 968[8] 972[7], *to boast against* a person (acc.) 862[1], with على of the thing 165[4], فَيْسٌ *vain boasting* 165[3] 226[1] 441[17] 692[8]

فَيْسَلٌ (= فَيْسَلَةٌ) 855[3]

فيض. فَيَّضَ *to pour forth* (with ب) 687[4] (as var.)

اسْتَفاضَ *to abound, produce in abundance* (with acc.) 480[13]

مُفاضٌ *shuffled* (said of an arrow) 791[14]

مُفاضَةٌ *ample* (epith. of a coat of mail) 320[5] 336[12] 579[14] (read مُعاضَةٌ) 638[8] 708[8], pl. مُفاضاتٌ 508[1]

فيف. فَيْفاءُ *desert* 581[18]

فيل. أَفْيالٌ (pl. of فِيلٌ) 296[9]

فين. فَيْنَةٌ *a moment* 1082[1]

فَيْنانٌ see under فين

ق

قبب. قُبٌّ (pl. of أَقَبّ) *lank-bellied* (epith. of horses) 873[6]

قبر. قَبْرَة see 57[13]

أَقْبُر (pl. of قَبْر) 993[10]

قبس. قابِس (= مُقْتَبِس) 491[9]

قبض. قَبْض explained by عَطَا *wages* 723[11]

قُبْض *computation* 378[14] 946[12]

قبض. اِقْتَبَض *to grasp* (absol.) 506[1]

قَبْض see 134[1]

قَبْضات see under قنبض

قبطر. قُبْطُرِيّ coll. *linen garments* 995[6]

قبع. قَبَع, قُبُوع see 692[1]

قُبَاع *big* 79[15] 607[8]

قَوَابِع (pl. of قابِعَة) *grunting* 691[14]

قُوبَع *a sort of cap made of palm-leaf* 975[12]

قبقب. قَبْقَب *to make a noise* 857[9] 979[5], mas̱d. قَبْقَبَة 830[9]

قَبْقَاب *making a noise* 378[7] 1097[6]

قبل. قَبِلَ — مَالَكَ قابِلَه *thou receivest what thou deservest* (?) 624[13] (text doubtful)

أَقْبَلَ *to cause to meet* (with 2 acc's) 424[4] *to urge on* a beast (acc.) mas̱d. 1008[15]

قَبْل *water poured into a cistern while the camels are drinking from it* 416[4]

قُبْل *the front* of a house or tent 386[7]: = فَرْج, in speaking of a woman 838[15]. *the beginning* of a period 1041[5]

فِلَّةٌ — فِلَّةُ اللهِ i. e. the Ka'ba 994[12]

فَابِلٌ *next year* 322[14], مِنْ فَابِلٍ *id.* 140[14]. pl. فَوَابِلُ *the vanguard* (?) of an army 602[13]

فِيَالٌ *sandal-strap* 284[17]

قَبِيلٌ *clan* 73[2] 539[15] 716[3], du. 700[4] 711[4]

قُبَيْلُ adv. *a short time ago* 919[15]

قُبَيِّلَةٌ *a small tribe* 31[9] 329[14] 1042[4]

أَقْبَلُ *one who squints* 223[6]

مُتَعَابِلٌ (= مُتَسَابِدٌ) 581[3]

قبت. قَبَتٌ *a saddle* (for a camel) 804[12]

قبت. قَتٌ *a kind of plant* 118[1]

قبد. قَبَادَةٌ *a thorn-bush* 95[17]

قبر. قُبْرٌ *aloes-wood* (used for fumigation) 460[1]

قُبْرَةٌ see 45[9]

قِبْرَةٌ اِبْنُ *a kind of venomous snake* 619[12] — see Lisān VI 381[14] seq.

قُبَارٌ *odour* 199 notes[6] 878[6] 1038[14]: see also 331[15] (var. قِبَارٌ)

قَبَرٌ *hoariness* 922[9]

أَقْبَارٌ (pl. of قُبْرٌ?) *sides* of horses 292[12], of valleys 345[11], metaph. 719[14] (= 740[5])

قبل. قَبَلَ u. metaph. *to cause* a thing *to cease* 558[8]

مَقَابِلُ (?) 22[17]

مُقَابَلٌ *an opportunity of fighting* 669[7]

قبم. قُبَمَةٌ see 45[10] (read الْقُبْمَةُ) 345[13]

دِيمٌ *dark grey* (epith. of a dust-cloud) 388[17] (= 589[10]) 765[1], pl. دَوَائِمُ applied to valleys 345[11], to years of drought 347[10]

دَمَامٌ *dust* (in the air) 103[6] 755[7] 1009[8] 1018[5]

أَدْمَمُ (= دَائِمٌ) 45[7] 398[3] (= 1051[10])

دحح. دُحَّ see 832 notes [4]

دحف. دَحْفٌ *a cracked skull* 420[14] (in the parallel passage حُمَاحِمَهُ أَلْسَارِ بِالْيَدِ 99[3])

دحم. أَدْحَمَ *to urge* a beast *towards* an object (with 2 acc.'s) 664[15]

دَحِمٌ *decrepit* (said of a man) 645[4], of a horse 497[14]

دُحَمٌ (pl. of دُحْمَةٌ) *attacks* 871[6]

دَحْمًا adv. *hastily, eagerly* 855[7]

مُدَحِّمٌ *urging on* (camels) 821[8] (= 818[4])

مَدَاحِمُ (pl. of مُدَحِّمٌ) young camels *who change their teeth too often* 426[1]

دد. دَدَنْ *it is enough for you* 416[2]

دلح. دَلَحَ a. *to draw* water 506[1]

أَدْلُحٌ (pl. of دَلْحٌ) 686[5]

مِدْلَحٌ *a ladle*, hence *a portion, share* 511[3], du. *ibid.*

ددد دَدٌ *a leathern thong* (for binding captives) 74[15] 140[3] 228[4 6] 315[6] 473[19] (= 703[11]) 474[3] (= 703[12]) 481[11], as a coll. 601[13] 1003[15]

ددر. المَدَادِرُ (pl. of مِدْرَةٌ) *Destiny* 586[11]

دلع. دُلِعَ *to be held back, restrained* (said of horses) 336[4] 858[1] 931[4]: *to be repulsed* 980[11]

دلم. أَدْلَمَ — imperat. أَدْلِمِي (used as a subst.) a cry addressed to horses in battle 276[11]

فادِمٌ du. *the front udders* of a she-camel 613⁴, pl. فَوادِمُ *id.* 332¹⁷ 411¹⁶: فَوادِمُ *the front feathers of the wing* 400⁵ (= 765⁴) 621¹⁵: see also مَقادِمُ

قِدامٌ (pl. of قَدَمٌ) 597¹⁰ (as var.)

قَدُومٌ *an axe* 801¹² 1035¹³

قِدَمٌ coll. *tribal ancestors* 276¹ 404⁵ (= 765⁸) 499¹ 643⁴ 787⁶ 872¹ 884⁸ 888⁵ (= 496¹¹) 901³ 1030⁸: used of time, قَدِيمًا *in her ancient days* 748⁵

تَقَدُّمٌ (= مَوْعِدٌ) 296⁶

مَقادِمُ (pl. of مُقَدَّمٌ) *foreheads* 375¹ (var. الْقَوادِمُ) 400⁹

قُدامُوسٌ *peak, summit* 419¹², metaph. *the noblest part* of a tribe 615¹², pl قَدامِسُ *nobles* 148⁹ — قدمس.

مَقَدٌ *the part behind the ear* 166¹⁴ — قدد.

قَذَفَ i. *to fling*, i. e. *to give birth* (said of mares, with ب of the offspring) 89¹⁵: pass. *to be pelted with stones* (absol.) 554⁶ — قذف

تَقاذَفَ *to drive from place to place* (with ب of the obj.) 829¹¹. مُتَقاذِفٌ *rushing headlong* (epith. of a horse) 304¹

قَوادِفُ (pl. of قَذَفٌ) i. e. *satires* 804² (var. قَوافٍ)

قَذُوفٌ *that which removes people to a distance* (said of a journey) 134¹⁰, see 829¹³

قَذَمَ i. see 597⁹ seq. — قدم.

قُذامٌ *having a wide mouth* (epith. of a pit or well) 597⁸

قَذًى *vexation, annoyance* 461¹⁰: for قَذًى عَرَفٍ see s. v. عَرَفٌ — قذى.

قَرَأَ a *to recite* (with ب) 340⁴ — قرأ.

اقْتَرَأَ *to read to oneself* (with acc.) 353¹⁵ seq.

قُرْآن *a passage of the Kur'ān* 220⁶

قرب. قِرَاب *the sheath* of a sword 312¹⁴ — in 103513 we should probably read القِصَاب

قُرْبَان *nearly full* 209⁹

قُرْبَان — قُرْبَانُ الصَّلِيبِ i. e. *the Eucharist* 510⁴, cf. 936⁹

قُرْنَى *a kind of beetle* 792¹⁵

أَقْرَاب (pl. of قُرْب) *the flanks* of horses 288² 292¹³ (as var.)

تَقْرِيب *gallop* 497¹⁴ 585¹⁷ (= 1069¹¹)

مُقْرِب *a galloping horse* 923¹²

مُعَارِب *middling* in quality 812⁷ cf. 816¹⁵

مُقْرَب — مُقْرَبَةُ النِّسَاءِ *a mare kept near her owner's dwelling during the winter* 97¹²

مُقْرَب epith. of a horse 735¹³, مُقْرَبَة 880¹⁶, pl. مُقْرَبَات 748¹⁰ 1032¹³

قرنس. قَرَنُوس *the front* of a saddle 584¹¹, pl. قَرَانِس 15¹⁶ (text doubtful)

فرح. فَارِح *full-grown* (said of a horse) 327⁸, فَارِحُ الشَّاكِلَةِ 643⁴ (see Ṭabarī Gloss. s. v.), pl. فُرَّح 336⁶ 505¹¹ 511¹¹ (= 285¹⁵)

فُرْحَة *preeminence*, أَهْلُ الفُرْحَةِ 367²¹

فُرَاحِيّ *a villager* (opp. to بَدَوِيّ) 400⁷ *unmixed* 956 notes ³ (as var.)

مُفَرَّحَة coll. *camels with ulcerated lips* 149²

فرد. أَفْرَدَ *to become quiet, motionless* 753⁷ 793¹⁶

فِرْد *an ape* (as an emblem of lust) 396² seq., فِرْدُ الحَرَّة 598⁹, pl. فُرُود 773¹⁸

فَرَد coll. *scraps of wool* 1006⁵

فُرْد (pl. of فُرَاد) *ticks* 543³

فِرْدَانٌ *id.* 744[10]

فُرَيْدٌ (dimin. of فِرْدٌ) 967[5]

فَرْدٌ *the spine* (of an ass) 792[3]: *hard, rocky ground* 802[16]

فُرْدُودَةٌ see 792[7]

مُسْفَرِدٌ *one who seeks to quiet an animal* 793[16] (text doubtful)

فرر

فَرَّ i. فَرَّ قَرَارُهُم *they settled down* 656[3] seq.

أَفَرَّ *to leave undisturbed* (with acc.) 640[5], لَمْ يُفَرِّ أَنَسًا نَفْسُهُ *Anas could not rest* 411[6]: *to be submissive* 157[10], *to submit* to a person (with لِ) ibid. 650[16], to a thing (with بِ) 99[4] (cf. 420[14]), with عَلَى 485[4] 596[9] 925[1]: *to show signs of pregnancy* 466[8] 573[9], مُفِرٌّ said of a female 203[6]

اِسْتَفَرَّ — اِسْتَفَرَّ فُرُورُهَا *she rested* 54[3], see also s. v. نَوَى

فِرَارٌ *resting-place* 861[7], *a place where water stagnates* 251[2] 333[7] 870[16] (= 157[15])

فَرَارَةٌ *id.* 162[4] 194[14] 489[8] 870[16]

فُرُورٌ see above s. v. اِسْتَفَرَّ

مِفَرَّةٌ *a small pitcher* (?) 166[7] (as var.) *resting-place* 203[3 7]

مُسْتَفَرُّ — مُسْتَفَرُّ الْحَبَسِ i. e. *the belly* 1041[5]

فرزل

فُرْزُلٌ *a certain mode of arranging the hair* 407[16] cf. 588[1]. see also Index III s. v.

فرورم

فُرُورِمٌ see 55[7]

فرس

فَارِسٌ *cold* 25[17]

فُرَاسِيَةٌ *big, strong*, properly applied to a camel, hence to a hero 185[5], or to a thing عِرٌ فُرَاسِيَةٌ 980[9] cf. 604[17], pl. فَرَاسِيَاتٌ *heroes* 769[4] (= 1047[16])

فَرِسٌ *congealed* (?) 209[15]

فرص. فَرَّصَ I *to recite poetry to oneself* 1045[19]

أَفْرَصَ *to display* a quality *towards* a person (with 2 acc.'s) 982[11]

فرطس. فَراطِسُ (pl. of فِرْطاسٌ) applied to the books of monks 537[9]

فرظ. فَرْظٌ coll. *acacia-berries* 354[18]

فرع. فَرَعَ a. *to announce oneself* by mentioning one's ancestry (with ب) 68[17] (= 300[9]), see دَقَّ. *to gnash* the teeth (acc.) 400[17]: pass. فَلْتُفْرَعَنَّ عَصائُكما i e *ye shall receive warning* 923[1]

فارَعَ *to fight* (absol.) 688[15] 690[13], *to fight against* some one for the possession of something (with acc. and عن) 704[1], نُفارِعُكَ عَنْهُ المَوْتَ i e. *we will have a life-and-death struggle for the possession of him* 76[9]. mașd. مُفارَعَةٌ applied to a game of chance 193[14], مُفارِعٌ epith. of a falcon 701[5]

أُفْرِعَ *to be assigned by lot* 659[3]

فَرِعٌ *bald* 681[10]

فارِعَةٌ *a weapon for striking* 62[6], pl. فَوارِعُ 690[5], *a public highway* 851[16], فارِعَةُ الطَّريقِ *id.* 428[14], فارِعَةُ المِرْبَدِ *the upper part of the Mirbad* 727[3]

فَرِيعٌ *a stallion camel* 480[5] 511[14] 560[13] 596[15], hence *a hero* 196[10]

أَفْرَعُ (= فَرِعٌ q. v.) 945[11] (= 943[14]) — see Index III s. v. الأَفْرَعُ بْنُ حابِسٍ

مُفَرَّعٌ a young camel *subjected to the treatment called* تَفْريعٌ (which consists in rolling the animal upon a soil impregnated with salt), as a cure for pustules (قُرَّعٌ) 1021[13]

فرف. فُرِفَ *to be subjected* to ill-treatment (with ب) 944[8]

تَفَرَّفَ *to shed its crust* (said of an ulcer) 592[15], see also مُتَفَرِّفٌ below

اِفْتَرَفَ see 554[15]

فِرافٌ *contact* (in speaking of an infectious malady) 124[3] 524[16] 554[10]

أَفْرَف *a half-caste* 575⁵ (as var.)

إِفْرَاف *the producing of a half-caste* 575⁷

مَفْرُوف *flayed* 592¹¹ (as var.)

مَفْرُوف *a half-caste*, usually *one who is base-born on the father's side* (applied both to men and to animals) 40⁹ 575⁴ 580¹¹ 792¹⁵ 876⁴ 938⁶ 996¹³, pl مَفَارِفُونَ 23⁴, fem. مَفْرُوفَة 846⁶, pl. مَفَارِفُ 1033¹ also applied to things عِرْق مَفْرُوف *a strain of base blood* (in this case on the mother's side) 589¹⁵. *loathsome*, مَفْرُوفَةُ اللِّئَام 441¹ cf. 444²

مُتَفَرِّف *scarred by ulcers* 572¹⁵ (var مُتَفَرِّف): *suspected, surmised* (?) 598¹ (var. المُتَفَرِّف and المُتَفَرِّف)

فرثر. فَرْثَر *low-lying ground* 300¹⁵ (var. بَقَرْثَى 69³) 947¹³ 1000¹¹

فَرْثَرَة *id.* 752¹⁰

فَرْوَر properly *a large ship*, hence applied to a camel فَرْوَرُ الثَّرِيد 521¹³, pl. in قَرَامِرُ القَلَاد 756⁶

فرفف. فَرْفَرَ, فَرْفَفَ see 555⁷

فَرْفَف *a draught* (of wine or water) 555³. *a cold shiver* (produced by a fever) 592⁵ (as var.)

فرم. فَرْم properly *a stallion camel*, hence *a hero* 871⁵ 914³, pl. فُرُوم 111⁶ 700¹⁶ 709⁶ 759³ 764⁵ 769⁷ 872⁴ 959¹

فِرَام *a thin red veil* 702⁷ 1006¹ 1015⁷

مِفْرَم see 204¹⁵

مِفْرَم (= فَرْم) 17¹ 700¹⁶, مِفْرَمَة as coll. 1017¹

فرمد. فَرْمَدَ *to walk with short steps* 492⁹, partic. 293¹³

فرمص. فَرَامِص (pl. of فُرْمُوص) *holes dug in the ground* 512¹ seq.

فرمط. مِفْرَمِط see 293¹⁴: مِفْرَمِط see 42¹⁴

فرمل. فَرْمَلٌ *a kind of shrub* 225[5] 894[3], nom. unit. فَرْمَلَةٌ 225[6] cf. 894[6]

فرن. قَرْنٌ *the conclusion of a period* (?), على قَرْنِ الـعـامِ 587[7], cf. على رَأْسِ Ibn Hishām 381[5] 415[13]

قَرَنٌ *a camel which is tied to another* 32[15]: *a cord by which camels are tied together* 901[2], pl. أَقْرَانٌ ibid., metaph. 60[11] (as var.) 1083[4]: see also 6[18]

قِرَانٌ coll. *things similar in size, shape* etc. 947[3], see Lisān XVII 218[15]

قَرِينٌ *associate*, applied to a woman 848[7]: for الْقَرِينُ see Index III s. v. عَبْد الله بن حَكيم

قَرِينَةٌ *id.* applied to a man 297[1], as coll. 296[13]

قَرْوَةٌ *a kind of shrub* 490[7] (sic leg.)

أَقْرَانٌ (pl. of قَرْنٌ) explained as = أَعْوَانٌ 22[17] (text doubtful)

قرب. قُرْبَى see under قرب

قرنفل. قَرَنْفُلٌ *the clove-plant* 707[15]

قرو. قَرًى *the back* of a camel 8[4] 480[5]: *the blade* of a sword 62[15]

قَوَارٍ (pl. of قَارٍ) *following*, i. e. *confirming* a statement (with ب) 335[4]

قَرْوَاءُ *long-backed* (epith. of a mare) 585[17]

قرى. قَرَى I. *to afford protection to* some one (acc.) 910[15], said of the tomb of Ghālib ibn Ṣa'ṣa'a

قِرًى *the secretion* of the musk-rat 132[6]: *water collected in a cistern* 915[15]: *entertainment*, metaph. *slaughter in battle* 564[11] seq.

أَقْرِيَةٌ (pl. of قَرْيٌ) *water-courses* 482[3]

مَقَارٍ (pl. of مِقْرًى) *bowls* for serving guests with food 1033[6]

قرنبى. قُرُنْبِيٌّ (= دَكَرٌ) 440[10] (var. الْقُسْتُرِيُّ)

فرع. فَرَعٌ coll. *small clouds* 355[1]

مُفَرَّعٌ *having small feathers* (said of an arrow) 933[6] (= 386 notes [14])

فرم. فَرَمٌ *rubbish*, hence *the worst part* of a flock 34[13]

فسر. فِسْنَارٌ (= ذَكَرٌ) 876[1] 878[8] (as var.)

فِسْرِيَةٌ see فِرْسِيَةٌ

فسح. فَسُوحٌ *hard* 1001 notes [5]

فسر. فَسُورٌ epith. of a lion 997[2], hence *a hero* 791[6], pl. فَسَاوِرُ ibid.

فَسُورِيٌّ *id.* 572[3]

فسس. فَسٌّ *a Christian priest*, فَسُّ الحِمَرَةِ 956[16], فَسُّ الفُسُوسِ 1041[6]

فسط. فَسَطَ i *to requite justly* (with عَلَى of the pers.) 69[11] 884[10] cf. 897 notes [5]

فِسْطَةٌ *a piece of wood used for straightening lances* 506[9], see notes [5]

فسطل. فَسْطَلٌ *dust in the air* 189[15] 336[3]

فسم. تَفَسَّمَ *to have one's property divided*, i. e. *to be plundered* 198[4] (read تَنَفَّسُوا as in 1058[12], and see Ḥamāsa 187[26])

أَفْسَمَ *to plunder* (with acc. of the pers.) 1063[16]

اِسْتَفْسَمَ *to divine* with arrows 389 notes [6]

فِسَمٌ (pl. of فِسْمَةٌ) *arrows used for divination* 389 notes [5]

فَسَمَانٌ or فَسِمَانٌ *the upper parts of the cheek* 1030[3]

فَسَامَةٌ see 21[8] seq.

فَسِمٌ subst. *a portion, share* 122[9]: adj. *beautiful* 21[7]

مُفْسَمٌ *oath* 21[9]

فسور. فَسُورٌ, فَسُورِيٌّ see under فسر

فسر. فَيْشَارٌ (= ذَكَرٌ مَفْسُورٌ) 878[7]

قسس. قَسّ, قُسوس see 112[1]

قسع. اِنْقَسَعَ *to be dissipated, reduced to nothing* 491[7]

قشعم. قَشاعِمُ (pl. of قَشْعَمٌ) *huge* (epith. of hyaenas) 378[8], of vultures 389[3]

قصب. قَصَبَ i. *to blame, reprimand*, mașd. لِقَصْبِ تَرِيدَ إِيّاهُ 722[4]

قَصَبٌ coll. *large bones* 7[16] 877[3]· *bodies* 530[4] 986[1] (?)

قَصَبَةٌ *a measuring-rod* 86[17], قَصَباتُ السَّبْقِ *rods which mark the goal* (in a race) 489[8]

قَصائِبُ (pl. of قَصَبَةٌ) *locks of hair* 814 notes[2] (as var.)

مَقْصَبَةٌ *a reed-bed*, metaph. *host, multitude* (?) 445[9] — see foot-note

قصد. قَصَدَ i. *to act with moderation* 593[2], *to treat justly* (with ب) 887[12]

أَقْصَدَ *to slay outright* 905[13] 1015[15], دَمٌ مُقْصَدٌ 793[11]

قِصْدٌ *a fragment* of a weapon 667[14], pl. قِصَدٌ 96[7]

مُقَصَّدٌ *well-shaped* (epith. of a lance) 101[16]

مُقْتَصِدٌ *moderate, reasonable* 91[4]

قصر. قَصَرَ u. *to renounce an attempt* (absol.) 903[2] (as var.). *to hold back* a horse (with عن) 667[5]: *to reserve, employ exclusively* for a particular purpose, قَصَرْتُ عليه الخالِسَ i. e. *I have employed two men to milk for him alone* 673[17] (Aghānī X 45[16] explains الخالِس by الرّاعِس)

أَقْصَرَ *to abandon* a practice (with عن) 1015[9]

تَقاصَرَ — تَقاصُرَ الجِبالُ لَهُ *in comparison with which the mountains appeared small* 467[13]

اِسْتَقْصَرَ *to consider that* a thing *is too short, too scanty* (with acc.) 486[11] seq.

قَصْرًا adv. *in the evening* 618[2]

قَصَرَةٌ see 55[7]: قَصَرَاتٌ *necks* of camels 293[6], of other animals 467[1]

قَاصِرٌ — قَاصِرُ الطَّرْفِ *with down-cast eyes* 827[14]: قَاصِرَاتٌ applied to arrows, see 795[3]

قَصَّارٌ *a fuller* 341[1]

نِقْصَارٌ *necklace* 878[15], see also 445[3]

قصص. أَقَصَّ *to receive impregnation* (said of a mare) 83[14]: *to allow retaliation for* an injury (acc.) 1025[9]: pass. *to be in danger of* a thing (acc.) 116[2]

قَصَصٌ *a kind of tree* 162[11]

مُقَصَّصٌ *one whose forelock has been cut off*, i. e. a protected foreigner 342[3]

قصع. قَصَّعَ *to enter its hole* (said of the jerboa) 288[6]

تَقَصَّعَ *id.* 960[11] (see the gloss), with ب 1021[15]

قُصَاعٌ (?) 557[7]

قَاصِعَاءُ *a jerboa's hole* 263[2] 711[10] 871[16] 960[11], see also 288[7] seq.

مُتَقَصَّعٌ *place of entry* (into a hole) 1021[15]

قصف. تَقَصَّفَ *to be broken* (said of lances) 569[10], of masonry 598[10], الْبُرُوجُ الْمُتَقَصِّفُ 596[11]

قَصَفٌ *feebleness* 354[13]

قَصِفٌ *easily broken* 859[9]

قصل. قَاصِلٌ *sharp* 370[15]

مِقْصَلٌ *id.* 185[13] 231[10]

قصم. قَصَمَ i. *to split* (trans.) 91[6] 906[1], قَاصِمَةُ الظَّهْرِ *a blow that breaks the back* 925[16], partic. pass. 932[4]

قَصِيمَةٌ *a tract of sand covered with shrubs* 47[16], 677[11], du. 863[8]

قَمْصُومٌ *a kind of plant* 354[18]

قصو. قُصْوَى — بِقُصْوَى ثَلَاثٍ *at a distance of* 3 *days' march* 960[7]

مَقْصِيٌّ *distant* 142[8]

قصب. قَصْبٌ *a kind of clover* 354[19]

قُضُبٌ (pl. of قَضِيبٌ) *slender swords* 663[2] seq.

قَصِيبٌ *a she-camel that has not been broken in* 327[17] (var الظُّهُورِ 146[8])

مِقْصَبٌ *sharp* 69[9]

مُقَصَّبٌ *cut into strips* (said of leather) 946[3]

قصص. اِنْقَضَّ *to swoop down* 398[3] (= 1051[10]) 677[5]

قضى. قَضَى I. *to finish* (absol.) 647[2]: *to pay a debt* (with acc. of the creditor) 633[7] (read نَقْضِيكَ, and cf. Ḥamāsa 200[4])

تَقَاضَى *to exact* a payment *from* some one (with 2 acc.'s) 1001[2], metaph. 750[5]

قطط. قَطُّنِي *it is enough for me* 413[12] (sic leg.), cf. Lisān IX 257[16], XVII 223[20], Ibn Hishām 715[8]

قطر. قَطَّرَ *to throw* a man *to the ground* 317[4], see 1003[10] seq

تَقَطَّرَ *to fall to the ground* 736[9] 1003[8]

قِطَارٌ *a string of camels* 248[8]

قَطِرَانٌ *resin*, used for smearing camels 902[6]

قطط. قَطَّ u. *to cut* 384[14] 418[9] (= 1081[2])

قَطَائِطُ (pl. of قَطُوطٌ Lisān IX 259[4]) *small bands of horsemen* 654[1]

قطع. قَطَعَ a. *to cross the sea* 751[7]: *to sever one's connection with* a person (acc.) 986[3]

قَطَّعَ metaph. *to weary* 788[13] 802[2], مُقَطِّعَةُ الْقُلُوبِ *exhausting her pursuers* (said of a hare) 57[10]

قَطَعَ *to sever one's connection with* a person 1015[5]

أَقْطَعُ (= قَطِعٌ لِرَحِمِهِ) 836[6]

مَقْطَعٌ — مَقْطَعِ التُّرَابِ مِن *from the ends of the earth* 681[7]

مُقَطَّعَاتٌ *garments made of several pieces* 984[13], see Ṭabarī Gloss

مُقْعَدٌ *impotent, decrepit* 826[13]

مُنْقَطَعٌ بِهِ *one who is hindered from advancing* 109[11]

قطف. قُطُفٌ (pl. of قَطُوفٌ) *marching with a steady gait* (said of horses) 663[17]

قطم. قَطَمَ see 185[9]

قَطِمٌ *furious* (primarily of a stallion camel) 185[8] 323[9]

قطن. قَطَنٌ *the lower part of the back* 799[8]

قُطْنٌ *cotton* 561[13]

قَطَنٌ coll. *those who attach themselves to a tribe* 813[11]

قطو. قَطًا — كَأَنْهَامِ الْقَطَاةِ i. e. *short* (said of a day) 631[8]

قعب. قُعِّبَ *to have a round shape* 929[13]

قعل. قَعَايِلُ see 162[12] seq.

قعد. قَعَدَ u. *to render helpless* (with ب of the person) 230[10] 903[13]

أَقْعَدَ — أَقْعَدَتْ كُلَّ دَثِمٍ *it caused general amazement* 349[13]

اقْتَعَدَ *to use* a camel *for riding* (with acc.) 306[10]

قَعِدٌ *a woman who has ceased to bear children* 813[7]: pl. قَوَاعِدُ see 270[10]

قَعْدٌ — قَعْدَكَ see 168[5]

قَعُودٌ *a camel used for riding* 330 notes[9] (and so also in the next line), pl. قَعَدَاتٌ 461[12]

قَعُودٌ *a camel ridden by one who is tending cattle* 170[2] seq. 231[1] 864[7] 976[3], metaph. قَعُودُ الْقَوَافِي *a victim of satires* 826[8]

قَعَدَكَ — قَعَدَكَ as an adjuration 72[8 12], قَعَدَكِ 168[7], قَعَدَكُمَا اللّٰهَ 168[4], قَعَدَ أَبِيكَ 82[4]: pl. قَعَائِدُ see 170[5]

قَعَدَةٌ *the mistress of a household* 875[12]: for 330 notes [10], see above s. v. قَعْدَةٌ

قَعَدٌ or قَعْدٌ *ignoble* 792[15] 802[10] (cf. also 960[9]) — for the contrary meaning, see 793[3]

أَقْعَدُ *low-lying* (said of a place) 489[10]: see also 793[4]

مُقْعَدٌ *a cripple* 682[6] 797[11], مُقْعَدُ الأَحْسَابِ (var. مُقْعَدُ الأَنْسَابِ) *of mean repute* 109[11]

قعر. قَعْرٌ *deep* 37[5]

قَعِرٌ *id.* 915[9]

قعس. قَعِسَ *to be bent in* (said of the back) 439[5]

تَقَاعَسَ *to bend the back in* 6[12] 892[9]: *to turn back* (intrans.) 167[8], *to desist* from a thing (with عن) 151[11], *to stand aloof* (with عن) 340[6], absol. 360[19]: *to lag behind* 439[7] cf. 294[11], *to absent oneself from battle* partic. 28[4] cf. 263[11] (as var.)

اِقْعَنْسَسَ *to be strong, to last long* 204[5] seq.

قُعْسٌ (pl. of أَقْعَسُ) *bending the back in* 15[15] 1001[3]

قَعْسَاءُ *id.* (epith. of a she-ass) 604[13] 792[9] 813[14] 842[8] 874[6] 1014[7]: *inaccessible* 571[5] (as var.)

قعص. أَقْعَصَ *to strike dead* 72[14] 393[2]

قعط. اِقْعَنْطَ see 755[5]

قعقع. قَعْقَعَ *to clash* (with ب) 67[18]

تَقَعْقَعَ *to make a rattling sound* 662[14] 835[1] 973[7]

قَعَاقِعُ (pl. of قَعْقَعَةٌ) *rattling sounds* 705[1] 1011[11], *objects that rattle* 691[4]

فعو. أَفْعَى *to squat* (properly of a dog) 699[16] 914[12], partic. 773[4]

فَعْوٌ *a kind of water-wheel* 856[10]

فعد. فَعْدٌ see under فعد

فعر. فَعَرَ u. *to follow* tracks (acc.) 801[2]

أَفْعَرَ *to become desolate* (said of a place) 1086[16]. *to eat food without seasoning* 199 notes[6] — see Additions and Corrections, and Lisān VI 423[5]

فَعُّورٌ (=كافور) *camphor* 937[15] (=440[4])

فعر. فَعَرَ i. *to rise* (said of the scale of a balance) 497[5]

فعف. فُفٌّ *high ground* 798[3] 821[16]

فعفف. فَعْفَفٌ *a cold shiver* (produced by a fever) 592[4]

فعل. فَعِلٌ *one who is journeying homewards* 221[7]

مَفْعَلٌ *fastened with a bolt* 146[16] (=328[13]), pl. fem. 982[9] (see 990 notes[4])

فعو. فَعًا — أُمُّ الفَعا 778[5], perhaps equivalent to مَحْسُوكَةُ الفَعا (see s. r. حسك)

فَعْمَةٌ *choice morsels of food* 924[1]

فعب. فَعْبٌ *a wooden saddle* (?) 147[19]

فعر. فَعِرَةٌ *a goblet* 405[2] (var. فَعُورَةٌ)

فلت. فَلَّتٌ (sing.) *crafty* 59[6] seq.

مَفْلَتٌ *a moment of confusion* 1007[10]

فلت. فِلَاتٌ (pl. of فَلْتٌ) *the hollows of the eyes* 346[16]

فلد. فِلِّدٌ said of a horse that wins a race 505[15]: مُقَلِّدُ الأَوْبارِ coll. *dogs with cords round their necks* 30[4]

مِفْلَدٌ *neck* 248[4] 671[10]

فلس. فَلَسَ i. *to spit forth* (with acc.) metaph. 947[3]

فلص. فَلَّصَ *to start afresh* on a journey 634[7]: *to wear a garment that is too short* (with ب) 638[8], hence مُفَلَّصٌ *tall* (said of a horse) 102[10] 310[5] 1019[7], pl. fem. 784[6] (but see foot-note)

فِلاصٌ (diptote) name of a constellation 520[10]

فلع. أَفْلَعَ *to go away* 15[1]: *to leave* a thing in this or that state (with عن of the thing) 826[12]: *to cease* (said of rain) 965[5]

فِلْعٌ *a man who has not a firm seat on a horse* 582[16]

فلعف. اِفْلَعَفَّ *to be shrivelled up*, hence *to be terror-stricken* 115[18]

فلف. فَلَفَ i. *to remove* a burden etc. 568[17]

اِنْفَلَفَ *to be swollen* (?) 361[4]

فُلَفٌ (pl. of فُلْفُلٌ) 643[8]

فلق. فَلِقَ *to be loose, unsteady* 846[6] 1010[17], mașd. فَلَقٌ *restlessness* 662[4]

فَلِقٌ — فِلْقُ اللِّحْرِمِ *with loose girth* i. e. *lean* (said of a horse) 1019[7]

أَفْلَقُ *more restless* 662[3]

فلعل. فِلْعِلٌ *a kind of plant* 354[19]

فَلْعَالٌ *rapid motion* 134[5]

فلل. أَفَلَّ *to carry* (with acc.) 1044[15]

اِسْتَفَلَّ *to rise* (said of stars) 522[1] 561[12]. *to depart* (?) 338[13]

فُلَّةٌ *hill-top* 305[5] 581[8], pl. فِلَالٌ 637[2]

فلم. فُلَامٌ *a kind of salt plant* 39[18]

فلى. اِفْلَوْلَى *to jump* 753[7]

تَفَالٍ *mutual dislike* 295[9]

مَفَالٍ (pl. of مِفْلًى) *frying-pans* 322[4] (for another interpretation, see notes [3])

 مِماحٌ (pl. of مَمِيحٌ?) *camels which refuse to drink* 69[17]

 مَمَرَ i. or u *to overcome* in a game etc. 91[2] 193[13]

تَمامَرَ 193[12]

مُمْرٌ (pl. of أَمْمَرُ) *light grey* 370[8]

مَمْرانِ i e. *Sun and Moon* 700[13]

مِمارٌ said to have been first prohibited by al-Aḳraʿ ibn Ḥābis 700[10]

 مَمَسَ i. or u *to drown* (trans.) 91[13]

 مَمَّسَ *to help* (?), with لـ of the person 606[3]

 مَمَصَ u. *to jump* (said of a horse) 362[1]

مَمْصٌ *a coat of mail* 336[12] 356[12]

 مَمَطَ i. or u. *to bind* a captive 536[2] (= 679[2])

مَمْطٌ *complete* (said of a period of time) 74[18]

 مَمَعَ a. *to overcome* (with acc.) 72[12]

 مَمْعامٌ *ocean* 17[7] 263[13], pl. مَماعِمُ 752[1] 764[6]

مِمْعامٌ see 348[3] (form doubtful)

مُماعِمٌ adj. *vast* 375[13] 378[14], hence *noble, distinguished* 348[2] 615[12] 758[8]

 تَمَمَّلَ *to pick off the lice from one's person* 199[5]

مُمَّلٌ coll. *small grasshoppers* 183[6]

مَمَلِيٌّ *a contemptible person* 606[17] (= 684[8])

 مُمامٌ coll. *sweepings, rubbish* 1006[5]

مُمامَةٌ see 180[12] 1006[7]

مَمَّامٌ *a sweeper* (as a term of abuse) 180[10]

 مائِيٌّ *deep red,* مائِيُّ الخِضابِ 1031[10]

قنب. قُنْبٌ (= غِلَافُ الذَّكَرِ) 242[6] seq.

قنر. قُنْرَةٌ see under قمر

قنص. قُنْصَانٌ *women who are short of stature* 550[15]

قنل. قَنْلَةٌ *a troop of horsemen* 619[2], pl. قَنَابِلُ 648[19] 652[12] 972[10] 1083[9]

قندل. قَنَادِلُ (pl. of قِنْدِلٌ) 956[16]

قندع. قَنَادِعُ (pl. of قُنْدُعَةٌ?) *tufts of hair* (?) 249[5], var. قَنَارِعُ

قنر. قَنَّورٌ see under قمور

قنرع. قَنَارِعُ see قَنَادِعُ

قنط. قَنَّطَ *to drive to despair* 534[11] (text doubtful)

قنطر. قَنَاطِرُ (pl of قَنْطَرَةٌ) *large buildings* 347[4]

قنع. قَنَّعَ *to cover* (with 2 acc's) 415[9], قَنَّعَهُ بِالسَّوْطِ *he struck him with his whip* 197[7]: مُقَنَّعٌ *covered* with armour 833[14] 931[5] 973[1]

تَقَنَّعَ *to wear a woman's veil* (قِنَاعٌ) 822[10] 974[2]

قِنْعٌ *low-lying ground* 481[1] (as var.)

مَقْنَعٌ *a source of satisfaction* 822[3] 829[2] 897[11], الْمَقْنَعُ الْعصا 970[16] (var الْمُقْنِعُ)

مُقْنَعٌ *having teeth which are turned inwards* 973[15], see Lisān X 176[8] seq.

قنعس. قِنْعَاسٌ *strong*, قِنْعَاسًا بِهَا i e. in bearing them 741[19], pl. قَنَاعِسُ 27[11]

قنف. قِنْعَاةٌ (= كَمْرَةٌ) 838[15]

قنعد. قُنْعُدٌ *the part behind the ear* (in a camel) 687[3]: *a sand-hill* 826[4], pl. قَنَاعِدُ ibid.

قن. قِنٌّ *one who is of servile birth* 63[16], as coll. 31[8] 46[10] 64[1] 427[10] (= 767[9]), pl. أَقِنَّةٌ 4[4]

قُنَّةٌ *hill-top* 305[6] (as var.) 659[14]

. فنو فِنْوَانٌ (pl. of فِنْوٌ) *clusters of dates* 869⁹

أَفْنَى *hook beaked* (epith. of a falcon) 499¹⁵, or أَفْنَا 677⁵

. فنور فَنَوَّرٌ *surly, churlish* 951¹⁴

. فنى فُنِيٌّ (pl. of فَنَاةٌ) *lances* 470¹⁴ [Freytag wrongly has فَنِيٌّ]

. فهب فُهْبٌ (pl. of أَفْهَبُ) *greyish* 618¹⁴ (Ṭabarī and Boucher loc. cit. have صُهْبٌ)

. فود وَادَ u. *to lead* (with ب) 547¹¹ 682⁶ 1064¹¹, mafd. فِيَادٌ (= بِفِيَادِهَا اذَا قُدْنَا الْخَيْلَ) 291¹⁴

أَفَادَ *to execute vengeance on* some one for some one else (with acc. of the former pers. and ب of the latter) 367² 927⁵, with acc. only 695⁷ 920¹⁸

تَفَاوَدَ *to guide one another*, i. e. *to grope about* 900¹⁶

أَفْيَادَ *to execute vengeance* on some one (with من) 533⁹

فُوَدٌ (= خُمُسٌ) 936 notes [1] (as var.)

فَوَّادٌ — فَوَّادُ الْمَعَابِرِ see Index III s. v. الْمِنْهَال بن عِصْمَةَ

أَفْوَدُ *easy to guide, obedient* 479⁷: *long-necked* 674¹⁷, pl. فُودٌ 26³

تَفْوَادٌ *the guiding of camels* 806¹⁴

مَفَادَةٌ — أَعْطَى الْمَفَادَةَ *he allowed himself to be guided* 166⁶, أَعْطَى مَفَادَهُ *id.* (with acc. of the guide) 355¹³, نَمُدُّ مَفَادَةَ اللَّحِبِ اللُّهَامِ i. e. *we send forth armies* 1019¹⁶

. فور فَارَ u. *to cut out, excise* 542¹⁶

فَارَةٌ *a low hill covered with stones* 490¹³, pl. فُورٌ 146⁹ 516³, or فَارَاتٌ 985⁶

فَوْرَةٌ — كَفَوْرَةِ دَائِرٍ (?) 661⁴

أَفْوَرُونَ *misfortunes* 65⁹, see Lisān VI 437²¹ seq. VII 257⁴

قوس. قَوَّسَ intrans. *to be bent double* 164[2] cf. 692[5]

قَوْسٌ — دو القَوْسِ see Index III s. v. حاجب بن زُرارَة بن عُدُس

قوص. قُوِّصَ *to be taken down* (said of a tent) 76[2]

تَقَوَّصَ *to descend* (said of birds) 530 notes[5] (as var)

قوف. تَقَوَّفَ *to pursue* (absol.) 577[10]

قول. القَوْلُ *the right opinion* 1050[1] (syn. الرَّأْيُ, see Ibn Hishām 439[13])

قُلٌ *talk* i. e. *mockery* 87[16]

أَقْوالٌ (pl. of قَيْلٌ) *Yemenite kings* 277[13] (var. الأَقْمال)

مِقْوَلٌ (= قَوْلٌ) 201[3]: pl. مَقاوِلُ *princes* 277[13] 451[11] 600[4]

قوم. قَوائِمُ (pl. of قائِمٌ) *sword-hilts* 615[19]

قُومَةٌ *strength* 282[12]

المَقامُ i. e. مَقامُ إِبْراهيمَ at Mecca 1014[6]

قوى. أَقْوَى *to travel through the desert* 1085[11]: مُقْوٍ *one whose camels are strong* 32[10]

قَواءٌ *waste, deserted* 427

قِىٌّ *id* 428

قُوَّةٌ *cord* 175[1], pl. قُوًى applied to *the strands* of a single cord 177[13] 565[10], عَنْزٌ مُنْتَقِصُ القُوَى 693[8] (see مُنْتَقِصٌ)

قيد. قَيْدٌ du *a pair of chains* for a single captive 983[6]

قيس. قاس I. *to probe* a wound 109[5], *to measure by comparison* 683[9], with acc. and ب 262[4]

تَقَيَّسَ *to rival, compete* 111[11], with 2 acc.'s تَقَيَّسَ المَجْدَ 140[14] (see 111[12] seq.)

قيظ. قاظَ I. *to spend the summer in* a place (acc.) 76[18]

. فعف فِعَافٌ (pl of فِعَافٌ) *tracts of hard soil* 175[8]

. فمل مَفْلُ الْهَامِ — مَفْلُ *the base of the skull* 645[1] (cf. مَسْكِنُ الْهَامِ 155[15])

. فنن فَنٌّ du. *the thinnest part of the leg* 492[5], see 63 notes [1]. *an artisan*, especially *a blacksmith* 25[15], as a term of abuse 590[3] 651[11] 682[5] 683[7] 688[1] 690[11] 702[3] 707[5] 765[5] 766[4] seq 776[17] seq. 811[15] seq. 818[5] 828[14] 829[6] 832[11] seq. 851[12], du. 590[14] 688[1] 765[15] 828[1], pl. فُنُونٌ 682[8] 683[2] 691[14] 827[1] 829[4] 852[15] 857[12] seq., or أَفْنَانٌ 543[13] 545[4] 592[6] 596[2] 652[6] 900[14]: ابنُ الْفَنِّ i. e. al-Farazdaḳ 538[6] 650[5] 651[10] 765[14] 767[16] 818[15] 908[4] 998[3] 1000[16] 1001[4] 1043[18], similarly ابنُ الْفُنُونِ 226[6] (= 684[15]) 802[13] 859[4] 860[11] 865[14] 938[11]: بنتُ الْفُنُونِ i. e. Jı'thın 800[14]. بنو الْفَنِّ i. e. the family of al-Farazdaḳ 687[15] 708[14] 757[5]

فَنَّةُ الْعِرَاقِ — فَنَّةٌ, see Index III s. v. دنوس بن المُنْذِر بن ماء السَّماء

فِنَانَةٌ *the trade of a blacksmith* 976[8]

ك

. كأب كَوَائِبُ (pl. of كَائِبٌ) *sad* (said of faces) 920[15]

. كأد كَوُودٌ *a steep incline* 24[12]

كَأْدَاءُ see 24[11]

. كبب أَكَبَّ *to bow down* (intrans.) 20[10] seq.

كَبَّةٌ see 835[5]

كُبَاتٌ *a great number* of camels etc. 457[9] (= 1077[10])

. كبح كَبَحَ a. *to push away* 775[13]

. كبد كَبْدَاءُ *large in the middle of the body* (epith. of a mare) 586[11]

. كبر كَابِرٌ *ancestor*, كَابِرًا عن كَابِرٍ 330[6] 1086[6]

كَسْرٌ — كَسْرُ أَحَدٍ (after a negative) *scarcely any one* 95⁵, كَسْرُ قِتَالٍ *scarcely any fighting* 1020¹⁰ [in this sense كَسْرٌ is also used, see Ṭabarī Gloss. s. v. أَحَدٌ and كَسْرٌ]

الأَكَابِرُ see Index III

كنس. كَنْسَاءُ (fem. of أَكْنَسُ) *protuberant* 1052¹⁴

كبل. كُبِّلَ *to be fettered* 670¹⁸

مُكْبَلٌ *fettered* 481¹¹

كبو. كَبَا II. *to fall face downwards* 497¹⁵

كَابٍ *dark* (epith. of a dust-cloud) 589¹⁰, كَابِي اللَّوْنِ *id.* 945¹. *producing no fire* (said of a fire-stick) كَابِي الأَزْنَدِ 800¹ cf. كَابٍ 589¹⁶: عَيْرُ كَابٍ *one who does not lose his breath* (in a race) 1035²

كَبْوَةٌ *an unsuccessful effort* (properly in producing fire) 767³

كبب. كَبَبَةٌ see 485¹⁵

كبد. أَكْبَادٌ (pl. of كَبِدٌ = كَبِدٌ) 628⁴ (as var)

كبع. أَكْبَعَ (= أَجْمَعَ) 646⁶

كبف. كُبَّفٌ (pl. of كَابِغٌ) *raising the shoulders alternately*, hence *marching* (said of horses) 566¹⁰

كَوَابِفُ *id.* 289¹³

كَبَقَةٌ *a flat piece of iron* 83¹ (see 590⁸), coll. كَبَقٌ 800⁵ 811¹³ 852³ 864⁹, pl. كَبَائِقُ 230¹³: كَبَائِقُ *enmities* 83⁸

مَكْبُوتٌ — مَكْبُوتُ الْيَدَيْنِ *having the hands bound behind the back* 565¹³

مُكَبَّقٌ *fastened together with iron clamps* 590⁷

كبل. مِكْبَلٌ *a basket* 434¹⁶ 435⁹

كتم. كَاتِمٌ (= مَكْتُومٌ) 43³

كسب. كُسْبَة *a small quantity of milk* 876[8]

كُسَّاب *a featherless arrow* 734[19]

كثر. كَاثَرَ *to overpower by superior numbers* (with على) 510[15] (var. كَاثِر and كَثَّرَ) 571[2] (var. كاثعت)

كَثَار (= كَثْرَة) 872[2] (as var.)

كِثَار *rivalry* between tribes 872[1]

مَكْثُور *surpassed in number* 913[2]

مَكَابِر (no singular?) *armies* 1078[11]

كحل. كُحَيْل *tar* (for smearing mangy camels) 183[17] 246[4] 687[3]

كدح. كَدَحَ a. *to exert oneself* (?) 505[13]

كَدَّحَ *to mark with scars* (said of the effects of a journey) 704[4], of wounds 750[9]

كَوَادِح (pl. of كَادِحَة) *cutting* (epith. of axes) 838[15]

كدد. كُدَادَة *grease which remains in a cooking-pot* 493[6]

كدر. كَدَرَة *a dust-cloud* 227[3] (read كَدَرَ, and see Lisān VI 449[10])

كُدْرَة see 45[9]

كُدْرِيّ see 56[3]

كدس. كَدْكَس *a leaping gait* 289[13]

كدن. كَوْدَن *a mule* 430[2]

كُدْنُون *dregs of olive-oil* 508[6]

كدب. أَكْدَبَ *to be disbelieved* (said of a statement) 359[11]

أَكَادِب (= أَكَادِيب pl. of أُكْذُوبَة) 804[9]

كرب. كَرَب *a cord tied to the handle of a bucket* 418[10] (but see 1070[14])

كَرْبَانُ *nearly full* 209[10] (as var.)

كَرَابٌ *ploughed land, glebe* (from the Aramaic כַּרְבָּא) 354[14]

مُكْرَبَاتٌ *solid horse-hoofs* 929 notes[3]

كرت. كَرِيتٌ *whole, entire,* حَوْلًا كَرِيتًا 831[11], see 74[17]

كرج. كُرْجٌ *a kind of doll* (see also كُرْفٌ) 246[9] 650[6] (= 320[14] 624[10]) 936[6]

كردس. كُرْدُوسٌ *a large bone* 683[7], for الكُرْدُوسَانِ see Index III: pl. كَرَادِسُ *troops of horsemen* 485[13] 601[4] 1024[18]

كرر. كُرٌّ *dung* (used for polishing armour) 508[6]

أَكْرَارٌ (pl. of كُرٌّ = Hebr. כַּר) 857[11]

مَكَرٌّ *a battle-field* 1038[11]

كرم. كَرَارِمُ (pl. of كَرَمٌ or كَرِمٌ) *axes with large heads* 419[1] 767[10]

كررن. كَرَارِنُ (pl. of كَرَنٌ or كَرِنٌ) *id.* 100[9] (= 419[5] 767[12])

كرس. تَكَرَّسَ *to construct* booths (acc.) 123[2] (as var.)

كرص. كَرَاصٌ (pl. of كُرْصَةٌ) *rings* fastened to the hind-quarters of camels 7[14]

كرع. كَرَعَ a. *to drink* (said of horses, with ق) 86[19]

كُرُوعٌ (pl. of كَارِعٌ) *drinking* (metaph. of spears) 105[15]

كُرَاعٌ coll. *horses* 49[3]: pl. أَكَارِعُ *legs* (i. e. the skin taken from the legs of an animal) 702[12], ذَاتُ الأَكَارِعِ a name given to a poem of al-Farazdaḳ 513[12] 679[4]

كرف. كُرْفٌ (= كُرْجٌ) 844[7]

كركر. كَرْكَرَ *to drive back, repulse* 663[11]

كِرْكِرَةٌ *the breast* of a camel 456[19] (= 1076[18]): see also 786[3] seq.

كرم. كَرَمٌ *a necklace* 24[6], pl. كُرُومٌ 122[15]

كَرَامَةٌ — وَلَا كَرَامَةٌ (after another negative) *by any means* 908[4]

كَرِيمَة *that which one values most* 627[8]

كره . أَكْرَهَ *to drive* a spear into a man (with acc. and في) 154[16] 540[14]. pass. *to be compelled* to bear a burden (with على) 692[5], مُكْرَهَة *a woman forced to labour* 430[3]

تَكَارَهَ *to grow faint and weary* (said of the eye-sight) 868[17]

اِسْتَكْرَهَ *to force* 84[2]: *to extort* a thing (with ب) 566[1]

كرى . أَكْرَى *to provide* a person *with a lodging* (with acc of the pers.) 803[15]

كَرًى *drowsiness* 618[19] seq : *slumber* 1017[9]

كُرَات (pl. of كُرَة) *balls* (used by the Turks in their games) 778[4]

مُكَارٍ *marching with a leaping gait* (?) 176[1]

كرر . كَرّ *dry*, كَرُّ الرَّحِم *barren* (said of a woman) 392[5]

كرم . كَرِم *distressed, reduced to straits* 471[18]

كَرُوم *an old she-camel* 179[2] 580[3] 681[15]

كسح . اِنْكَسَحَ *to carry off* camels 13[13] 313[14]: *to plunder* persons 30[9]

كَسْحَة *a clear space, a camping-ground* 32[6]

كسر . كِسْر *the lower edge of a tent-curtain* 415[7] 435[12] 611[11], pl. كُسُور 536[4] 560[3]

كَسِر epith. of an eagle or falcon 155[4] 206[18] 586[12] 677[18], probably *closing the wings* in the act of swooping down, cf 398[3] (= 1051[10]), pl. كَوَاسِر 311[6] 882[1]: كَسِرُ عَيْنِه epith of Ziyād ibn Abīhi 607[15] (= 684[3]), explained as referring to a "squint" in his eye 607 notes[3], but cf وكَسَرَ لَه إِحْدَى عَيْنَيْه Ṭabarī II 1956[13] and Gloss. s. r. كسر, whence it appears that it means *glancing sideways*

أَكْسَار (pl. of كِسْر) *broken pieces*, في قِطَعٍ أَكْسَارٍ (= في قِطَعٍ مُكَسَّرَة) 195[15]

مُكَسَّر *downcast*, مُكَسَّرَة أَبْصَارُهَا said of the eyes 571[12]

كسع . تَكَسَّعَ *to be perplexed, to lose one's way* 331[8]

كسو كَسا u. *to strike with* a sword (with 2 acc.'s) 79⁹ 434³ 648¹⁰

كُسَاة (pl. of كاسٍ) *richly dressed* 55⁵

كسح. كَشْح *enemy* 577¹⁰ 618¹⁵, pl. كُشَّح 501¹³

كسر. كَسِر *grinning, showing the teeth,* كَسِرٌ عن أنيابه said of a camel 661¹¹, pl كُسَّار 876¹⁴

كسس. كَسَّ i. *to grunt* (properly of a young camel) 999⁵

كسف. كَسَف i *to afflict* (with acc) 920¹⁰

أَكْسَف *hairless* 573¹⁵, dimin أُكَيْسِف 116¹³, pl. كُسْف metaph. *cowardly* 366¹, كُسُف *id* 424⁷

كضظ. كِظَاظ *struggle, contest* 622³

كظم. كُظُوم (pl. of كَظْم) *wind-pipes, throats* 1015¹²

كعب كَعَاب (= كاعِب) *a woman with swelling breasts* 312¹³ 1097⁵

كَعْباء *id.* (?) 1097⁶

كعبب. كَعْبَبَة (= رَكَبَة) 1045⁷

كعم. كَعَمَ a. *to muzzle* 179¹³

كعأ. كَعَأَ a. *to upset* a vessel 415⁵ 1070⁶

كِعَاء *the edge of a tent-curtain* 89³ 360¹⁴

كعب. كَعَبَ i. *to shut up, confine* a person 1061¹³

كَعْب *a small cooking-pot,* metaph. 909¹⁴

كعج. كِعَاجًا adv. *unexpectedly* 52¹²

كَعِيج *a guest who arrives unexpectedly* 52⁹ (= 785⁹)

كعر. مَكْعُور *treated ungratefully* 355⁸

مُكَعَّر *loaded with chains* (said of a captive) 949⁹

كعكع. كَعْكَعَ *to restrain* one's tears 1004¹³, see 550⁸

كفف . كَفَّ u. *to draw back* the sleeves of a garment (with مِن in a partitive sense) 485[18]

كفل أَكْفَلَ *to use as a cushion* (with بِ), partic. 823[11]

كِفْلٌ *a kind of cushion* used by riders 164[2], see 823[11] pl. أَكْفَالٌ metaph. *cowards* 956[16]

كَفَلٌ *the haunches* (of a woman) 99[10], of a mare 206[14]

كفهر . مُكْفَهِرّ *vast, gloomy* (epith. of an army) 192[5] (= 236[1])

كفت كَوْكَتٌ metaph. *the lustre of weapons and armour* 971[5]: pl كَوَاكِتُ (?) 245[8]

كلأ . أَكْلَأَ *to remain awake at night* 345[13]

كَلُوءٌ *sleepless* 345[16]

أَكْلَاءٌ (pl. of كَلَأٌ) *fodder* (?) 674[2]

مُكْلِئٌ *having abundant fodder*, pl. 30[1]

كلب . كَلْبٌ metaph. *a satirist* 428[12], du 428[8], pl كِلَابٌ 1047[18]

كَلَبٌ *hydrophobia* 132[13] 1070[13], metaph *fierceness* 735[10]

كَلْبَى (pl. of كَلِبٌ) *suffering from hydrophobia* 567[14], hence *mad* 338[2]

كَلْبَارٌ *tongs* (used by blacksmiths) 83[1] 682[5] 801[10] 847[1] 852[3] 938[14]

كُلَّابٌ *an iron bar* (used for driving beasts) 430[2], pl. كَلَالِيبُ 162[1]

أُكَيْلِبٌ (dimin. of أُكْلُبٌ, pl. of كَلِبٌ) 773[15]

كلح . كُلَّحٌ (pl. of كَالِحٌ) *scowling* 507[8]

أَكْلَحُ *id.* 501[10]

كلع . تَكَلَّعَ see 46[7] seq.

كَلَعٌ *assembly, confederation* (apparently a Yemenite word) 46[5]

كلف . كَلَفٌ *blackness* 909[15]

كلكل . كَلْكَلٌ *the breast* (primarily of a camel, who uses his breast for the purpose of crushing an opponent) 708[14] 1001[9], pl. كَلاكِلُ sometimes in the sense of the sing. 494[16] 622[9] 682[11], applied to the breasts of birds 443[13]

كلل . كَلَّلَ *to charge, attack* (said of wild beasts and war-horses) 291[11] seq.

كَلٌّ *infirm* (said of a woman) 57[18]

كِلَّةٌ *a mosquito-curtain* 502[1]

كلم . كَلِمَةٌ — تَعَرَّفَتْ كَلِمَتُهُم *discord arose among them* 153[1]

كُلُومٌ (pl. of كَلْمٌ) *wounds* 1018[6], كُلُومٌ *id* 1023[4]

كَوالِمُ (pl. of كَلِمَةٌ) *piercing* (epith. of wounds) 347[12]

كَلِيمٌ *wounded* 229[12], pl. كَلْمَى 678[6]

تَكَلُّمٌ (= وِتحارٌ) 82[1]

مُكَلَّمٌ *wounded* 294[4] 585[10]

كلى . كُلًى (pl. of كُلْيَةٌ) *patches* sewn on a skin-bottle 1032[1] (see Ahlwardt Imr. N°. 65 v. 4)

كمأ . كَمْأٌ coll. *truffles* 1061[9], as an emblem of baseness or helplessness 13[3] 582[7]

كمر . تَكَمَّرَ *to become coagulated* 441[6]

كمس تَكَمَّسَ *to be raised, girt up* (said of the skirts of a garment) 983[3]

كمع . أَكْماعٌ (pl. of كَمْعٌ) *slopes* 78[12] 80[10]

كمل . الكَمَلَةُ see Index III

كمم . كِمامٌ (pl. of كُمٌّ) *sleeves* 1026[11]

كَمائِمُ (pl. of كِمامَةٌ) *coverings placed over the mouth* of an ass (in order to ward off insects) 753[9]

كمى . تُكُمِّيَ *to be covered, overwhelmed* 736[13]

كنر . اِكْتَنَزَ *to become compact* (said of flesh) 11[17]

كنس . كِنِسٌ *a beast crouching in its lair* 8[11]

كِنَاسٌ *lair* 755[10]

مَكْنِسٌ *id.* 8[13]

كنع . مُكَنَّعٌ *mutilated*, or *distorted* 833[5]

مُكْنَعٌ (= قَرِنٌ) 58[7]

كنف . اِكْتَنَفَ *to take* a person *under one's protection* (with acc.) 1073[6]

مُكْتَنَفٌ *encompassed* 561[17] 567[18] (?)

كنن . كِنَانَةٌ *a quiver* 657[16] seq., اَلرَّامِي اَلْكِنَانَةِ see 128[3] seq

كَوَانِنُ (pl. of كَانُونٌ) *braziers* 592[9]

مُسْتَكِنٌّ *hidden* 129[4] 1023[4]

كنه . كُنْهٌ *limit, extent* 351[5]

كهد . أَكْهَدَ *to overdrive* a beast 792[4] (as var.), partic. 792[13]

كَهُودٌ *weary* 792[13]

كهر . كَهَرَ a. *to illtreat* 792[7] (as var)

كهف . كَهْفٌ *refuge, help* (said of persons) 402[14] (as var) 403[3] seq. 611[8]

كهل . كَاهِلٌ *shoulder*, metaph. *a hero* 982 notes [8]

كوح . تَكَاوَحَ *to become fierce* (said of strife) 496[14]

كود . كَادَ ā. used absolutely 221[11]: with a neg. مَا كِدْتَ تَعْرِفُ *thou couldst scarcely tear thyself away* 548[6]

كَادَيْنِ du. *the haunches* of an ass 823[15], كَادَانِ *id.* 628[1]

كور . كُورٌ *a camel's saddle* 146[1] (= 327[19]), pl. أَكْوَارٌ 89[14] 229[2] 336[9] 756[6] 776[11] (?) 1042[5]

كوس دَسَ II. *to walk on three legs* (said of a wounded camel) 32^{15} 522^{9}, masd تَوْسٌ 33^{2} applied to the motion of a snake 33^{2}

كُوسَى see under كمس

مُتَكَاوِسٌ *swollen* (said of flesh) 28^{6}

كوع كُوعٌ *wrist* 164^{5}

كوم . كَمَّ II. (= نَكَحَ) 123^{4} 573^{4} (as var.)

كُمٌّ du *the organs of generation* (of a he-ass) 794^{16}

كَوْمَا *having a large hump* (epith of a she-camel) 414^{10} (= 625^{10}) 653^{1}, pl. كُومٌ 418^{7} (= 1071^{1})

كوى . مَكْوَى — اَلْمَكْوَى حَسَنٌ see Index III s. v. اَلْسَمَرْدَى

كيد . دَنَّ I. *to employ a stratagem* against some one (with لِ) 927^{15} (text doubtful)

تَكَيَّدَ *to plot, scheme* 58^{14}

كير كِيرٌ *a blacksmith's bellows* 682^{5} 776^{3} 801^{12} 829^{4} 847^{1} 864^{15} 999^{3} 1037^{11} (as var.), du. in the same sense 398^{14} 590^{5} 689^{15} 826^{5} 1039^{6}, pl أَكْيَارٌ 684^{9} 801^{11} 853^{1}. *the fire-place* in a blacksmith's forge 35^{3} (see the gloss), also 298^{1} 399^{2} 857^{2} in the following passages either meaning is admissible 83^{1} 274^{6} 320^{16} 543^{6} 545^{4} 690^{10} 799^{14} (= 78^{2} 398^{17}) 826^{12} 828^{14} $938^{9\,14}$ 1016^{15}, among the doubtful cases must be reckoned those in which كِير is governed by نَفَخَ (with or without بِ) namely وَنَفَخْتَ كِيرَكَ 214^{5} (here the commentator seems to have understood كِير as "bellows"), نَفَخَ الأَكْيَار 342^{2}, مِنْ نَفَّاخِ الكِير 709^{6}, يَا أَيُّهَا نَافِخَ كِيرِ 828^{15} (as var.), نَفَخَ الكِير 590^{16}, فَانْفُخْ بِكِيرِكَ 297^{10} (= 323^{17}), نُسْتَ بِنَافِخٍ بِكِيرِكَ 399^{3}, إِنْ تَنْفُخْ بِكِيرِكَ 690^{13} — see the *Zeitschr. für Assyriologie* vol. XXV p. 295, where Prof. Schulthess expresses the opinion that كِير construed with نفخ always means "fire-place"

كمس. كَمْسٌ *intelligence, good sense* 813[7]

كَمْسانٌ (diptote) *treachery* 354[14], see *al-Mufaṣṣal* (ed. Broch) 6[18]

كُوسَى *craft, cunning* 50[17] (= 784[8])

أَكْماسٌ (pl. of كَمِسٌ) *crafty* 435[5]

كس كَسٌّ see 483[7] 682[13] 860[7] 937[6] (= 779[13]) — the explanations given 483[8] and 779[14] are contradictory.

ل

ل. ل (= تَعَجَّبوا ل) 181[9] seq. 707[5]

لا. لَا وَلَا *for a moment* 160[15], see 825[8]

لان. مَلْأَنٌ see مَلَكٌ under ملك

لأم. لُؤِمَ *to become infamous* 829[3]. *to be base-born* 843[5]

تَلَأَّمَ *to put on a coat of mail* (لَأْمَةٌ) 317[2], partic. 761[8]

اِسْتَلْأَمَ *id.* 735[10] 872[10]

لَأْمَةٌ see 317[2]

لاى. اللَّاءِ 255[10], see "Additions and Corrections"

لبب. تَلَبَّبَ *to gird oneself* 49[13] (= 783[13]) 1069[4], partic. 330[9] — see Ḥamāsa 265[1]

لُبٌّ *heart* i. e *mind* 53[15]

لَبَّةٌ *the upper part of the bosom* (in a man) 930[8], pl. لَبَّاتٌ (of women) 279[1]

لُبَاتٌ adj. *choice* 468[15]

لبت. لَبَّتَ *to hold one's beast back* (?) 582[17], cf. Ibn Hishām 679[3]

لبد. لَبَّدَ *to have the hair glued to the head* (as is the custom of pilgrims, Lisān IV 391[12] seq.) partic. 850[1]

أَلْبَدَ *to become coated* (with dung) 480[5]: pass *to be provided with a saddle-cloth* (said of a beast) 792[9]

لبس. لَبِسَ construed with لِثَلَّا 1006[18]

تَلَبَّسَ *to come in contact* with some one (with ب) 645[10]

اِلْتَبَسَ *id.* 585[5]

لس لَسٌ *camels paid as a blood-wit*, لَثَمُ أَحَبُّ الِيَّ مِن اللَّسِ 194[8], cf. 455[8] (= 1076[1])

لِسَانٌ *the breast* (of a man) 561[1]

لسب. لَسَبَ u. *to stab* (with ع) 414[18]

لسب مَلْسُوبٌ *beaten up, pounded* 13[17]

لسن أَلَسَّ *to fall continuously* (said of rain) 614[16], partic 866[7]

لسف. أَلْسَفَ *to moisten* 833[9] 857[9]

لسو. لَسَا, لاى see under لوى

لحأ. لَحَأَ (= اِلْتَحَأَ) 691[1]

لحب. لَحَبٌ *noise* (of an army) 702[5] 1023[3]

لَحِبٌ *noisy* 293[1] 882[8] 958[4] 1019[16]

لحج. لَجَّ a *to become serious* (of a quarrel) 418[3], applied to separation (with ب of the pers.) 548[9]

لَجَّجَ *to launch a ship* (absol.) 544[11]

لَاجَّ *to dispute, wrangle* 1024[14]

اِلْتَجَّ *id.* 805[4]

لُجٌ du. *masses of water* (on the right and the left) 506[1]

لُجَجٌ (pl. of لُجَّةٌ) metaph. *crowds* of warriors 237[16] 911[1]

لحف. مُلَحَّفٌ *pierced with holes* (?) 593 notes[3] (as var.)

لحلح. لَحْلَحَ *to turn* a thing *over in the mouth* 9[2]

لحب. لُحِبَ *to be gashed, wounded* 69[8] (text doubtful)

لَحْبٌ *gash* 122[3]

لاحِبٌ see 122[4]

لحح. أَلَحَّ *to hurt the back* of an animal (said of a saddle, with على of the animal) 321[5]

لَحٌّ *near relationship*, لَحَّا بَيْنَ عَمِّ الى البِلادِ 434[13]

لحد مَلْحَدٌ or مُلْتَحَدٌ *a grave* (?) 801[13] (as var.)

لحف لَحَفَ a *to clothe with a mantle* (absol.) 567[2]

اِلْتَحَفَ *to take under one's protection* (with على of the pers.) 226[12]

لِحافٌ see 290[10]

مِلْحَفٌ *a mantle* (worn by a man) 554[16], see also 290[10]

مِلْحَفَةٌ *id* 928[12], applied to a garment of mail 356[12]

لحف. لَحِفَ used absolutely 191[6]

أَلْحَفَ see 841[9]

لاحِفٌ *thin, narrow*, لاحِفُ الأَظْلالِ epith. of a desert at midday 8[7], لاحِفُ النُّصُولِ of swords 924[5]

لَحَفٌ *the power of overtaking* (?) 292[5]

لحم. أَلْحَمَ denom from لُحْمَةٌ, hence لُدْحُمٌ وسُدارٌ *is woven* 860[13] (cf. 15[3])

اِسْتَلْحَمَ *to be surrounded* (in battle) 667[2]

لُحْمَةٌ *woof*, see 15[3]

مُلْتَحَمٌ *an object to be devoured* 916[14]

مَلْحَمَةٌ *battle-field* 453[18] (= 1074[9]), pl. مَلاحِمُ *battle-array* 349[8] 746[15] 1038[10]

مُتَلاحِمٌ *fitted close together* 347⁴ 390¹³ 486¹⁴, *crowded* 401² 746⁶ 757⁷ 764¹³

لحى. لاحَى *to quarrel*, أَنْ أُلاحِيَ لِحاءَ الصَّدِيقِ *that I should quarrel with a friend* 258¹³ seq., maṣd. also 2³

أَلْحَى *to do what is blameworthy* (see Lisān XX 108¹² seq.) 578⁹ (text doubtful)

اِلْتَحَى see 755⁵

لَحْيٌ (not لَحًى as in Freytag's Lexicon) du. *the jaws* of a man 917⁶, of an animal 753⁹ (cf. Ṭabarī II 10¹⁵), pl. أَلْحٍ 1011¹¹ see also 578 notes³

لحم. لُحْمٌ *a large sea-fish* 181¹

لحو. لَحْواءُ *a woman who has a swelling on one side of her belly* 857⁹

لدد. تَلَدَّدَ *to turn from side to side* 315⁹, حرجوا مُتَلَدِّدِينَ *they wandered hither and thither* 654¹⁷

لَدٌّ *an obstacle*, تَعَمَّدْتُ لَدَّهُ *I sought to bar his way* 674¹²

لَدَدٌ *the side of a valley* 300⁴

أَلَدُّ *enduring, unwearied* (epith. of a war-horse) 642¹⁴

لدع. لَدَعَ a. *to bite* (said of a snake) 456⁵

لدن. لَدْنٌ *supple* (epith. of a lance) 54¹¹ (= 585¹¹)

لَدُنْ (= مُذْ), لَدُنْ عُدْوَةً 244⁸, لَدُنْ أَنْ (with perf.) *as long as* 947⁵, مِنْ لَدُنْ أَنْ *since* 826⁵

لدد لَدِيدٌ *easy to handle* (epith. of a lance) 23²

لدع. لَوْذَعِيٌّ *eloquent* 668¹⁷

لدم. لَدِمَ see 29⁴

مُلْدَمٌ or مُلَدَّمٌ *passionately fond* of a thing (with ب) 29³

لرب. لازِبٌ *fixed firmly*, والعُلُّ لازِب 809⁷ (= 77¹¹)

لرح. لَرَحٌ *stickiness* 210⁷

لرز. لَزَّ u. *to join together* 115¹², pass. 901²

لِزَازٌ properly *a door-bar* 44², hence *one who persists* in doing a thing (gen.) 43¹⁵

لزق. أَلْزَقَ intrans. *to cling* (with ب) 978¹²: مُلْزَقٌ see أَلْصَقَ

لزم. لازِمٌ — صَرْبَةُ لازِمٍ *a thing from which one cannot free oneself, an incubus* 237² 398¹³, see also 809⁸

لزن. لَزِنٌ *narrow, incommodious* (said of a drinking-place) 418¹⁴ 952⁵

لصب. لَصِبٌ *narrow* (said of a ravine) 288¹¹

لصص. لِصَّةٌ *a female robber* 1097¹⁵

لُصُوصِيَّة see 623⁶

لصق. أَلْصَقَ intrans. *to cling* 843¹: مُلْصَقٌ *one who attaches himself to a tribe* 844¹² (var. المُلْزَق)

لاصِقٌ construed with مَعَ 787¹

لطخ. لُطَاخَةٌ *a blot, smudge* 362¹³

لطط. لَطَّ I *to conceal* (with دون) 535¹⁷

لطف. أَلْطَفَ *to treat courteously* (with acc. of the pers.) 397³·¹⁴ 1098⁷

أَلْطَاف (pl. of لُطْف) *presents* 397²

لطم. اِلْتَطَمَ *to dash against one another* (said of waves) 777¹⁶

لَطْمَةٌ *a caravan bearing merchandise, especially perfumes* 959¹⁴, pl لَطَائِم *perfumes* 615¹⁸

لظى. اِلْتَظَى *to burn, scorch* (with ب) 393⁵

لَظًى *intense heat* 502⁹

لعب. لُعْبَةٌ *a doll* 730[20] (read لُعْبَةٌ), hence *a laughing-stock* (said of a man) 650[6] (= 320[14] 624[10] 844[10])

لُعَابٌ *saliva* (of a man) 406[16], used for magical purposes 841[5], of an animal 449[6] 493[1] 1035[1]: *heat* of the sun 756[12]

مُلاعِبُ الأَسِنَّةِ see Index III s v. عامِرُ بنُ مالِكٍ

لعف. مِلْعَفَةٌ see 10[18]

لعل لَعَلَّ — لَعَنَّا (= لَعَلَّنا) 1004[3], for other forms with suffixes see 322[12] seq. 1004[6] seq.

لعو. لَعًا لَكَ exclam 27[9]

لعب لاعِبٌ *exhausted, weary* 810[16], pl. fem 773[11]

لُعُوبٌ *exhaustion* 244[8]

لعد. لَعادِدُ (pl. of لُعْدُودٌ) *the flesh on the sides of a man's neck* 115[8]

لعط لَعَطٌ *noise* 50[1]

لعم. لُعامٌ *froth* issuing from a camel's mouth 1011[10]

مَلاعِمُ (pl. of مَلْعَمٌ) *the corners of a camel's mouth* 610[13]

لعو. لَعا or لَعى see 29[4] 957 notes[5] 958[1]

لعب تَلَقَّبَ (= اِنْتَقَبَ) 1010[12] 1016[15]

لعط. لَعَطَ I. *to cast forth from the mouth* 180[14], metaph. *to repel* 610[1]

لعع. لَعَّ *to be clothed, covered* 922[9] 1086[7]

تَلَعَّعَ *id* partic. 723[2]: *to become hoary* 485[4] (see 922[9])

لِعاعٌ see 922[11]

لعف. لَفَّ *to become lean* (acc. to the gloss) 480[5] (var وَلَفَّ)

لِفٌّ coll. *allies, adherents* 149[11] 469[14] 660[10], pl أَلْعافٌ 454[12] 737[14] seq

لعى لَعاءٌ *a trifle* 122[12] 382[18]

لعب. لَعِبَ metaph. of war, *to break out* 533[12]

لَعاجٌ *a tribe which has always been independent* 69[13] *impregnation* 121[13]

لَعُوجٌ *a camel that gives milk* du. 698[3 7], pl. لِعاجٌ 36[13](?) 416[19] 490[6] 515[10] 952[5], or لَعائِجُ 675[16] (text doubtful)

لعث. لُعاثًا, أَلْعاثًا see 52[12]

لعف تَلَعَّفَ *to walk with an uncertain tread* (said of camels) 593[10] — in the Lisān XI 233[14] seq a different explanation is given

لَعَفٌ *the act of snatching food* (?) 663[17]

لعى. لَعِيَ construed with مع 684[12]

لاعى *to cause to meet, to bring together* (with acc.) 347[6], with بَيْنَ 568[3]

أَلْعى *to resign, give up* (with ب of the thing and ل of the pers.) 348[7], with ب only 585[7]: pass. *to be set up, exposed* (as a target) 757[12]

تلاعى *to meet* (with acc) 1011[11]

استلعى *to throw oneself on one's back* 1047[9]

لَعًى *an outcast* 44[5] 109[11]

بلعا, بِلْعًا see 145[4]

ملاعٍ (pl. of مِلْعًى or مِلْعاةٌ) 773[8]

لكأ لَكَأَ *to excuse oneself* to a person (with على) *for not doing a thing* 462[12]

لكك لَكٌّ *crowd, mêlée* 601[12]

لكى لَكًى see 29[4]

لما لَمَّا (= لَمَّا) after verbs of intreaty 548[2] (var. لَمَّا in notes[1]) 1089[1]

لمح. لَمَحَ a. *to flash* (said of thunder-clouds) 199[6]

لمع. لامِعٌ epith. of a mail-clad warrior 704[5]

أَلْمَعُ *variegated* (epith. of the bird called صُرَد) 961[11]

مُلَمَّعَةٌ a land *shimmering with the mirage* 246[1] — the form مُلَمِّعَةٌ is used in the same sense, see foot-note and Lisān X 200[5]

لمف. تَلَمَّفَ see under تلمف

لملم. مُلْمُلَمَةٌ *crowded together* (said of armies) 646[4]

لمم. لَمَّ u. *to bring together* 947[2]

أَلَمَّ *to visit* (obj. understood) 61[3]

لهب. لِهَابٌ (pl. of لِهْبٌ) *mountain-clefts* 478[2]

لُهَابٌ *a flame*, metaph. *strife* 214[15]

لَهَمَانٌ *flaming heat* 1008[3]

أَلْهُوبٌ *a dust-cloud* 929[13]

لهم لُهَامَةٌ *tongue* 547[4]

لهد لَهَدَ a. *to overdrive* beasts 792[3]

لَهْدٌ see 792[7]

لهدم. لَهْذَمٌ *sharp* (epith. of a lance) 940[11], pl. لَهَاذِمُ 391[13]

لهزم. لِهْزِمَةٌ du *jaw-bones*, لِهْزِمَا حَدَّيْهِمَا 808[5], pl. لَهَازِمُ *cheeks*, *the roots of the beard* 343[14] 382[18] 396[7] 402[6] 441[1] 690[6] 751 notes [4] (as var) 767[5]

لهف. لَهْفَ — دَعَتْ لَهْفَهَا *she uttered her lamentation* 993[11]

لهم. الْتَهَمَ *to devour* (with acc) 466[18], metaph تَلْتَهِمُ الْحَصْبَاءَ i. e. *galloping over the hard soil* 929[12]

لُهَامٌ epith of an invading army 678[3] 702[5] 1019[16], see also 759 notes [6]

لَهَامِيمُ (pl. of لُهْمُومٌ) *large, vast*, epith. of chieftains 465[6] 745[4]

لهو. أَلْهَى *to console, compensate* a person (acc.) for a loss 25[17]

لَهَا (pl. of لَهَاةٌ) *jaws, throat* (of a lion) 987[6], لَهَوَاتٌ *id* 17[9] 466[18]

نُبَى (pl. of نُبْوَة) properly *handfuls of grain*, hence *gifts* 700[4], *exploits* 759[12] 1019[10] 1036[12]

نو. نَوْ followed by the imperf. indic 180[16] 431[6] 464[5] 567[14] 618[6] 620[7] 630[6] 744[10] 817[1] 821[14] 861[11] 978[2] 986[8] 996[4], by the subject and the imperf. 585[3]

نوب. لاَبٌ coll. *volcanic tracts* (syn. حَرَّاتٌ) 468[3]

لُوَابٌ see 1007[14]

مَلَابٌ *a kind of unguent* 444[7] 650[8] (= 320[15]), resembling blood in appearance 457[11] (= 1077[12])

نوب. لاَبَ tr. (= لبا 514[13]) see 755[3]

لاَبٌ (= لاَثٌّ) *dense*, said of a jungle 514[13]

نُوبٌ *the fastening* of a girdle 514[5], or of a turban 754[15] see also 483 notes[6]

مَلْوُوبٌ *fastened* (said of a turban) 335[16]

نوح لاَحَ tr. *to weary, exhaust* (horses) 873[3]

نُوِحَ *to be scorched* 754[9], مَلُوحٌ *roasted* (said of meat) 504[13], metaph *wearied* (said of a camel) 503[1]

نود لاَذَ tr *to seek refuge* (with بِ) 752[13] 755[10] 916[8], partic. 294[2]

نُودٌ *side* 483[10], see 755[12]

نوط لاَطَ tr. *to plaster* a cistern *with clay* 197[7], masd. نُوطٌ 197[8]

نوم لاَمَ tr. construed with عَلَى 815[15] 817[10]

لُؤْم *to do that which is blameworthy* 162[1] 585[6], partic 667[8] (var. مَلُوم)

لاَئِمَة (= نُوَّم) 853[10]

نون نُونٌ — مِنَ النَّفْسِ أَنْوَانًا *life-blood of various hues* 519[4]

لوى

لَوَى 1. *to turn* the head (acc.) 345[15]. *to desist from* an action (acc.) 426[5] (= 229[17]): *to have regard* to a thing (with لِ) 666[12] pass *to be withheld* 1025[16]

أَلْوَى *to signal* to a person (with إِلَى) 739[13], *to use* a thing *as a signal* (with بِ of the thing) 12[7] 491[9] 761[12] 928[15]. *to carry off* (with بِ) 319[12] 370[5]

تَلَوَّى *to become parched, to shrivel up* (said of herbage) 961 notes[8] (as var.)

اِلْتَوَى *to be wrung* (said of the hands, as a sign of horror) 842[3]

لَيّ *the act of twisting* 230[13]

لَيّان *the deferring of a payment* 2[6]

لِوَيْدَة *food reserved* after a meal 875[9]

لبب. لُبّ *the side of the neck* (in a woman) 509[16], in a camel 246[4] 687[7], du 893[3]

لبط. لَبْط *colour, lustre* of metal 106[12]

لبف. لُبْف coll *fibres*, hence *hair* 211[3]

لبل أُلَيْبِل used as a predicate of اَلْلَيْل 210[3]

م

ما. ما *whatever else* (with perf.) 825[5] 901[5], with juss 992[7]: used elliptically نِعِمّا 217[1] (see Noldeke "Neue Beitrage zur sem Sprachwissenschaft" p. 234[10] seq.) redundant (before a genitive) عَنْ عَنْ ما نَسَب 195[16], similarly 295[9] 309[2]: لَمْ ما *not* (with perf.) 310[16], with imperf 910[7]. مَهْما *however long* (with juss.) 128[17] مِمّا (= مِمّا أَنْ), كُنْتُ مِمّا أَعْرِف *it was my wont to know* 838[6], see Reckendorf "Die synt. Verhaltnisse des Arab" p. 594

مأس. مَأْس see 734[9]

مأن. مَوُونَة *trouble* 40[14]

مأى. مَأًى see 734[9]

تَمَاءَى *to be rent asunder* 734[8]

مِائَة — مِنَ المِائَة i. e. starting *from a distance of one hundred bow-shots* 922[12], cf. 498[7] 899[9]

مت. مَتَّ u *to pull* a rope (with ب) 1039[9]

متح. مَاتِح *one who draws water* from a well 752[1] (var وَمائِح)

متمرس. مَتْمَرِس see under ترس

متع. مَتَعَ a. *to be raised, stretched out* (said of the hands) 698[13], or, acc. to another view, *to be red* with blood (Lisān X 206[24])

مَتَّعَ *to bestow a bridal gift* (مُتْعَة) *on* a woman (acc.) 431[16]

مُسْتَمْتَع *an opportunity of enjoyment* (said ironically) 963[12]

مس. مَسَّ, مُسَّ, مَسُّونَ see 9[5]

مِسَان *contest, rivalry* 900 notes[3] (as var.)

مسس. مَسَّ I *to be moist, dripping* 812[10]

مسل. تَمَاسَلَ *to recover* from a wound 471[14]

مِثْل — مِثْلَهُ adv. *as he was* 194[7]

مُثَّل (pl. of مَاثِل) *standing upright* (said of mountains) 183[1]

مِسَال *a rug, a mattress* (for sitting on), du. 353[17], pl. مُسُل ibid

مَسَالَة *firmness* 184[14]

بِمِثْال — عَلَى سَرِّ بِمِثْال *cutting a sorry figure* 611[14]

مشح. مُشَّ *to drop* (said of dew) 91[15]

مشر. مُشَّر *army* 185[17]

محس. اَلْمَاحُوسُ 342[4] 376[8] seq. 604[9], see also 536[10]

محمح. مُمَاحْمَحٌ *scrawled over* 362[13]

محس. مَوَاحِسُ (pl. of مَاحِسَةٌ) *insolent, shameless* (said of women) 340[15]

محسف. مَنْحَسِفٌ du. 594[6]

محك. مَحَكَ a. or مَحِكَ *to dispute* (absol.) 86[15]

تَمَاحَكَ *id.* 880[5]

محل مَحْلٌ subst. *tale-bearing, calumny* 160[5] *a season of drought* 693[7], pl. مُحُولٌ 460[1]. adj. *parched* (said of land) 309[8], pl. مُحُولٌ *parched places* 561[6]

مَحَالٌ coll. *shells* or *beads* used as ornaments 265[10]: see also s. r. حول

مُتَمَاحِلٌ *far distant* 370[11]

محم. أَمَمَّ *to become full of marrow* 1082[2]

محر. تَمَاحَرَ *to haunt wine-shops* 995[14]

مَاحُورٌ *a wine-shop* 396[8] 543[14] 590[1] 683[11] 939[9] 995[14], pl. مَوَاحِرُ 321[13] or مَوَاحِيرُ 544[2] — on the origin of the word, see 321[15]

مُمْتَحَرٌ *extracted,* مُمْتَحَرُ الْفُؤَادِ *deprived of its fat* 862[1]

محض. مَاحِضٌ *seized with birth-pangs* (said of a woman) 48[4] (= 782[9]) 697[12 17]

مَحَاضٌ coll. *pregnant camels* 14[5] 25[13] 416[19] 675[16] 1042[8]

مدد. مَدَّ u. *to flow* (said of waves) 791[2], *to flow into* a place (acc.) 375[9], pass. *to be filled* (said of cauldrons) 563[3]: *to slacken the rein, to urge on* a camel (with لِ of the camel) 578[16]

أَمَدَّ *to be full* (?) 541[15] (var. أُمْدُدْ)

مَدِيدٌ *water mixed with flour* (given to horses and camels) 207[3], called مَدِيدُ الْحَبِّ 58[5]

مدى. مَدًى *strength* (of a horse) 671[9] (= 409[8]), cf. Mubarrad 247[10]

مُدْيَة *knife* 525[4]

مِدَاد *persistance* (in war) 595[9]

مذ. مُذْ for its construction, see 279[15]

مدى. مَدًى 1. see 915[12]

مادِيّ see under مود

مرأ. مَرِئ? *the gullet* 947[2]

مرب. مَرْبٌ or مِرْبٌ see 889[14]

مرح. مَرِحَ *to stream* with tears etc (said of the eyes) 499[13]

مَرِحٌ *brisk*, مَرِحُ النِّعالِ epith. of a horse 922[12]

مِرَاحٌ subst *briskness, high spirits* (in a camel) 557[15] 559[15] adj. *brisk* 55[6]

مَرُوحٌ *brisk* (epith. of a she-camel or a mare) 480[11] 612[2] 634[1]

مرخ. مَرْخٌ *a kind of wood used for making fire sticks* 64[14]

مِرَّيخٌ *a sort of arrow with which children played* 933[6] (= 386 notes[14])

مرد. تَمَرَّدَ *to become insolent* 820[17]

مرر. أَمَرَّ *to be twisted* (said of a bow-string) 947[1], hence *to become strong* 38[1], مَمِرٌّ *firm* 565[10] 914[5]

أَمَرَّ *to pass* 313[13]

اِسْتَمَرَّ *to become firm* 38[1]: *to endure*, اِسْتَمَرَّ بِنُعْدِهِ 906[10], اِنِّي مُسْتَمِرٌّ لِحَالِنَا 177[10], اِسْتَمْرَرْتَ مِنْ دُونِ حَاجَتِي *thou hast persisted in withholding what I seek* ibid., اِسْتِمْرَارٌ *endurance* (in a contest) 860[16]

مِرَّةٌ *the twist of a cord*, metaph. 588[8] (= 1081[7]), نَقْضُ مِرَّةٍ *the untwisting of a cord*, i. e. *a slight effort* 404[3] (= 765[6]), تَعَاجَزَ عَنْ نَقْضِ أَمْرَارِهَا i. e. *incapable of the slightest effort* 1042[4]

مَرَارٌ *strength, courage* 856[5]

مُرَارٌ — آلُ المُرَارِ see Index III s. v. حُجْر بن عَمْرو

مُرَّى, du. مُرَّانِ 210[15]

مَرَائِرُ (pl of مَرِيرَةٌ) *cords* 117[1]

مرر. مَرْرَانُ 219[18] 643[14] 995[4]

مرس. مرس (?) see 411[17]

مَرَسٌ *cord* 801[14], pl. أَمْرَاسٌ 4[1] 629[4]

مِرَاسٌ *contact* 341[4] 481[11]

مرط. مِرْطٌ *a kind of cloth* 706[8]

مرع. أَمْرَعَ *to produce rich pasture* 175[2]. *to find rich pasture* 108[14]

أَمْرُعٌ (pl. of مَرْعٌ) *seasons of plenty* 977[9]

مَرَّعَ *to roll* (trans.) *in the dust* 870[15]

مَرَاعٌ *a place where beasts roll themselves* 14[5] 122[15] 123[6] 377[8]

الْمَرَاعَةُ see 870[15] and Index III s. v. أُمُّ قَيْسٍ بنت مُعَبِّد

مرن: مَرَّنَ *to harden* 863[16]

مَارِنٌ *hard* (epith. of a lance) 154[16], مَارِنَةٌ *id.* 674[14]

مُرَّانٌ coll. *cornel-trees* 902[8] (as var.)

أَمْرَانٌ (pl. of مَرَنٌ or مَرْنٌ) *grease*, and other substances, used for smearing a camel's hoof when it is worn down by marching, hence, apparently, *those parts of the hoof to which the grease is applied* 891[9], see also notes[5]

مرو. مَرْوٌ coll. *white pebbles* 8[7]

مرى. مَرَى I. *to press* the teats in milking 203[6], hence *to milk* metaph. 252[16], *to draw forth* tears 705[2]: *to urge on* a beast 294[11]: *to deny* a thing 473[15] (= 703[8])

أَمْرَى *to be pressed* (said of the teats) 613[4], hence *to be drawn forth* (said of tears) 517[1]

مِرْيَة *the pressing of the teats* 437[12]

تَمارِيًا adv. *doubtfully, indistinctly* 173[12]

مرع. تَمَرَّعَ *to be divided* (as spoil) 836[2] (as var.), partic. 833[7]

مرف. مَرَّفَ adj. *torn* du. 675[17]

مرن. مارِ (= يا مارِيُّ) 71[7]

مسح. المَسيحُ 83[6], والمَسيحِ as an oath 510[13]

مَسائِحُ (pl. of مَسيحَةٌ) *side-locks* 838[1]

مسد. مَسَدٌ *cord* 236[10] 255[1]

مسط. مَسَطَ u. see 40[3]

مسك. مَسَكٌ coll. *bracelets* 164[5], see 62[5] [cf Wellhausen "Lieder der Hudhailiten" p. ٥٣ line 1, where المَسَكَة must be interpreted according to Lisān XII 376[3]]

مَسَكٌ (= إِمْساكٌ) *retention,* مُحَرَّمَة المَساكِ *honoured while she remained with us* 848[10]

مسكن. تَمَسْكَنَ *to pass oneself off as poor* maṣd. 277[1] (= 294[6])

مسى. مَسْيٌ *evening* 48[18] (= 782[21])

مسس. مُساسٌ see 280[1]

مسط. مَسَطَ u. *to comb* the head 730[20]

مسف. مُسافَةٌ *hair that has been combed off* 857[11]

مسس. تَماسَنَ (= تَحادَثَ) 744[15]

مسى. مَمْسًا see 1062[16]

مصح. مَصَحَ a. *to disappear* 501 notes[1] (as var.)

مصر. مِصْرِيَّاتٌ applied to winds 513[15] (as var.)

مُمَصَّرٌ *dyed a dull red*, ثَوْبٌ مُمَصَّرٌ 546[3] cf 383 notes[7]

مصص. أَمَصَّ *to cause to suck* (with 2 acc.'s) 378[6]

مُصَاصٌ see 143[14]

مصع. مَاصَعَ *to strive* 690[14] (as var)

مصمص. مُصَامِصٌ see 143[14]

مصمص. مَصٌّ *painful*, عَنًى مَصٌّ 750[5]

مضى. مَضَى I. *to traverse* (with acc.) 55[9], مَضَتْ فِي الْخَيْلِ *she carried me through the midst of the cavalry* 49[16]

مطر. مَطَرَ u. *to grant* a favour *to* a person (with acc of the pers. and ب of the thing) 309[3]

أَمْطَرَ *to make to stream* (with sweat) 673[17]

تَمَطَّرَ *to rush* 87[8], partic. 943[1]. *to walk out after a shower of rain* 905[18], see Ṭabarī Gloss.

مُمْطِرٌ *wetted with rain*, i. e. *flying swiftly* (epith. of a falcon) 932[1], see the Dīwān of Muslim ed. De Goeje 176[8] and Glossary s. v.

مطط. تَمَطَّطَ *to become thick, to coagulate* (said of milk) 208[12]

مطف. تَمَطَّفَ *to taste* 180[14]

مطل. مَطْلٌ *the deferring of a payment*, hence *procrastination* 135[15]

مطو. تَمَطَّى *to carry off, bear away* (with ب) 70[11] 328[9] 409[5,7] (= 671[3])

مَطًا, مَطَى see 271[17] seq.

معز. أَمْعَزَ *to be in great need* of a thing (with مِن) 357[16]

مَاعِزٌ see 1040[12]

مَعِزٌ see 244[14]

مَعْرَاءُ *ground covered with pebbles* 579[3]

أَمَاعِرُ (pl. of أَمْعَرُ *id.*) 940[7]

معك. تَمَعَّكَ *to roll* (intrans.) *in the dust* 95[16]

معن. أَمْعَنَ *to make haste*, لَا يُمْعِنُونَ عَرَبًا 644[5]

معى. مَعًى *a stretch of sand surrounded by stony ground* 635[13], pl. أَمْعَاءٌ 635[15]

معر. مَعْرٌ *red dye* 360[7] 794[10]

إِمْعَارٌ *redness* 860[7]

تَمْعِيرٌ *the process of staining red* 917[3]

معط. أَمْعَطَ *to stretch the legs* in running (said of a horse) 584[14]

مغر. مُغْرٌ *bitter* 948[11] 1002[11]

مغف (pl. of أَمْغَفُ) *long*, مُغْفُ الرُّءُوسِ 279[6] 378[9]

مكر. مَمْكُورٌ *well-formed*, مَمْكُورَةُ السَّاقَيْنِ 1044[6]

مكس. مَاكَسَ *to haggle* 25[14]

مكل. مَكِلَ see 6[6]

مكن. مَكُونٌ *about to lay eggs* (said of a lizard) 316[15]

ملأ. مَلِئٌ — مَلِئَةُ الْمَحْتَلَمِ i. e. *plump* (said of a woman) 1044[9]

مُلَاءَةٌ *a strip of cloth* worn as a turban 191[16], cf. 50[10] (= 783[19])

ملح. أَمْلَحَ *to drink salt water* (said of camels) 1087[5], مُمْلِحَةٌ coll. 936[12]

مِلَاحٌ (pl. of مَلِيحٌ) *brackish* (said of water) 808[8]

مَلَائِحُ (pl. of مَلِيحَةٌ) *graceful* (epith. of gazelles and women) 838[10]

مُلَّاحٌ *salt herbage* 894[8]

أَمْلَحُ *steel-grey* (said of armour) 509[9]

ملخ. مَلَخَ a. *to drag* (?) 374[15] (as var.)

ملس. مَلْسٌ, مُلِس see 9^{5}

ملط. مِلاطٌ du. *the two sides* of a camel 500^{11}

ملف. تَمَلُّفٌ *flattery* 1047^{2}

ملك. مَلَكَ i. *to get into one's power, to capture* (with acc.) 68^{19} (= 300^{11}) 298^{8} *to restrain oneself* (?) 606^{13}

أَمْلَكَ *to betroth* (with 2 acc.'s) 490^{13}, مُمْلَكَةٌ *a betrothed woman* 940^{1}

مَلْكٌ (= مِلْكٌ) 68^{17} (= 300^{9}) 781^{4}

مَلَكَا — المَلَكانِ *the two angels* of Death 902^{16}

المَلِكُ as a name of God 851^{5}

أَمْلاكٌ (pl. of مَلِكٌ) 68^{19} (= 300^{11}) 1009^{13}

ملل. مُلَّ *to be grilled* 316^{15}, partic. 877^{8}

مَلَّةٌ *scorching pain* 457^{2} (= 1077^{2}): see also 877^{9}

ملو. مَلًا *an open plain* 243^{15} see also Index IV s. v. المَلا

من. مَنْ *whoever else* (with perf.) 147^{5} 534^{11} (?) 610^{8}, with juss. 155^{8} 197^{18} (= 1058^{13}) 220^{8}

مِنْ — هُمْ مِنَ الأَحْلافِ *they are characterised by treachery* 135^{17}: مِنْ قَتِيلٍ وأَسِيرٍ *so some were slain and others captured* 235^{14} 327^{7} (cf 925^{10} 1083^{9}). مِنَ اللَّيْلِ *by night* (Fr. *de nuit*) 737^{10}

منحنف. see under حنف

منح. مَنَحٌ (pl. of مِنْحَةٌ) *camels lent for the sake of their milk* etc. 227^{13}

مَنْسَحٌ — المَنْسَحِ *certain arrows used in the game called* مَيْسِر 686^{5}

مُنْسَحٌ *offered, presented* 504^{17}

منع. تَمَنَّعَ *to refuse* to do a thing (with ب) 473^{13} (= 703^{7})

مُمْتَنَعٌ *an inaccessible place* 715^{1} 1022^{1}

منن. مِنَّة *a claim to gratitude* 58[18]

منى. مَنَى I. *to punish* (said of God) 51[19] (= 785[8]), pass. *to be afflicted with a thing* (with ب) 216[10] 622[9]

مَنايا (pl. of مَنِيَّة) *lives* 716[5]: دِيارُ المَنايا *graves* 391[3]

مُنًى (pl. of مُنْيَة) *desires, hopes* 957[7] 985[13] 998[1]

أَمانٍ (pl. of أُمْنِيَّة) *id.* 175[4] 179[9]

مهر. مِهارٌ (pl. of مُهْرٌ) *foals* 245[14], أَمْهارٌ *id.* 89[15]

مُهَرات (pl. of مُهْرة) ibid.

مَهارِ (pl. of مَهْرِيَّة) *a breed of camels named after the tribe Mahara* 502[14], مَهارَى *id.* 578[9] 755[10]

مَهيرة *a married woman* 1046[6]

مهرف. مُهْرُف *paper* 106[8], pl. مَهارِف *documents* i. e. *treaties* 1082[4]

مهما. مَهْما see under ما

مهمم. مَهْمَم (= ما وَراءَكَ) 721[20] 820[12] [cf. Bukhārī ed. Krehl III 413[7]]

موت. مُتُّ, مِتُّ see 139[10]

مَوَّتَ intrans. *to die in large numbers* 490[11]

أَمَاتَ *to weary* (the bones) 345[1]

مَيْتَة *a dead soil* 1010[2]

موذ. مادِيّ *Median mail* (of which armour was made) 579[14] (cf. 143[13]) 666[7] — see Fraenkel "Die aram. Fremdwörter" p. 241

مور. ماثَ II. *to flow* (said of blood) 364[2] 693[12] (= 289[7]): *to hang loosely* (said of the skin of an emaciated camel) 134[14]: see also مائِر below

أَمارَ *to cause to flow* 7[11] seq.

مَوْر *path* 8[4]: *a swinging gait* 38[12]

مُوْرٌ *dust carried by the wind* 262[6] 537[4] 909[5]

مائِرٌ *that which has a swinging motion*, مائِرُ الأَعْصادِ epith. of camels 557[9], مائِرَةُ الذُّدوفِ *id.* 891[9]

مَوَّارٌ *id.* 868[14], مَوَّارُ المِلاطَيْنِ 500[11]

موص. ماصَ II. *to wash oneself* 915[5]

موه. مُوْهٌ *stupidity* 490[12]

مبت. مَبْثاءُ see 133[2], pl. مِبْثٌ *smooth ground at the bottom of a valley* 614[18]

مدع. ماحَ I. *to clean out* a well (acc.) 535[6], applied to the cleaning of the teeth 551[8] 1005[5]

مرر. مارَ I. see 7[13]

اِمْمارٌ — اِمْمارَ عليها طُعومًا *he conveyed provisions on them* (i. e. the camels) 820[18]

مَمّارٌ *a provider of food* 877[15]

مرر. مُسْتَمارٌ *an opportunity of separating oneself* from some one 401[19]

مسس. ماسَّ I. *to strut* 377[3] 665[8] (= 940[4]) 890[4]

مَسٌّ *a kind of wood used for making saddles* 347[4], hence *a saddle* 479[10]

مَمّاسٌ *one who struts* 615[4]

مسع. مَسْعَةٌ *fleetness*, ذو مَسْعَةٍ epith. of a horse 674[17] 929[12] [cf. Ibn Hishām 569[15] 619[10] and Ṭabarī Gloss.]

مسل. مَسَّلَ *to hesitate*, مَسَّلَتْ نَسْنَ المَسرِ 612[7] (var. عَدَلَتْ أَنَسَ المَسرُ)

أَمالَ — فأَمالُوا بأَندِيهِم 644[7], supply أَعْرَاسَهُم according to Ṭabarī Gloss. s. v.

مِيلٌ (pl. of أَمْيَالٌ) *men who lean to one side* in riding 28[11] 645[9] 760[13] (= 1068[1]), مِيلُ العَمائِمِ *with their turbans askew* 814[3]

أَمْيالٌ (pl. of مِيلٌ) *mile-stones* 293[1]

ن

نأد. نَآدٌ (properly an abstract subst.) *crushing*, بِداهِيَةٍ نَآدٍ 91[5]

نأطل. نَآطِلُ (= نَآطِلٌ pl. of نِطْلٌ) *misfortunes* 593[7]

نأى. أَنْأَى *farther, farthest* 798[1]

نبأ. نَبَأَ a. *to appear in sight* 1045[15]

نبت. أَنْبُتُ (pl. of أُنْبُوٌ or أُنْبُوَةٌ) *the muscles of the hand* (?) 1058[12] (var. الأَشاجِع 198[4])

نبت. نَبَّتَ (= أَنْبَتَ) 995[1]

نَبُوٌ *a kind of tree* 354[19]

نبث. اِسْتَنْبَثَ *to scrutinise, consider* (with acc.) 428[10]

نَبَذٌ see 873[15]

نبح. نَبَحَ a. *to bark at* a person (acc.) 934[8]

اِسْتَنْبَحَ *to cause to bark* 1053[4]

نُبُوحٌ *multitude* 496[18]

نبض. نَبَضٌ see حَبَضٌ

نبط. مُسْتَنْبَطٌ *a spring of water*, hence مُسْتَنْبَطُ الثَّرَى *full of moisture, fresh* (said of a child) 370[12]

نبع. نَبَعَ u. applied to sweat 976[8]

نَبْعٌ *a kind of hard wood* 249[5] 542[3] 834[8]

نَبْعَةٌ *a piece of nabᶜ-wood*, hence *a bow* نَبْعَةُ السَّعْرِ 1048[7]: *the stock* of a tribe 971[9] [cf. Ṭabarī III 29[7]]

نَابِعٌ *dripping* (said of tar) 687[3]

نَبَعَانٌ *the bubbling-up* of pitch 246[4]

نَعْنَعَةٌ *a bow* (see نَعْنَعَ) 947[1]

نسل. نَسْلٌ see under نسل

نمه. نَمَهَ *to become celebrated* 239[12], نَامِهٌ *celebrated* 137[17] 366[18] (opp. to خَامِلٌ), أَنْمَهُ *more celebrated* 239[13]

نمو. نَمَا u. *to repel* an assailant (with ب) 770[9], *to expel* (with ب) 819[5]

أَنْمَى *to cause to rebound, to deflect* a weapon 716[8] 965[12]

بَابٌ *rebounding* i. e. *ill at ease* 456[18] (= 1076[17])

نمنم. نَمْنَمَ i. *to assist* an animal (acc.) *in giving birth* 697[15], with 2 acc.'s 84[5]

أَنْمَنَمَ *to give birth to* young (acc.) 909[9], see Lisān III 196[18], but probably we should read نُنْمُنِمَهُ pass. of conjug. I

نمنم. نَمْنَمَ i. *to stream* with sweat 502[14] (var. نَنْمَنَمَ)

نمر. نَمَرَ u. *to snatch away* (with acc.) 430[10]

نمر. نَمَّارٌ *babbler* 859[14]

نسل. نَسَلَ i. *to take off* a coat of mail 317[3] 584[10]: = سَلَخَ 858[14]

نمو. نَمَا u. *to publish abroad* 776[2] (as var.)

نَمَا *report, announcement* 695[1]

نحب. أَنْحَبَ *to have noble offspring* 37[4] (see 912[2]), with ب 939[1], الْمُنْحِبَانِ 1061[11]

نَحْبٌ *the bark* of a tree 182[6]

نَحِيبٌ *nobly born* 43[12], pl. fem. نُحُبٌ (said of women) 911[12], or نَحَائِبُ (of camels) 688[11]

مَنَاحِيبُ (pl. of مِنْحَابٌ) epith. of women 538[8]

نحج. أَنْحَجَ *to accomplish* a desire 381[1]

أَنْحَجُ *most successful* 991[2]

نحح. نَحَّ a. see 626[12], نَاحِجٌ *water that wears away a shore* 626[11]

نجد. نَجَدَ *to be raised* (said of bed-curtains) 858[10]

أَنْجَدَ *to rise* (said of a cloud) 261[11]: *to go to Najd* partic. 795[16] 913[1]

نِجَادٌ *a sword-belt* 336[12] 609[14] 638[8] 891[13]

مُنَاجِدٌ *brave* 485[13]

نجذ. نَاجِذٌ *a back-tooth* 485[6], pl. نَوَاجِذُ 333[2] 485[5]

نجر. نَجْرٌ *sort, species* du. 129[6]

نَاجِرٌ *hot weather* 804[12]

نِجَارٌ *stamp, mark* 865[14], hence *inherited qualities* 833[4] 968[6]

نجس. نَجْسٌ adj. *unclean* 830[4]

نجع. اِنْتَجَعَ *to seek forage in* a place (acc.) 414[6] (= 625[7]), partic. 469[10]

نُجْعَةٌ *a foraging expedition* 83[12], pl. نُجَعٌ 908[13]

نَجِيعٌ *gore* 146[15] (cf. 328[12]) 267[16] (= 237[6]) 1000[3], نَجِيعُ دَمٍ *id.* 406[15]

نجف. نَجَفَةٌ *a sand-hill* 581[5]

نجل. نَجْلٌ *offspring* 157[6] 751[5] 996[13]

نَجْلَاءُ *wide open*, hence *a gaping wound* 716[10], pl. نُجْلٌ epith. of the eyes 136[15] 160[2]

نَجِيلٌ *a kind of salt plant* 718[5]

نجم. نَجَمَ u. *to appear, project* 191[16]

النَّجْمُ *the Pleiades* 520[7] 950[10] 1012 notes [4], pl. النُّجُومُ *id.* 667[6]: سَوَّفَ نُرِيكَ النَّجْمَ وَالشَّمْسُ حَيَّةٌ *it will make thee see stars by daylight*, i. e. *it will strike thee with amazement* 595[7]: نُجُومُ الْقُنْصِ *the glittering tops of the helmets* 481[7]

نجو. نَجْوٌ see 1014[13] seq.

نَجْوَةٌ *a hill*, metaph. *preeminence* 137[15]

باجٍ *a mountain-goat* (syn. وَعِلٌ) 81[10]

ناجِيَةٌ *swift* (epith. of a she-camel) 1010[4]

نَحاءٌ see 1014[14]

نَحاةٌ (= ناجِيَةٌ see above) 8[7]: see also 1014[14]

نَجِيٌّ *an intimate friend* 53[5] (= 785[13]) 56[14]: *secret deliberation* 818[13], pl. أَنْجِيَةٌ 299[17] (see the gloss in Labīd Ch. loc. cit.): *a shower of rain* 1014[12] 1018[7]

نَجاءٌ *secret deliberation* 6[14]

نحب. نَحْبٌ *anything that is incumbent on a person* (see Ibn Hishām 140[14]), عَلَى نَحْبٍ *eagerly* 316[7]

اِنْتِحابٌ *the act of sobbing* 439[8] 1036[4]

نحر. تَناحَرَ *to seize one another by the throat, to quarrel* 32[8]

نَحْرٌ — بِنَحْرِ الطَّرِيقِ *by the side of the road* 738[18] 1095[6]. pl. نُحُورٌ applied to *the chest* of a woman 515[3]

نَحِرٌ *a victim* 328[5] (?) 519[4]

نَسْحَرٌ *the slaughtering of victims* on the occasion of the Pilgrimage 912 notes[3] (as var.)

نحر. نَحِيرَةٌ see 503[7], also Index IV s. v. النَّحِيرَةُ

نحس. نُحاسٌ *smoke* 111[9]

نحص. نَحْصٌ *flesh* 28[6]

نحط. نَحَطَ i. *to groan, pant* 224[13] 268[3] 970[11] 1033[10]

نحل. نَحَلَ a. *to allow* a person *to share in* something, لَنْسَ الكِرامُ بِناحِلِيكَ أَنْعُمٌ 202[11] pass. *to be ascribed to a wrong author* (said of poems) 200[8] (var. لا يَنْحَلُ *they do not wear out, become obsolete*)

تَنَحَّلَ *to claim descent from* a person (acc.) 202[10], *to claim* verses which one has not composed 125[5] (as var.) maṣd. 325[11]

حم. حَمَ i., حُمَ, حُمَانٌ see 21[6]

حُمٌ *moaning* (subst.) 21[5] 50[16] (= 784[6])

حو. حَا u. or ā. *to shake* gaming-arrows 686[5], with مِن (of an eagle shaking its wings) 364[9]

حَّى *to lead away* 920[2]

تَحَّى *to make room* for a person (with لِ) 908[7]

اِنْحَى *to make for* an object, *to attack* (with acc.) 40[11] 248[11] 804[13]. *to apply oneself, devote one's attention to* a thing (acc.) 1082[13]. *to strike from the side* (with لِ of the object struck) 436[14]: *to lean to one side* (said of a camel, with بِ of the rider) 500[11] (the gloss explains wrongly), metaph. 633[11]

نَوَاحٍ (pl of نَاحِيَةٌ) *sword-edges* 507[4]

مَنَاحٍ (pl. of مَنْحَاةٌ) *paths made by animals that are driven round a well* in order to draw water 832[4]

حمى. حُمَةٌ *a skin-bottle* 104[15] 216[5 13], du 492[9] 746[6], pl. حِحَاءٌ 1022[10] or أَحْحَاءٌ 712[6]

نحب. نُحِبَ *to be selected* 843[4]

حُنَةٌ *the rump* 165[3] 441[1] 442[12], pl. حِنَانٌ 250[13]: metaph. *a coward* 164[16] 1000[7], pl. 318[3] 442[9] 541[14] 777[2] 936[10] 971[13] 978[8] 1080[13] [acc. to Lisān II 249[12] seq. "coward" is حُنَّةٌ, pl. حُنَانٌ]

حَسِيسٌ — حَسِيسُ الْقَلْبِ *bereft of courage* 1034[4]

مُنْتَحَسٌ — مُنْتَحَسُ الْقُوَى *bereft of strength* 63[15], مُنْتَحَسٌ حَسَاءُ *one who is bereft of his entrails*, i. e. *a coward* 58[4], so also مُنْتَحَسٌ alone 309[11] (see Lisān II 249[5])

تِنْحُونَةٌ *a term of abuse applied to a woman* 541[9], تِنْحُوسَةٌ *id.* 682[8]

خس. خَسَّ a. or u. *to goad on* 826[13], maṣd. خَسٌّ 575[4], partic. pass. 1062[9]

ناخِسٌ *mange* (especially in the tail of a camel) 543[3]

حط. النُّحْطُ see 134[2]

نخع. نُخَاعٌ or نُخَاعٌ *the spinal cord* (of a camel) 191[13]

حل. تَحَلَّلَ *to appropriate the best part of* a thing (acc.) 125[4] (var. تَنَحَّلَهَا): pass. (= حَصَّ) 203[11]

حُالَةٌ *refuse of grain, siftings* 273[4]

مُنْتَخَلٌ *chosen, excellent,* مُنْتَخَلَةٌ بِعُضْبٍ 663[2] seq.

بدأ. بَدَأَ a. see 877[10]

بدب. بَدَبَ u. *to shout to* a person (acc.), *to encourage* 774[3]

بَدَبٌ *a scar* 277[10], pl. أَبْدَابٌ 942[12] 948[9]

بدد. بَدَّ i. *to flee* (said of a horse) 931[17]

بَدَّدَ *to shout* 485[11], partic. 326[17]

بدر. بَدَرَ u. *to fall off* (said of a cap) 431[10], بَادِرٌ *slipping away* (said of a sword) 677[6]

بدس. بَدَسَ u. *to pierce* 693[12] (= 289[7])

بدف. مُبَدَّفٌ *carded* (said of cotton) 561[13]

بدو. بُدَاةٌ (pl. of بَادٍ) *assemblies* 778[7]

بَدَوَاتٌ *id.* 1034[7]

بَدًى *assembly* 564[6]

بدى. تَبَدَّى *to graze on* salt herbage (acc.) *and drink water alternately* 39[18]

بَدًى *herbage, pasture* 3[8] 636[9]

بدر. بَدِيرٌ *one who gives the alarm* 12[7] 190[6], *a warner* 517[14]: abstr. *admonition* 283[1]

نرح. نَرْجٌ *a violent wind* 295[3]

نرح. نَرَحَ i. or a. *to exhaust* 1043[8], pass. *to come to an end* 501[1], see also 6[6]

نَارِحٌ *wellnigh exhausted* (said of the water in a well) 166[6]

نُرَّحٌ (pl. of نَرُوحٌ) *id.*, نُرَّحُ الرَّكِيِّ 324[9]

نمر. تَنَمَّرَ *to belong to Nizār* 994[7]

نَرٌّ *scanty* 925[13]

نَرُورٌ *one who has few children* 911[12]

نمر. نَمِرٌ *light, nimble* 44[3]

نزع. نَزَعَ i. *to depart*, partic. 513[4]: *to retire from a contest* (absol.) 861[8] 900[9]: *to cease* from a thing (with عن) 1015[5]. *to desire* (?), with الى or ل, 490[6] 687[2] 1087[5]

نَازَعَ *to join with* some one *in drawing* an object *towards oneself* (with 2 acc.'s), applied to the bonds of affection 1015[6]. *to touch, border on* a thing (acc.) 429[15], *to come near* 688[4]

أَنْزَعُ *to depart* (?) 933[13] — see "Additions and Corrections"

نَزَعٌ *baldness* (especially on the front of the head) 889[15]

نُزَّعٌ (pl. of نَازِعٌ or نَازِعَةٌ) *making for* an object (with نَحْوَ) 857[12], with الى 976[5]

نَزِيعٌ see 303[7] seq. (= 475[9] seq.), pl. fem. نَزَائِعُ epith. of mares or camels 475[8] 698[16]

أَنْزَعُ *bald in front* 836[10]

مَنْزِعٌ *the extent to which a bow can be drawn* 827[3] 828[4]

مُنَزَّعٌ *pluckt up* (said of plants) 836[14] (= 299[12])

نرف. نُرَّفٌ (pl. of نَارِفٌ or نَارِفَةٌ) *anaemic* 549[8], *draining themselves dry* (said of veins) 591[9]

نرف. نَرَفَ i. *to outrun* (with. acc., said of horses) 87[3]

نَرِفٌ *brisk, swift* 498[7]

نرك. نَمارِكُ (pl. of نَمْرَكٌ) *lances* 751[14]

نرل. نُزّالٌ (pl. of نازِلٌ) *pilgrims* 284[11]

نُزولٌ (pl. of the same) *halting on a journey* 50[3] (= 783[16]) 421[5]

نُزالَةٌ (= نُعْلَمَةٌ) 44[3]

إِنْزالٌ see 279[11]

مَنازِلُ (pl. of مِنْزالٌ) *men who alight often* 568[8] (= 580[10])

مُنَيْزِلٌ (dimin. of مَنْزِلٌ) 964[9]

نزو. نُزاءٌ maṣd. 682[13]

نَزْوَةٌ *offspring* 488[13]

نَوازٍ (pl. of نازِئَةٌ) *flying* (said of sparks) 543[6]

نسأ. أَنْسَأَ *to sell on credit*, metaph. *to defer vengeance for* bloodshed (with 2 acc.'s) 461[11]: *to defer the death of* a person (acc.) 586[11] 1043[13] — see also أَنْسَى under نسى

نَسِيءٌ *milk mixed with water* 166[4] (ironically)

نَسْءً adv. *after a delay* (applied to payment) 633[7]

نسب. نِسابٌ *rivalry with respect to genealogy* 466[6] (var. النِّسابا)

نَسَبٌ *related* to some one, *having a common ancestor* 369[12]

مَنْسَبَةٌ *erotic poetry* (syn. نَسَبٌ) 126[12], pl. مَناسِبُ 1048[17]

مَنْسوبٌ — مَنْسوبَةُ الحالِ *a woman of noble birth* 27[3]

نسج. أَنْسَجَ *to weave* 1078[9]

نَسْجٌ *a lace-pattern* (produced by the wind on the surface of water) 438[15]

مِنْسَحٌ *the middle of the back* (in a horse) 582[15]

نسر. نِسَارٌ (pl. of نَسْرٌ) *vultures* 1038[11]

أَنْسُرٌ (pl. of the same) perhaps *banners* (see عُقَابٌ) 956[10] (var. مِنْسِرٌ)

مِنْسَرٌ or مِنْسِرٌ *a small troop of horsemen* 73[12] 947[8] 956 notes [5]

نسع. نِسْعٌ *a thong* used for binding captives 946[3], as the *saddle-girth* of a camel 634[1], pl. نُسُوعٌ 634[6] or أَنْسُعٌ 1046[6]

مِنْسَعٌ *id.* apparently used for lowering a bucket into a well 48[17] (= 782[20]), used as a gag 153[13] 154[2]

نسف. نُسِفَ *to be torn away* 576[4]

نَسَّافٌ *one who tears* (with acc.) 333[2]

نسف. نَسَفَ u. *to compose* poetry 477[10]

نسل. أَنْسَلَ *to grow a fresh coat of hair* (said of the back of an ass) 813[14]

نَسْلٌ *offspring* 707[14], see also 157[7]

نسى نَسِيَ (= أَنْسَأَ) *to defer the fate of* a person, فَإِنْ نَسِيَنِي الْأَيَّامُ إِلَّا حَلَالَهُ i. e. *if fate spares me except as regards old age* 444[14]

نَسًا *the vein of the thigh* 321[1]

نُسَيٌّ (dimin. of ?نِسَا) 1086[9]

نُسَيْمَةٌ (dimin. of نِسْوَةٌ) 4[6] 773[5] (as var.) 878[10], نُسَيْمَاتٌ 1042[6]

نسأ. نَسَأَ a. *to appear above the horizon* (said of a cloud) 776[11]

اِسْتَنْسَأَ *to perceive* a smell (acc.) 928[17]

نسب. نَسَبَ *to be fixed* 17[9]

نَسَبٌ *property, wealth* 155[18]

نشد. نَشَدَ u. *to seek that which one has lost* (acc.) 25[12], نَاشِدٌ *a seeker* 194[4] [cf. Ahlwardt Ṭar. N°. 4 v. 71]

نَشَدَ *to ask* a person *to spare* some one (with 2 acc.'s) 95^{6}: see also مُنَاشَدٌ below

أَنْشَدَ *to recite poetry* against a person (with بِ) 839^{11}: pass applied to horses, *to have songs sung to them* (during a march) 1021^{9}

مَنْشَدٌ *search* (with acc.) 251^{11}

مُنَاشِدٌ *one who seeks a lost camel* 983^{3}

نسر. نَسَرَ *to vanish* (?) 608^{7}

نَسْرٌ *odour* 776^{11}

نُشُورٌ *the dissemination* of a malady 14^{10} 543^{8}

نسص. نَسَاصٌ coll. *high clouds* 243^{18}

نسط. نَسَطَ i. *to rush out* 360^{20}

نَسْطٌ *the act of snatching* 894^{11}

نَسِيطَةٌ *spoil taken during a march* 192^{6} (= 236^{2})

نسف. نَسَفَ i. or نَسِفَ *to absorb* 203^{7} 573^{9}

نشف. اِسْتَنْشَفَ *to inhale* (with acc.) 937^{15} (= 440^{4})

نسل. نَاشِلٌ *one who reaches after* a thing 683^{7}

نَسِيلٌ *cooked meat* 663^{16} (= 664^{13}) 879^{4}

مِنْسَلٌ see 223^{3}

نسو. نَشْوَةٌ *drunkenness* 509^{9}

نَشْوَانُ *drunken* 897^{7} (= 496^{4}), pl. نَسَاوَى 55^{3}

نصب. نَصَبَ i. *to march* (said of pilgrims) 850^{1}: *to attack* (with لِ) 370^{14} 901^{11}

نَصْبٌ *a butt* 21^{10}

نِصَابٌ *stock, race* 459^{19}: *contest* (syn. مُنَاصَبَةٌ) 466^{12}

نَصَائِبُ (pl. of نَصِيبَةٌ) *stones placed on a grave* 1044⁹

أَنْصَابٌ (pl. of نُصْبٌ or نِصْبٌ) *sacred stones* 950³

مَنْصِبٌ *stock, race* 807¹¹

نصت. أَنْصَتَ *to listen in silence* 690¹⁶, partic 775⁸

نصح. مُنَصَّحٌ *sewn together* i. e. *continuous* 307¹⁴

نصر. تَنَصَّرَ *to profess Christianity* 996⁴, partic. 956¹⁶

نَصْرَانِيٌّ 314¹⁵ 600⁷ 821⁴, fem. 819⁸ 984⁹ 996⁴ 1048⁶: نَصْرَانِيَّةٌ (= دَكَرِيَّةٌ) 378¹¹

النَّصَارَى see Index III

الْمَنْصُورُ *the Victorious*, a name given by Jarīr to a certain rhyme 430¹⁷

نصص. نَصَّ u. see 134¹²

نَصٌّ *the act of urging on* a beast (acc.) 272⁸, hence *quick pace* 345⁵

مَنَصَّةٌ *quick pace* 134¹⁰

مِنَصَّةٌ see 134¹² 272⁹

نصع. إِنْصَاعٌ *quarrelsomeness* 1097¹⁴

نصف. نَصَفَ u. *to be half over* (said of the day) 551³ (var. نَصُفَ), *to be in the middle of* a place اذا تَصَفُوا الْحَمَلَ 662⁸

نَاصَفَ *to share* a thing *with* some one (with acc. of the pers. and ب of the thing) 111¹¹

اِنْتَصَفَ see 551⁴

نِصْفٌ (= إِنْصَافٌ) *justice* 571⁸

نُصَّفٌ (pl. of نَاصِفٌ) *half-full* 563⁹

نَاصِفَةٌ *a wide torrent-bed* 133¹

نَصْفَانُ see 209¹² 563¹²

مُتَصَفٌ (= خادِمٌ) 571[10]

مُتَصَفٌ *served* 571[9] 589[12]

نصل. أَنْصَلَ *to remove the spear-head* from the shaft 1063[9], مُنْصِلُ الأَلِّ i. e. *the month of Rajab*, ibid.

نواصِلُ (pl. of ناصِلٌ) *headless* (said of arrows) 55[12]

مُنْصُلٌ *sword-blade* 711[3]

نصى. تَنَصَّى *to cling, to attach oneself*, or, acc. to another view, *to occupy a high position* 138[5]

نَواصٍ (pl. of ناصِيَةٌ) *highest parts* 138[15] 611[1]

نَصِيٌّ *a kind of shrub* 53[17], see also 490[6]

نصب. ناصِبٌ *far-stretching* (epith. of a plain) 272[8]

نصح. أَنْصَحَ *to scorch* 529[14], partic. 769[3]

نصح. ناصِحٌ *oozing* (said of a water-skin) 1032[1]

تَنْصاحٌ *moistening* (subst.) 1010[2]

نصح. نَصْحٌ *the smearing* of an unguent 457[11] (= 1077[13])

نصد. نَصَدَ i. *to pile up* 930[12]

نَصَدٌ *a pile of rugs or mattresses* 89[3] (see 266[7]), metaph. *a multitude of persons* 266[1] 329[4]

نصر. نَضِرٌ *fresh, luxuriant* (said of plants) 617[16]

نُصارٌ *a kind of wood* (?) 249[5]

نَصِرٌ *rich vegetation* 514[1]

نصل. ناضَلَ *to engage in a shooting-match with* some one (acc.), applied to the composing of satires 628[14], masd. نِضالٌ 6[16] 9[14] 323[8] 489[14], partic. 628[10]

تَصاضُلٌ *a shooting-match* 1097[15] (text doubtful)

نصو. نَصا u. *to pierce, to emerge from* a thing (acc.) 103[6]

أَنصَى *to weary* the eye 713[6], pass. *to be exhausted by marching* (said of camels) 1083[7]

اِنْتَصَى *to be unsheathed*, properly of a sword, hence applied to horses *to be led forth to battle* 292[12]

أَنصاءٌ (pl. of نَصْوٌ) *well-worn* (said of swords) 373[9]

نطح. تَناطَحَ *to be dashed together* (applied to masses of water) 880[11] (= 496[12]) 902[5]

النَّطْحُ name of a constellation 520[9]

نَطْحٌ *a calamity* 41[7] 839[11], ذاتُ نَطْحٍ *id.* 12[7]

نطس. نَطْسٌ, نَطْسٌ, نَطِسٌ see 109[7]

نِطاسِيٌّ *clever* 109[5]

نطس. نَطَسٌ see 53[2]

نطع. نِطَعٌ *a piece of leather* used as a table-cloth 463[3]

نطف. نَطْفٌ, نَطَفٌ see 562[9] seq.

أَنطَفَ properly *to cause to suffer from ulcers*, hence *to afflict* 562[8]

نَطِفٌ a camel *suffering from ulcers* 33[2]

نَطْفٌ du. see 1037[5]

نِطافٌ (pl. of نُطْفَةٌ) *water-supply* 135[9], *pools* 346[16]

نطف. نِطاقٌ *a girdle* worn by a warrior 154[12], by a woman 35[3] 37[5] 81[3][7] 84[5][4] (= 218[5])

نطل. see تأطّل

نطو. أَنطَى *to give*, partic. 227[13]

نظر. نَظَرَ u. *to expect, hope for* a thing (acc.) 704[16]. *to defer, put off* a thing (acc.) 632[3], with ب 352[4]

نَاظِرٌ *eye* 595[16], pl. نَوَاظِرُ 1012[15] 1031[9]

نَظَّارَةٌ coll. *gazers* 731[15] 733[1]

نعب. نَعَبَ a or ı. *to croak* (said of the raven) 961[11], maṣd. نَعْبٌ 1087[1] or نَعْبَانٌ 629[9]

نَوَاعِبُ (pl. of نَاعِبٌ) *croaking ravens* ı. e. *evil omens* (?) 582[18]

نعت. مُنَعَّتٌ *described* 134[7] (as var.)

نعج. نَاعِجَاتٌ *white camels* 8[4]

نعر. نَعِرٌ an animal *tormented by a fly* (نَعَرٌ) 196[6]

نَاعِرٌ see 591[12]

نَعَّارٌ a vein *that bleeds continually* 856[1]

نَعُورٌ *id.* 613[4]

نعس. نَعَسَ a. *to lift up* one who has fallen (acc.) 309[4], absol. 1012[3], pass. 1013[13]

مَنَاعِسُ (pl. of مِنْعَاسٌ) *helpers* 953[3] (= 418[15])

نعظ. نَعْظٌ see 1001 notes[5] 1044[12]

نعف. نَعْفٌ *the foot of a hill* 18[4] (= 274[1]) 848[7] 998[8] (as var.), see also 134[6]

مُنَعَّفٌ see 134[6]

نعف. نَعَفَ a. *to call* sheep (with ب) 497[3], نَاعِفٌ *a shepherd* 786[13]

نَعِيفٌ see 786[14]

نعل. مُنَعَّلٌ *wearing shoes* (said of a man) 710[4] (cf. 712[15]), of animals 706[12], مُنَعَّلَةٌ *hoofs that are shod* 1011[3]

نعم. نَعِمَ with 2 acc.'s, نَنْعَمُ الأَضْيافَ عَبْنًا *who rejoice to see the guests* 619[8] (see foot-note)

نِعْمَةٌ *ease, pleasure* 676[14] 1082[7]: pl. نِعَمٌ *articles of value* 639[8]: pl. أَنْعُمٌ *benefits* 1078[7]

ناعِمٌ *flourishing vegetation* 1052[13], ناعِمُ الأَغْصانِ epith. of a tree 890[15], pl. نَواعِمُ العِنْدانِ *flourishing palms* 890[4]

نَعامَةٌ see under سول: pl. نَعائِمُ *female ostriches* 610[11]

نعى. نَعَى ii. *to reproach* a person with a thing (with acc. of the thing and على of the pers.) 217[15 18] 654[9] 679[10], with على only 577[13]

نعل. أَنْعَلَ *to have an illegitimate child* 439[16]

نَعْلٌ *illegitimate* 440[1]

نعنع. نَعانِعُ (pl. of نُعْنَعَةٌ) *the sides of the throat* 937[6] (= 779[13])

نفث. نَفَثَ i. or u. *to spit* 317[4], as a cure 1016[2]

نُفاثَةٌ — حَيُّ النُّفاثِ a term of abuse applied to a clan (apparently a subdivision of the Kilāb) 924[16]

نفج. تَنَفَّجَ *to erect the feathers* (said of a bustard) 218[11]

نافِجَةٌ *a violent wind* 133[4] 242[17]

نفح. نَفَحَ a. *to bestow* a gift (with acc. of the thing and لِ of the pers.) 451[1] (cf. Ḥamāsa 658[18]). see also 501[6]

مِنْفَحٌ *one who drives away*, hence *a defender* 501[4]

نفخ. نَفَخَ u. see under كير

اِنْتَفَخَ سَحْرُكَ — *thy lung is inflated* i. e. *thou art afraid* 582[1]

نَفّاخَةُ الكيرِ — *the place where the bellows are blown* (?) 590[16]

نفد. مُنْتَفَدٌ *an open space* 689[5]

نعد. نَوافِذ (pl. of نافِذَة) *apertures* i e. *wounds* 472[3] 494[1]

أَنْعُد (pl. of نَعْد) *sharp edges* 62[6] (= 430[6])

نعر. نَعَرَ i. or u. *to run away* (said of animals that are scared) 30[7] 1070[10]: *to win* a thing *from* a person as the result of a wager (with 2 acc.'s) 67[14] 694[1]

نَعَّرَ *to assign the victory to* one person over another (with acc. and على) 141[11] 142[3]: *to scare a beast so that it bolts* with its rider (with ب of the rider) 845[3] (read نَعَّرَ) 975[1], see Lisān VII 82[6] seq.

نافَرَ (= فاخَرَ) 714[8] 895[15], mașd. مُنافَرَة 139[11]: *to appeal against* some one (acc.) 595[2], with إلى of the judge 803[13] 1044[16]

تَنافَرَ *to appeal* to a judge (with إلى) 265[19]

اِسْتَنْعَرَ *to summon to one's help* 1094[18], partic. 549[4] (as var.)

نِعارٌ *shyness, modesty* (in women) 857[12]

نَعُورٌ *a beast that bolts with its rider* 938[7]

نَعْرٌ *the departure* of a military expedition 53[5] (= 785[13]) 585[4]: *a company of persons* 10[16] 513[5] 527[9] 912[3], see also 244[14]

نُعَيْرٌ (dimin. of نَعْرٌ) 661[19] 739[11] 920[4]

مُنَعَّرٌ *scared* (epith. of ostriches) 1003[6]

نعر. نُعَّرَ see 549[4]

اِسْتَنْعَرَ *to stir, excite,* وَمُسْتَنْعِراتٌ لِلْقُلُوبِ said of women 549[3]

نعس نَعَسَ *to grudge* a person a thing (with acc. of the thing and على of the pers.) 8[2] 49[18], hence *to desire to save* a person from a thing (with acc. of the pers and على of the thing) 583[5]

نَعَّسَ *to afford relief* (with عن of the pers. relieved) 154[5], نَعَّسْتُ عن سَمْعِهِ 169[10]

تَنَفَّسَ *to feel relieved, to breathe freely* 169[10] 618[10], maṣd. 743[5]: *to expire* 674[16] (?) 987[9]

تَنافَسَ *to vie with one another* to obtain a thing (with ع) 448[14]

نَفْسٌ *life-blood* 519[4]: *the hour of death*, دَنَتْ نَفْساهُما 923[12]

نِفاسٌ *the condition of a woman after childbirth* 1046[8]

نَفاسَةٌ *regret, annoyance*, نَفاسَةً نَفْدِكِ (= أَنَفِسَةً اسْتَنْفَدْتُكِ) 23[16]

مُنْفَسٌ *highly prized* (epith. of women) 26[15]

نفس. نَفَسَ u. properly *to card* wool, hence نَفَسوا لُحاغُمْ *they stroked their beards*, i. e. *they prepared themselves* 1017[11]

نفص. نَفَصَ u. *to search, examine* 95[7]

نفط. نَفْطٌ *naphtha* (used as a cure for the mange) 543[5]

نفق. نَفَقَ u. *to be saleable* (with عن of the seller) 244[3]

نَفَقَ *to come out of its hole* (said of the jerboa) 1022[15]

نَفَّقَ *id.* 288[6]

تَنافُق see 288[7] seq.

نفل. نَوافِلُ (pl. of نافِلَةٌ) *booty* 638[11]

أَنْفالٌ — سورَةُ الأَنْفالِ mentioned by Jarîr 322[1]

نفنف. نَفَنَّفٌ *abyss* 569[4], pl. نَفانِفُ 493[14]

نفى. نَفِيٌّ *that which is scattered, thrown about* 325[6]

نَفَيانٌ *id.* 1043[7]

نفب. نَفِبَ *to march with worn-out shoes* (said of camels) 1012[9]

تَنَفَّبَ *to wear a veil* 509[18]

نَفَبَةٌ *a depression on the skin* 543[4]

نِعَابٌ *a veil* 444[1] (= 441[4]), du. 509[18]: نِعَابًا adv. see 52[12]

نَعْمَةٌ *fortune, success* 355[5] 657[12]

مُنَعَّبٌ *veiled* 319[8]

مُنَعَّبٌ *that part of the face to which the veil reaches* 147[14]

مُنْتَعَبٌ *a covering* (?), مُنْتَعَبُ الْحِمَارِ 232[16]

نعد. نَعِدَ *to become worn* 260[11]

نَاعِدٌ *payable in ready money* (?), said of a debt 984[1]

نِعَادٌ (pl. of نَعَدَةٌ) *a breed of small sheep* 903[15]

نعد. نَعْدَكَ (= تَعْدِى إِنَّاكَ or اِسْتَعْدِى إِنَّاكَ) 23[16]

نَعِدٌ *a horse captured in battle* 303[11]

نعر. نَعَرَ u. *to calumniate* 366[15]

نَعَّرَ *to pick up grain* (?) 479[4], but see Lisān VII 87[1] seq.

نَافِرٌ an arrow *that hits the mark* 773[3] (= 623 notes[4]), نَافِرَةٌ *id.* 331[13] (as var.), pl. نَوَافِرُ 623 notes[2] (as var.) or نَوَافِرُ 773[1] 795[1]

نِعَارٌ (pl. of نُعْرَةٌ) *hollows dug in the ground* for confining sheep and goats 260[1]

مِنْعَارٌ *a crow-bar* 860[10]

نعس. نِعْسٌ *ink* 362[13] 920[15]

نعس. مَنْعُوسَةٌ epith. of saddles, see 756[15]

نعص. مَنْعَصَةٌ *the act of insulting* 762[5]

نعص. نَعَصَ u. *to untwist*, hence *to put an end to* a feud (by executing vengeance), نَاعِصُونَ نُحُولَهُم 566[10], pass نُعِصَ الْأَوْتَارُ 873[6]: *to compose an answer* to a poet (with عَلَى) 1047[9], pass. نُعِصْتَ 860[16], maṣd. نَعْصٌ ibid.

أَنْغَضَ *to make a clucking noise* in calling animals (with ب of the animals) 248[12], see the Lisān loc. cit.

انْغَضَ *to burst out afresh* (said of a wound, with ب of the pers.) 145[16]· *to answer* a poem (acc.) 629[4]

نِغْضٌ *a loose piece, a fragment* 436[13] pl أَنْغَاضٌ *the tops of truffles* 13[8] 69[8] (cf. 300[15])

مُنْغَضٌ *loose*, عَمْرٌ مُنْغَضُ الْقُوَى *vigorous* 693[8]

نغع. نَغَعَ a *to quench thirst* (said of a beverage) absol. 962[5], with acc. 1007[18], نَاغِعٌ epith. of a pool 890[15], metaph. *satisfying the desire of vengeance* 693[12] (= 289[7])

أَنْغَعَ *to stand and become stale* (said of a beverage) 208[12], مُنَغَّعٌ *concentrated* (of a poison) 827[8] 966[1]

نَغِيعٌ (= مُنَغَّعٌ) 1035[1]

مُنَغَّعٌ *cooled* (?) 1099[16]

مَنَاغِعُ (pl. of مُنْغَعٌ) *puddles* 793[16]

مُسْتَنْغَعٌ *a pond* 408[7]

نغف. نَغَّافٌ *a vagrant, a beggar* pl. 504[8]

مُنَغْغَةٌ coll. *crushing satires* 465[15] (as var.)

نغف. نَغَّ I. *to croak* (said of frogs) 705[5]

نغل. نَغَلَ u. *to gallop* 268[4] (as var.), mașd. نَغْلٌ or نَغَلَانٌ ibid.

نَاغَلَ *to tread warily over* a place (acc.) 634[14] 637[2], مُنَاغِلُ الْأَخْرَالِ 303[14], mașd. نِغَالٌ 923[12]

نَاغِلَةٌ coll. *emigrants* 392 notes[7]

نَغِلٌ *an emigrant, one who sojourns among an alien tribe* 51[1] 77[2] (= 315[14])

تَنَقُّلٌ *the falsifying of a genealogy* 202⁹

مَنْقَلٌ *removal* i. e. *a means of removing* 147² (= 328¹⁶): *a mountain-path* 187¹¹, pl. مَنَاقِلُ 622⁷ (as var)

مَنَاقِلُ (pl. of مَنْقَلَةٌ) *days' journeys* 1021⁷: also pl. of مِنْقَلَةٌ (see Dozy "Supplément" s. v.) *tables for placing drinking-vessels* 908⁹

نعم. نَقَمَ 1. *to urge an objection* against a person (with acc. of the thing and مِنْ of the pers.) 727⁹ 1097¹⁴, pass. مَا نُقِمَ أَنْ *is there any objection to . . .?* 534¹⁰

نقى. أَنْقَى *to cleanse* a garment 682⁹

تَنَقَّى *to choose* (with acc) 313⁴

نَقًا *a sand-hill* 515¹¹ 579⁶, pl. أَنْقَاءٌ 599¹⁰ (= 575¹³) 632¹¹

نِقْيٌ *fat, marrow* 134¹⁰, hence *a little strength* 1012¹³, pl. أَنْقَاءٌ applied to wheat 990²

مُنْقِيَاتٌ *beasts whose bones are full of marrow* 244⁵

مَنَاقٍ *id.* 504⁵

نكأ. نَكَأَ a. *to remove the crust of* a wound (acc.) 5⁸ 168⁷

نكب. نَكَّبَ *to turn aside from* an object (acc.) 231¹²

نَكَبَاتٌ (pl. of نَكْبَةٌ) *misfortunes* 1046¹¹

مَنَاكِبُ (pl. of مَنْكِبٌ) metaph. *noble ancestors* 264¹⁹ 993¹⁴

نكث. مُنْتَكِثٌ *loose-jointed* (said of a horse) 497¹⁴

نكح. أَنْكَحَ *to give a female relative in marriage to* some one (acc.) 816¹⁶ 818⁷, with 2 acc.'s 817¹

اِسْتَنْكَحَ (= نَكَحَ) 312⁵

نَاكِحٌ (fem.) *married* 421² 1097²

نكد. نَكَدٌ *distress* 82[14]

أَنْكَدُ *bringing misfortune* (said of persons and things) 86[5] (see "Additions and Corrections") 484[1] 796[17] 907[3], pl. نُكْدٌ or نُكُدٌ *helpless* (in battle) 366[1] 1079[13]

نكر. نَكَّرَ *to feel resentment* 993[7] 998[16] (text doubtful) 1036[10] (cf. 1017 notes [2])

تَنَكَّرَ *to become unrecognisable* 395[9]

اِسْتَنْكَرَ *to have suspicions about* a thing (acc.) 421[5], *to regard* a thing *as dreadful*, وَلَا مُسْتَنْكِرًا أَنْ يَعْقِرَا i. e. *nor* (didst thou meet one of the Ḳaisites) *who regarded it as dreadful that they* (i. e. the war-horses) *should be wounded* 1003[1] — if we adopt the reading مُسْتَنْكَرًا we must render *nor* (didst thou find) *that it was regarded as dreadful that* etc.

نَكْرَاءُ *trouble* 54[3]

نَكِرٌ *resentment* 542[7] 999[5]

نكس. نُكِسَ *to be exhausted, drained dry* 6[5]

نكط. نَكْطٌ *effort* 674[16]

نكف. نُكِفَ see 6[6]

نكل نِكَالٌ *punishment* 294[4]

نكه. نَكَهَ i. or a. *to breathe out* (with ب) 656[2]

نمرق. نَمَارِقُ (pl. of نُمْرُقَةٌ) *bed-cushions* 641[18]. used at a banquet 781[1] 786[10]

نمط نَمَطٌ *style* in poetry 488[1]

نمم. نُمِّيَ see 596[5]

نَمَّةٌ *a coin of base metal* 596[7], ذُو النَّمَّتَيْنِ *id.* 596[4] (the dual here refers to the two sides of the coin), pl. نَمَامِيُّ see 596[5]

نمم. مُنَمْنَم *ornamented* or, according to another view, *written small* (said of a document) 42[12]

نمى. نَمَى I. *to raise, exalt* (with acc.) 233[8] 451[10] 609[12] 611[1] 621[15] 699[4] 746[14]: *to reach* a person (said of tidings, with الى of the pers.) 457[1] (= 1077[1]): *to bring tidings* of a thing (with ب) 90[17]. *to trace one's descent* from a person (with الى) 609[7]: *to have recourse* to a thing (with الى) 618[9]

نهب. أَنْهَبَ *to divide as spoil* 458[4], *to distribute to the public* 417[19] 607[16] seq. 715[12]. pass. 953[15]

اِنْتَهَبَ *to take as spoil, seize* (with acc.) 1070[11]

نهد. نَهْد *tall* (epith. of a horse) 486[5] 663[10] 677[4], نَهْدُ المَرَاكِل *id.* 674[17], fem نَهْدَة 586[11]

نهر. نَهَرَ a. *to jerk* a bucket (in order to fill it) with ب 779[9], mașd. نَهْر 1047[10] (see also below)

اِنْتَهَرَ *to walk with a jumping gait* 706[12]

نَهْر *the shaking of the head* in marching (said of a camel) 558[4] (as var.)

نهس. نَهَسَ a. *to bite* 874[3], see also 552[13] (for the phrase نهس النّصارى, see "Additions and Corrections")

نَهَّسَ *id.* (with acc.) 718[5]

نهش. نَهَشَ a. see 552[12]

نهص. نَهَصَ a. *to act in concert* with a person, نَهَصوا مَعَهُ فيه 458[16] (cf. 1077[16]) *to encroach* upon a thing (with في) 870[3]

ناهِصَة see 73[4]. pl. نَوَاهِص *strong camels* 347[9]

نهع. نَوَاهِع (pl. of ناهِعَة) *the bones of the leg* 1082[2]

أَنْهَع *more given to braying* 842[16]

نهك. نَهَكَ a. *to exhaust, overwork* a beast 306[9]

بهل. بِهَالٌ (pl. of بَاهِلٌ) *thirsty* 460[10]

بَوَاهِلُ (pl. of بَاهِلَةٌ) *id.* 56[5]

مَبْهَلٌ see 554[7] seq.

بهى. بَاهَى *to reach* (with إلى) 680[6]

اِسْتَبْهَى — اِسْتَبْهِيهِم مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِم *ask them to restrain themselves* 42[1] (see Ibn Hishām 168[6] and Ṭabarī Gloss.)

بَاهَةٌ *purpose, aim* 662[18]

بَهْمَةٌ *border* 956[1], pl. بَهَاء *borders of streams* (?) 718[1]

بوأ. بَا ū. see 746[12]

بوب. بَابَ ū. *to occur* (absol.) 901[5]. *to befal* (with acc. of the pers.) 906[12] *to fall upon* an object (acc.) *in turns* 1098[17]

أَبَابَ *to come in its turn* (said of a wave) 467[13]

اِسْتَابَ *to seize* booty 150[7] *to visit* a place 164[15]

بوح. بَوَّحَ *to wail* 507[15]

تَبَاوَحَ *to wail to one another* 228[8] 530[4] 542[3]

بَوْحٌ *an assembly of mourning women* 680[10] 928[15]

مَبَاحٌ (pl. of مَبَاحَةٌ) *places of mourning* 838 notes [b] (as var.)

بوح. بَوَّحَ trans. 447[10] 682[11]: intrans. 841[9]

أَبْوَحَ intrans. 613[12] 756[12] (var أَبْحَى) with obj. understood 634[19] 634[1] 680[12]

بور. بَوَّرَ *to shine* 634[19] 992[13]

بَائِرَةٌ *enmity* 267[18]

بَوَّارٌ *shy*, said of a she-camel 329[6], of wild beasts بَوَّارُ الْوَحْشِ 538[3], *modest* (of a woman) 341[14]

نَوْر *powder for tattooing* 537[13]

نِيَار (pl. of نَار) 1039[1]

مَنَار properly *a place where a light is set up*, metaph. 870[18] 989[9]

مُنَوِّر *one who makes towards a fire* 954[3] (cf 955[6])

مُسْتَنِير *giving light* 988[13] 989[9]

نوس. نَاسَ II. *to dangle, hang down* (intrans.) 530[4]

نَاس, نَوْنَس see under أنس

نوص. نَاصَ, نَوْنَص see 53[2]

نوف. أَنَافَ *to rise* above an object (with على) 69[3] (= 300[15])

نَوْف see 170[8]

نَيِّف *high* (epith. of a hill) 186[10] 224[13]

نوى. أَنْيِعَات (pl. of نَاقَة) 807[15]

مَنْوِيّ see 55[11]

نوك. نُوك *folly* 181[9], نَوَاكَة *id* 207[15]

نَوْكَى (pl. of أَنْوَك) *fools* 415[19] 570[3]

نول. تَنَاوَلَ *to reach after* an object (acc.) 319[7] 399[15] 983[1], تَنَاوَلَهُ بِالرُّمْح 458[11] (without بِالرُّمْح 1076[3]), partic. without obj. 612[14]: *to fall upon* 245[6] 256[5] 615[17]

نوم. نَامَ II. *to be unmindful* of a thing (with عن) 256[11] 341[13] 343[12] 567[2] 778[1] *to be spent in sleep*, لَا نَامَتْ تَمْلُكُهُ as an imprecation 838[5], partic. 754[12]

تَنَاوَم *to feign sleep* 359[12] 831[18] 1001[4], partic. 82[4], with ل of the pers. 125[7]

نَارُ الْمُسِمّ — مُسِمّ see 72[4] seq

نون. نُون *fish* 775[5] (as var.)

سمو. الْمَنْوِيُّ بِاسْمِهِ *he who is mentioned with honour* 805[10]

نوى. نَوًى (fem.) *journey, course* 7[11] 173[4] 825[9] 962[1], with suff. نَوَاىَ (= نَوَاىَ) 408[10], اسْتَقَرَّتْ بِهَا النَّوَى *her wanderings came to an end* 676[9] [cf. اطْمَأَنَّتْ بِهِ النَّوَى Ibn Hishām 350[9], a phrase which Weil has misunderstood]

نَمًى (maṣd. of نَوَى I.) *fatness* (in a camel) 560[9], نِمًى *id.* 618[9]

نمب. نَابٌ *maturity, vigour* 899[7] (= 497[11]), cf. وَلَدَ نَابٌ آخَرُ 498[5]. *an old she-camel* 413[17] 447[9] 906[10] 955[1] (= 957[8]) 999[3] seq 1016[12] 1025[16] 1033[4] 1043[1], pl. نِبٌ 250[13] 318[5] 422[18] 423[4] 522[4] 561[13] 833[14]

نسر. أَنَّرَ *to weave* 15[3], pass. 860[13]

نِسْرٌ properly *the woof* of a textile fabric (see 15[5]), hence *the edge* 11[13], *texture* in general 706[8]

مُنَسَّرٌ *woven double* 995[5], see Dozy "Supplément" s. v.

نمط. نَمَطٌ pl. أَنْمَاطٌ, بِمَاطٌ, نُعِيَ فِي نَمَطِهِ I. e. *he died*, see 353[6] seq.

نمف. نِمْفٌ *hill*, du. 569[4]

نمل. نَالَ I. used in the proverb مَنْ نَمَلَ النَّمْرَ نَمِلَ نَمَّالَا 363[7]

نمل. نَالَ II. *to speak ill* of a person (with مِنْ) 547[8]

نمى. نَمًى, نِمًى see under نوى

ه

هاب. هَابِ a cry addressed to horses 336[4] 461[13] (= 475[14]) — see أَهْيَبَ s. r. هيب

هاب. هَاتِمْ *bring!* (with acc.) 382[11]

هبب. هَبَّةٌ *the stroke* of a sword 418[9] (but cf. 1071[2])

هبر. هَبْرٌ *flesh* 668[14]

عرف هِرْفِيّ (= حَدّاد) 106[13]. عِرْفِدَّة coll. *swords*, or, acc. to Ibn al-A'rābī, *gold coins* 106[12] [as if it were = هِرْدِدَّة, see Lisān VII 290[11]]

عسف. هَسَفَ, هُسُوف, هَسُوف see 770[15]

عسقع. هَسْقَعَة *one who squats on the ground* 280[13]

عسل. هِسِلّ *an old camel* 33[2]

مَسَاسِل (pl. of مَسْلَل) *the orifice* of the womb 624[14], *abysses, chasms* 743[16]

عسلع. هِسْلَع *a glutton* 969[1]

عسم. هَسُوم *dust* 406[2] 676[18]

عسمر. أَعْسَرَ *to become senile* 67[11], مِعْسَر *a dotard* 113[14] 1001[11]

عسف عَسَفَ I. *to call* to some one (with ب) 974[9]

عُسَّف (pl. of هَاسِف) applied to pigeons 555[15]

عسك عَسَكَ I. *to cut asunder* 443[12] 1016[1] (but cf. 323[6]), عَسَكَ المَحَارِم applied to incest 1029[10]. pass. *to be taken down* (said of tents) 536[4]

عَسَّكَ *to tear* tent-ropes 560[9]

عسم. عُسِمَ *to have one's front teeth broken* 152[11]

مُعَسَّم *broken*, مُعَسَّم الأَسنان 888[5] (= 496[11]) 900[10] (as var.)

عسم. هَسِم a cry addressed to a dog 765[11]

عسجم عَسْجَم *to be sunken* (said of the eyes) 755[10], partic. 579[3]

عسحد. عَسْحَد *awake*, or *dozing* 160[11]

عسكر أَعْسَكَرَ *to talk nonsense* 67[15]

عَسْكَر adv. *at noon* 246[4] 1012[15]

عُسْكُر *abuse, invective* 618[4]

عَسْكَر *noon* 87, عَسْكَرَة *id.* 272[13] 281[4] (cf 294[2])

أَهْجَرُ see 673[15]

تَهْجِيرٌ *noonday journey* 687[14] 1010[18]

مَهْجَرٌ *a safe retreat* (?) 673[14]

هـ ح س. هَاحِسٌ *causing trouble* 737[7], مِهْحَوسٌ *troublous* ibid.

هـ ح ع. هَجَعَ a. *to be spent in sleep* (said of the night, see نَمَ) 968[14]

هَجْعَةٌ *a period of slumber early in the night* 1059[3]

هـ ح ف. هَحَفٌ *rude, clumsy* 951[8]

هـ ح ل. هَحَلٌ *low-lying ground* 133[1] 159[16]

هَوْحَلٌ *id.* 556[3]

هـ ح م. هَحَمَ I. *to demolish* 652[6] *to make for* a place (with عَلَى) 1095[1]

هَاحِمٌ *a camel-driver* 346[11]

هَحْمَةٌ *a small herd of camels* 503[11] 944[5 12] (= 1096[5]), du. 675[5]

هـ ح ن. هَاحِنٌ *highborn*, said of a man 166[14], as coll. لَسْنُمْ بِنِي هَاحِنٍ 897[12] (= 496[7]), of women 136[10], of camels 511[14]

هَاحِسٌ see 40[9]

هَاحِنٌ (pl. of هَاحِنَةٌ) *camels of mixed race* (?) 346[11] 458[4]

هـ ح ن م. هَحْنَمَ *to drive away wild beasts* 876[14] (object understood)

هـ ح و هَحَى (= هَحَا u.) 2[12]

هـ د أ هَدْءٌ *a portion of the night* 359[7] 686[17]

هُدُوءٌ (pl. of هَادِئٌ) *men reposing* 538[14]

هـ د ح. هَادِحَانِ ostriches *that run with a trembling gait* 1010[17]

هـ د د. هُدَّ *to be frightened* 599[5] [cf. Ibn Hishām 590[4]]

هُدٌّ *noise* 968[6]

عُدَانٌ *noises, clamours* 239[5]

عدر. عَدَرَ I. *to ferment* 356[9]: *to froth* (said of a torrent) 513[11], of a woman 857[9]. *to roar* 531[6]

أَعْدَرَ *to remit the price of* blood (with acc. of the blood and عن of the slayer) 68[9]

تَعَادَرَ *to roar at one another* 959[1]

عَادِرَاتٌ epith. of stallion camels 791[6]

عَدَّارٌ *roarer* (said of a camel) 332[3], of a man 531[6]

عَدِيرٌ *roar* 332[4] 914[3]

تَعْدَارٌ *frothing* (subst.) 857[9]

عدف. عَدَفَ see 293[16]

عَدَفٌ *rising ground* 573[13] seq *an object aimed at* (?) 834[7]

مُعْدِفٌ *prominent* 573[11]

عدل. عَدَلَ I *to let hang* (with acc.) 449[7] (as var.)

عُدْلٌ (pl. of أَعْدَلُ) camels *with lower lips hanging down* 149[2]

عَدَلٌ *a young dove* 555[15] (see the glosses) 890[14], pl عِدَالٌ (?) 673[12]

عدم. عَدَّمَ *to overthrow* 651[12], mas̱d. 683[11]

عَدِمٌ *crumbling, collapsing*, عَدِمُ الْمَعَازِ epith. of a hyaena 918[3]

أَعْدَامٌ (pl. of عَدِمٌ) *rags* 523[10], see Index III s. v. ذو الأَعْدَامِ

عدن. تَعَادَنَ *to come to terms* 267[13]

عُدْنَةٌ *peace* 2[10]

عدى. عَدَى I. with ل of the person 331[3] [cf. Ḳur'ān VII 98 XXXII 26]

أَعْدَى with acc. of the thing 1064[4] (text doubtful) — see Dozy «Supplément" s. v.

تَهادَى *to walk slowly* (said of women) 38^{12}. *to present to one another* (with acc.) 615^{18}

هادٍ *neck* 63^{3}, pl. هَوادٍ 15^{15}, metaph. هَوادِي الصُّبْحِ *the first rays of dawn* 619^{2}

هَدْيٌ coll. *animals for sacrifice* 989^{5}

هَدِيٌّ (= حارٌّ) 54^{9}: *captive* 101^{13}. coll. *animals for sacrifice* 768^{18} 936^{5}

هَدايا (pl. of هَدِيَّةٌ) — يَوْمُ الهَدايا i. e. the day of ʿArafa 591^{3}

المَهْدِيّ a title applied to the Caliph Sulaimān 364^{10}

مُهادَاةٌ *friendly intercourse* 370^{10}

هدا. هُدِيَ (= هُدِيَ) 594^{13} 621^{12} 629^{4} 976^{1}

هادَاكَ (= هُدِيَ) 139^{4}

هدد. هَدَّ see 968 notes [4]

هدل. هَدالِيل (pl. of هُدْلُولٌ) *heaps of fine sand* 516^{3} 579^{6}

هدم. هُدامٌ *sharp* 248^{11} 1014^{3} (as var.)

هدى هَدَى i. *to utter* (with ب) 274^{9}

هرب هَرِبٌ *wide* (said of the mouth) 622^{13}, *wide-mouthed* (epith of the lion) 997^{2}

أَهْرَبُ see 997^{3}

هرج. مُهَرَّجٌ *a man who treats his camels roughly* 406^{7}

هرر. هَرَّ i. *to dread* (with acc.) 422^{9} 198^{17} 942^{8}

هَرَّارٌ *bitterly cold* 876^{5}

هَرِيرٌ — يَوْمُ الهَرِيرِ i. e. *the day of battle* (in a verse by ar-Rabiʿ ibn Ziyād) 104^{9}

هرس هَراسٌ *a thorn* 595^{4}

هرس. هِرَاسٌ *combat* (between animals), صُعْرًا هِرَاسٌ 242[20]

هرف. مَهْرُوفٌ see under مهرف

هرم. هَرِمَ *to become decrepit* 28[11]

هَرَمٌ coll. *a kind of salt plant* 250[13]

هِرَامٌ (pl of هَرِمٌ) *decrepit* 1008[10]

هَوَارِمُ (pl. of هَارِمَةٌ) epith of camels, according to some *old*, according to others *eating salt plants* 936[12]

هربع هَرَابِعُ (pl. of هَرْبَعٌ or هِرْبِعٌ) *lice* 199[6]

هرى. هَارٍ (هَائِرٌ) *crumbling* 598[10]

هزأ. هَزِئَ *to deride* (with ب) 963[13], with من 1008[6] 1015[8]

هزبر. هِزَبْرٌ *lion* 282[7] 467[1] 619[15] 622[15] 1015[11]

هزج هَزِجٌ *uttering a deep sound*, هَزِجُ الرَّوَاءِ epith. of a thunder-cloud 965[5]

هزر. مِهَزٌّ *the shaft* of a spear 23[15]

مِهَزٌّ *flourishing* (said of vegetation) 1052[13]

هزل هَزْلَى (pl of هَزْلٌ?), هَزْلَى الْمَحْمُولَةِ *a man* (?) *whose beasts of burden are emaciated* 951[5]

هزم. هُزِمَ *to be abandoned* i. e. *left unavenged* 919[8] — the phrase هُزِمَ لَهُ حَقُّهُ seems to have been understood by the commentator as "he conceded his right" (cf. سُلِمَ لَهُ حَقُّهُ), whereas in the Lisān XVI 93[7] it is explained as = قَصَمَهُ i. e. "he granted him less than was due to him"

تَهَزَّمَ *to be broken* 852[6]

هَازِمَاتٌ *shattering blows* 370[15]

هَزِيمٌ epith. of a thunder-cloud, *crashing*, or, according to another view, *cleft* by the storm 848[15] 849[3]

هَرْمَةٌ *a cleft* 130[10]

هُرُومٌ (pl. of هَرْمٌ) *apertures* 109[5]

هَرِيمٌ *swift* (epith. of a horse) 588[13] (=932[11] 1081[4])

هَرَائِمُ (pl. of هَرِيمَةٌ) *torn* (said of skin-bottles) 345[15], metaph. *those who are left unavenged* (?) 919[8] *fugitives* 386[3] (see 387[4])

مِهْرَامٌ a game, or dance, resembling *blind man's buff* 41[4]

مَهْرُومٌ *hollow-chested* 975[10]

هرهر. هَرَاهِرُ (pl of هَرْهَرٌ) *commotions* 742[19] 1078[16]

هسس. هَسَّ u. *to batter* (with acc.) 146[13] (text doubtful): I. *to be stirred* (said of the heart) 962[11]

هصب هَصْبَةٌ *a hill* 965[12], coll. هَصْبٌ 713[5], pl. هِصَبَانٌ 188[4] or هِصَابٌ 450[13] 465[4] 1037[4]

أَهَاصِيبُ (pl. of أُهْصُوبَةٌ) *rain-showers* 155[5]

هصم. أَهَاصِيمُ (=أَهْصَامٌ pl. of هَصَمٌ or هِصَمٌ) *the hollows* of a valley 516[4] (as var.)

هعب هَعَبَ *to cast forth from the mouth* (with acc.) 449[6]

هَعَبَةٌ see 449[10] seq.

هعف. هَعِفٌ *thin, watery* 116[4]

هعو. هَعَا u. *to descend, swoop down* 1024[19]. *to be noised abroad* 1076[15] (var. سَارَ 456[2])

هَوَاعٍ (pl of هَاعِيَةٌ) *strayed* camels 484[9]

هَعْوَةٌ *a mistake* I. e. *a delusive hope* 818[8]

هعع. اَلْهَعْهَعُ name of a constellation 520[10]

هل هَلِ a cry addressed to horses 336[4] 461[13] (..475[14]) 712[5], هَلَا id. 664[8]

هلب. هُلْبٌ *hair*, هُلْبُ اسْمِها as a term of abuse 121[13] 162[4]

هلعم. هِلْعامَةٌ *glutton* 1062[7]

هلك. بَهْلَكَةٌ or بَهْلَكَةٌ *ruin* 167[7] (as var.) 641[6]

هلل. هَلَّلَ *to draw back* (intrans) 711[7] (read يُهَلِّلُ) 931[5]

أَهَلَّ *to shout* (in announcing the hour of prayer) 996[3]

تَهَلَّلَ *to make a loud noise* (said of rain) 636[1]

اسْتَهَلَّ *to begin to shed rain* 499[6], partic. 159[5], *to shed tears* 501[11] cf مُسْتَهِلُّ الْقَطْرِ 1043[9]. *to burst forth* (said of tears) 232[2]

هلبل. هَلْبَلَ *to delay the death of* a person (acc) 23[18], with ب 24[1]. *to weave finely* (applied to poetry) 905[5], ثَوْبٌ مُهَلْبَلٌ ibid

همد. أَهْمَدَ *to quench* 491[12] (as var)

همر. هِمْبارٌ *babbler* 862[13]

مُهْمِرٌ *flowing* 52[7] 1018[8] (as var.)

همس. هَمَسَ 1 *to speak unintelligibly* (with ب) 963[5] (var. وهمسوا in the Lisān)

هَمْسَى (fem. of هَمْسانُ?) *confused, unintelligible* (in speech) 963[1]

هملج. هَمْلَجَ *to march slowly* 406[5]

همم. هُمامٌ *hero* 266[1] 299[19] 362[10] 702[3] 835[7] 1020[1] 1047[1]

همى. هَمَى 1. *to flow* (said of sweat) 839[9]

هنا. هَنَّا وهَنَّا عن *do not mention*... 95[18]

هنأ. هُنِئَ *to be smeared with pitch* (as a cure for mange) 524[16]

هَنَّأَ with 2 acc.'s, أَهْنَأَهُمْ ما غَنِموا i. e. *I will suffer them to retain their booty* 68[9]

هنبر. أُمُّ الْهِنْبِرِ see 466[11]

هند. هِنْدِيٌّ epith. of a sword 662[15]

هُنْدُوانِيٌّ *id.* 62[15] (= 430[7]), pl. هُنْدُوانِيَّاتٌ 689[4], said of a girdle (بِطَانٌ) 154[12]

هُنَيْدَةٌ (diptote) *a hundred camels* 382[2]

مُهَنَّدٌ epith. of a sword 494[3]

هبس. هُبَابَةٌ *the fat contained in the marrow* 862[1]

هبج. أَهْوَجُ *half-witted* 152[15], for الأَهْوَجُ see Index III s. v. وَكِيع بن حَسَّان

هود. هِوَادَةٌ *reconciliation* 155[8] 335[1] 780[12]

هور. تَهَوَّرَ *to fall headlong* 877[4] (as var.), maṣd. 680[9]

هَارٌ *crumbling* 857[5]

هَاتِرٌ see هَارٍ s. r. هوى

هوز. الهُبُورُ see 134[1]

هوس. هَوَّاسٌ (explained as = شَدِيد) epith. of a lion 736[16]

هوم. هَامٌ (= هَوِيٌّ) 1013[11] (as var.)

هون. أَهُونُ عَلَيَّ بِالوَعِيدِ *how little does the threat alarm me!* 57[4]

هوى. هَوِيَ I. *to be hollow* 969[5] (see the Lisān loc. cit.)

أَهْوَى *to plunge headlong* (absol.) 518[9]. *to aim* at an object (with ل of the object and ب of the missile) 191[12], with ل only 416[7] 455[10], with إلى and acc. أَهْوَى النَّسْفَ 417[4]: *to use as a signal* (with ب) 491[11] (as var.)

هُوَّةٌ — فِي هُوَّةِ الأَرْضِ *in the depths of the earth* 1046[12]

أَهْوَاءٌ (pl. of هَوًى) — تَكَلَّمَ بِالأَهْوَاءِ *to utter arbitrary (i.e. unfounded) opinions* 1049[20], عَلَى الأَهْوَاءِ *pêle-mêle* 1091[18]

مَهْوَاةٌ *abyss, precipice* 506[7] 680[6]

هيب. أَهَابَ *to call animals* (denom from هَابٍ q. v.) 447[15]

مَهْمَهٌ *a thing that is dreaded* (applied to deep water) 517[11]

هجج. هَاجَ I. *to become hot, parched* (said of the soil) 961[4]

هصص. هَصْصَاتٌ *relapses of a malady*, hence هَصْصَاتُ النُّعَاسِ *fits of drowsiness* 775[6]

مَهِيضٌ *broken afresh* (said of a limb) 517[8]

مُهْيَاضٌ *fracture* (properly of a bone), hence مُهْيَاضُ الْفُؤَادِ 553[7]

هيع. مَهْيَعٌ *plain, open* (epith of a public road) 978[8]

هيف. هَيْفٌ *a hot wind* 1[9]

هيم. هَيَّمَ *to drive mad* (absol.) 60[4]

هُيَّمٌ (pl. of هَائِمٌ) *frantic, eager* 962[13]

هُيَامٌ *raging thirst* (properly in camels) 1007[16]

و

و. وَ وسر 364[16]

وأد. وَائِدٌ *one who buries a child alive*, pl. masc 950[14], pl. fem. 789[7] (= 498[11])

وَئِيدٌ *a child condemned to be buried alive* 498[9] 609[10] 697[3] seq 789[7] (= 498[11]). *the tramp* of horses 582[10]

مَوْءُودَةٌ 327[20]

وأر أَوْأَرَ *to perceive* (with ب) 8[11], نُوَّارٌ = نُوَّرٌ

اِسْتَوْأَرَ see اِسْتَوْرَأَ

وأل. وَأَلَ imperf. يَئِلُ *to escape* 283[4] 420[15], partic. 606[5] (as var.)

وَالَ *to flee* 241[6] 677[4] (text doubtful)

وأم. وَاءَمَ *to compete with* a person (acc) 414[15] (= 625[16]), mașd. مُوَاءَمَةٌ 414[13] (= 625[12]) 418[2]

وأى. وَأَى imperf. يَئِي *to promise* (with ل of the pers.) 98[19]

وِثْنٌ *a large cauldron* 909[9], metaph. 909[13]

وأ . أَوِئَا (= أَوِمَا) 572[9] (as var.)

أَسْوَأَ *to find* a place *unhealthy* 1020[13]

وتر وَتِرٌ *a single hair* 140[6]

أَوْتَرُ — تَمَانُ أَوْتَرَ or تَمَانُ الأَوْتَرِ see 162[6 14]

وبل . وَبْلٌ *a rain-storm* 586[13]

وَابِلٌ *id* 626[15] 636[1] 637[13]

وتر . وِتْرٌ *an odd number* (opp. to شَفْعٌ, see 686[14]), hence صَلَاةُ وِتْرٍ *a prayer containing an odd number of rakaʿāt* 444[6] *a blood-feud*, pl. أَوْتَارٌ 873[6] 1042[2]. *one with whom one has a blood-feud* 812[1], pl 861[12]

وَتْرَةٌ *intermission, respite* 155[4]

تِرَاتٌ (pl of تِرَةٌ) *vengeance for bloodshed* 742[6]

أَوْتَارٌ (pl of وَتَرٌ) *the tendons* of the human body 860[11]

مُوتِرٌ *one who is involved in a blood-feud* 918[10] [cf. Tabarī II 1966[6], Mubarrad 526[2]]

وثب . أَوْثَبَ *to make* a horse *leap upon* a thing (with 2 acc's) 1003[11], see Lisān II 291[19]

تَوَثَّبَ *to leap upon* a thing (acc.) 144[5]

وَثَّابٌ *wanton* 1097[7]

وثق . وَثَّقَ *to guarantee, render certain* (with ب of the thing) 603[3] (MSS وَبَّقَ), see Tabarī II 1316[4] and Glossary

اِسْتَوْثَقَ *to obtain assurances* (of support) 729[10]

وَثِيقَةٌ *alliance* 980[16]

مَوَاثِقُ (= مَوَاثِيقُ pl. of مِيثَاقٌ) 1082[6]

وحأ. وَحَأَ a. *to wound* 471[12] 728[8]

مَوْجُوء see 9[5]

وحب. أَوْحَبَ *to bind oneself to do* a thing (acc.) 86[3]

وَحَبٌ *palpitation* of the heart 220[12]

وحد. وَحَدَ (imperf. يَحِدُ or يَحْدُ, Lisān IV 459[3]) *to be angry* with a person (with على) 691[8]

وحر. أَوْحَرَ *to make to swallow* (with 2 acc.'s) 228[5], metaph *to pierce with* a lance 236[10]

وَحَارٌ or وِحَارٌ *the hole* of a hyaena 584[12] seq. 593[5] 863[5] 979[5] seq, du 832[7]

وحس. أَوْحَسَ *to conceive fear* of a person (with من) 420[16]

وحع. وَحِعَ imperf. يَحْوَعُ 168[7]

تَوَحَّعَ *to feel pain in* a certain part (acc.) 709[11]

وحف. أَوْحَفَ *to march quickly* 591[7] 599[9] (as var.) 978[6], maṣd. 245[2]

وَحَفٌ *quick march* 891[9] 978[5]

وحل. وَحِلَ *to fear* (with من) 234[6]

وحم. وَحَمَ i. *to cast the eyes down* (in sorrow) 310[16], in shame 404[5] (cf 765[5])

وحى مِسْحَمَةٌ pl. مَوَاحِمُ see 341[2] seq

وحه. وَحَّهَ *to make to turn round* (?) 155[15]

وَاحَهَ *to confront* 346[1]

وَحٌ *an expedition, a raid* pl. وُحُوهٌ 928[6]: *a person of importance* 462[13], pl. 383 notes[10]. خَلَّوْا لَهُ وَحْيَهُ *they allowed him to pass freely* 145[1], دَحَّ عَلَى وَحْيِهِ *he marched on* 234[7] cf. 1061[14]

وَحْيَهُ or وِحْيَهُ *the course* of the wind 586[10]

وحى. وَحِىَ *to suffer from the wearing-down of the hoofs* 290⁴, maṣd وَحًى 304⁹ 461¹⁵ 891⁹ or وَحًا 698¹⁶

وَحٍ adj. 706¹²

وحد. واحِدٌ with a pl., على مِياهٍ واحِدَةٍ *at the same watering-places* 470⁴

مَوْحَدَ adv *singly* (opp. to مَثْنَى) 58¹⁵

وحس. تَوَحَّسَ *to strip oneself bare* 207⁹

وَحْسِىٌّ *the outer side* (?) 53¹⁷ 141¹³

وحل. وَحْلٌ *a morass* 144² 167⁸

وحى. وَحْىٌ *script* 1015³: *announcement* 838⁶ 1006¹

وَحًا (= وَحًى) see 602³

وحد واحِدٌ *striding* (epith. of a chieftain) 752⁹

وَحُود *id* (epith. of a she-camel) 176¹

وحف. وَحْفٌ *a mixture used for washing the head* 337¹²

وحم. وَحِمٌ *unwholesome* (applied to pasture) 57¹¹

وَحِمٌ *id.* 96¹⁹ 497⁷

مُتَوَحِّمٌ *id.* used metaphorically 16¹³

ودد. وَدَّ a. followed by the perf. without لَوْ 524⁵

وُدٌّ *friendship* between tribes 545⁴, *love* between a man and a woman 685¹⁴

ودع. وَدَعَ imperf. يَدَعُ *to remain* 557⁸

أَوْدَعَ *to confide* a person *to the care of* another (with 2 acc.'s) 1044³

تَوَدَّعَ *to remain quiet* 582¹⁶

وَدَعٌ coll. *shells* (worn by women, especially by slaves) 120¹⁹, ذو الوَدْعِ and ذو الوَدَعاتِ see Index III s v. تُبَّع بن حَسَّان

وذف. وَذَفَ I. masd. وُذُوف see 502[10] seq.

وَذْف *rain-water* 1018[7]

وَذَاف or وِذَاف *lust* (in speaking of a she-ass) 204[18]

وَذِيف adj. applied to a mare 761[9]

وَذِيفَة *the heat* of the sun 393[5] 502[9]

وذن وَذَّنَ *to anoint the eye* (as a cure for ophthalmia) 1090[4]

وذى. وَذَى I. said of a horse 83[18] *to pay a compensation for murder* (with acc. of the price and of the murdered person) 92[15 17], *to compensate for injury* (with acc. of the part injured) 485[1] seq.

أَوْذَى *to perish* (of persons) 1022[6], *to be lost* 120[19] 542[15], *to remain unavenged* (of bloodshed) 80[5] (= 768[10]). *to destroy* (with ب) 282[7]

تَوَاذَى *to pay compensation mutually* 229[5]

واد — وَادِى ٱلْكَلْب 171[8]

وِذَاء applied to *the price paid for a wife* 808[11]

وَوَاد (pl of وَدَنَة) *pieces of wood used for binding the udders of camels* 122[15]

ودم. وَدَم coll. *cords which fasten the handles of a bucket to the cross-pieces* (ٱلْعَرَاقِى) 1094[8]

ورأ. ٱسْتَوْأَرَ *to start running* 983[1] (var وٱسْتَوْأَرَتْ)

ورب. وَرِبَ with 2 acc.'s 201[10]

وَرَّبَ *to become an heir* 232[1]

وَرِبَة see under وَرِب

ورد. ٱسْتَوْرَدَ *to bring* a thing (acc.) *down upon oneself* 12[15]

وَرْد *tawny* (epith of a lion) 282[12] (but see the gloss) 487[1], of a horse 507[8] 1024[18]

وِرْد metaph. *an army* 65² 70² 601³ ¹² 802¹⁴, pl. أَوْراد 485¹³: see also 65³ seq.

وَرْدَة see 282¹⁵ (read لَوْرَدَة?)

وارِد — الوارِد البَطْحاء *stretching down the valley* 60¹³

وَرود *far-travelling* (epith. of a poem) 62⁸ 688⁴

وَرِيد *the jugular vein* 552¹⁶ 892⁹

نَوْرَد *fierceness in attacking* 487¹

مَوارِد (pl. of مَوْرِد) *paths* 64¹² 988¹³

مَوْرود *seized with fever* 65⁵

مُتَوَرِّدَة see 282¹⁵

ورس وَرْس *a kind of saffron* used as a perfume 255¹⁶ 601⁹ 841⁷ 1002⁵

ورع وَرَّعَ *to hold back, restrain* (with acc) 304¹⁶ 1071¹² 1098² *to ward off a blow* 455¹⁰ (= 1076²), hence *to defend* (with عن) 155¹⁴: intrans *to stop, halt* (said of riders) 978²

وَرِع *feeble, cowardly* 675¹¹

ورف أَوْرَفَ *to put forth leaves* 306³, maṣd. 307¹

وَرِق coll. *coins* 364¹² 417¹⁴

أَوْرَق *dark* (said of the complexion) 852¹⁶, fem. وَرْقاء (epith of a camel) 804¹⁵

مُتَوَرِّف *devouring foliage* (said of locusts) 584²⁰

ورك وَرَّكَ *to rest one's haunches* upon an object (with على) 483³

وِراك *a kind of cushion* which was placed on the front part of a saddle 1010⁸

مَوْرِك see 1010⁹

مَوْرِكَة *that part of the* وِرَاك *on which the rider places his leg* 1010[8], pl. مَوَارِك 1016[12]

ورم. تَوَرَّم *to swell, become inflamed* 840[10]

وَارِم *swollen* 398[8]

مُوَرَّم *id.* 627[9] (as var.)

الأَوْرَم see 134[1]

ورء. وَرْهَاء *foolish* (said of a woman) 805[8]

وري. الوَرَى see 134[1]

وَارٍ *capable of producing fire* (said of a fire-stick) 246[9]

وَرَاء — الْمُحَامِي وَرَاءَ عَا *he who protects them from being attacked in the rear* 379[8], cf. وَرَائِكَ مِنْ 457[5] (= 1077[6]) مِنْ وَرَائِنَا explained as = أَمَامَنَا 345[11]

ورر. وَرَّار see under وروار

ورع. أَوْرَع *to urge a beast on*, maṣd 310[7]. *to drive away* مُورِعَ الْحِمَارِ 670[5]

مُتَوَرِّع *divided* 968[13] (as var.), see 833[5]

ورم. وَرِم see 206[17]

وَارِمَة *tearing flesh* (epith. of an eagle) 206[16]

وزن. وَزَنَ I *to outweigh* 188[3] 445[7] 972[7]

وَازَنَ *to be on a level* with something (with ب) 612[9]

وروار وَرْوَار *nimble* 395[15] (= 767[1], var. بِوَزَّار)

وري. وَارَى *to be on a level* with something (with ب) 989[10]

وسح وَسَحَ I. *to march quickly* 147[15]

وسد وَسَّدَ *to give as a pillow* (with 2 acc.'s) 829[4], مُوَسَّد I. e. *a wounded warrior* 492[4]

وسط. وَاسِطَة *the front of a saddle* 1026[14]

وسع. اِسْتَوْسَعَ *to occupy a wide territory* 971[1]

وَسَاعٌ *swift* (said of a camel) 191[6]

وسف. تَوَسَّفَ *to peel off* (intrans.) 561[6] 594[13]

وسف. وَسَفَ I. *to hold, contain* (with acc.) 221[10]. *to amass* poetry 477[12] (as var.)

وَسَفٌ coll. *camels driven off by raiders* 648[11]

وسم. وَسَمَ I. *to mark* i. e. *to satirise* (with acc.) 295[13] 297[7] 451[6] 900[15]

وَسْمِيٌّ *early autumn rain* 1009[15], see 520[8]

وِسَامٌ (pl. of وَسِيمٌ) *beautiful* 42[15]

مَوْسِمٌ — اَلْمَوْسِمُ *the annual Pilgrimage* 417[14] 941[10], *the fair at* ʿUkāẓ 438[3] seq., اَلْمَوْسِمَانِ 798[12], pl. مَوَاسِمُ *festivals* 370[2] 371[13] 379[1] 399[15] 413[14] 615[13] 620[9] 720[1] (= 740[7]) 765[3] 1016[16]

مِيسَمٌ *branding-iron* 588[13] (= 932[11] 1081[4]), pl. مَوَاسِمُ 322[11] 446[6] 769[3] 900[14]

وسب. أَوْسَابٌ (pl. of وِسْبٌ) *mixed multitudes* 354[10]

وسج وَسِيجٌ coll. *lances* 386 notes[15] 1003 notes[2]

وسج. مُتَوَسِّجٌ *waist* 509[16]

وسر. مِيسَارٌ *a saw* 852[3] — see مِنْسَارٌ s. r. أسر

وسط. وَسَطٌ coll. *chips of wood*, metaph. *a rabble* 599[1]

وسك. وَسْكٌ *approach, nearness* 515[15]

وسل. أَوْسَالٌ (pl. of وَسْلٌ) *water that trickles from a hill* 31[11] (as var.) 280[17] 292[5] 304[9]

وسى. أُوسِيَ *to be urged on* (said of a beast) 430[2]

وصد. مُوصَدٌ *solid, massive* 23[13]

وصل. وَصَلَ I. *to treat* a person (acc.) *as a kinsman* 836⁶, وَصَلْتُكم رَحِمٌ *you have done your duty as kinsmen* 929⁵. pass. *to be closed* (said of a wound) 193⁸

وصى. وَصَّى (= أَوْصَى) with acc. of the person 776¹⁶, with 2 acc.'s 804¹⁷. see also 853 notes⁵

أَوْصَى with cognate acc. and إلى of the person 800⁴, with ب of the thing and ل of the pers. 853¹⁰

وصاة (= وصيّة) 776¹⁶

وصا. وَصْوٌ, وَصُوٌّ see 334⁸

مِيضَأَة *a laver* 732⁷ seq.

وضح. وَضَحَ I. *to come into view* (said of a rider) 1045¹⁵

وَضَحُ — وَضَحُ الطَّرِيقِ *the main road* 648¹² 900¹⁶

وضح. واضَحَ *to compete with* a person (acc.), especially in drawing water 747³

وضر. وَضْرَاءُ (fem. of أَوْضَرُ) *filthy* 681¹¹

وضع. وَضَعَ a. *to hasten* (intrans.) 72¹¹

واضَعَ *to discuss* a thing *with* a person (with 2 acc.'s) 86⁶, mas̱d. مُواضَعَة 86¹⁴, see Lisān X 282¹⁷ seq

أَوْضَعَ *to urge* a beast *on at full speed* 1085¹⁰, with obj. understood أَوْضَعُوا به *they made him ride at full speed* 679², intrans. *to hasten* 72⁹ 914⁵

اسْتُوضِعَ *to be compelled to sell at a loss* 966⁹

ضَعَة coll. *certain kinds of desert shrubs* 490⁶

وَضَائِع (pl. of وَضِيعَة) *levies, troops* raised by the Lakhmite kings 656⁹, see 884¹² seq.

مُوضَع *laid out* (after the manner of food) 1099¹⁵, see Ḥamāsa 181²⁸

وصن. وَصَنَ 1. *to plait* leathern thongs 641[10]

وِصَنٌ *a strap of plaited thongs* used for fastening a litter on a camel 643[6], pl. وُصُنٌ 641[6] seq. 643[6]

مَوْصُونَةٌ *flexible, closely woven* (epith of a coat of mail) 154[12]

وطأ. وَطِئَ (= نَكَحَ) with acc of the woman 1061[13]

أَوْطَأَ *to trample* a place (acc.) 759[3]

تَوْطِئَةٌ *the act of trampling, crushing* 1029[8]

وطب. وَطْبٌ *a skin-bottle* (especially for milk) 32[4] 492[10] (as var) 794[13], pl. وِطَابٌ 448[1] 836[14] (= 299[12]) 921[10]

وطر. وَطَرٌ — قَضَى وَطَرًا مِنْ *to finish with* . . 338[14]

موطن. مَوْطِنٌ *a place of contest, arena* 922[9]

وظف. وَظِيفٌ *fore-arm* 493[13]

وعب. أَوْعَبَ *to find oneself on soft ground* 584[10]

وَعْبٌ *soft, sandy ground* 247[5] 517[8] 584[11]

وعد. أَوْعَدَ *to threaten* a person *with* something (with 2 acc's) 1099[2]

وعر. وَعِرَ, وَعُرَ see 539[6]

وُعُورٌ (pl. of وَعِرٌ) as adj *harsh* (said of satires) 34[4] as subst *rough places* 539[3]

أَوْعَرُ *most rugged* 1003[8]

وعس. وَعَسَ 1. *to render smooth* 21[14]

وَعْسٌ *smooth*, وَعْسَةٌ *a stretch of smooth sand* du 21[12]

وعى. وَعَا (= وَعَى) see 602[3]

وعر. وَعَرَ (masd. وَعْرٌ) *to hate* (absol.) 13[10]

وعل. وَعْلٌ *a weakling* 65[13] 129[13] 146[13] (= 327[21]) 163[7] 339[17] see also 65[14] seq

وَاغِلٌ see 66[1] 129[14]

وعم. وَعْمٌ *hatred* 873[6]

وتر. وَتْرٌ *large herds* (of camels) 618[5]

وَاتِرٌ *whole, uninjured* 197[14] (cf. 1059[4])

أَوْتَرُ *id.* 995[15], pl وُتْرٌ (explained by وِدَانٌ مَمْلُوءَةٌ) 52[10], see "Additions and Corrections"

وقص. وَقَصَهُ see 6[18]

وفق. اتَّفَقَ *to be brought about by agreement* 738[15]

وفى. وَفَى I. *to secure, guarantee* (with ب) 371[1] (= 366[8])

وَفَّى *to make up* a number 1027[3], with 2 acc's وَفَّاهُمُوهَا *he made up them number to it* (1 e. to a hundred) 1086[14]

أَوْفَى *to tower above* (?) a thing (acc) 1477: *to compensate for the loss* of an object (with ب) 192[7] (= 236[3]) 284[17] 851[16], with acc. of the person who receives compensation 694[12], with acc of the pers and مِنْ of the thing 400[12] *to give* something *to* a pers. *as a compensation* for something else (with 2 acc's and مِنْ) 944[13] (= 1096[9])

تَوَفَّى *to fill* (with acc) 74[4]. *to obtain in full*, تَوَفَّيْتُ دَيْنِي *I obtained all that I was bound to demand* 716[8]

تَوَافٍ *the act of coming together* 1 e. *reconciliation* 412[2]

وقب. وَقْبٌ see 91[9] 225[12] 247[6] 411[15]

وَقَى (= وَاسِعُ الْفَرْجِ) 476[5]

مِيقَاءٌ *a woman whose children are stupid* 91[8] 411[14] 681[8]

وقد. وَقُودٌ, وُقُودٌ see 334[7] seq.

اسْتَوْقَدَ *to burn* (intrans.) 977[6], partic 502[6]

وفد. وَفَدَ i. *to strike* 332[17] 728[9]

وفر. وَفْرٌ *soreness* (in the back of a beast) 948[9]

وَفْرٌ *a drove of sheep and asses* 11[15]

إِيفَارٌ *heaviness* (of a tree laden with fruit) 869[9]

وفص. وَفْصٌ (pl. of وَفِصَّةٌ) *animals whose necks have been broken* (?) 960[7]

مُوَفِّصُ — مُوَفِّصُ الأَقْرَانِ *one who crushes his rivals* 888[4]

وقع. وَقَعَ a. *to hammer* iron (acc) 235[5]. *to vituperate* (with عَ) 547[8]

أَوْقَعَ *to hint, insinuate* (with acc of the thing and لِ of the pers.) 831[3]: *to defeat* (with بِ) 1079[10]

وَقْعَةٌ coll *men struck down in battle* 195[15]

وُقَّعٌ (pl. of وَاقِعٌ) *settling, alighting* (said of birds) 836[4] (= 120[18]) 961[8]

وَقْعَةٌ *blame* (with عَ) 353[11]

وُقَيْعَةٌ (dimin. of وَقْعَةٌ) 508[13]

مُوَقَّعٌ *covered with sores* 181[6] 340[9] 627[8] 792[13] 823[15] 826[5] 874[9] 1022[7] (= 704[13]), metaph. 980[3]

مَوَاقِعُ (apparently pl of مَوْقِعٌ) *sore places* 704[8]

وقف. وَقَفَ I *to cause to stop* (with acc.) 973[10], partic 823[11], partic pass. 596[5]

وَقَّفَ *to halt* (absol) 572[5]

وُقُوفٌ (pl. of وَاقِفٌ) *standing still* 1003[1]

مُوَقَّفٌ *set up as a target*, or, according to another view, *scarred* 573[5] 596[5]

مِيقَافٌ see 119[6]

وقل. تَوَقَّلَ *to go up* (?) 709[4] (as var.)

وقى. وَقَّى *to cause to avoid* (with 2 acc.'s) 49^{12} (= 783^{11})

اِتَّقَى *to use as a means of defence* (with ب) 506^{11} 846^{1}, pass. impers. 611^{8}, with acc and ب 614^{18}

وكس. وُكِّسَ *to be reduced* (said of a price) 25^{14}

أَوْكَسُ *smallest* (in quantity) 884^{7}

وكع. أُوكِعَ see 979^{11}

مِكَعٌ *a kind of skin-bottle* 979^{9}

وكف. وَكَفَ I *to drop* (said of tears) 663^{15}, *to shed tears* 1107, masd. وَكْفٌ 964^{16} or وُكُوفٌ 442^{9}: وَاكِفٌ *dripping* (said of a wine-press) 342^{3}

وَكْفٌ *leakage*, metaph. *injury* 721^{6}

مُوَكَّفٌ *saddled with an ass's saddle* (وِكَافٌ) 115^{2}

وكل. وَاكَلَ *to desert, abandon* (with acc) 637^{1} (= 588^{18}), with obj. understood 23^{3}

تَوَكَّلَ *to act as a guardian* (?) 709^{5}

تَوَاكَلَ *to abandon successively* (with acc.) 163^{2} *to leave one's post, fail to do one's duty* 238^{1} 678^{5} *to become slack, languid* 558^{3} (as var.)

وكن وَكَنَ I. *to sit* 319^{12}

ولج. وَلَجَ I. *to enter* (with acc) 183^{1} 590^{1}

وَالِجٌ *a friend* (?) 1002^{13} [cf وَلَاحَةٌ Kur'ān IX 16]

ولد. وَلَدَ *to bear young in great numbers* (said of sheep) 317^{18}

وَالِدٌ – أَقْرَبُ وَالِدَيَّ *my immediate ancestors* 73^{2}

لِدُونَ (pl of لَدٌ) *contemporaries* 1008^{10}

مِيلَادٌ see 472^{9} (text doubtful)

ولع. أُولِعَ *to inspire* a person *with desire* for an object (with acc. and ب)

447[18], pass. 832[11] partic. pass. 630[1 8] 976[10], hence أُولِعَ means *to desire to injure* (with ب of the pers.) 1097[3] cf. 670[4](?) 985[12] and Ṭabarī Gloss. s. v.

مُوَلَّعَة *striped, variegated* (epith. of an antelope) 823[9], metaph. *faithless* (of a woman) 805[2]

ولع. أُولِعَ *to be caused to lap, given to drink* of a thing (with ع or س) 512[5]

ولم أَوْلَمَ *to make a feast* (وَلِيمَة) 938[2] (= 440[5])

وله. وَلَّهَ *to madden* 847[10]

وَلْهَى (fem. of وَلْهَان) *mad* 340[16]

ولى وَلَّى *to turn* the back *on* a person (with 2 acc.'s) 457[15]. *to hold* some one *responsible for* a thing (with 2 acc.'s) 105[14] see also مُوَلٍّ below

وَالَى *to remove* (with acc.) 410[15]: *to kill* several persons *in succession* (with سس) 189[6]

تَوَالَى *to follow one another* 1078[7]

مَوْلَى (= ابن عَمّ) 580[7], pl. مَوَالٍ 424[7] (?)

مَوْلِيَّة *watered by repeated showers* (وَلِيّ) 970[6]

مُوَلٍّ *old* 12[1]

ونى. وَنَى I. *to fail* 575[10] (see 169[15] seq.), وَانٍ *weak* 169[13] 339[17] 497[14]

وهب. وَهَبَ a. *to forgive* some one for the sake of some one else (with acc. and ل) 275[9] (= 1052[9]) 276[1] 548[3] seq. [cf Aghānī XIX 42[25]]

وهج. وَهْج *scorching heat* 1051[1], وَهَج *id.* 272[18] 281[4] (cf. 294[2]), وَهَجَان *id.* 399[2]

وَهَّاج adj 502[14]

وهر. وَهَرَ i. *to crush* (insects) 199[6]

وهس. تَوَهَّسَ *to march with a heavy tread* 471[17]

وقص. وَقَصَ 1. *to break, crush,* وَاهِصَةُ الْحُشَى a term of abuse applied to a woman 9^{2} (cf. 30^{1}) 92^{1}

وقط. أَوْقَطَ *to lay low* 72^{3} [cf. Dīnawarī 159^{14}]

وقم وَقْمٌ *stout, strong* (epith. of a man) 142^{11} (text doubtful)

وقى. وَقَى 1. *to be weak, helpless* 96^{7}, masd. وُقِيٌّ 101^{2}

مَوْقِهًا adv. *at midnight* 102^{5} 175^{14}

وقى. وَقَمَ 1 *to be torn* (appl to a skin-bottle) 103^{2}, metaph. of a person 69^{14}, masd وَقْمٌ ibid, of *torn* (said of the skin) 39^{8} 99^{15}

أَوْقَمَ *to break* (stones) 80^{5}

وَقْمٌ *rent, injury* 96^{7}

ول. وَلْ وَائِلْ 3^{8}

ولا. وَلَبَا exclam 92^{6}

ى

يبس. يَابِسٌ *hard* (epith of a sword) 25^{15}

يتم. يَتِمٌ *a creature born feet foremost* 35^{2}

يدى. يَدَى 1. *to confer* a favour (يَدًا, with عَلَى of the recipient) 66^{7}

يَدٌ — يَدٌ حَصْرًا see s r. حصر اتَّخَذَ يَدًا *to lay* some one *under an obligation* (with عِنْدَ of the pers.) 98^{15} du. *the sleeves* of a cuirass 48^{5}: مَلِكُ الْيَدَيْنِ *one whose power extends in all directions* 91^{12}

يرن. يَرْأَمِي, يَرْنِي see s. r. أرن

يسر. يَسَرَ (imperf. يَيْسِرُ) *to play a game for* a prize (acc.) 86^{14}

يَسَّرَ said of sheep or goats 10^{8} (as var.). *to make ready, provide* 17^{9}

أَيْسَار (pl. of يَاسِرٌ or يَسَرٌ) 15^{6} 32^{5} 86^{14} 87^{16} 945 notes ^{3}

مُتَاسِرٌ *living on friendly terms* with a tribe, مُتَاسِرٌ فِي عِدَا الْحَيِّ 47[8] (= 782[2]), see Lisān VII 158[12]

نصر. أَنْصَرُ see s r. أصر

نعر. نَعَرَ (imperf يَنْعِرُ) *to bleat* like a goat 450[17] 999[6] (as var.), maṣd. نَعْرٌ 999[7] or نُعَارٌ 450[18]

نعج. نَاعُوجٌ *the crown of the head* 388[11]

نعع. تَنَعَّعَ *to grow up* (appl. both to men and to animals) 822[4] 826[5] 833[4]. *to mount a hill* 1021[10]

نَاعِعٌ *a boy* 396[5] 691[10]

نَعَاعٌ *a hill* 139[4] 224[6] 602[8], metaph. *honour* 972[7]

نَعْنَعٌ, أَنْعَاعٌ see 822[7] seq.

نعط اسْتَنْعَطَ *to wake* (intrans.) 329[15]

نلب. نَلَبٌ see 143[15]

نلمق نَلَمْقٌ *a tunic, a coat of mail* 735[19], pl. نَلَامِقُ 736[3]

نمم. نَمَّ — حَثُّ نَمَّ *whithersoever he goes* 52[3], مِنْ حَثُّ نَمَّتْ 515[17]

نمى. تَنَمَّى *to march southwards* 890[13] *to use* a man's name *as denoting good luck*, كَانَ الْعَرَبُ يَتَنَمَّى بِهِ 700[10]

نَمْنَمٌ *a kind of cloth* 724[2]

أَنْمَى *the southern side* of a house 281[9], الْمُتَخَلِّسُ الْأَنْمَى *those who sit on the right hand* (of the king) 299[10]. pl أَنَامِي *good omens* 482[10] 486[8]

مَنُونٌ *fortunate*, مَنُونُ النَّعْمَةِ 657[12], pl. مَيَامِينُ 366[1] 538[8]: *approached* from the right side, مَيَامِينُ النَّخْلِ 141[13]

نمع نَامِعٌ *ripe fruit* 60[13]

ننف. أَنْعَافٌ see s. r. نوف

APPENDIX.

PERSIAN WORDS AND PHRASES, NOT INCLUDING THOSE WHICH HAVE BEEN NATURALISED IN ARABIC

ج

جوان مردان چه بودهٔ که نشاوند (juwān mardān chi buwadh ki nashawīdh) i. e. *young men, how is it that you do not advance?* 114[1] (cf. 733[9] seq.)

چ

چهار (chahār) *four* 334[15]

د

دَشْمَنْد (= Arabic مِقْرَام q. v.) 41[6]

دهادسان پنجکان (dihādh-shān panjakān) i. e *give them a five-fold shower of arrows* 114[2] (in the parallel passage پنجوم بالعنجکان 733[10]) — the spelling دهاد (read دهاد) seems to show that the vowel of the imperative plural differed from that of the second person plural of the present tense (e g. in سوند), cf. دروار for *Parwez* 639[4]

ر

رود *lamb* 845[11], see رُوذَف s. r. ردی

ک

کَنْلَنْ (kālang?) *medlar* 40 notes [2]

کُدس (= Arabic مِنْجَنَة) *a kind of club used by fullers* 341[3]

م

مَرْد ومَرْد i. e. *man and man!* (a challenge to single combat) 643[10]

ن

نما هِلنْد تا كارزار كنيم (namē hilend tā kārzār kunīm) i. e. *they do not allow us to fight* 114[1] seq. (the parallel passage substitutes نَـلَـقَـوْنا بأَسِـنَـه رِماحِهم 733[10]) — the form نما (in which ا represents ē as in دهان) is perhaps the oldest example of the use of مى for همى

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

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XX[30] *read* p 13[8] seq. *instead of* p 13[3] seq.

1[4] » حَسَب (so O) » » الْحَسَب

1[6] » لَ (Wellhausen) » » لَهُ

1[8] » عِرْنَعا (cf. Yākūt III 796[9] seq.)

1[16] » مُلَصّ (O مَلِص)

2[15] » وبِرُعَثَة (so O) *instead of* وبِرُعَثَة

5[2] » الاَحْرِقْلَس *and* الْحُقّاف (so O)

5[3] » والْحُقّاف

5[9] » وَحْحَانَ

6[10] » عَسّان

6[13] the vowels of نَعْرُف are conjectural — S has نعرُف

9[7] cf. p 542[8]

9[19] cf. p. 542[6]

10[12] *read* اسمى حُمَل

12 notes [5] *read* 381[22] *instead of* 381[23]

15[3] *read* أَيَّاْ الْحَقَفَى *instead of* أَنَا الْحَقَفَى (so O)

20[17] *omit* نعم بل as a dittography (Wellhausen)

Page

21[1] perhaps we should read ذُو حِدٍّ with one MS of Yāḳūt — see Ḥamāsa 143[13] seq. where both readings are mentioned

24[1] *read* نَعَمٍ

24[6] » دَلَنَهْ

25[15] » السَّوامِ (Wellhausen)

28[2] » وهو (Wellhausen) *instead of* أو شو

29[3] » وحَتَّمْ

31[16] نُعَمَ بن سَرِيك — so also L[2] but without vowel-points

36[13] perhaps we should read اللَّقاحِ, and translate "a she-camel that soon shows signs of pregnancy" — see p 121[13]

37[5] *read* بأَشْحَمَ (?)

37[10] » أَصْرَاسِنا

39[5] » خَدَّ (?) *instead of* خَدَدْ (so S)

40[3] » الفَفْلَى (O الفاعلى)

45[10] » النُّعْمَة

47[3] » ناحَر (so O) *instead of* خَسَر

48[6] » لِلْحَسَد (so O) » » لِلْحَسَد

49[16] » العَنَف

51[17] *insert* وعُكامِسْ *after* وعُكَمِسْ

52[2] *read* ما (so O) *instead of* لم

52[10] » وَتْرًا (?) » » وِتْرًا (cf. 618[5])

54[5] » مُعْظَما

55[5] » عَضَوْنِى لَمْ (Wellhausen)

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55[16] *read* نُداحِل (Nöldeke)

61[9] » رَعَى النُّخْلَ

62[11] » نَعَشَى (O نَعَشَى), cf. Lisān XIX 342[5]

63[15] » أو وَهَنَبا (Wellhausen) *instead of* ووَهَنَبا

65[9] cf the Cairo edition of the *Mufaḍḍalīyāt* (A H. 1324) II 21[1]

70[2] *read* أَسْعَلَىَ

70 notes[3] *read* 63[16] seq. *instead of* 63[19] seq.

71[5] *read* عَصْمَه (O عَصْمَه)

81[17] » كَلْفَكم

82[9] » أَسْعَوِى

86[4] » فعال *instead of* فعَال

86[5] » عَلمتُ » » عملت (so O), cf. Amthāl 28[3], Aghānī XVI 26[2]

88[2] » فسَا

88[6] » عَوْد *instead of* عوف (so O)

89[17] » بضَرْفَه (Noldeke), cf. Aghānī XVI 28[13]

90[6] » تَرَبَع (Noldeke) instead of فَارْبَعَ, cf Ḥamāsa 450[14]

92[7] » تَيْمَتْ (Noldeke)

92 notes[3] *read* حلفاوْهم (Wellhausen)

93[6] *read* وأَعَىَّ (Nöldeke)

94[1] » تَحْرِقَه

94[2] *omit* حُسْنُدب بن (Wellhausen)

95[6] *read* عمرُ (Noldeke)

96 notes[2] *read* 9 cf ibid XII 110[24], XVII 319[19]

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97⁴ *read* أَنَّ *instead of* أَنْ

99⁸ seq. cf. Maidānī II 43⁹ seq.

100² *read* وحَرْمَلَةُ *and* دَهْرٌ (Wellhausen)

106¹⁰ » مَعْشَلُ

106¹⁶ » حُسَّ (O حَسَّ), taking الوَقودَ as = بالوَقود (see 107¹⁶)

108¹⁷ » مَلَا

109¹² » وبُرَى (Wellhausen) *instead of the first* اى

109¹⁴ » حَمْرٍ

116¹⁴ » نمى

117¹ » دلائما

117¹² » وددن

122¹ » رَحا

125¹⁴ » الخُدامِيّ

129⁴ seq. cf. Aghānī XXI 207¹⁶ seq.

139¹⁰ *read* إِنَّ *as in* O

140² » القِسم, and so also in line 7

141³ » أُوقِدَ (twice)

141¹⁸ cf. Mubarrad 78¹⁶

142⁶ *read* مَعَدِيّ

144 notes⁵ *read* 69²² seq. *instead of* 69² seq.

146¹² *read* مَعادِنِها — the conjecture مُعادِنِها is inadmissible, as Brockelmann has pointed out (*Literarisches Zentralblatt*, 13 Jan. 1906, col. 100)

148⁵ » وقَدْ بوكِرَتْ بصيف (Krenkow), cf. Lisān XII 76²⁴

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148[10] *read* وحَسّامٌ أنّ (Noldeke)

149 notes[1] *read* 392[10] *instead of* 393[10]

151[16] *read* الرّتّانْ

155[3] seq. cf. Khizānat I 199[10] seq., Mufaḍḍalīyāt (Cairo ed.) I 69[24] seq.

155[13] seq. cf. ibid. II 26[9] seq.

156[16] *read* الناس *instead of* النّأس

157 notes[1] *read* 59[18] *instead of* 59[1]

158 notes, N[0] **33** — *order of verses in* B (see Preface to vol. III) 1, 7, 8, 11, 5, 6, 2, 9, 3, 4, 12, 13, 10, 14—23, 26—28, 27*, 36—40, 45, 30, 31, 63—65, 29, 41—44, 32—35, 46—52, 24, 53, 54, 25, 55—62

159[7] cf. p. 935[9]

161[4] cf. Khizānat II 292[16]

161[5] cf. *Tahdhīb-al-Alfāẓ* ed. Cheikho (Beyrout 1896) p. 552

[تَدَثَّنْ عَلَيْنا الشَّمْسُ حَتّى كَأَنَّنا مِنَ النَحْرِ تُرْمَى بالسَّكينِ نُورُها]

سُمودًا لَدَى الأَرْسَى كَأَنَّ رُؤُوسَنا عَلاهُنَّ ضُدّاجٌ أَوْ قَوالٍ تَصُورُها

162[10] *read* الطَّراسُ واحِدها تُرْسٌ (so O)

162[11] » الاحْرِدّ *or* الاحْرِدِ

162[12] » الغُسم

163[4] » تَواكَلوا (so O)

168[7] cf. Nold. Beitr. 102[3]

177 notes[7] *read* 12[23] *instead of* 12[2]

178[7] *read* انساس

182[6] cf Smend *De Dsu-r-Rumma* p 17[3] (v. 109)

182[18] *read* عُدَسْ

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183[11] cf. Mubarrad 18[5]

185[11] *read* نُهْدا *instead of* نُعْتَدا (Wellhausen)

187[17] cf. p. 324[12], Z. D M. G. LIV 461[8]

188[16] رُدَيْم (so O) — see Index III s. v. الرَّديم الصَّبّيّ

192[4] cf. Mubarrad 347[15]

198[4] *read* نُتَقَسَّموا (O تَتَقَسَّموا), and see the Glossary s. v.

198[9] » نعمى (so O) *instead of* معمى

199[1] سِمْر (O سمر unvocalised) is in accordance with Ibn Duraid 259[11], Ṭabarī I 1559[17] 1675[9] 1706[4], but Ṭabarī I 1025[18] has سَمِر

199 notes[5] seq *read* نُعْمِر, and in the next line لِيَحْنِثْ وإنّ أعْقَرُ, i. e. "God forbid! should a perfume induce me to violate an oath, even if I have for a while abstained from pleasant food?"

205[18] *read* تَسمر بن انْتَكْب, according to Lisān III 19[19], Wright *Opuscula arabica* 117[2] (Krenkow)

206[11] » صُرَدَ *instead of* صُرَدًا (so O), and similarly p. 207[13]

209[1] cf Lisān IV 205[11]

209[2] i. e "should Salmā be outraged with impunity, seeing that I am a man of energy?" (De Goeje)

216[7] seq the reading حَرْدانيا is to be preferred, since 216[10] shows that the word is co-ordinated with نَيْسَل, not with زَعْم (De Goeje)

217[3] *read* حَمَّل *instead of* حمل

222[14] seq. *read* ومُعاعِسٌ هم صَرِيم, according to pp. 717[8], 979[1]

223[10] *read* أُنْسِيَّ

223 notes[2] *read* 8[18] *instead of* 8[8]

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227[3] *read* كَدَرَه (Brockelmann) *instead of* كُدْرَه (so O)

227[8] » عُشَراوات

229[1] » مُسْتَحيًا

229[17] » زَمَقَ

229 notes [4] *read* N[0] 52 *instead of* N[0] 72

233[11] *read* لَمَحْمَدَ (so O) *instead of* لَمَحْمَدَ

233[17] » حُمْد *and* وَلَحُمْد (Noldeke)

234[9] the words بن بكر should probably be struck out

235[3] cf. Freytag *Arabum Proverbia* I 523 (N[0] 12)

238 notes [4] *read* 11 *instead of* 12

238 notes [5] » 13 » » 14. The citations from al-Anbārī's Commentary on the *Mufaḍḍalīyāt* have been kindly supplied to me by Sir Charles J. Lyall — see his paper in *Orientalische Studien* (Noldeke-Festschrift) ed. Bezold I p. 127 seq.

240[5] seq. *strike out* رَبْعِيّ ابو مُرْهِف as a gloss on line 3 (Wellhausen)

243 notes [2] *read* 365[18] *instead of* 365[1]

248[10] seq. cf. Ibn Ḳutaiba Sh 95[13] seq.

249[16] *read* إِنّى (Noldeke)

255[10] As اللّاءى has everywhere else a plural sense, we must suppose that in this verse there is a mixture of two constructions viz. [هو] مِن اللّاءى تَقْتُلُ الأَنْفَ منها انتِ and [هو] اللّتى تَقْتُلُ الأَنْفَ منه انتِ

262[1] *read* بِرُبوعِ

265[5] cf. Z D. M. G. LIV 449[9] seq.

267[15] صعصعد بن لُبْلَى seems to be the reading of all the MSS, but it is doubtless a mistake for صَعْصَعَةَ ولُبْلَى

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267 notes[6] *read* N[0] 16 v. 18

272[15] *read* الأَحْدَثِه (= النِّعال) *instead of* الأُخرى (Wellhausen)

276 notes[4] *read* IX *instead of* XI

278[8] *read* والشَّمْسُ مُسْرِقَةً وكُلُّ as in L (Wellhausen)

282[8] سَرِبال, the reading of O, is supported by Yāḳūt I 837, II 264[16] 849[22], and the *Ḥamāsa* of al-Buḥturī Leiden MS p. 108 ult., but Mubarrad 35[17] and Ibn Ḳutaiba Sh. 443[2] have سِرْبال

282[15] *read* لَوَرْدة (Noldeke)

299[3] وكانوا seems to be a mistake for وكان (De Goeje)

300 notes[1] *read* pp 535[15] 536[7] *instead of* N[0] 59 v. 88 Comm

302[13] for the Battle of Jiz' Zilāl see Appendix V

307[1] *read* حِلْف بَنِيهم (Wellhausen)

308[4] » تَنْسَلُهُ (so O), see p 425[13] seq.

311[13] » وصَتْ with OL

311 notes[1] *read* 92[7] *instead of* 92

317[16] *read* للصِّناع

318[8] » ارادوا

318[11] » العمامه

323[6] cf p. 1016[1]

324[2] *read* دَعْسَاكِ الحلامَ النج with L (Wellhausen)

324[12] cf. p 187[17]

333[2] *read* عَزَّعَا (O عَزَّرَعَا), and so below

333[3] » لَتَبَا (O لَتَبَا)

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333 notes, N° **50** — *order of verses in* B 1—19, 23, 20—22, 24—27, 28*a* 32*b*, 33—40, 29, 41—44, 27, omitting 28*b*, 30, 31, 32*a* and repeating 27

339^{15} *read* السُّوبانُ

348^{12} see Ḳur'ān XI 44 seq.

351^{6} *read* عُفونَهُ (with O), and take ما رأيتُ as = فيما رأيتُ "in my opinion"

352^{18} » ما صِفَةُ السَّلَلِ (A Fischer), i. e. "the fact that the birth took place in an unusual manner caused your prognosticators to forget the characteristics of the offspring".

355^{18} » ولم (so O) *instead of* وما

356^{3} probably we should read اسْ تَحْمَهَ — see Lisān XV 86^{21} seq

357^{5} *read* مَنَعَ النّاسَ قَطْعَ نَبْرِ نَلْبَ (Wellhausen)

358^{18} seq. *strike out the second* الأُرْدِ من *as a dittography*

360^{1} *read* التّائرينَ

360^{12} » الله *instead of* لله

362^{17} » هل » » هَلْ

369^{10} الرِّعْلِ (so O), cf. عُرْوَةَ بن الرِّعْلِ Boucher 157, Hell N° 263 (Introduction)

373 notes[4] *read* بعسوبه (Schulthess) *instead of* بعسوبه

377^{2} cf p. 746^{15}

381^{5} seq cf. Aghānī XIX 36^{14} seq., 50^{1} seq.

382^{8} *read* المُتَحَرِّمُ (Noldeke) — Boucher's MS has المُتَحَرِّمِ (sic)

382^{11} seq cf. Akhṭal 279^{1} seq.

386 notes[7] *read* الماس *instead of* لناس

389 notes[15] » نووونا (Noldeke)

» notes[16] » نُمِيَ and سُمُوا

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391[14] العَوانِم, the reading of S, is supported by Mubarrad 128[8] and Abū Zaid *Nawādir* 36[10], but see Lisān XV 327[20]

394[1] see p. 699[7]

394 notes, N[0] **52** — B *omits verses* 76, 77, 84, *and inserts after* v. 82 *a verse identical with* N[0] 70 v. 59 *except that* عظم *is substituted for* عِرْف

403[10] *read* حَدّ *instead of* حَدّ (so O) — see Ṣiḥāḥ II 140[11] seq , Lisān XII 351[2] seq.

404 notes[4] *read* كعب *instead of* كلب — see p. 1063[4]

411[2] *read* لامْ without *hamza*, and similarly لامَ in line 8

412[8] » أَرنَدْ *instead of* رَنْد — see p. 471[16]

413[12] » قَطْمى قَطْمى (Nöldeke)

417[5] » عُثمانْ, and so in line 8

417[13] » مُعاسُمك (Noldeke)

418[18] » قُمْر (Krenkow) *instead of* عُمَر — see Abū Zaid *Nawādir* 118[3] seq.

420[12] » الى *instead of* لِى

421[1] » وَنَسِيمْ (O ونسيم)

422[13] » الكُلْب

423[13] cf Aghānī XIII 143[27]

426[6] *read* وبالتحرّى: the third بعمى must be struck out, unless we postulate a lacuna

427[5] » الضّماحِم — see pp 767[15] 768[11]

427[10] cf p. 767[9]

427 notes, N[0] **53** — *order of verses in* B 1—4, 3*, 7, 5, 11, 6, 9, 8, 10, 12—40, 43, 44, 41, 42, 45—47, 47*, 48*a* 66*b*, 67, 68, 68*, 68**, 69—72, 71, 73—80, 82, 81, 83—89, 91, 90, 92—103, 103*, 104—112, omitting 48*b*, 49—65, 66*a*, and repeating 71

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433[7] *read* نَسْبِهَا (Wellhausen)

439[9] » وَجْعَسَ

442[9] after v. 47 B inserts a verse اعدًا حل فى سعدا عرسا الوما لا انا لك واعمرا

443[5] *read* سَوْءَ (O سُوءَ)

445[8] after v. 68 B inserts two verses وحى الحاكمون على معد اذا حل من الحدثان دا
حموا بالعوانس ملحمات من العورين نطلع النعمانا

446[10] *read* قُرَيْعَ وحَسَّدَ *instead of* نَمَّرَ وحَسَّدَ (so O) — see Ibn Durayd 179[6], Lisān XVII 131[21]

446[11] » وحَسَّدَ (O وحسد)

449[10] » نَعْلُو

450[1] after v. 103 B inserts the verse وان لنا منهم ارض تحد وبالعورين اودية رعاها

451[12] *read* حاصِعِينَ

451 notes, N° **54** — *order of verses in* B 1, 2, 4, 3, 5—18, 20—24, 24*, 25—29, 29*, 31—45, 47, 49—57, 59, 58, 60—70, omitting 19, 30, 46, 48

453[11] instead of عَمْرًا Ahlwardt and Aghānī loc. cit. have حَاجِرًا

456[15] *read* بِنَا نَمُو

457[1] » أَنَى

457[5] » أَتَى *where?* (Noldeke)

459[6] instead of حَابِرًا Ahlwardt loc. cit. has حَابِرًا, see also p 1078[3]

461[7] see Lisān XIII 244[25]

461 notes[3] *read* وحاعًا

466[15] after v. 24 B inserts the verse وان النار (?)تصعف ممكنه وتمعه الدمامه ان بنيانا

467[7] after v. 29 B inserts نمى نسمى علمك علم نسله بعوده الذى رفع السحابا

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469[9] *read* وَأَثْلَثَ — see Z. D. M G. XL 164 foot-note

470[14] see Ibn Hishām 450[17] seq.

471[13] *read* أَنَّهُ (Nöldeke) *instead of* لَانَّهُ

472[13] » وَأَسْرَعَ (Noldeke)

473[8] سَعْدَانُ must here be a mistake — see the preceding line

473[16] *read* أَبْلَعُ *instead of* أَبْلَعُ, and similarly p. 475[1]

475[9] » حُمَادِيَاتِهِمْ

479 notes[1] *read* Ahlwardt (Appendix) Ṭar. etc.

485 notes[4] » 18 *instead of* 19

490[7] *read* وَالْعَرْنُوَةُ

490[16] » لَا (Noldeke) *instead of* لَا

491 notes, N[0] **56** — *order of verses in* B 1, 4, 2, 3, 5—16, omitting 17—23.

493[2] see Akhṭal 285[4]

497[15] *read* نَعَمْ *instead of* نَعَمْ — Akhṭal loc. cit has غَمَطٌ

498[7] seq, for these verses see the periodical *Al-Mashrik* for 1905, N[0] 3, Feb. 1 pp 97—107 in the first verse the reading صَوِرًا is confirmed by p. 922[12]

501[4] *read* تَرَحَّلْنَ (so O)

501[15] » حَنَقَهُ (so O)

502[6] perhaps we should read وَنَوْمٍ, connecting this verse with v 20, in which case vv 21, 22 must have been inserted in the wrong place (De Goeje)

504[8] *read* وَصِرْمَهُ or وَصِرْمَهُ (Noldeke)

511[3] see Akhṭal 307[6]

514[5] cf. Mufaḍḍalīyāt (ed. Thorbecke) N[0] 5 v. 3

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520[3] seq. cf Boucher 213[15] seq.

521[10] *read* سَآمِدٌ *or* سَآمِدٌ

531[12] » حَوَارِى

533[9] » أَصَرُّ, see Lisān VI 108[22]

536[5] » عَدَنٌ (Noldeke)

538[12] see Mubarrad 708[2] seq.

542[6] cf. p 9[19]

542[8] cf. p. 9[7]

543[11] *read* أَلَمَّ

544[7] » لِتَسْعَى (with O)

544 notes[2] *read* لِتَسعَى *instead of* لِتسعَى

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546[5] *strike out the first* لل (Wellhausen)

546[10] *read* كَذَّابٌ

546[13] » اَلْمَعْرُوف (Noldeke)

547[7] » لَا لَا with L (Krenkow)

548[6] seq. A different recension of Poem N° 61 is found in the *Jamhara*, Būlāk ed A. H 1308, pp 163—168 (Krenkow)

548[9] *read* يَتْلَفُ (Noldeke)

552[18] for the meaning of بهس النصارى, see an article on the Carnival (اَلنَّيْرُوز) which appeared in the periodical نَعَم العرب, published by the Carmelite Mission at Baghdad, I p 305 (Febr 1912). It is there said — والكلمة

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لم يذكرها اصحاب المعاجم اللغوية الا ان موقف الدرس ايا محمد عبد اللطيف البغدادي ذكرها في ذيل الفصيح لثعلب ص ٥٠١ قال: العوام يقول يمبس النصارى والمسلمون اذا اكلوا اللحم واكثروا منه فصل صومهم ووجهه ظاهر لان العرب يقول يمحس النصارى اذا تركوا اللحم والعامة يقول يمبسوا اذا اكلوه وايام الممبس هي ايام في اواخر شعبان يعتمم فيها اكل اللحم في النهار وهذا سائغ لانه من النهس وهو اكل اللحم بسرعة وخطف لانهم ياكلونه اكل مودع. For this reference I am indebted to Professor Goldziher

557 notes [1] *read* تَسَاقُطْ

558[9] *read* وعَوَّرْتُ (O وعوّرت)

558[10] » يَنْتَفُ and أَحَرَّ (Krenkow)

574[7] » مِنِّي

576[6] » أَنْ

579[14] » مُعَانَدَةٍ

580[17] seq. This account of the Battle of al-Iyād is found also in the MS of the *Dīwān* of Jarīr in the Khedivial Library. My knowledge of the MS in question is derived from a transcript which was made for Professor E Sachau and presented by him to the Library of Christ's College, Cambridge (the narrative begins on p. 414)

585[5] بالنَّحْوِ, Sachau's MS (p. 423[4]) بالحمو, *'Iḳd* بالحور (?)

585[9] لَحَسِبْنَا (so O, without vowel-points) seems to be supported by all the authorities, but it yields no sense, probably we should read لَتَحَسَّبْنَا i. e. "if the mare ridden by Bisṭām had been a bird — but in reality it was far swifter — the cavalry of the Yarbūʿ would have stopt it". If this be so, مُسَوَّمَةٌ must be taken as a *ḥāl*, referring to the cavalry in question "who were marked with badges and shouted *Yāla ʿUbaid, Yāla Aznam*"

585[14] إِنْ مَالَ العَسَطُ بِهِمْ cf. مَالَ بِنَا العَسَطُ بِحَانِبَتِهِ Lisān IX 236[15] (= Aus N° 26

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v. 2), in both cases الغَمْط seems to be the name of a place. But it is remarkable that the same phrase occurs in Ahlwardt Imr. N° 48 v. 12 (= Muʿallaḳāt p. 7[14]), where الغَمْط is explained as = البَهْو. I do not know how to account for this coincidence.

585[10] cf. Lisān XI 287[17]

588[9] seq. cf. also al-Jaḥiz *Bayān* II 54[1] seq. (Krenkow)

591[12] cf. Smend *De Dsu-r-Rumma* p. 16[10], v. 106 (Krenkow)

595[12] *read* العَرِيف

596[4] » المُمَسَّن

598[3] this far-fetched explanation becomes unnecessary if we read الرَّبَع — cf رِبْع (De Goeje)

600 notes, N° **63** — *order of verses in* B 1—14, 14*, 15—22, 24—38, 40, 62—75, 77—80, 41—47, 50—53, 55—61, 81—83, 85—87, 90—93, omitting 23, 39, 48, 49, 54, 76, 84, 88, 89

603[14] after v. 14 B inserts the verse

فَآبَ بِسَبْيٍ دُنْيَا (؟) وَمُلْتَمَسٌ مَعَاوِلُهُ مِنْ حَضْرَمَوْتَ سَلاسِلُهُ

604[1] *read* أَحْدَلُ

604[15] see p 626[5]

605[3] see p. 651[10]

606[2] *read* تَنَحَّتَ

619[9] » عَلَى آخِرِهَا (with O) — see p 723[11], Aghānī II 47[25]

622[9] » الحُمَلِي

625[7] » فَأَنَاخَهَا

626[5] see p. 604[15]

627[17] *read* العَفْو

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627 notes[4] خنت is probably a mistake for حَنَتْ "approach"

628[13] آلَلْهْ, *read* آتَلْهْ? see p. 813[3], Mubarrad 535[15] seq., Lisān XIII 37[21] seq.

629 notes, N[0] **64** — *order of verses* in B 1—30, 49—64, 94, 65—68, 70—92, 96, 93, omitting 31—48, 69, 95

630[16] *read* سَوا كَلْهْ

633[7] » تَعْصِكْ

638 notes[2] *read* عما (= عمّى) *instead of* مما

640[16] *read* دعى الحدّثِ [س] حالد — see p. 637[8] seq. and Ṭabarī I 1030[20]

641[16] » العُرَلْ (Noldeke)

642[15] » حُلُّوا بمى سَنْسانَ فاسْتَبَدوا?

651[10] see p 605[3]

654[11] see p. 1087[11] seq.

656[15] for the metre see Ibn Hishām 531[9], Jarīr II 55[18] (= Yāḳūt II 739[8]), 60[2]

661[11] *read* مَسْوِرِتْم (Noldeke) — see al-Ḥarīrī, *Durrat al-Ghawwāṣ* ed Thorbecke, p 22

663[1] seq. cf. Bakrī 230[6] seq

665[2] it is unnecessary to assume a lacuna — see the *Ḥamāsa* of al-Buḥturī, Leiden MS pp. 236[7] 283[9] seq. (Noldeke)

666 *read* عَنْسْ *and* الخَمْسْ (Noldeke)

667[15] » مكانه "his condition" (Noldeke)

669[14] » اذ (Noldeke) *instead of* اذا

673[12] perhaps we should read البَدالْ "hanging branches of trees"

673 notes[2] *read* 427[15]

674[5] *read* حِمار (L حَمّار) — see pp. 760[14] seq., 1067[10]

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674[16] *read* بُرْعَدْ (L برعدْ) pass. of conj. IV

679 notes[2] *read* 63[10] *instead of* 63[1]

» notes[8] » رحلا » » رحلا

682[9] *read* الرَّحا — see p. 482[16] seq.

685 notes, N[o] **65** — *order of verses in* B 1—17, 19—30, 36, 31—35, 37—57, 57*, 58—70, omitting 18

689[10] *read* فصَبَّرَ

694[1] after v. 57 B inserts the verse

وحى سرسما حار نسمه فلسنى على حسف محكوم له الصم صارع

see p 762[18]

695[1] دنَ is the reading of L, and should stand in the text

696[8] *read* خُنْدَب

706[4] » كسْ عندهُ مم احدسْ (Noldeke)

711[7] » نُبَلِّل with LS

711[8] » نُكَدِّنْ (O نُكَدِّنْ), see Lisān II 203[10] seq

730[20] » نُعْمَهْ (O نعمهْ)

736[12] » أرْسُورد

741[13] » عَباعِل (Noldeke)

746[15] cf. p 377[2]: *read* مُصَرَّ

747[13] *read* علاء

749[5] » النصره

749[17] *omit* بن مالك, *or else read* بن عبد الله

751[7] *read* دِهْقانْ اسْ (Noldeke)

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752[1] *read* تَدَلَّتَ (so O)

752[11] » نُولَدْ *instead of* بَلَدْ (O بلد) — see p. 276[16]

762[5] cf. Mufaḍḍalīyāt (ed. Thorbecke) N[0] 24 v. 19

764[6] المُعرِّسَ must refer to the descendants of al-Mughīra ibn ʿAbdallāh al-Makhzūmī, not to the family of al-Mughīra ibn Naufal. I cannot explain the allusion in the latter half of the verse

765 notes [4] *read* Lisān III 210[15], VI 152[5]

770[5] *read* تَسَتَ

772[6] the reading مُحْدَثٌ مُسْتَدَابٌ is to be preferred (Noldeke)

773[7] *read* مَنْسِبٌ

789[14] » سَنَدْ *instead of* سَنَهْ — see p. 1013[15]

794 notes [3] *read* 382[19] *instead of* 382[9]

795[1] *read* فَاصْبِرُوا

800[7] » وَنَعِيمْ

801[3] » ضَحَى

804[14] » وَبَرَوَى

805[1] » النَّرْوَسِ

816 notes [4] *read* اِسْعَلْ (Noldeke)

820[4] seq » فَعَالَ لِلْحَجَّاجِ يَا سَرْحَسُ (O يَا سَرْحَسْ)

820[7] *read* أَدْعُوكَ

830[15] » حَسْبُكَ

833[14] قَلَا, perhaps we should read لَوْلَا with Lisān loc. cit., Mubarrad 158[1], Ḥamāsa 540[16], Khizānat I 129[6] — see Noldeke *Neue Beiträge zur sem. Sprachwissenschaft* (Strassburg, 1910) p. 21

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838[5] *read* المُسايِمِ (O المُسَآئِمِ)

841[10] » رِحْلَيها (so O) *instead of* رِحْلَه

842 notes[1] *read* VI *instead of* V

845[3] *read* نَقْرٌ (O نقر) — cf p. 975[1], see also 938[7]

850 notes[b] *read* 814[22]

858[1] *read* حَمَّتِ (Noldeke)

866 notes, N[0] **93** — *after v.* 57 B *has* 58, 60—70, 59, 71, 73—76 72 etc. (as in S)

869[1] *read* وأَحْدامِه (see p 1085[9])

874[1] » علايِه (Noldeke)

879[7] » مُتَعالِمْ (O مُتَعالِم)

881 notes[3] *read* O تَتَمَثَّلَ

888[4] *read* لَمُدْرِسْ (so O)

894[9] » مُحْلِدْ (Noldeke)

896[2] seq الغُرْحان is the more correct form

902[6] *read* مِثْلُ

904[6] » حَمارَهْ

905[11] » أَعَرْ

906[11] » بِرَوْدِه *instead of* بِرَوْدٍ (so O) — cf. Aghānī loc cit and Lisān IX 232[6]

909[7] » نُسْحَتَهْ (Noldeke). after this verse something seems to have dropt out (Noldeke)

909 notes[4] *read* S عَرَفْ

911[11] *read* نُعوسِهِم

912[9] » لِلحَماعِه *instead of* الحَماعِه

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917⁶ *read* حَنَثْ

919¹² » دَنَوْا

921¹ » فَأَبْلِغْ

925¹ » فَأَصْبَحُوا

925 notes¹ *read* 3 *instead of* 7

926¹⁴ *read* نَفْسَيْ *instead of* نَفْسِي

932⁵ » حَانْ

933¹³ seq. cf. Mufaddalīyāt (Cairo ed.) II 87¹²·¹⁵ seq.: in the first verse we should apparently read أَوْ ٱتْرُعْ "or else refrain", with Muf. (misprinted أَوْ أَتْرَعْ)

935³ *read* حَتَّ

936⁴ » حِسَّ

936¹³ » النَّرَمَ (S النَّرَمَ)

940¹⁰ » مُعَزِّ *and* الثَّعْوَسِ with LS (Noldeke) — see Lisān VI 293² (= Hell N⁰ 404 v. 13)

946¹² » مُتَبَيِّمْ

947¹³ » حَدَدًا

949¹ قَنَّى seems here to be a mistake for حَنْدَلٍ — see pp. 389 notes⁶, 666¹⁴

954³ *read* أَدْعَى

955⁸ » النِّساء (Kronkow) *instead of* النِّباء — see p. 957¹³

963⁸ cf. Mufaddalīyāt (ed. Thorbecke) N⁰ 18 v. 8

975⁵ *read* حَسَّاوُ (so O)

975⁶ » الحُسَّاء

977¹¹ cf. Lisān X 23²¹

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989[10] *read* نَكادُ

992[13] seq. cf Mubarrad 567[14] seq (vv. 7, 8, 13, 17, 16, 10 cited)

995[9] الصَّنْهَدُ is the more correct form

997[12] *read* حِمارِ

1001[4] » الضَّوارِيّ (so O)

1001[5] » الضَّوارِيّون

1006[1] cf. Lisān IV 347[10]

1011[15] *read* آحَدٍ

1012 notes[4] *read* صادِيَةِ الأُوامِ? — see p. 1007[13]

1016[13] *read* نَمِرٌ *instead of* نَمِرٌ

1021[2] » عبدِ المُثَلِّب [ابنِ] في دينِ — see Ibn al-Athīr I 490[17]

1022[12] cf. Lisān VI 249[13]

1023[9] cf. Bakrī 558[15]

1023[15] seq *read* (والنِّيامُ سمو فمس وتمم انلاب اندما دعلمة وعجل بس لمحتم وعمرة بن أسد بن ربعة بن نزار) بالنِّيلج الخ

see pp. 47[10] seq 305[9] seq. 764[9] seq.

1024[9] *read* فَمْسُ

1024[19] for the phrase عُفاةُ النَّهْوِ cf. Lisān VIII 339[16]

1025[3] cf. Bakrī 224[5], 559[1]

1025[5] cf. ibid. 558[19]

1026[1] *read* والقُرْبُ

1026[7] » نرند

1028[11] مَعَلًا, *read* مَعْمَلًا? (Krenkow)

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1029[5] *read* وعدا من لُبْس الحَدِيد *instead of* وعدا لبس من الحديد (so S) — see p. 143[4]

1033[9] » أَحَرَّنا

1036[11] » نُكَرِّ

1037[12] » الرَّوائد

1044[15] » كورِ

1044 notes[1] *read* N[0] 512 Introduction *instead of* N[0] 511

1050[8] seq. cf. Al-Ḳālī, *Kitāb al-Amālī* (Būlāḳ A. H. 1324) II pp. 143, 144

1051[5] *read* كَأَنَّ عُيونَها [وطَلَتْ بأَعْرافٍ] cf *Jamhara* 155[2]

1059[10] » تَحْذُوا (Noldeke)

1060[13] » عَذْرًا

1064[11] cf. Bakrī 88[20]

1066[1] the ordinary form فُسَيْر is admissible here (see p. 89[13]): *read* السَّلَمانِ *instead of* السَّلِمانِ (so L) — see Index III s. v.

1066[3] *read* نصامِ (?) *instead of* نَعامِ: for the metre of the second half-verse, cf. Mubarrad 350[13], Mufaḍḍalīyāt (ed. Thorbecke) N[0] 26 v 12

1069[18] » نَقَى حَرَّنا — see Mubarrad 230[10]

1070[16] seq. cf. Lisān I 438[12] seq.

1072[8] *read* ساعَدْ

1077[9] see above, note on p. 457[b]

1078[8] *read* مُحْبِقًا — see Glossary s. r. حبق

1078[11] » تَعْبِلونَ (explained in Anb. by تسوقون

1079[8] » حَسَّانَ *instead of* حسانا (so L)

1083[8] » مِنْ

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1083[11] *read* الْعَدْلَ (Nöldeke) — see Ḥamāsa loc. cit

1084[8] » فابعث *instead of* فابعث (so L) — see Glossary s. v.

1085[15] cf. Mubarrad 98[11]

1086[7] *read* لِأُخْتِ

1087[2] seq. cf Ibn Ḳutaiba, *ʿUyūn al-Akhbār* (ed. Brockelmann) p 342[14] seq

1087[11] seq. cf. Mubarrad 98[7] seq.

1090[6] *read* الْقَرْحِ *instead of* الْقَرَحِ

1099[11] the insertion of أَنَّهُ is unnecessary — see Nöld. Zur Gr. p 105

1099[18] *read* مِرْبَعًا *instead of* مِرْبَبًا

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3*a*[18] *read* مَدَبَّ

17*a*[22] » اللَّبَارِمِ مُ 900[1] (see 402[6])

18*b*[5] » 115[10] *instead of* 115[19]

24*a*[10] seq. *read* AHLWARDT TAR

N[0] 14 v. 13 16[5]

» 11 v. 2 seq. (Appendix p. 185) 479[4]

51[5] seq. أَحْمَدُ بْنُ تَحْمَى see below, note on p. 214[10] seq.

61[16] *read* الْأَنْصَارِ 547[19] 859[4]

82[13] *insert* 187[7] *before* 772[12]

94[16] *read* 282[9] *instead of* 282[11]

105[21] » دَارِمُ » » دِرْمُ

170[17] » 302[17] » » 312[17]

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185[10] *insert* 107[13] *after* 105[14]

214[10] seq. It is probable that in all the passages here cited ابو العبّاس is Aḥmad ibn Yaḥyā, not al-Mubarrad

257*a*[10] *insert* 639[12] *after* 404[13]

266*b*[21] » 25[2] *before* 999[18]

266*b*[26] » 303[1] » 308[5]

282[17] *read*

أنّاد *id.* 706[12] *to become bent* (said of a sword) 23[18], cf. Ahlwardt Imr. N° 14 v. 14

283[17] *insert* 63[16] *before* 683[2]

334[7] » 778[5] » 800[7]